

Directory.

Madison County. Established by the Legislature Session 1850-51. Population, 20,132. County Seat, Marshall. 1666 feet above sea level. New and modern Court House, cost \$23,000.00. New and modern Jail, cost \$15,000.00. New and modern County Home, cost \$10,000.00. Officers. Hon. Jas. L. Hyatt, Senator, 33 District, Burnsville, N. C. Hon. J. C. Ramsey, Representative, Marshall, N. C. W. H. Henderson, Clerk Superior Court, Marshall, N. C. W. M. Buckner, Sheriff, Marshall, N. C. James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall, N. C. G. F. Runyon, Treasurer, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. R. L. Tweed, Surveyor, White Rock, N. C. Dr. J. H. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill, N. C. Mrs. Eliza Henderson, Jailor, Marshall, N. C. John Honeycutt, Janitor, Marshall, N. C. Dr. C. N. Sprinkle, County Physician, Marshall, N. C. James Haynie, Supt. County Home, Marshall, N. C. Home located about two miles southwest of Marshall. Courts. Criminal and Civil, First Monday before First Monday in March, commencing Feb. 26th, 1912. Civil 11th, Monday after First Monday in March, commences May 2nd, 1912. Criminal and Civil, First Monday after First Monday in Sept. Commences Sept. 9th, 1912. Civil 6th Monday after First Monday in September, commences October 14, 1912. BOARDS. County Commissioners. W. C. Sprinkle, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Casada, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. Reubin A. Tweed, Member, Big Laurel, N. C. C. B. Mashburn, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in every month. Road Commissioners. A. E. Bryan, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. 2. J. A. Ramsey, Secretary, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. 2. Sam Cox, Member, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. G. W. Wild, Big Pine, N. C. Dudley Chipley, Road Engineer, Marshall, N. C. George M. Pritchard, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Board of Education. Jasper Ebbs, Chairman, Spring Creek, N. C. Thos. J. Murray, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. W. R. Sams, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. Prof. M. C. Buckner, Supt. of Schools, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Board Meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Colleges and High Schools. Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President, Mars Hill, N. C. Fall Term begins August 17, 1911. Spring Term begins January 2, 1912. Spring Creek High School. Prof. G. C. Brown, Principal, Spring Creek, N. C. 8 Mo. School opened August 1, 1911. Madison Seminary High School. Prof. J. M. Weatherly, Principal, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. 7 Mo. School opens October 2, 1911. Bell Institute. Miss Margaret E. Griffith, Principal, Walnut, N. C. 8 Mo. School began September 9, 1911. Marshall Academy. Prof. R. G. Anders, Principal, Marshall, N. C. 8 Mo. School began Sept. 4, 1911. Notary Publics. J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires Jan. 11, 1912. A. J. Roberts, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. Term expires May 30, 1912. Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires August 10, 1912. C. C. Brown, Blue, N. C. Term expires December 6, 1912. J. A. Leak, Revere, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. W. T. Davis, Hot Springs, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. J. H. Southworth, Stackhouse, N. C. Term expires January 16, 1913. N. W. Anderson, Paint Fork, N. C. Term expires February 6, 1913. J. H. Hunter, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 1, 1913. J. F. Tison, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. Term expires April 3, 1913. C. J. Ebbs, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 21, 1913. J. W. Nelson, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 25, 1913. Roy L. Gauder, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 2, 1913. Geo. M. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 25, 1913. Dudley Chipley, Marshall, N. C. Term expires July 29, 1913. W. O. Conner, Mars Hill, N. C. Term expires November 37, 1913. POST. George W. Gashgash Post, No. 28 G. A. H. S. M. Davis, Commissioner. J. H. Ballard, Assistant. News at the Court House Saturday before the second Monday in each month at 11 A. M.

CORN GROWING IN CALDWELL COUNTY

A FINE EXHIBITION GIVEN OF SEED CORN THAT WAS GROWN IN THE COUNTY.

MANY FARMERS PRESENT

An Address By a Representative of the United States Department of Agriculture—\$150 Appropriated to Carry on the Demonstration Work.

Raleigh.—A special from Lenoir states that a large number of the farmers of Caldwell county assembled there to see the exhibition of seed corn on display at the court house and to hear an address by Mr. E. S. Millsaps, of the agricultural department at Washington, on the cultivation of the corn crop, selection of seed corn, the preparation of the soil and many other valuable bits of information to farmers.

Many of the farmers came a long distance through the mud, the worst mud ever seen here, in order to be present and bring some fine specimens of corn to be placed on exhibition for the benefit of others who came for the same purpose.

In his remarks Mr. Millsaps stressed the matter of subsoiling the land when plowing in order to hold the moisture in the ground. In order to impress this fact on their minds he gave several illustrations of the practical worth of subsoiling. There is a great deal of interest manifested on the part of the farmers in this county in the information the government is trying to impart to make them better and more successful tillers of the soil.

The county commissioners at their last meeting appropriated \$150 to help carry on the demonstration work in this county, which was a step in the right direction. Mr. G. M. Goforth, a prosperous farmer who resides west of Lenoir, is the county demonstrator and has charge of the demonstration work for Caldwell county, and is very enthusiastic over the way the farmers of the county are taking hold of the work he has in hand.

Highway Commission Is Elected. An election was held in this (Lee) county for the election of highway commissioners for the purpose of building good roads throughout the county. One commissioner was elected from each township as follows: John R. Jones, West Sanford, (Democrat); W. W. Harrington, East Sanford, (Democrat); D. D. Bule, Greenwood, (Democrat); R. C. McNeill, Jonesboro, (Republican); T. W. Ferrall, Deep River, (Republican); O. B. Murchison, Pecket, (Republican); and John M. Harrington, Cape Fear, (Republican). Bonds to the amount of \$100,000 have been issued and will be sold by the highway commission and the work on the roads will be commenced as early as possible.

New Evidence in Hawkins Case. There is a rumor in Asheville said to have been brought here by a Hendersonville man, to the effect that more evidence has been discovered in connection with the Hawkins case which may serve to make lighter the suspicions against the Bradley brothers who are now in jail here, and that the attorneys for the Bradleys will probably move again for their release under writ of habeas corpus. Jailer Jordan stated that the counsel for the Bradleys, Staton & Smith, came to see their clients, but only remained a short time.

Accidentally Killed by Brother. Reports reached Winston-Salem of the killing accidentally of Dick Bledsoe, by his brother Grady, a few days ago near Crutchfield station. The boys were walking along with William Jenkin, Jr., returning from a hunt, when the old muzzle-loading gun carried by Grady exploded, the lead piercing Dick's neck and killing him almost instantly.

OFFICERS PINCH BLOCKADER

Sheriff of Montgomery County Nabs George Stewart Near Steads White Distiller is in the Act.

Troy.—J. R. McKenzie, sheriff of Montgomery county, and his deputy, George W. Stuart, succeeded in capturing Will Saunders, a notorious blockader at a blockade distillery, near the Norfolk Southern Railroad, in the vicinity of Steads.

At the time the officers arrived on the scene Saunders and his brother were in the act of making blockade liquor. It seems that a number of shots were exchanged between the blockaders and Deputy Sheriff Stuart. After a lively race Sheriff McKenzie succeeded in capturing Saunders. The brother of Saunders made his escape. Saunders was armed with a Colt's pistol and a shot-gun. In the exchange of shots Saunders was wounded in the thigh, arm and leg with bird shot.

Sheriff McKenzie brought Saunders, together with the blockade distillery, to Troy, and lodged Saunders in jail. Drs. Thompson and Dalgren dressed Saunders' wounds and report that while the wounds are painful they are not serious. Saunders was captured some years ago by McKenzie but succeeded in making his escape while being guarded by one of McKenzie's deputies. Saunders shot his wife some years ago and claimed that the shooting was accidental.

Braswell Head of Banking League. President J. C. Braswell of the North Carolina Bankers' Association, has been chosen the president of the Rocky Mount branch of the National Citizens' League for the promotion of a sound banking system. The organization here was effected a few days ago for the purpose of assisting in the movement on the part of bankers, business men and manufacturers to bring about a reform of the national banking and currency system, which is being carried on by the National Citizens' League in no less than forty-one states. The League favors the establishment of a national reserve association which shall enable the currency reserve of the country to be quickly utilized in any section of the country at small expense and shall standardize the rate of discount and make use of commercial paper in the business of the country.

Cultivation of Corn in Buncombe. E. D. Weaver, county agricultural demonstrator, has furnished information as to what methods of cultivation some of the farmers used in making good yields of corn in Buncombe county last season. Mr. Weaver has collected this information from data contained in reports which he sent to the United States Agricultural Department. He tells of what has been accomplished by six farmers and how they did it. Three of these used the prolific varieties of corn for seed and the other three native white corn. The native corn averaged more bushels to the acre than the prolific, and Mr. Weaver accounts for this in some degree by the fact that the prolific corn may not have been quite acclimated.

Went On Another Rampage. Albert Rodenkirchen, the Siberian, who made two unsuccessful attempts at suicide at Greensboro a month ago, broke loose again and it required the aid of two officers to transport him from a local sanitarium to the county jail. Rodenkirchen since his last attempt at suicide in St. Leo's hospital, has been at a local sanitarium. The attendants could not manage him and even with the aid of two officers it wasn't any small task to get him to the jail. Rodenkirchen appeared to be temporarily mad and was in a dangerous condition. He will be kept in the county jail until other arrangements can be made.

May Be Sent to Mexican Border. Reidville military circles have been somewhat excited over a telegram received by Colonel Craig, commander of the Third Regiment, from Paymaster General Macon at Henderson, asking if he could secure options on mounts for his staff to be supplied on five-days' notice. This is taken to mean that the Third Regiment may be ordered to the Mexican border on short notice.

Three Months' Sentence on Roads. Upon the charge of assaulting Mr. D. C. Bradley, March 2, young J. M. Blake and J. C. Stokes were sentenced to a term of three months on the roads and fined \$25 and \$50 respectively in addition to the taxing of the costs and the expense of treatment. The sentences were thereupon suspended by Judge Walter L. Watson, who tried the case, with the condition that there be good behavior shown the next six months. The young men are thus saved the disgrace of a road sentence.

Mrs. W. A. Harrison Is Insane. Dr. B. S. Carroll and Dr. D. E. Sevier privately examined Mrs. Walter A. Harrison, who is in jail charged with killing her young husband, and by physical and other tests, which would have been the means of detecting any feigned insanity, came to the conclusion that Mrs. Harrison is insane. An inquiry was conducted in the office of the clerk of court at Asheville, at which those physicians testified, the inquiry being held with a view to the appointment of a guardian for Mrs. Harrison.

STORM SWEEPS SOUTHERN STATES

NINE WERE KILLED, MANY INJURED AND HEAVY PROPERTY LOSS IN GEORGIA.

FARMERS LOSE MILLIONS

Crops Have Been Retarded and Fruit Crop Is Menaced in Three Southern States.

Nine persons are reported dead and a heavy property loss is the result of a cyclone which swept over portions of Georgia and Alabama. The damage to farm crops is also reported to be very heavy. The storm was one of the most severe, and has covered a larger territory than any in this section in recent years.

Atlanta.—The total damage done by the flood in and near Atlanta amounted to more than two hundred thousand dollars. From every section of Atlanta and from most points in the South come reports of great destruction by the flood. It is practically impossible to estimate the total for the state.

The farmers of the state are hit harder than any other interests. The fields which have just been prepared for planting have just been swept until all signs of weeks of labor have disappeared, and where the crops were planted the seeds have been washed and beaten until there is no hope that they will ever sprout. The flood will put the already mouth-late crop an additional two weeks behind in every part of the state, while in many sections it will cause planting to be at least two months later than usual. The corn crop of the state has been cut almost in half by the floods, while cotton lands have been so washed that all preparations made last fall will go for nothing. It is estimated that the farmers of the state will suffer more than ten million dollars in damages from the 12-hour rainfall. Farmers near Atlanta on the Chattahoochee are regarding their fields, many of which are 15 feet deep in water, in dull despair, for the bright visions they had entertained of a bountiful harvest have been ruthlessly shattered.

Headland Ala.—Five persons are known to have been killed, a dozen injured, several of them seriously, and scores of buildings in both the business and residence districts of Headland are total wrecks as the result of a cyclone which struck the town, causing panic and confusion among the 1,200 residents.

The dead are: J. C. Copeland, an attorney; Barrentine, two children (initials unavailable); two negroes.

The injured are W. H. Alexander, W. B. Aman, W. F. Irington, Mr. and Mrs. Monk.

A relief fund of \$1,000 was raised among the citizens of Headland, and it is being used for feeding and clothing for the poorer class of people, many of whom lost all in the wind storm and deluge which followed.

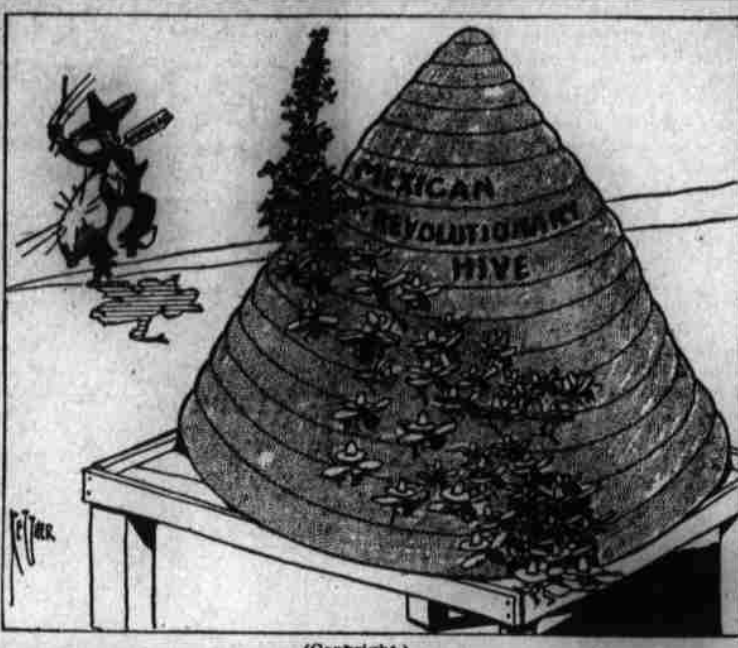
In Geneva county, according to the meager advices obtainable, a boy was killed and three other persons were injured.

At Hartford, thirty miles away, a son of Willy Adkins was killed outright in the presence of members of his family, and another boy is said to have been badly hurt.

Columbia, S. C.—With all the rivers booming as a result of a terrific downpour of rain, South Carolina had a storm that was exceeded in dimensions only by the memorable and disastrous flood of 1908. Reports from the Piedmont section indicate that damage there has been heavy. In Cheatham a heavy winstorm caused much damage. Trains were delayed and wire communication was hampered by the sweeping waters.

So far only one death has been reported, that of Charles Ligon, a cotton buyer of Enore, Spartanburg county, who was drowned while crossing a stream.

SWARMIN' AGAIN



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PLEADS FOR EVERGLADES PLEA OF "NOT GUILTY"

FLORIDA SENATOR DENIES THAT THERE'S BEEN ANY GIGANTIC LAND SWINDLE.

No One Doubts the Feasibility of Reclaiming the Everglades of Florida.

Washington.—"We are here to give the public scientific data, not opinions. I want this thing stopped right where it is." Senator Fletcher of Florida thus quoted Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, referring to the time when the circular on the drainage of the Florida Everglades was suppressed in the department. Senator Fletcher appeared before the Everglades investigating committee and assumed responsibility for bringing the matter to the attention of Secretary Wilson. Senator Fletcher said that the circular in controversy may have contained some truth, but he thought that in the main it was unfair and unjust and, on the whole, would convey an erroneous impression.

Senator Fletcher said drainage of the Everglades had been a political issue in Florida. He did not know of any one who doubted the feasibility of reclaiming the Everglades. The differences, he said, were over the questions of cost and length of time required for the work. There was also a difference of opinion as to the value of the reclaimed land.

The senator explained the suppression of the senate document on the Everglades and the criticism of it by Representative Clark. He denied that only facts favorable to the reclamation project were printed and unfavorable material rejected. He said he had simply put the facts in the document, and had excluded matter submitted to him by C. G. Elliott, chief drainage engineer of the department of agriculture, because he thought it immaterial and "surplusage."

THE PANAMA CANAL TOLLS

Maximum of \$1.25 a Ton Agreed Upon for Passage Through Waterway.

Washington.—Fixing the maximum Panama canal tolls at \$1.25 a ton, with a minimum not below an amount sufficient to maintain and operate the canal, and with no preference to be given to American ships, the house committee on interstate commerce, by a vote of 14 to 4, agreed on a bill for the operation of the Panama canal.

The bill would authorize the president to open and operate the canal and to make rules for the government of the canal and fix the tolls.

The provision relating to rates is as follows: "That the president is hereby authorized to prescribe and from time to time change toll charges for the use of the Panama canal by all vessels, except those belonging to the government of the United States (including those of the Panama Railway company) and the government of Panama, which excepted vessels shall be charged no tolls."

Will Buy Davis' Birthplace. Frankfort, Ky.—With the passage in the house of the senate bill, appropriating \$75,000 for the purchase of Jefferson Davis' birthplace, near Elkton, Ky., the memorial to the president of the Confederacy for which the Daughters of the Confederacy have been working, was made possible. The bill is now ready for the governor's approval. The homestead is to be made into a state park and a memorial will be erected in it. Plans for a Jefferson Davis Way leading to the farm are already projected.

Champ Clark Gets Kansas. Hutchinson, Kan.—The Democratic state convention after rejecting by a vote of 310 to 383 a resolution introduced by the supporters of Woodrow Wilson declaring for an unannounced delegation, unanimously adopted a resolution instructing the Kansas delegation to the national convention to Baltimore to cast the twenty votes of this state as a unit for Champ Clark. It becomes evident that Clark cannot be nominated the delegates will cast their votes for Wilson as second choice.

TRADE PARALYZED BY COAL STRIKES

MINERS OF UNITED STATES MAY JOIN STRIKERS OF GREAT BRITAIN AND GERMANY.

SUFFERING IN ENGLAND

Price of Coal Is Advancing Rapidly as Result of World-Wide Strike of Miners.

The war in the coal world continues to rage. There are 250,000 miners out in Germany and more are going out. Martial law may be declared. There are 1,000,000 miners out in Great Britain. Trade is paralyzed and much suffering is reported. The anthracite coal miners of the United States threaten to strike. The prices of coal are jumping the world over.

Berlin, Germany.—The coal miners' strike in the Great German coal fields of Westphalia continues to spread. There are over 240,000 men now on strike and the situation is becoming worse everywhere. It has taken a most serious turn in several districts and has resulted already in a fatal conflict between the police and the strikers in the district of Herne.

The feeling among the men is increasing in intensity owing to the rigid repressive measures of the authorities, and it is officially reported here that troops will be called out if the police prove inadequate to deal with the situation. The answers of the mine owners, including the Prussian state, which runs its own mines, to the demands of the unions in other German coal fields, take the same stand as the owners in Westphalia, declaring that financial conditions do not permit the granting of the full increase of wages and the other demands of the miners, so that strikes also are impending there.

The distress which has been caused throughout England, Scotland and Wales from the coal strike is growing acute, more particularly in Wales. In that country practically the whole life of the people depends upon the output of the coal mines.

The men on the railroads and those connected with other industries are now being discharged daily by hundreds, the notices to quit which were given them when the coal strike began now expiring.

New York.—The anthracite coal operators and the United Mine Workers of America alike profess unyielding adherence to their attitudes concerning the miners' demands. "The situation looks very blue and the indications point to a strike," declared President John T. White of the miners. The operators say positively that they will make no concessions.

CONFIRM PITNEY NOMINATION

Mahlon Pitney of New Jersey Is Placed on Supreme Court Bench.

Washington.—Mahlon Pitney, chancellor of the state of New Jersey, President Taft's nominee to succeed the late Justice Harlan on the Supreme bench, was finally confirmed by the senate by a vote of 50 to 26.

These Republican senators voted against Mr. Pitney's confirmation: Bourne, Bristow, Kenyon, Cummins and Poindexter. These Democrats voted against him: Bacon, Bryan, Chamberlain, Culbertson, Gardner, Gores, Hitchcock, Johnson, Kern, Lee, Myers, Newlands, O'Gorman, Pomeroy, Rayburn, Reed, Shively, Smith of Georgia, Smith of South Carolina, Taylor and Williams.

The senate's consideration of Justice Pitney was in the fourth executive session it has had on his nomination and the vigorous fight against him because of his decision in a glass blowers' strike case did not abate until the last moment.

Justice Pitney's commission was signed as soon as the senate had confirmed him.

Mob Kills Three Negroes. Olar, S. C.—Three negroes in charge of two constables on their way from Olar to Bamberg to be lodged in the county jail were taken from the officers by a mob at Odessa bridge, and shot to pieces. The mob of 75 to 100 men surprised the two constables and securing the three negroes finished their work. The negroes were Alfred Dublin, Richard Dublin and Peter Rivers. The negroes had confessed to attempting to burn the house of J. E. Cook, mayor of Olar.

Girl Gets Share of Hawley Millions. New York.—Miss Margaret Cameron, known as the ward of Edwin Hawley, and whose real name is Emma Sturgess, has been named by the late financier's heirs property estimated to be worth \$1,000,000 and allowed a life income of \$25,000 a year, according to a statement by John H. Sullivan, attorney for the heirs. The settlement was made in accordance with a letter written by Mr. Hawley some time before his death regarding the generous provision for the daughter.