

Directory.

Madison County. Established by the Legislature... Madison County, N. C. Officers: Hon. Jas. L. Hyatt, Senator, 23 District, Burnsville, N. C. Hon. J. C. Ramsey, Representative, Marshall, N. C. W. H. Henderson, Clerk Superior Court, Marshall, N. C. W. M. Buckner, Sheriff, Marshall, N. C. James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Runkin, Treasurer, Marshall, N. C. R. L. Tweed, Surveyor, White Rock, N. C. Dr. J. E. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill, N. C. Mrs. Eliza Henderson, Jailor, Marshall, N. C. John Honeycutt, Janitor, Marshall, N. C. Dr. C. N. Sprinkle, County Physician, Marshall, N. C. James Haynie, Supt. County Home, Marshall, N. C. Home located about two miles southwest of Marshall. Courts: Criminal and Civil, First Monday before First Monday in March, Commencing Feb. 26th, 1912. Civil 11th, Monday after First Monday in March, commences May 20, 1912. Criminal and Civil, First Monday after First Monday in Sept. Commences Sept. 9th, 1912. Civil 6th, Monday after First Monday in September, commences October 14, 1912. BOARDS: County Commissioners: W. C. Sprinkle, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Caskada, Member, Marshall, N. C. C. R. F. D. No. 1. Reubin A. Tweed, Member, Big Laurel, N. C. C. B. Mashburn, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in every month. Road Commissioners: A. E. Bryan, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. 2. J. A. Ramsey, Secretary, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. 3. Sam Cox, Member, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. G. W. Wild, Big Pine, N. C. Dudley Chipley, Road Engineer, Marshall, N. C. George M. Pritchard, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Board of Education: Jasper Ebbs, Chairman, Spring Creek, N. C. Thos. J. Murray, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. W. R. Sams, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Prof. M. C. Buckner, Supt. of Schools, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Board Meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Colleges and High Schools: Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President, Mars Hill, N. C. Fall Term begins August 17, 1911. Spring Term begins January 2, 1912. Spring Creek High School, Prof. G. C. Brown, Principal, Spring Creek, N. C. School opened August 1, 1911. Madison Seminary High School, Prof. J. M. Weatherly, Principal, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. School began October 3, 1911. Bell Institute, Miss Margaret E. Griffin, Principal, Walnut, N. C. School began September 9, 1911. Marshall Academy, Prof. R. G. Anders, Principal, Marshall, N. C. School began Sept. 4, 1911. Notary Publics: J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires Jan. 11, 1912. A. J. Roberts, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 8. Term expires May 30, 1912. Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires August 10, 1912. C. C. Brown, Bluff, N. C. Term expires December 6, 1912. J. A. Leek, Revere, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. W. T. Davis, Hot Springs, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. J. B. Southworth, Stockhouse, N. C. Term expires January 15, 1913. N. W. Anderson, Paint Fork, N. C. Term expires February 6, 1913. J. H. Hunter, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 1, 1913. J. F. Tison, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 3, 1913. C. E. Ebbs, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 31, 1913. J. W. Nelson, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 25, 1913. Roy L. Gauder, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 3, 1913. Geo. M. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 25, 1913. Dudley Chipley, Marshall, N. C. Term expires July 25, 1913. W. G. Connor, Mars Hill, N. C. Term expires November 27, 1913. POST: George W. Gahagan Post, No. 23 G. A. R. E. M. Davis, Commander. J. H. Ballard, Adjutant. Meets at the Court House Saturday, before the second Sunday in each month at 11 A. M.

SUBMARINE LOST; 15 ARE DROWNED

BRITISH SUBMARINE RUN DOWN BY HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINER AND CUT IN TWO AT DOVER ONLY ONE OF CREW SAVED. The Sixth Disaster to British Submarines, Each Involving Loss of From 11 to 15 Lives. Dover.—The British submarine B 2 was run down by the Hamburg-American liner Amerika here. It sank, drowning fifteen of the crew. The liner Amerika appears to have cut the submarine completely in halves. Lieut. Richard L. Pulleyne was the only man among the crew who was saved. He was found floating in the sea too exhausted to say more when he was rescued than "The submarine is cut in two. I went down a mile." The B 2 had left Dover harbor to participate with the other submarines in a series of maneuvers. When the accident occurred none of the sister submarines knew anything about it until Lieut. Pulleyne was picked up from the sea. The liner Amerika stood by after the collision and threw life buoys overboard while a number of torpedo boats searched the sea for hours. None of the other members of the crew, however, was found. The Amerika then proceeded on her voyage to Southampton on her way to New York. This is the sixth disaster to British submarines, each of them involving the loss of from 11 to 15 lives. The B 2 was one of the older and smaller class of submarines, having been built with ten sister ships, between the years 1903 and 1907. Her length was 100 feet and her beam 12 feet 7 inches. The second officer of the steamship Amerika said he was on the bridge at the time of the collision with the submarine "B 2". The submarine suddenly came to the surface. An effort was made to avoid collision, but too late and the submarine broke in two like a match. Divers located the submarine in 20 fathoms of water and attached chains to the wreck. They are hopeful they will be able to raise her.

SIR WILLIAM RAMSAY



Sir William Ramsay, who is considered the greatest living English scientist, has been attending the congress of applied chemistry in Washington.

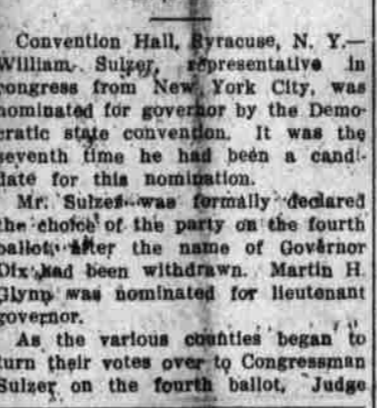
TO URGE BUDGET SYSTEM

ASSERTED IT WILL SAVE GOVERNMENT \$300,000,000 YEARLY. Chairman Cleveland of Economy and Efficiency Commission Outlines Plan. Washington.—Frederick A. Cleveland, chairman of the economy efficiency commission, in a statement, outlines the plan that will be followed in submitting to congress a budget of public estimates and expenditures, declared that "by ten years of continuous persistent effort, the government could reduce its running expenses nearly \$300,000,000 a year." The general purpose of the proposed budget which President Taft has directed Secretary McVeagh to send to congress as a companion document to the usual annual estimates was outlined in President Taft's public letter September 19. Doctor Cleveland gave out the following as "the concrete recommendation of the commission": "It is proposed that the budget should be made up of five parts, as follows: "A summary of the statement. (The purpose of this is to give a picture of present financial conditions and of past operating results.) "A summary of transactions showing contracting and trading relations. (The purpose of this is to serve as an index to the detail facts, pertaining to economy and efficiency in making purchases. It would show how much the government has paid for fuel, clothing, food, stationery etc. The supporting details concerning things bought prices paid and the purposes of their use would be found in department reports.) "A summary of estimates. (This would be in the nature of a brief comparative statement of estimates of revenues as well as expenditures—the picture of what is asked for and the proposed method of financing.)

SULZER NAMED FOR GOVERNOR

CONGRESSMAN IS NOMINATED BY THE NEW YORK STATE DEMOCRATS. NAMED ON FOURTH BALLOT. Governor Dix Led in First, But Lost Votes Until Sulzer Won on the Fourth Ballot. Convention Hall, Syracuse, N. Y.—William Sulzer, representative in congress from New York City, was nominated for governor by the Democratic state convention. It was the seventh time he had been a candidate for this nomination. Mr. Sulzer was formally declared the choice of the party on the fourth ballot after the name of Governor Dix had been withdrawn. Martin H. Glynn was nominated for lieutenant governor.

WILLIAM M. WOOD



William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen company, has been indicted in Massachusetts for alleged participation in the planting of dynamite in Lawrence last winter to turn public opinion against the textile strikers. Mr. Wood was born the son of a Portuguese sailor. He now draws a salary of \$100,000 a year as head of the woolen trust and receives several times that amount from other enterprises in which he is interested.

BALKANS THREATEN WAR

BULGARIA, SERVA AND GREECE HAVE ISSUED ORDERS FOR ARMY MOBILIZATION. Feared That Austria and Roumania Will Join in the Attack on Turkey. Belgrade, Servia.—War preparations are being carried on with feverish haste. General mobilization of the Serbian army has been ordered. Publication of news of military movements is forbidden. Belgrade is seething with excitement. The streets are full of uniformed reservists and the railway stations are crowded with men on their way to join the colors. The mobilization of the Bulgarian army simultaneously with that of Serbia has added enthusiasm to the occasion. Athens, Greece.—The Greek government, in agreement with other Balkan states, has ordered the mobilization of her forces by sea and by land. The reason given for this step is apprehension on the part of the Balkan states that the mobilization of the Turkish army and the disquieting internal condition of Turkey might induce the Porte to seek a way out of the difficulties in war. London.—Balkan difficulties have developed with alarming rapidity to a point where only a spark is needed to set the whole of southeastern Europe aflame. Three Balkan states—Bulgaria, Servia and Greece—by common consent, have ordered simultaneous mobilization of their armies and are making every preparation for immediate hostilities.

205 MEN KILLED IN MEXICO

About a Thousand Men Engaged in Battle. Eagle Pass, Texas.—Two hundred and five men are reported killed in a battle in which about one thousand rebels and Federals participated at Aura Pass, not far from Monctova, Mexico, according to reports reaching here. There is no way here of confirming the apparently heavy death list. Seven Federal officers were reported killed. There were about five hundred men on each side, the Federals being commanded by General Blanquet. The battle was apparently a draw, but the rebels retreated in the face of Federal reinforcements. Washington.—The Mexican government apparently is making no secret of the fact that it is now negotiating with the rebel Zapatistas for peace, according to reports to the state department in Washington. Annual Waste of 630,000 Lives. Indianapolis, Ind.—"Out of some 1,500,000 deaths annually in the United States, at least 630,000 are preventable," declared Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale university, in his address before the fourth national conservation congress here. "In the last analysis the war against preventable disease is a struggle between the dollar and the death rate," E. E. Rittenhouse of New York told the delegates. "And most of our communities prefer a high death rate to a slight increase in the tax rate. There is not an adequately financed health department in the country."

3 MEN KILLED; 8 INJURED

By Explosion on the Torpedo Boat Destroyer Walker. Newport, R. I.—The explosion of the forward end of the port turbine, together with the steam chest, on the torpedo boat destroyer Walker, off Brenton's Reef lightship, instantly killed Lieut. Donald P. Morrison of Washington, D. C., the chief engineer, and wounded eight others, two of whom, J. W. Rumpf of Columbus, Ohio, and H. L. Wilder of Orlando, Fla., both machinists' mates of the first class, died later on the hospital ship Solace. E. B. Crawford, gunner's mate of the destroyer Patterson, one of the umpires named to watch the speed tests of the Walker, and John Delaney, a first class fireman of the Walker, were said to be in a critical condition. Others injured are: Lieut. Robert L. Montgomery of the destroyer Fanning, and umpire of the speed tests, J. S. Kelly, chief machinist's mate; W. E. Krause, oiler; F. B. Conway, oiler.

Strike on Georgia Railroad

Augusta, Ga.—In response to a general strike order, issued by the conductors and trainmen of the Georgia railroad, went on a strike. Three hundred men are affected. The strike order was issued by Vice President T. A. Gregg of the Order of Railway Conductors and Vice President James Murdock of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, in charge of the local situation for their respective organizations. That the strike order has been generally obeyed all over the system is admitted. One Killed, Twenty Hurt, in Wreck. Nashville, Tenn.—Two Pullman sleeping cars, four day coaches and two express cars broke away from a rapidly moving Louisville and Nashville train near Elkton, Ala., slipped down an embankment, then caught fire and burned, but every passenger escaped death and less than a score received minor injuries. An express messenger caught in the wreckage of his car and was cremated. Flames spread so rapidly that occupants of the sleeping cars were compelled to flee in their night clothing.

NINE KILLED IN AUTOMOBILE CRASH

GOING AT TERRIFIC SPEED CAR BREAKS RAILING OF BRIDGE FALLING 75 FEET. THE MACHINE WAS SMASHED. A Wealthy Young Man Was Taking a Party of Friends Home After an Evening Spent in Rioting—List of the Dead Given. Philadelphia.—Nine young men lost their lives when an automobile in which they were joy riding crashed through the railing on the side of the new Twenty-third Street Boulevard at Master street and fell into a coal yard 75 feet below. The machine, a big touring car, turned turtle in the descent and the occupants were found crushed and mangled in the hood of the machine. The body of the car was smashed to splinters. The dead are: Robert A. Boyd, 27 years old; Gordon H. Miller, 21; William M. Lawrence, 25; Edg. M. Shaw, 19; Thomas Nevin, 18; Daniel J. Wilkes, 27; Robert Geisel, 22, all were from Philadelphia. Edgar M. Shaw, 19 years old, a son of James Shaw, a lumber merchant, who owned the car, was taking a party of his friends home after an evening spent in various cafes and saloons. Nine young men were in the machine, and six others were in a smaller automobile when the party came at terrific speed down "Thirty-third" street. In turning to avoid the smaller automobile which was in the lead Charles I. Spayd, who was driving an automobile, collided with the rear wheel of the Shaw machine. The heavily loaded car swerved and crashed through the iron railing of the bridge. When those in the other machine had made their way to the coal yard, only one occupant of the ill-fated car showed any sign of life and he died shortly after at the hospital. The others were all pronounced dead when the institution was reached.

FROM THE TAR HEEL STATE

Short Paragraphs of State News That Have Been Gotten Together With Care By the Editor. Zebulon.—All records were broken several days ago in the sale of tobacco, at Zebulon, all houses being filled from wall to wall, and the Planters conducted a second break. Thousands of pounds are being marketed daily. Wake Forest.—Rather than answer for the offense of having stolen a suit of clothes from a negro pressing club, in Wake Forest, Frank Wyche, a young negro man about 24 years of age, resisted arrest by officer bearing a warrant, and as a result was killed. Winston-Salem.—Archie Morgan, aged 30, yard conductor for the Norfolk & Western, was shot and killed here by an unknown negro. During an altercation with two negroes one of them seized Morgan's pistol and killed him. Raleigh.—The work of putting up the transmission lines of the Carolina Light and Power Company from Raleigh to Goldsboro, a distance of forty-five miles, has been completed and within the next few days the current will be turned on. Littleton.—Governor Kitchin spoke here in the interest of his candidacy for the senate. The governor was in excellent condition and held the undivided interest of his audience for two hours and twenty minutes, speaking to a crowd conservatively estimated at 400. Salisbury.—Clarence Trollinger, who has been held without bail on account of injuries he inflicted upon Charlie Woodrum during an affray at the Southern hotel, was ordered released on \$2,500 bond. Woodrum's condition shows improvement and he will likely recover. Raleigh.—The solicitor of this district, Herbert E. Norris, gave notice of appeal and Ridenbarr was heard pending the passing of the supreme court on the point. Judge Ferguson held that the defendant is sane now. It is said that this question has never been presented in North Carolina and the case will be watched with interest. Washington.—Reports coming to Washington from the Aurora section of the county state that B. H. Thompson, during the past several days has caught two large black bears on his farm near Aurora. It seems that the bears had been stealing his corn and he set steel traps for them. One weighed 20 pounds and the other 150 pounds. Waynesville.—While digging sand under an overhanging bank several days ago, John Sorrells, an employe of R. N. Barbour, was caught under a cave-in and completely overwhelmed by the mass of fallen earth. Heroic efforts were put forth by those near him to dig away the earth and he was gotten out in about five minutes. He was so badly crushed, however, and suffocated that he died in a very short time. Dunn.—Mr. W. K. Allen, of Wilmington has been appointed engineer for Stewart's Creek Drainage District, situated just across Cape Fear river from Dunn, and is making the permanent survey of the district. There are about 8,000 acres of land in the territory which will be drained, and as it is near town and unusually fine farm land it will add greatly to the material prosperity of the county. Hendersonville.—As the senatorial primary contest draws nearer, interest in the race daily increases in this section. The speech made in Henderson by Judge Walter Clark is being freely distributed throughout this section, 3,000 copies having been printed for distribution. On the day of the speaking a Clark club was organized here and the members are busying themselves for the senatorial aspirant. Asheville.—There has been concern expressed in this section as to the disposition of the bumper fruit crop at good prices. There are so many apples that there has been some fear that they could not be disposed of advantageously. Speaking of this question a day or two ago, a prominent fruit man, said that the fruit growers need have no fear of not getting good prices for their apples, if they will grow the kinds of apples that the people like. Wadesboro.—Lester Horne, a fifteen-year-old boy, fell from a scaly bark tree near Petchland and was killed instantly. He was alone but the body was found in a short time. He fell a distance of fifty feet and his skull was fractured. Winston-Salem.—The revenue derived from the sale of tobacco stamps at the United States internal revenue office here for the month of September, aggregated \$393,010.40, which means that a total of 4,913,870 pounds of manufactured tobacco were shipped last month by Winston-Salem tobacco manufacturers. High Point.—The new \$30,000 Ellis home, in to be built at once. The plans have been finished, contract signed and excavation will begin in the near future. Hendersonville.—Judge Walter Clark spoke here recently in advocacy of his candidacy for the United States senate. He had a court house nearly filled with the voters of Yancey, who were anxious to hear his views and especially to hear his views on those who are in the race for the United States senate.

ARE PLANNING TO BOYCOTT

Central America Bitterly Resents the Action of the United States. New Orleans, La.—Sensational revelations touching the recent intervention of the American government in Nicaragua are promised by Gen. Juan Leites, who arrived here from Salvador to appear before the special senate committee named under the Bacon resolution to investigate revolutionary matters in Nicaragua. General Leites declares that the attitude of the state department in the Nicaraguan embargo and the use of American marines to suppress the revolt of the people of Nicaragua against President Diaz is resented in every Central American country as an unwarranted interference in the domestic affairs of those countries. He declares that unless the United States senate should take some action to counteract the anti-American feeling engendered by the state department's actions in the Nicaraguan matter, a propaganda favoring a boycott against all commodities from the United States will sweep every Latin American country.

Mexican Rebels Slaughter

Mexico City.—Word was brought into Holcuta, southwest of here, of the almost total annihilation of a detachment of rural guards and a number of women and children in a fight with Zapatista rebels near Sultepec. The sole survivors of the rurales and their party—three men and a woman—staggered into Toluca. They said the detachment of sixty rurales with a number of women and children was stationed on a hill near Sultepec and was surprised by the rebels while feeding their horses.

Falls 2,200 Feet and Lives

Washington.—Falling in an aeroplane from more than 2,200 feet in the air and escaping with only a few scratches was the remarkable experience of William Kabitzke, a professional aviator for the Wright Company, at the army aviation school at College Park, Md. Kabitzke was attempting to complete a 2-hour engine endurance test and had flown 34 minutes when the engine suddenly stopped and the aeroplane started a rapid descent.

Makes Long Journey for Ceremony

Louisville, Ky.—From Johannesburg, South Africa, to Louisville is the journey made by Mrs. Ellen Horvitz, a widow, whose home is at the former place, that she might participate in the ceremony of casting the shoe, prescribed in the Book of Deuteronomy for childless widows before they are free to marry any other husband. According to the Biblical direction, Mrs. Horvitz went to the home of her brother-in-law, Y. Horvitz, where the ceremony was performed by a rabbi.

Hope of Avoiding War Abandoned

Constantinople.—In spite of the diplomatic efforts to maintain peace, prospects in this direction are dimming so rapidly that there is practically no hope here that war with the Balkan States will be avoided unless at the last moment the powers agree upon armed intervention. The Porte is resolved not to listen to proposals of reform from any quarter or to entertain an idea of reducing its forces until the Balkan States demobilize and abandon their present policy.

No Prospect of Cheaper Beef

Washington.—"I see no hope of beef getting much cheaper," said Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture. Fresh from a vacation in the west, Mr. Wilson declared there was a much greater scarcity of cattle than he had realized. "The breeding grounds of stock cattle," said Mr. Wilson, "heretofore sent to the corn belt, cannot furnish much more of that class of cattle. Homesteaders have compelled the ranchmen to dispose of their cattle stock."

3,500 Copper Miners on Strike

Elko, Nev.—The 3,500 employes of the Nevada Consolidated Mining company of Elko, struck. The strikers demanded an increase of wages and other concessions. Two days after the strike of the Bingham miners the men in this district made demand on the operators for an increase of 50 cents a day for all classes of laborers and insisted that the companies recognize the unions. Last week the Nevada Consolidated Mining company offered the miners an increase of 25 cents a day.

Americans and Nicaraguans Clash

Washington.—In a gallant assault, American marines and bluejackets drove the Nicaraguan revolutionary leader, General Zeledon, and his forces from Coyotepe and Barrancas Hills, near Masaya, but in the action four privates of the United States Marine Corps were killed and a number were wounded. The victory of the Americans opened the way for the Nicaraguan government troops to assault the town of Masaya, which they took from the revolutionists and the starving inhabitants were relieved.

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