HOW SHE GOT READY.

Sha'd dressed up to go out with him,
'Twas on the topmost floor;
Instore the mirror she had posed
A weary hour or more,
At last the started down the stairs,
And he was glad, but thes,
Ble tarried on the second floor
To see herself again.

and then she gathered up her skirts And fixed them in her band, loquestishly looked back once more Into the mirror, and— Vent down another flight of stairs To the resention room

To the reception room, are he was huddled, like a chunk

She started with her hat and heir
And gradually worked down,
Inspecting things, until she reached
The bottom of her gown.
She caught her akirte again and looked
To see how she'd appear,
and, evidently satisfied,
the satisfied.

An Altruistic Adventure. Lauren and a second

of modern altruism known as social tent near that of their idol in the fastments with which the east side nesses of the east side.

Schuyler Trent had an unusually twallers of New York are now as famlliar as with their own delicatessen keen memory of his first real meeting shops, Among this institution's various with Eleanor Cavendish that lazy week activities there was religiously observ- in June when they had both ed a weekly form of social amenity guests under Mrs. Harmon's hospitable known as Denbeigh Hall's "at home." roof. At first he had treated her with On this occasion there fell to each resi- only that amount of deference which definite form of entertainment for the butante might naturally expect to re"neighborhood," whose members filed in, sheepishly receptive to those prowon his admiration, and finally, at the hands of these fervent if untutored join the dance of not a few other acolytes of the new democracy. This moths about her fascinating flame. evening it had been Miss Rood's turn, and that worthy young woman had endish had sailed for Europe, five years' research regarding the Pas- Atlantic waters on a friend's yacht, sion Play of Oberammergau, most of which had seen the light in an ab-

Her audience meanwhile moved restoking girls, and here and man, with an obvious de-eacefury sleep. Miss , blind and deach, the was constant in his attend-ance upon the Trunkiny meht "at-ance upon the Trunkiny meht "athad gradually created, and yet finer point of Eleanor Cavendish, one of recruits at Denbeigh Hall, apprehensively at the danger She looked despairingly about among the other residents, scattered at dis-creet intervals through the room, in of some one wao might seem

Standing near the door that led into of the men, residents in Marston House; bored and mutinous as she felt herself. how I can stand it much longer with-She was sure she had never seen him before. As she looked more closely at "Fray don't leave me out of it," nething oddly familiar about the we've been partners in crime." high-bred poise of the head, the clearform. Suddenly he turned slightly and share my disgrace." itened his eyes full upon her own. She gave him an opportunity no lat-

she announced in the manner of one once what you will do. And if you de scattering intellectual largeese to an cide to go as you stand pledged to do sing for us."

lighted at the chance to make an ap-peal to the simpler emotions of her au-mean to have it. Please participate in dience, a young girl in the middle of this carnival of crime." plane and bent her head over the keys.

of assured acquaintance the man she was by this latest develops

smile of undusquised designt. It know, to ask him. We have had so one of the most charming things of its know, to ask him. We have had so we kind. But what are you doing here, many more vital topics to discuss that family trees would have been rather smile of undaguised delight. "It was has never occurred to me, do

"What! You in Marston House!"

quoted Trent laughingly.
"And since when?" pursued Eleanor

please, won't you alt down and tell me

Mrs. Stanley Meredith. As such she had been put through three years of the hybrid profession typical of a New York fashionable finishing school for

But managed act to speak, and it was well, for he was sure. Re'd waited there a week. Its rose to go, but the advanced Upon the large ping glass and back and forth in front of it Bugan to pass and pass.

He heaved a sigh (but made it sell)
And headed for the street,
But hearing sot the footfalls.
Of her Louis XLV feet.
He turned—he staggered and then fell
Against the nearest wall—
She was gazing in the mirror
In the hat-rack in the ball! -The Baltimore Americ

evitable idealizations, who had flung Denbeigh Hall was in the flood tide of its regular "at home." Denbeigh Hall, so called from its London prototype, was one of those escape valves

fent in turn the lot of providing some an unusually pretty and popular de

slected the less technical results of a Schuvier Trent was cruising in North II. After that evening, Schuyler Trent string publication devoted to the ana- found it by no means a difficult thing tomy and not to the flesh tints of to include Denbeigh Hall as a vital part of his settlement activities. Whereas he had heretofore given it a say and wearily in the creaking, wide berth, as the headquarters of wooden chairs. It was made up of uneasy though estimable women of uncertain age he now haunted its precincts with unflagging industry

Within ten days, however, Miss Cav-

worker's heart beyond recall. More over, he organized countless expeditions of sociological relief to philanthropically undiscovered portions of signals flying from the tortured guests. which he and Eleanor went completely the invaded territory, upon most of alone. Together they made the most valuable investigations upon sweat shop labor and the absence of small search of some one wao might sem parks, both of which subjects were to share her own emotions on the sub-

"I'm absolutely certain I shall do the narrow hall were three or four something desperate very soon," declared Eleanor one morning, as she and the University Settlement three blocks Trent were returning from a notable down the street. One of them immedi- discovery of old brasses, "for I am getately attracted Eleanor's attention, if ting terribly tired of this awful monotonly for the reason that he looked as ony of clubs and classes. I don't see

him, however, it struck her there was pleaded Trent. "Remember how often high-bred poise of the head, the clear-cut features, and the tall, well knit reassured him gayly, "that you shall

promptly turned away, and all er tuan the next day in the form of a moment Miss Rood's voice characteristic note.

"I have an invitation for the artists

d, head worker of frolic at the Sherwood studies," wrote igh Hall, a position she held by Miss Cavendish, "with the privilege of of having been instructor of choosing my own escort. I told you I ogy in a woman's college, rose with should do something desperate pretty r most impressive classroom air, "We will now have a little music," be my escort? Kindly let me know as lettered mob. "Miss Cavendish, call for me at Auntie's not later than om you all know so well, will now 9 o'clock tomorrow evening. She will be completely shocked, of course, bu As Eleanor came swiftly forward, de- I am simply crazy for an evening of

the room called eagerly out, "Oh, Miss Schuyler Trent was too much in love Cavendish, please piay 'lay Cakewalk to need any urging to follow his divin-Queen." Eleanor nodded and smiled lty. He therefore accepted the invitation by return measurer. III.

"And this Mr. Trent," questioned Mrs. Meredith with the air of one comshe saw coming toward her with an air pletely dazed, as indeed the good lady "Good evening, Miss Cavendish," he exclaimed eagerly, "this is unexpected good fortune. The last time I saw you Has he any family! Where is his

home?" party. Do you rememoer?"

"Why, certainly I remember, Mr. distractingly vague, "Really, Auntie, I don't know," she finally remarked, "It

Mrs. Meredith looked genuine amaze-"What! You in Marston House!"
Eleanor's eyes were wide open in their surprise.

"But aims is among the prophets," quoted Trent laughingly.

"And since when?" purposed Eleanor. young men is impossible. To warming the poor with people of no eredulously.

"Since last election day. And now, cial position is sometimes, I know, uncial position is sometimes, I know, unana won't you sit down and tell me avoidable; but to recognize them in

ease, won't you ait down and tell me smething about how you happen to e over here yourself?"

Eleanor Cavendish was the favorite lees of the wealthy and fashionable irs. Stanley Meredith. As such she ad been put through three years of he hybrid profession typical of a New prepared to beat an offended retreat. "It would never do for me to receive iris, a four years' supplementary Mr. Trent alone up town you know."

And Mrs. Meredith, speechless be-

receive one of her social parishs from the cast side: I had no idea you had gone into that sort of thing, too."
"I assure you no one is more of a social outcast than I am, Mrs. Mere dith," laughted Trent with his most ir

dith. laughted frent with his most irrealstible air, which never failed,
among women at least, of its effect.
"You are both misguided children,"
retorted Mrs. Meredith in high good
humor, "but I suppose we shall all of
us be only too willing to kill the fatted
calf as soon as you show the least desire to be forgiven."

sire to be forgiven."
"Don't forget that, Auntie," laughed Eleanor, as the house door closed on them, "when I throw my prodigal self at your feet. And now," turning to Trent with childlike gies, "please tell the man to drive up Broadway. It's so long since I've seen the dear old giar-ing lights."

She leaned her arms on the ledge left by the closed doors of the hansom, and looked happily out on the gay whirl of color, light, and sound.

"len't it intoxicating?" she sighed, her dark eyes brimming over with unonscious delight, "Do you know, De beigh Hall makes me feel most of the time as if I were being starved out of my youth. Do you know what I mean?

"Certainly," he returned, "by virtue of sharing a similar emotion. I'm afraid, Miss Cavendish, that this social conscience of ours is too young not to "Well, mine will soon be enjoying a

prolonged fling," returned Eleanor. for my three months of residence will have expired in two weeks, and I don't intend to extend the term

"And what shall you do then Trent's manner suddenly became very "Wear the purple robe, I hop laughed Eleanor, "and the gold ring. Didn't you hear what Auntle said tonight? Well, I feel that the time is ripe

o enact the part of the Prodigal Son Why don't you try it yourself! "I rather think I shall," said Trent slowly. "Only, before I do that, I must know if I have anything to hope for in coming back up town. You see, Elec or," as the girl gianced at him in a shy surprise that made his heary beat per-ilously fast, "instead of falling in love with the new democracy I've fallen in love with you and oh, Eleanor, I wonder if you won't give me just one word that will make the coming back worth while,"

anor's head was turned toward Broadway, but her hand, of which he had somehow become possessed, still lay quietly enough in his own. Finally she turned and looked at him. Her lip were quivering, but her eyes spoke inexable things.

"I've fallen in love with the new demorracy for just one thing," she declared "and that is-" But it least no account, save to one person, just what reason she assigned

for her sudden leaning toward the new democracy. That it seemed to him wholly logical and satisfactory is perhaps the best proof that she stated her

point of masculine assurance which en-

we'll live-" "Up town," concluded Warren Sanford, in the York Times.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

A Swedish sculptor has solved the problem of casting statues in one

Native feelings in India have be hurt by the new rupee because the king appears on it without his crown. To be bare headed is repugnant to

What is stated to be a spring giving forth a liquid resembling escape of violet both in perfume and chemical composition has been discovered in a valley near Millau, Aveyron, France.

Japan is getting the bicycle crase. It imported \$2,700,000 worth of wheels last year, mostly of the cheaper grades, costing from \$12 to \$25. They are chiefly used for business and arms

The highest point to which a man has ever climbed is 29,050 feet, to the summit of the Andeau peak Aconcagua. The feat was accomplished men sent out by the Royal Geographical society.

In Japan very thin, transparent paiows-not that glass is not as plentiful and cheap as in this country, but that the Japanese desire the paper to filter the air they breathe.

A traveler who has recently turned from a tour abroad, in the course of which he met friends of Mascagn), the famous Italian composer, mays that the munician's stock of Eng-lish words is limited to "goodby," "New York," "Philadelphia" and "San Francisco."

by American girls who have married abroad and 20 English peerages. There are three French duchesses and five are three French duchesses and five French countesses of American birth. Seventeen Italian noblomes and six "Russiaps of title" have laid their coronets at the feet of American brides. Holland has two baronesses,

Louis Couldn't Keep It. York house, Twickenium, so home of the exiled Oricens far hillippe once had a witty conver-on with the landload of the Crov-ontlery, hard by York house lise hostlery, hard by York house itself.
"And who are you?" asked the exile.
king of the landlord, whom he met is
the grounds, "I keep the Crown!"
replied the other, "Ah," answered
Louis Phillipse, "that's more than
could do,"—New York Tribuce.

JEWISH LIFE IN RUSSIA.

BESULTS OF INVESTIGATIONS BY AN ENGLISHMAN.

licia and Roumania-Scenes of Mis ery. Poverty and Degeneracy—Some Exceptions to the Rule.

As a member of the royal commis-sion on allen immigration I have thought it most important to investi-gate the question of Jewish immigra-tion on the spot, and accordingly I spent the last parliamentary recess in spent the last parliamentary recess in visiting the homes of all our different

I reached Dvinsk, my first balting place in the Russian pale, on a mouru ful rainy Saturday morning. The town is said to have 80,000 inhabitants, and May laws of 1882 drove many of these from the villages and smaller towns into the larger centres of population, hence the high proportion of Hebrews to be found in the place; hence also, much of the misery and poverty from which these poor people suffer. The which these poor people suffer. The preponderance of the Jewish race was at once apparent, the Sabbath sending the whole place to sleep. Not a shop was open, not a stroke of business was being done. The only sign of life was in front of the synagogue; there a large crowd of decent looking folk were holding their church parade

promenading up and down.
On the next day, Sunday, I was able to see the town in its business dress hough the Russian law forbids the opening of shops by the Jews till 1 p. m. on the Christian day of rest. After that hour the markets were in full swing, crowded with country folk and soldiers from the cantonments near by. All were easerly doing busi-ness with the Jews. A peculiar feature was that the soldiers were sellers and the Jews buyers. of embroidered Russ

boots, uniforms of a mass of miscal-laneous offers and ends were the arti-cles which the car's "Tommies" had for sale. Every article was the subject of a protracted bargain, and each group of soldiers in their white jacks ets and caps was surrounded by crowd with the characteristic stoop the shoulders and flowing beards. Round the markets were many drinking and gambling dens and dis

No doubt the crowding of the Jewish opulation into the towns has led to a general deterioration both moral and physical. The struggle for life is a and scruples diminish in proportion to its severity. The house accommo dation is poor and squalid, but there is always light and air space, and, considering the Dvinsk from the purely residential point of view I personally should prefer it to some streets I could

To those anxious to see Ar them selves what a Russian shetto is like at its worst, I should recommend a visit to Vilna. There are said to be some 80,000 Jews here-not, by any means all poor. By far the greater part of he trade and practi-

The ghetto is a se manity. Many of the street leys are so parrow that the pa almost touch. At intervals the out their length are gateways into courtyards, around wh live are clustered. I spent a whole day visitin

In the corners of the court one and a wooden trough into which all the refuse of the houses was thrown. The stench from these receptacles filled the whole air. The stucco walls were blistered and rotting as if infected by the poisonous atmosphere within. Inc. ie, the people were crowd-ed pell mell, regardless of health, age or sex. In one room I found a luna-tic in the middle of a family of young children. I was followed as I walked by a crowd of haggard, anxious, careworn people, staring at ms with mouraful eyes. Some openly begged alms; others had triffes for sale. Many

seemed to pass their time in the syn-agogues, rocking and chanting them-I came across several who had been to Whitechapel and had been sent back, I suppose, as fit for nothing. One make another trial of England, and taked me, of all people, for money to

help him to get there.

There are other towns, however, in the Pale, where things are better. Pinsk is one of them. Here Jewish skill, labor and enterprise have been combined to good purpose. It is a pic-turesque place. The streets of wooden houses and cottages are lined with trees; there are a quaint old church and a seminary, and the river banks are full of life and color. The population in 40,000, of whom 37,000 are Jews. This disproportion, as in most of the towns of the Pale, would have resulted in congestion in all employments of to Hebrewa had it not been for energy and enterprise of certain lead-ers of the community, such as Mesara. Lourie and Halpern, who, by starting

factories, have succeeded in profitably utilizing the labor of their co-religion-In Pinak there is plenty of poverty—the poverty which is common to all large towns in every country—but nothing hopeless or abnormal. The 5000 hands in regular employment leaven the mass, and the homes, though humble and very poor, still in several instances show signs of comfort and comparative prosperity. From Pinsk I made a tour into the interior of the country. I was analous to see the condition of things in the small towns and villages. The enterprising Jews have started lines of steamers which ply on the numerous and add to the prasperity of the town. On one of them I took a passage.

It was a market day, and the river

antry. It is the Jews who find a mar-let for the produce of the land, and every village and towniet in the Palo contains an agent or correspondent of the big exporting firms in Rigo, Libar or Odessa. It is this elaborate organ fastion which gives rise to the com-

the Jews are the exploiters of the peasantry.

It would take too much space to describe all I saw in Poland, Galleia and Roumania, and I must therefore confine myself to a few points. There is one feature common to all, namely, the tendency of the Jews to congregate in the towns. In the fifteen provinces of the Pale they are obliged to do so by law, in Poland and Gallele no such legal obligation exists, yet it is in the towns we find these. In Warsaw alone some three hundred thousand Jews have to make a living, and is Lodz, the Manchester of Rastern Europe, there

have to make a living, and is Lotz, the Manchester of Bastern Europe, there are nearly one hundred and fifty thousand. In the latter town the over-crowded and unsanitary conditions under which the poor people live are appailing. One tall wooden house which I inspected was packed solid with humanity. I found people living in the apex of the roof between the tiles and the toe ceiling. I had to crawl into this the top ceiling. I had to crawl into this noisome receptacle on my hands and knees and to climb a ladder to reach told, but the place was occupied again, as soon as the backs of the authorities

were turner. Such incidents are re-

produced in the East Side of London. In Galicia the condition of the Jews seemed to be worse than in Russia or Poland. A fatal apathy and bigotry semed to have settled upon the majority of the Hebrew race here. They are divided into factions and engage in ncessant quarrels with one another. There are no laws to oppress them, but they are extremely unpopular with their-Christian fellow subjects and as their-Christian reliew subjects qualities a class appearating in those qualities a class appearation for edupush, enterprise and cation for which their co-religion

A considerable portion of the land in Bukovina and Galicia is owned by Jews, who are, moreover, said to hold mortgages on many of the remaining states. But there are few manufacturrs, and a great part of the Jewish do. The housing conditions were not bad-infinitely superior to what I had seen elsewhere, or to what I can see

The Roumanian Jews stand head and shoulders above their Galician brethren, and, where not interfered with by law, do well for themselves. I came across many robust workingmen who presented none of the painful ghetto characteristics. Nearly every house in a Roumanian town is roofed with tin plates, and this industry is exclusively in the hands of the Jews. The work needs agility and involves much exposure. It was curious to see a church being roofed in this way by Jewish workmen who were accompanying their labors by chanting a Hebrew psalm.—Major W. Evans Gordon, World's Work.

CHARACTER IN BANKING.

Great Prestige of Old Institution of a bank's identity was

character, overthrow it, and to serve under a good old name to invite public confidence for a style of banking foreign to its history, would be a shallow and futile device. The public is quick to detect a motive and quick to leave. Why, the very term 'old' has a money value in banking, the management being good and consistent with the best traditions; while the catch phrase, 'not what it once was

"You can always guess the banks where weak loans are housed." You can always judge from a dividend hisyears. What would be the public sedenly contributed capital could be used to crowd itself into the management and control of public deposits to be used as some unseen hand behind the scheme would point out? There are scheme would point out? There are some things money cannot do, and one must be won by years of good conduct and uprightness in commercial transactions, and one might as well seek to deliver the clients of a great old family lawyer to a Tombs shyster buying the library and office furniture, as to, deliver the clients of one of one blackless the clients of one of one blackless.

the Horary and office furniture, as to deliver the clients of one of our historic old city banks to an enterprising promoting company.

"I know an old bank in this city which carries in its vaults millions of dollars" worth of securities belonging to old families, people who live in all parts of the world. The bank has no official responsibility for all this treasure. It is simply a custodian through confidence. Imagine this being at the disposal of the wrong man? Character is looked to in banking, and will be looked to more as, in the swift modern looked to more as, in the swift modern changes, the old ideal of commercial banking is being in practice displaced by, well—something clas."—New York

Pat's Capa

A SERMCN FOR SUNDAY

AN ELOGUENT DISCOURSE ENTITLED

"GOD'S TRAINING OF A WORKER."

The Blow. Br. O. F. Bartholow Shows the Love the Spristual Talksing of Our Time.

NEW York: CITY.—Dr. O. F. Bartholow Shows the Worker. His test was taken from Exodus, iv.; 1, 2, 3 and 4: "And Moses and the Lord said unto him. What is that in thine land? And he said, iv.; 1, 3, 2 and 4: "And Moses any worker and said, flut, behold, they would not believe use: nor baseken unto my voice; for they will any. The Lord has and and caught it and it become a serpent; and shows field from before: And the Lord said unto hose, Part forth the hand and caught it and it become a low to the consensus of the physical body. Professor Sully tells unto Mose, flut forth this hand and caught it and it become a road is his hand." Dr. Bartholow said:

Our test presents Moses in what many have considered an unfavorable light. Standing in the presence of the great Ued, the recipient of a glorious revelation and a divine command with promise, he appears he istating, uncertain and weak. A study of the occasion and ground of Moses religions, the recipient of a glorious revelation and a divine command with promise, he appears he istating, uncertain and weak. A study of the occasion and ground of Moses religions and for the herein the command with promise, he appears he istating, uncertain and weak. A study of the occasion and ground of Moses religions and for the more vital and presents to us a study in human life under divine direction allowable to the septiment of the consequence of the present to the study of the occasion and a common. The call of God to Moses religions and for the more vital and presents to us a study in human life under divine direction allowable to the present to the study of the occasion and seconded by abundant experiences, to one who was more than familiar with human nature in its relation to spiritual trath.

The shepherd of Midian knew how dull, anathetic end increduous toward Johovah and life truth the children of Israel had bec

words, Bat, hehold, they will not believe me, nor hearken unto my voice; for they will asy, the Lord hath not appeared unto thee."

To Christian faith this may appear weak, but it estrainly is not unnatural. History affords as abundant illustrations of reformers, heroes and preachers hesistating and trembling, not because they doubted (God, but because they face faired the reception (God strath would give at the hands of History of Hist

Transmitting to Higher Form
A gratieman on one occasion is
the peculiarly ampleasant mud
attreets of Londont, exclaimed;
dirty, dreadful, disquesting attribution of the part of his friend, sator,
my triend, not so dreadful after all.

The the elements of this mud? First, there is sand, but when its particles are crystalized according to the law of its nature,
what is nicer than clean, white sand?
And when that which enters into it is arranged according to a still higher law, we have the matchess opal. What cless have
we in this mud! Olsy, And the materials of alay, when the particles are arranged according to their higher laws, make the
brilliant supplier. What other ingrelients
enter into London mud! Soot. And soot
in its survailized perfection forms the perfect diamend. There is but one other—
water. And water, when distilled according to the higher law of its nature, forms
the dew-drop resting in exquisite perfection in the heart of the rose.

"Ro, in the muddy, lost soul of man is
hidden the image of his Orestor; and God
will do His best to find His onels, His
apphires, His diamonds and dewdrops." that yet the soul lave that the soul lave that there were a relation with these spiritual with these spiritual with the source of the hydrox feed and crove from his hind, arger holy thing of which he had knowledge, ret at times the messal judgment and the hearts seek for sternal things would so towned him that life was things would so towned him that life was things would so towned him that life was the sources of mroat and unhappiness. Remove is no more than the return of these spiritual powers ergin night and day, in allence and its great commotions, "Alas, alas! It might have been."

The decirine of annihilation and atrophy has so estiled ever the spiritual things of our time that the consequence of dischedience to the equipments and purposes of life and to the voice of ded are in contain quarters reduced to more nothings. It is high time that the trust illustrated to Moses become our truth, has we realise that there is no such things as spiritual annihilation, even to the gifts and powers, of lod, but that there is transference, transformation—the going in a spiritual sense from Monut Gerision (blessing) to Mount Lial (straing).

Disobedience to God and His law is not mere an affirmation and a possession—the arropant of menace rather than the support of life, fold's rain upon the thinsty serific in the support of menace rather than the support of life, fold's rain upon the thinsty serific in the support of menace rather than the support of the sareh we are the spiritual and greated that it be so for man depends altogether how and few what posposis he uses it. He may use it for the growing of food products or for the production of weeks. That the min was made for manh blessing a switched source of life, cold's rain upon the thinsty serific in the support of menace rather than the support of menace rather than the support of menace rather than the support of the support of menace rather than the support of the results of the support of menace rather than the support of the support of the support of the suppor

When the jessen of betries is over collect all the crates and herry boxes and store them away for next season's use. The farm not only looks son's use. The farm not only looks better for having the crates and boxes gathered from the field, but also in-dicates a except and thrifty farmer. There were berry fields every win-ter where boxes and crates are strewn in contonion everywhere, and about the railroad stations are piled rates and boxes exponed to wind ad rain. With such management erries do not pay.

In working around bees do not open lives early or late in the day or on almy days. Select nice weather, for it such these the old bees, which are

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Sage Discusses Sentiments of Poetical Gems.

OUOTES NOTED WRITERS

What a Mother's Love Can Acces plish-Library is Named in Memory of a Cherished Daughter. Appeal for Winnie Davis Memorial Hall,

things ever written were concerning death and love. Montgomery, Scott, Longfellow, Lindley and Bourdillon and many others found their tenderest sentiments on these subjects. Lindley wrote his sweetest gems on the death of a young lady. Just such another would he have written had he lived until our loved one died.

"Thou art gone from our gaze like beautiful dream, Thy grace and thy beauty no more

The' lost to sight, to memory dear, Thou ever wilt remain; The only hope our hearts can cheer The hope to meet again." Longfellow says:

"The air is full of farowells to the dying And mournings for the dead.

There is no flock, however watchted and tended, But one dead lamb is there; There is no dreside howey

out has one vacant chair.' Montgomery says; "Friend after friend departs, Who has not lost a friend? There is no union here of nearts

That finds not here an end."

And Longfellow says, by way

"There is no death. What seems is transition; This life of mortal breath s but a suburb of the life elysian. Whose portal we call death."

sad, but it has its counterpart when they wrote of love. Scott says: "In peace love tunes the shepherd's war he mounts the warrior's steed.

In courts is seen in gay attire,

All this is very solemn and very

In hamlets dances on the green. Love rules the camp, the court, the And men below and saints above, For love is heaven and heaven is

Solomon says, "Love is as strong as death" and "God from necessity is love" and "Love thy neighbor as thy-

And Wordsworth says, "A mother's love is the holiest thing alive." other's love! I was watching lost daughter, the

loved. the library is in debt in dred dollars. Please let me pay it on for Mary felt like it was her debt Let me have the floor varnished and have chairs bought instead of benches, and I want some nicer tables for Mary's sake. Please let me have a memorial for Mary here and give it her name-The Mary Munford Memowho could refuse a mother's tears for the memory of her loving daughter, and so it was done, and the ign over the door will be the Mary Munford Memorial Library She is going to

Mezaorial Libraches She is going to buy the books that Mary would have bought and make a donation each and every year. Now, good people, all who tarry or pass through Cartersville stop a little while and see what love has done-a mother's love. I wish that committee appointed on Mr. Stovall's bill would come and see this model library and go back and plead for that \$6,000 wherewith to build the Winnie Davis Memorial hall. The patriotic women want it and so do the veterans p time is nearly out. May it be your last and best work for Miss Wi whom we all loved.—BILL ARP, in

Atlanta Constitution.

Many owners of horses really b eve that their animals are subt olic in the sense that the trouble are that can not be entirely erad ed. This is not true, for it has proved time and again that coile is solely due to improper methods of seeding. The food should be the best of its kind, avoiding any combinat which seem to produce colic, and the quantity should be, as nearly as pe sible, in accordance with the a needs of the animal.

meeds of the animal.

Many farmets feed too muc
their horses, and if this has bee
ing on for some time the res
nearly always an attack of colic,
tering should be done before fe
grain, and the quantity of quantity, while the hay roughage is given in excess