

THE DUNN DISPATCH

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NO. 6

SUBMARINE CROSSES ATLANTIC

The German Deutschland Loaded With Dye-stuff Gets by All the Blockade Fleet of the Allies and Makes Its Way 4000 Miles to Baltimore.

The biggest piece of news in Monday's daily papers was the account of the German submarine, the Deutschland, a merchant vessel, that had escaped the vigilance of the Allies blockading ships and had safely crossed the Atlantic and was in the bay ready to dock at Baltimore, with a cargo of dye-stuff which is so badly needed by American manufacturers.

For some time there has been talk of such a ship making the trip across the Atlantic but in many places it was looked upon as a mere fiction. On May 25 the Baltimore American gave notice that such a ship was about to cross over and stated that its probable date of arrival was June 1st. In the date it was mistaken but the fact that such a merchant submarine was coming proved to be true when the monster vessel entered the Virginia Capes early Sunday morning.

Reading the story of the coming of the Deutschland is like reading some romance. It has its thrills and its wonders. The Germans have proven that they can get across the Atlantic and bring to the United States some of the things needed over here and which cannot be obtained elsewhere in spite of the English and French blockade.

The Deutschland left Bremen about June 14 with a cargo of about 750 tons of valuable dye-stuff and went to Heligoland where she remained until June 23. This was done to fool the enemy. Capt. König, who was in charge, had to plow deep through the North Sea to escape the Allies blockade. It is said that about half the voyage of 4000 miles was made under the water.

The successful bringing across of the Deutschland was a feat worthy of the best traditions of the great German Empire. The Captain and his crew of 23 men will be numbered brave men.

SIMON GIBSON

Laurinburg, July 9.—Simon Gibson died at his home about two miles west of Gibson Friday after having been an invalid for several years. He had his first stroke of paralysis about five years ago and has been confined to his bed since. Mr. Gibson was one of the oldest citizens of that section of the county, having passed his sixty-seventh birthday, and had been a member of Boykin church since his boyhood. He was a member of the Masonic order and represented Marlboro county in the Legislature in 1885.

The funeral services were conducted by his pastor, Rev. G. W. Davis, assisted by Rev. W. H. Brown, of the Gibson Methodist church, Rev. O. W. McManus of the Gibson Baptist church and Rev. L. N. Clegg of the Gibson Presbyterian church. He is survived by his widow and five children. His children are: Mrs. W. E. Caldwell of Dillon, S. C.; Mrs. C. L. Moody, of Nichols, S. C.; Mrs. C. D. Bain of Dunn, N. C.; J. B. Gibson of Dillon, S. C.; and Miss Janie Gibson of Gibson, N. C.

WILSON AROUSES ENTHUSIASM

Detroit, July 10.—President Wilson aroused great enthusiasm at the World's Salesmanship Congress today by urging that business men carry justice and fair dealing into the ports of the world, particularly those of Mexico, and thereby establish confidence in American enterprise. His efforts, he declared, would be to serve all America by serving Mexico herself for her best interest without using force, and not to serve the few "gentlemen" who wish to exploit Mexican possessions. "I hear you men say," he said, "that they want to help Mexico, and the way they wish to help her is to overwhelm her with force. That is the wrong way as well as the long way. After fighting them you would have a nation full of justified suspicions. Thus you would not help them. You would shut every door against you. What makes Mexico suspicious is that she thinks we do not want to serve but possess her. And she has justification for this suspicion in the way some gentlemen have sought to exploit her possessions. I will not serve all America by trying to serve Mexico herself. The way to establish our sovereignty is to respect hers."

Mr. Z. V. Snipes is spending some time in Virginia. He left Dunn last week in his touring car and will be away for several days. He will be joined in Richmond today by Mr. W. E. Howard, who will return home with him.

UNIVERSITY NEWS LETTER

Chapel Hill, July 11.—The thorough discussion of such vital aspects of country life as the country church and Sunday School, the country community and home, club work for boys and girls, farm cooperation and credit, community health and health officers, country high schools and farm life schools, neighborhood social and field days, made the Country Life Institute at the University last week a general clearing house for country life problems in North Carolina. Leaders in these respective fields presented the practical side of their work, and threw light on difficult problems. Over 150 people registered for the Institute.

President Graham, in welcoming the visitors, stated that the University had been trying to find out what the people of the State are thinking by calling people here to conferences. The modern University, he continued, must concern itself with such things as corn clubs, pig clubs, and the like. Some connection has to be made between the theory in our churches and our education and the practical daily life of our people. Our salvation depends upon our own mastery of our situation.

In speaking of the country church, Rev. J. M. Arnette, of Mebane, asserted that those churches are growing where the church relates itself to the social life of the people. Dr. Archibald Johnson insisted that the country church should have preaching every Sunday. The country minister should have his church home and identify himself with the community. In discussing the country community, Prof. W. C. Crosby said that the country people have long suspected that there is something wrong with country life. But the trouble lies primarily with the country people themselves. There must be leadership with vision in every community.

Friday was observed as Country Health Day. Such timely topics were considered as whole health of floors, community hygiene and child welfare campaigns. Dr. G. M. Cooper of Raleigh declared that all proper lightening, yet one fourth of our children of school age are out of school. Prof. N. W. Walker regarded the farm life schools as the light of the community. Better business, better farming, better living are the concern of the schools. There are now 19 farm life schools in 16 counties of the State. Mr. Walker believes there should be one in each county. The Institute closed Sunday with sermons on social service in all the Chapel Hill churches.

GODWIN THANKS FRIENDS FOR THEIR LOYAL SUPPORT

Representative Godwin issued this statement Saturday: "The State Board of Elections sent me a certificate stating that I received in the recent primary a majority of 1,200 votes and have, therefore, been declared the nominee in the Sixth District for Congress. "I want to thank my friends for their loyal support in both the first and second primaries. I feel profoundly grateful to every one who voted for me. The contest was waged upon a high plane, and I am glad but little bitterness was exhibited. I have no feeling in my heart against any of those who did not vote for me, and I pledge to all the people my best service. I shall strive in the future as in the past to reflect in Congress the sentiment of the people of the Sixth district, stand by the principles of the Democratic party and represent the district and the country to the best of my ability."

SAYS MINISTERS SHOULD HAVE HIGHER SALARIES

Chicago, July 8.—The insistent cry of minister for higher salaries has found voice in a letter from Bishop Thomas Nicholson, of the Methodist church, to the "veteran preachers," the official organ of the Board of Conference Claimants. "The Ministers," writes Bishop Nicholson, "cannot meet the demand of the Twentieth Century and be efficient on present salaries. "He ought to have a living wage. But when he has a comfortable support, in my judgment he should give his entire time to his work. He should be absolutely a man of one work, wholly absorbed in his calling. I do not believe in sidelines and money-making schemes for the ministers."

Bank Cashier Resigns.

Fuquay Springs, July 8.—Mr. Eugene H. Howard on yesterday tendered his resignation as cashier of the Bank of Fuquay, the resignation being accepted with regret by the directors. Mr. Howard will be succeeded by Mr. E. E. Kerr, formerly with the Farmers Bank and Trust Company, of Forest City.

WHERE ALL ARMIES AGREE

All World Armies Agree That Vaccination Prevents Typhoid.

Since Russia has recently made anti-typhoid vaccination compulsory for her army, all the great armies of the world are agreed upon one point—that vaccination as a means of preventing typhoid, the whole continent of Europe has been made almost free from the disease. It is by no means the scourge to army life that it used to be.

For a long time Russia was skeptical as to the use of anti-typhoid vaccine for her army and not until last year did she show signs of relenting. Early this year she took the matter into consideration and makes the statement that for five months she received such an array of favorable testimony from other countries as to the effect of this preventive treatment that the authorities immediately made it compulsory in the Russian army. Since adopting the vaccine treatment against typhoid with such convincing results she has been encouraged to make vaccination against smallpox and cholera compulsory also. Recently one entire army in the Caucasus was vaccinated against typhoid, smallpox and cholera and in one day, with no serious results.

As to the value of anti-typhoid vaccine, the war in Europe has supplied a test of an enormous scale, and there has been no divergence of opinion as to its use or efficacy at any time. As a matter of fact, its efficacy has been so well established in Europe that many states or countries, Galicia, for instance has made its use compulsory for her entire population. Germany says she has given it to millions with no serious consequences.

WHAT IS A COUNTY AGENT?

Many people do not have a clear idea of the function of the county agent in the Farm Demonstration Work. There are some things which he can do and should do, and there are some things which he can't do and should not do.

Briefly defined, the County Farm Demonstration Agent is a man of practical farm experience, usually with some agricultural education, working under the joint direction of the farmers, State Department of Agriculture, A. & M. College, and National Department of Agriculture, to assist in determining the best agricultural practices to be applied for the territory in which he works.

A county agent is not primarily an "adviser," although he does give advice. He is not an expert on farm topics, although he may really be an expert on some phase of farm work. He is an agent, however, that presents to the farmers information from the experts, and advises as to whether he thinks it applicable under conditions to be considered. That is to say, he really gets the advice and the information of the expert to the farmer, and he is therefore an agent. He is the agent who connects the farm with the sources of experimentation and information. Furthermore, he helps to get to the farm such of this information as he thinks is adapted to each individual case.

The County Agent is not an agent of any business, such as an industrial combination. Although he serves such organizations as the Farmers' Unions, he is not to do their business for them. For instance, it is not his function to make their purchases or to really make their sales, but to get information for them, and to help them to make their purchases and sales in the best way possible. Although merchants and various other men contribute funds to the support of Farm Demonstration Work, yet they do not direct the work. They simply contribute the money for the prosperity of the whole county.

The County Agent is not employed to milk every farmer's cow or to plow his fields. He is to help them learn how to do both to the best advantage.

As to what a County Agent can or should do, there is scarcely no settling the matter. The field of agriculture is so broad and so varied that a County Agent does not know all of his duties in a county until he gets into the county, travels over it, and becomes acquainted with conditions there. Of course there are certain principles which every County Agent adheres to, but the application of these principles and other features of the work which he may take up will depend on local conditions.

The County Agent should be to the agricultural interests of a county what the superintendent of education is to the educational interests, and what the pastor is to those under his care. The position of a County Agent, therefore, is a large and important one. His opportunities are limited only by his ability

THE DIRECTORS OF COMMUNITY FAIR TO MEET

The directors of the community fair will meet at Coats school building July 10th, at 3:00 p. m. It is hoped that all the directors of each department will be present at this meeting and bring with them a list of articles to be put on exhibition.

At this meeting we hope to fill out the outline already arranged, and also fix the requirements and regulations for holding the fair next fall. We hope to set the exact date for the fair and make out a complete program.

As you are interested in the agricultural, educational and social uplift of our county, let's meet on this date, leave all other business behind and set ourselves diligently to the task of making this fair worth while.

We shall be glad to have anyone interested, though not a director, to meet with us and offer any suggestions.

This fair, while a community fair, is open to anyone in the county. Indeed, the entire county is cordially invited to take part with us in this occasion that means so much to the general uplift of our county.

Below is a list of premiums offered by the state department of agriculture and will be used in our community fair:

- Best ten-ear exhibit of any one variety, corn.
- Best three stalks of any one variety, cowpeas.
- Best three stalks of any one variety, soy beans.
- Best three vines of any one variety, velvet beans.
- Best sheaf of any variety named variety of rye, accompanied by one peck of seed of same variety.
- Best sheaf of any variety named variety of oats, accompanied by one peck of seed of same variety.
- Best bale of mixed hay, not less than 50 pounds.
- Best bale of clover hay, not less than 50 pounds.
- Best bale of cowpea hay, not less than 50 pounds.
- Best bale of any variety named variety of hay, not less than 50 pounds.
- Best bale of crab grass hay, not less than 50 pounds.
- Best bale of any one single grass hay, not less than 50 pounds.
- Best bale of any other clover hay, other than Crimson Clover, not less than 50 pounds.
- Best colt; best calf; best pig; best pen of chickens (cock and two hens).
- Best home cured country ham; best home cured country bacon.
- Best half bushel sweet potatoes; best half bushel Irish potatoes.

Do not forget the date, time of place—Coats school building, Saturday afternoon at 3:00 o'clock p. m. July 10th.

Faithfully yours,
OWEN ODUM, Pres.
OSCAR S. YOUNG, Sec'y.

FOR SHERIFF

To the Democratic Voters of Harnett county:

Having been solicited by so many men throughout the county to become a candidate for the nomination for the office of sheriff, I desire to make my position clear. I am not a candidate for the nomination in the usual meaning of that term; but I am a Democrat and believe that the welfare of Harnett county would be promoted by the election of a Democratic ticket, and if my party needs my service to help accomplish that end, I would esteem it an honor to be their candidate for Sheriff and enter actively into the campaign to redeem the county.

This July 3rd, 1916.
W. H. TURLINGTON,
Duke, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2.

and knowledge of better farming methods. He must study the needs of his county, be able to determine the remedies to apply, and then get the job done.

The County Agent, therefore, should be, and in most cases is, a practical as well as an educated farmer, who through personal work is able to secure results that have never been obtained before through impersonal help. That is, he represents both the farmer and the education. He is in touch with both, cooperates with them in the application of the most successful methods of agriculture.

The first work, therefore, of the County Agent is that of increased yields and the profitable production of farm crops. This is the basis of agricultural wealth, and that on which rests a higher civilization. At the same time the County Agent is interested in and helps promote the social, moral and even spiritual welfare of the people among whom he works. To do this he must have the people organized. He must bring them together and reach a number at one time in order that he reach the whole of the people in the county.—Extension Farm News.

HAD HOUSING, MAD HEALTH

Three Times as Much Sickness in Bad Homes as in Good.

"The houses that people live in have so much to do with their health says the State Board of Health, "that the housing question is coming to be a health problem which the average town will soon be called on to handle along with its milk and water supply and sewage disposal." A recent investigation of living conditions in Cincinnati to determine the cause of her unusual high death rate from tuberculosis which was twice as high as that of her sister town, Pittsburgh, showed that it was not factory conditions, overwork, etc., the cause, but that it was her bad housing, over-crowding and poor living conditions. It was found that in the tenement district of this city that there was three times as much sickness from tuberculosis and other diseases as where there were better houses and better living conditions. The home of the average wage earner was found to be far less sanitary than the average factory and workshop. Consequently, Cincinnati is now in the process of home-building that takes into consideration the health and the comfort of the people who are to live in the homes.

Not long ago Washington learned the same lesson that Cincinnati has recently learned—that sanitary homes reduce sickness and death. Accordingly, Washington is going to demonstrate to the world the relationship between good housing and good health. Congress has enacted a law to go into effect July 1, 1916, according to which all the alley dwellings in the District of Columbia must cease to be used as dwelling purposes. Meanwhile, there will be built "houses that will be not only sanitary and provide an abundance of light and air, but houses homelike and attractive architecturally." These are to be known as the Ellen Wilson memorial homes.

At a regular meeting of the Knights of Pythias held in their Castle Hall Thursday evening, July 6th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months:

Will Go On Outing Tomorrow Night.

The Wesley Bible Class of the Methodist Sunday School will give a picnic at Rhodes' pond, six miles south of Dunn, Thursday night. Automobiles will assemble on Broad street, in front of the Barnes & Holliday Co., store at 8 o'clock, where the crowd will be loaded. The party will start on their journey at 8:15 o'clock and will arrive at their destination about thirty minutes later. Arrangements have been made to carry a large number and the event is destined to be a most delightful one. At the pond refreshments will be served and the address delivered by Mr. R. W. Lierring, teacher of the Wesley Bible class of Fayetteville. In case rain interferes with the trip the class will meet under the railroad shelter on Lockwood Square, where the regular program will be carried out.

ROAD OFFICIALS IN HARNETT RESTRAINED

Judge Bond yesterday, in Wake court, upon application of Attorneys Fletcher and McLean, representing parties in Black river township, in Harnett county, granted a temporary restraining order against the road commissioners of that township in the further expenditure of money on the roads.

The hearing as to whether the restraining should be made permanent was set for July 17 before Judge Stacy, at Sanford.—News and Observer, 11th.

Dunn People at the University.

Following is a list of the people of Dunn and this immediate section who are attending the Summer School at the University:

Meddie Carlan Denning, Meta and Tera Godwin, Joe Harris, Lela Bernice Hornaday, Katy Lee, Lessie Lee, Lena Ava Parker, and Vernie Tew. There are now more than a thousand pupils attending the University Summer school from all parts of the state.

NEVER MISSES SUNDAY SCHOOL IN 25 YEARS

Chicago, July 8.—Chicago has what it claims to be the champion Sunday School attender of the universe.

George P. Wylie has just rounded out 25 years of constant attendance at Sabbath School. In the quarter of a century ago, on Sunday, August 1st, although it was necessary at one time for him to go on crutches against his physician's order. Another time he rode all night on a cattle train in Iowa to make Chicago connections.

Wylie is superintendent of the Tabernacle Baptist Sunday School. Mr. J. M. Hodges, of Linden, was a business visitor in Dunn Monday.

FUQUAY SPRINGS NEWS

Fuquay Springs, July 9.—Mrs. W. S. Ragdale, on Friday afternoon, delightfully entertained the Fuquay Embroidery Club at the home of her mother, Mrs. Hattie Jones, on Academy street. Refreshments were served and the afternoon passed quickly. Each moment was filled with something of interest to the members and visitors.

The members present were Messdaws A. G. Elliott, A. J. Fletcher, R. A. Sutton, Dexter Blanchard, E. E. Ragdale, E. C. Fish and Miss Millie Jones, while the hostess had as visitors from Fuquay Messdaws J. E. Bessems, J. W. Prince George Melton, T. B. Lawrence and E. J. Lawrence and T. J. Ragdale, Misses Gladys Fisher and Eloise McKay, of Norfolk, Va., Miss Annie Burt of Holly Springs.

Dancing at the local pavilion continues with unabated fervor. Old and young are learning the new dances and every evening witnesses a social gathering which is doing much to cement friendships and smooth out hard feelings among neighbors. It is much like a mighty reunion of a large family, and visitors are drawn into conversation and dancing and made to feel at home. Such nightly gatherings are doing more to promote good fellowship among the citizens of the town than any other one agency, and while there were objections at first of the season on the part of father, mother, or church member they were unable to find anything harmful in it as practiced at the Spring and immediately became reconciled, indorsed and then indulged. Only a few can now be found to oppose it. On the night of the fourth there were visitors on the floor from Norfolk, Va., Goldsboro, Winston-Salem, Elon, Dunn, Lillington and all near-by towns.

Knights of Pythias Elects Officers.

At a regular meeting of the Knights of Pythias held in their Castle Hall Thursday evening, July 6th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months:

V. E. Brown, Grand, G. C. Martin, C. Butler, V. V. C. Jesse M. Wilson, Prelate. Durham Taylor, K. of R. & S. Lewis W. Strickland, M. W. Jada Morgan, M. of A. John A. Watson, I. G. James A. Poole, O. G. Hon. J. C. Clifford, Lodge Deputy. The office held by Mr. Clifford is a new one which was recently created.

CONGRESSMAN GODWIN WINS

On account of having to contend with so many favorite sons in the first primary, Congressman Godwin, of the Sixth District, had to enter a second primary which was held Saturday. Mr. Godwin proved to be an easy winner against Mr. Joe Brown, of Columbus, beating him by a majority of 1257. Mr. Godwin carried his home county of Harnett by a majority of 990, only 144 votes being cast for Mr. Brown. Mr. Godwin carried Cumberland, Robeson, Bladen, Brunswick and New Hanover, while Mr. Brown carried only one county—Columbus—which gave him 1734 votes to 927 for Godwin. Mr. Godwin was first elected to Congress in 1906 and is now serving his fifth term.—Smithfield Herald.

Watch Your Signature!

Every man knows that about the easiest thing in the world is to obtain signatures to a petition—for anything. Some time ago we called attention to a petition, signed by 250 qualified voters of a Western state in which the Governor was besought to "shorten the road to Tipperary." Now there comes, from Birmingham, a story that takes the tang out of the Tipperary petition.

It seems that a petition was drawn asking the City Council of Birmingham to relieve the ministers of the city of payment of a sanitary tax. The opening clauses were carefully framed and the whole thing was liberally sprinkled with legal phraseology. Wherefore, thirty citizens affixed their names to the document. When the petition was read, it was found to contain a solemn plea to council to hang all the ministers. There isn't any moral particularly, except this—watch your signature!—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Bell, of Wilmington, are spending a few days in the city with relatives.

DUNN MILITARY COMPANY IN 2ND REGIMENT IS THIRD

Seventy Per Cent of Company, M. Qualified to Enter Service. Examination Was Rigid.

The Dunn Military Company was third in the second regiment in the percentage of men to pass successfully the physical examination to which all militiamen are subjected before entering the ranks of the United States army. Only the two companies from Goldsboro led with 78 and 75 per cent respectively. Seize brought up the rear with a score of 58.

The second regiment fell short of the mark set by the first with the scores standing .65 and .72 respectively, exclusive of the band and medical corps.

According to the figures as obtained from the first sergeants of the companies, the first infantry qualified 845 of a possible 1,186, while the second passed 665 of 1,013. These figures include the officers with the enlisted men.

The roster of the Dunn company follows; which was taken from Monday's Greensboro News:

Qualified: Captain J. L. Hines, 1st Lieutenant W. D. Holland, Second Lieutenant C. W. Burt, First Sergeant E. P. West, Quartermaster Sergeant Alex Autry; Sergeants W. K. Clifton, M. J. Fate, W. C. Hunnicutt, W. G. Hart; Corporals Neal M. Hare, J. R. Blackmon, Manly Jones, W. C. Bennett, Edgar Chapin; Artificer R. H. Edge, Cook George Dorman, Musician G. C. Upchurch; Privates Isaac Avery, Zelotes Barfoot, Haywood Butler, L. D. Barbour, L. Beasley, A. L. Cameron, C. C. Clark, James Douglas, Luther Dunn, W. H. Edwards, Elmon E. Ennis, Frank Ennis, Burt Fann, Lank Fann, Theo. Faucette, Alex Hall, G. L. Horne, B. E. Honeycutt, J. V. Johnson, Alton Jernigan, J. O. Jackson, E. H. Kivett, Corrie Lashley, Y. T. Lockman, Albert Lee, O. R. Link, J. J. McElroy, Fred Manning, Chas. T. Moore, W. P. Matthews, M. E. Matthews, W. P. Matthews, L. L. Matthews, Jas. McLean, W. McLean, Bryan Sasser, Ernest Sasser, Jasper Pleasant, Darnie Pope, Archie Register, Adley Stanell, Mirk Sewell, Claude Strickland, Ed. Smith, W. M. Sauls, C. W. Stephens, Arthur Temple, Elliott Wise, Walter Wilkins, M. B. Williams, O. W. Whittington, C. J. Phillips, W. J. Bennett.

Disqualified: Corporal Frank Thumcs, Cook Gibb Jackson, Musician Ira Blackhall; Privates Roy Andrews, M. Baggott, Coy T. Barfoot, Jerome Denning, W. H. Denning, L. Ennis, Eddie Frank, J. E. Fields, C. R. Jernigan, Frank Kennedy, J. D. Lucas, Ira A. Matthews, Kyle Matthews, W. L. Messer, Lonnie Marler, Z. A. Mills, Isaac W. Pipkin, Lester Ryals, Eddie Roberson, Irvin Smith, Doc Strickland, Oscar Temple, E. T. Williams, L. F. West, W. O. Warren, James Weaver, Henry Wilkins.

Company Percentages, Qualified Rejected Per Company A 66 37 .60 Company B 54 35 .61 Company C 62 38 .62 Company D 61 22 .73 Company E 74 26 .75 Company F 60 37 .62 Company G 40 20 .67 Company H 49 26 .66 Company I 64 24 .66 Company K 46 23 .60 Company L 50 27 .65 Company M 70 30 .70

MARK TWAIN'S LOYALTY

My kind of loyalty is loyalty to one's country, not to its institutions or its office holders. The country is the real thing, the substantial thing, the eternal thing; it is the thing to watch over, and care for, and be loyal to. Institutions are extraneous; they are mere clothing, and clothing can wear out, become ragged, cease to be comfortable, cease to protect the body from winter, disease and death.

To be loyal to rags, to shout for rags, to worship rags, to die for rags—that is a loyalty of unreason; it is pure animal; it belongs to monarchy; let monarchy keep it. The citizen who thinks he sees that the commonwealth's political clothes are worn out and yet holds his peace and does not agitate for a new suit, is disloyal. He is a traitor.—King Arthur's Court.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Better wages make better health. Better health makes better citizens.

Better citizens make a better nation.

The U. S. Public Health Service found 78 per cent of the rural homes in a certain county unprovided with sanitary conveniences of any kind. Cholera is spread in the same manner as typhoid fever.

Scarlet fever kills over 10,000 Americans each year.