

# THE DUNN DISPATCH

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NUMBER 22

## MANPOWER BILL PASSED BY SENATE YESTERDAY

Voted Unanimously For Measure to Raise 15,000,000 Men for Military Duty.

Washington, Aug. 27.—The manpower bill bringing within the army draft all men from 18 to 46 years old, was passed late today by the senate with a modified work or fight clause.

All efforts to change the age limits or to direct separate classification of youths under 21 failed, and the measure now goes to conference between the house and senate with no difference for serious controversy except the work or fight provision.

The senate was recorded unanimously for the bill. Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, who cast the only negative vote on the roll-call, withdrew it and was excused from voting. There were 75 affirmative voters.

The final vote in the senate was recorded amid uncheered applause from the galleries filled with spectators, who attended today's session to witness final congressional action on the measure that will add approximately 15,000,000 men to the potential military strength of the nation and provide, in the opinion of war department chiefs, the army that will enable the allies to defeat Germany next year.

In the conference the differences in the draft of the bill as passed by the house Saturday and enacted by the senate today are expected to be compromised speedily and the bill in its final form transmitted to President Wilson for his signature late this week. Preparations being made by Provost Marshal General Crowder to carry out the provisions of the measure are expected to insure registration of all men within the ages of 18 and 21 and 31 and 46 within a week or ten days after the president affixes his signature.

The senate adopted virtually all the principal provisions of the bill desired by the administration, including that giving the President authority to establish orders of call for service of the men affected. President Wilson is expected to follow the

## THIRTY-SIX MORE BOYS LEFT MONDAY FOR CAMP

Were Sent to Camp Jackson, Columbia, by the Local Board of Harnett County.

Thirty-six more of Harnett County's young men left Dunn Monday afternoon for Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., where they will be trained for military service. They came from the 1918 registrants and most of them were young men. It was a jolly bunch and most of them seemed anxious to go. Those who went:

- Floyd Morris
- Millard F. Matthews
- Christopher C. Clark
- Arch C. Thomas
- June Wood
- Daniel A. Shaw
- Nathan Lee Hawley
- John Gales
- Leslie James Turlington
- Madison C. Stewart
- Paul Tart
- Carlos Elmond Young
- James Holder
- Lundy Bernard Young
- Daniel Graydon Stephenson
- Charlie Dennis
- Raymond Gilbert
- Burdley Brown Hodges
- Percy Hugh Hangum
- Jasper Gaines
- Walter James Stone
- Turner Campbell
- John Everett Bishop
- Jim McNeill Thomas
- Leonard Webster Moore
- Charlie Thomas
- Ben Sags
- Eugene Boyd Prince
- Samuel Hal Ausley
- Arthur R. Pisanans
- Julius Feels Johnson
- Carrie Barefoot
- William Thomas Stone
- Andrew Howard Champion
- Joseph Lexie Rosser
- Matt Royals

## WAR BREAD FOR ALLIED NATIONS AFTER SEPT. 1.

Wheatless Days and Wheatless Meals To Be Discontinued After That Date.

Wheatless days and wheatless meals will be discontinued after Sept. 1. The regulations under which wheat flour restrictions in the United States are relaxed and the Allies given bread containing more wheat since the early days of the war. The regulations are effective September 1 and wheatless days and wheatless meals will be discontinued on that date.

Under an international bread policy formulated by the inter-allied food council in London, all bread after September for France, England, Italy, the United States and the other Allies will be made of mixed flour containing 80 per cent wheat flour and 20 per cent sub-cereals. All present baking regulations in conflict with the new plan are rescinded, including the half and half controlling flour sales to householders, and that permitting bakers to use only 70 per cent of their normal supply of wheat flour.

All so-called "victory flours" may be sold without substitutes, the regulations provide, but at no greater price from the miller, wholesaler or retailer than in the case of standard wheat flour.

Whole wheat or Graham flour may be used without substitutes but it must contain at least 9 per cent of the wheat berry.

Sword of Honor For Foch.

Paris, Aug. 25.—The Municipal Council of Paris has unanimously agreed to present to Marshal Foch a sword of honor in recognition of his services as commander-in-chief of the Entente Allied forces.

## New War Money Just Out.

Washington, August 25.—Two new Greenbacks—the first of the nation's war-time currency—are in circulation. They are the \$1 and \$2 Federal Reserve bank notes planned especially to replace the silver certificates withdrawn from circulation as the Treasury's silver reserve is melted into bullion for export to the Allies.

The one dollar note bears a portrait of George Washington in the upper left-hand corner of the face side, and otherwise resembles generally a Federal Reserve note. On the reverse side is shown in a central oval an eagle in full flight, typical of the new mobilized war.

The two dollar note is similar, except that it bears a portrait of Thomas Jefferson on the front and a picture of a battleship on the other side.

Walter Jones has just installed a Sherer Pure Food Counter for bulk groceries. This counter presents a very handsome appearance and is one more guarantee that the bulk goods Mr. Jones sells will be clean and sanitary. Mr. Jones has done well in "Sherer-ing" his store.

## AUTO PLEASURE RIDING ON SUNDAY MUST STOP

Only Voluntary Compliance With Request Will Prevent Mandatory Order.

Washington, Aug. 27.—The fuel administration today called upon the public in states east of the Mississippi river to cease the using of all classes of automobiles with a few named exceptions, motorcycles and motorboats on Sundays until further notice, as a gasoline conservation measure. Only voluntary compliance with the letter and spirit of the request will prevent the issuance of a mandatory order prohibiting the use of gasoline on Sundays, it was declared at the fuel administration. Automobiles for hire are included in the curtailment program.

Motor vehicles to which the restrictions do not apply were announced as: Tractors and motor trucks employed in actual transportation of freight.

Vehicles of physicians, used in performance of professional duties. Ambulances, fire apparatus, police patrol wagons, undertakers' wagons, and conveyances used for funerals.

Railway equipment using gasoline. Repair outfits employed by telephone and public service companies.

Motor vehicles on errands of necessity in rural communities where transportation by steam or electricity is not available.

The action was taken by the fuel administration, it was stated, to meet a threatened shortage of gasoline for shipment overseas. "The United States fuel administration considers it necessary that a limited conservation of gasoline be undertaken in the states east of the Mississippi river, in view of the increasing demand for gasoline for war purposes and the paramount obligation of meeting promptly and fully all overseas requirements," said a statement issued jointly by Administrator Garfield and Mark S. Bequa, director of the oil division of the fuel administration.

"An appeal is made, therefore, to the people of the United States east of the Mississippi river to observe the

as a necessary and practical act of patriotism.

"War necessities are being and will continue to be promptly and fully met, but this is the period of the year when consumption of gasoline is at its highest, and the increased domestic demands, together with the extensive military operations in France have rendered necessary, for a limited period, the adoption of safeguards against possible shortage.

"In view of the difficulty, if not impossibility, of differentiating between the various uses to which automobiles are applied, the fuel administration believes the greatest measure of economy can be effected with the least interference with the business of the country through the discontinuance of the use of all classes of motor vehicles, motor boats and motorcycles on Sundays.

## NO STATE FAIR TO BE HELD THIS YEAR

Government Formally Accepts Agricultural Society's Offer of Grounds. There will be no State Fair this year. The Government has accepted the offer of the North Carolina Agricultural Society to lease the fair grounds for use in connection with the tank training camp. The lease also carries an option to purchase.

Official notification that the government had accepted the offer of the Agricultural Society was received last night by Secretary Joseph E. Pogue.

Secretary Pogue now has before him a big task in appraising the patrons and exhibitors of the fact that the government has taken over the fair grounds. Much preliminary work has been done, many contracts have been signed and much space contracted for. All parties concerned will receive a carefully worded explanation of the reasons why the fair couldn't be held this year.

"I regret exceedingly," said Secretary Pogue last night, "that the two interests conflicted but the North Carolina Agricultural Society realized from the beginning that the government had first call. The fair grounds have been taken over for necessary purposes looking to a speeding up of war preparations and we regarded it a privilege and a pleasure to yield to the government when we realized that it meant facilitating the work of winning the war."

The State Fair organization will remain in tact. It is believed that the government will make only temporary use of the buildings and grounds and will build permanent barracks for the men elsewhere. In that event the grounds and buildings would be released for use by the fair next year.

It would be a sorry world if God had left us out of His plans as we leave Him out of ours.—Ex.

## DUNN IS BECOMING MANUFACTURING CENTER

The Utility Company is the Latest Addition to the Town's Attractions.

In the normal growth that has taken place during the past year or two, which has brought forth expressions of admiration for our modern city from visitors and passing tourists, we have a just right to be proud. The additions to our industrial growth have been coming thick and fast that it is almost a battle for one to keep track of them and our citizens are sometimes taken in the early morning by a familiar blast, calling attention to the beginning of a new factory or the beginning of a new plant.

The new plant "under the sun" for Dunn is the General Utility Company's big new cotton gin plant. Dunn is one of the largest cotton markets in the state and has been for a long time in need of more and better ginning facilities. Production and marketing advantages here have long ago made the efficient ginning facilities of the community. Therefore, it is not surprising that this new enterprise will heartily welcome this new plant. It is the best and most up-to-date system of ginning available today, which is a big feather in Dunn's cap. It will be a source of pride and great convenience to the community. In this issue of the Dispatch is an advertisement of the capacity of the plant and in explaining its modern features will be rendered in those of us who are boys, feeding into the plant by hand and by machine. It is a plant that will be a source of pride to the community as well as a source of great convenience to them.

The gentlemen who have erected this modern plant are among our best known and most enterprising citizens. They are not only business men of the city, but they are large farmers as well and are well qualified to know the needs of those who will become their patrons. Marvin Wade, president of the company, is a native citizen of Dunn. He is one of our most successful merchants, is closely identified with our banking interests and is a progressive farmer. G. M. Tighman, vice-president of the company, has been for a number of years one of our most progressive and public spirited citizens. He is one of the largest lumbermen in the State, being at the head of the Tighman Lumber Company of this place. He is also vice-president of the Bank of Cape Fear and of the First National Bank and has considerable farming interests. Mr. Tighman is captain of the Home Guard Company, of Harnett county and is a member of the Board of National Defense. E. O. Townsend, secretary and treasurer of the company, and its active manager, came to Dunn five years ago, since which time he has been closely allied with the progressive movements of the city. He has had varied experience in banking, insurance, real estate and farming and is one of the town's most successful men. He is well known through this section and will be glad to serve his friends.

The company owns nearly two city blocks, most conveniently situated between the main line of the A. C. L. and the D. & S. railroads, and is only two blocks from Broad street and the main shopping center of the town. One side of its property for nearly its entire length, is bordered by a paved street.

This company also operates a large lumber plant in connection with its ginning plant and in addition to its own saw mills, which operate to supply it with lumber, it buys thousands of feet of boards from the farmers' wagons. It seems to operate primarily for the interest and friendship of the farmers.

The storing facilities of this new enterprise are also excellent. It has a large brick warehouse in which to store cotton for those who do not want to sell as ginned. It is anticipated by the company that in the not far distant future, this brick warehouse will be converted into a large knitting mill. This is more evidence of Dunn's rapid growth and development.

Dunn and surrounding community welcome the General Utility Company into its midst and wishes its owners great prosperity.

Made in Germany.—The enmity of the rest of the world.

## MEXICAN AND U. S. TROOPS IN FIGHT

Hour and Half Battle at Nogales, Ariz.; Mexicans Suffer Heavily.

Nogales Ariz., Aug. 27.—One American officer fell fighting in the streets of Nogales late today, one civilian was killed, another officer seriously wounded and between ten and twenty American soldiers killed during the skirmish which took place along International avenue between American troops and Mexicans in Nogales, Sonorita.

Approximately fifteen Americans were wounded including Lieutenant-Col. Frederick H. Herman, who was shot through the right leg while commanding the American troops but continued in command on crutches. The dead included Captain J. D. Hungerford, who was killed in action. The civilian was Gaston Reddock, who was killed during the first hour of the fighting. Lieut. Luke W. Loftus was seriously wounded.

The trouble was supposed to have started as a result of an attempt on the part of a Mexican immigration official to pass a fellow countryman across the border illegally. American sentries drew guns and Mexicans fired. Other Mexicans apparently fully armed, came from all directions and aided the Mexicans on the line until they were driven back.

An infantry detachment in command of Lieutenant Colonel Herman was rushed to the border and was followed by negro cavalry troops who took up positions along the street which forms the boundary line. The firing continued until 5:20 o'clock p. m., when it died down slightly. Reports that machine guns were brought into action by the American troops were denied although a machine gun was set up in an office facing Mexico.

No one seemed to know exactly what happened after the first shot was fired. An American sentry was seen to enter an office on International avenue with his arm dangling at his side with a bullet wound through his shoulder. Soon after the firing became general.

Reports that Juan G. Cabral, leader of a rebel band which has been operating south of the border, had been captured were denied. Cabral was reported to be at the border with a band of about 100 men and that the shooting in Nogales was preliminary to an attack on the town by his band could not be confirmed.

The fighting began about four o'clock and was general for about an hour and a half. In pursuing the Mexicans the American troops did not stop at the boundary line, but continued for at least two blocks into the Mexican town.

Casualties on the Mexican side, according to a late report, were over one hundred killed and wounded. The Mayor of Nogales Sonora, reported to have been killed, was Felix Penalosa. Mexican Consul Gonzalo Zertuche, stationed here, stated tonight he did not believe the losses on the Mexican side of the line would be as heavy as estimated by American officers.

## TEUTONS CONTINUE TO FALL BACK

With the British Army in France, Aug. 26, 10 p. m.—(By The Associated Press.)—The German retreat is continuing along many parts of the battle front tonight. The British are overwhelming the enemy's rear guards in heavy fighting.

Reports indicate that at least one counter-attack has been broken up by the British artillery, concentrating its fire on massed enemy troops. South of the Scarpe the Canadians, driving along the Arras-Albert Cambrai road, have gained more ground and added more than a thousand Germans to the British total of prisoners during today's fighting.

Many letters taken from prisoners and dead German indicate that hopeless despair is beginning to prevail on the German side of the line. A letter written home by a German who was stationed in a town which has been captured, said: "The war has been lost for some time, only those high up are failing to admit it."

Another letter said: "This cannot last much longer." "Our losses greatly exceed all the drafts. Germany is sure to lose very soon."

It is a fact that many letters taken from prisoners, whether written by them to be posted home or received by them from civilians in the interior of Germany, are in the same vein. One German in Berlin chided his brother at the front about making rapid progress to the rear. He then predicted that the war was surely coming to an end and that with the Allies then making an economic war, Germany would be ruined.

Many of the letters were written before the British began their drive.

## COLORED REGISTRANTS OFF TO CAMP GREEN

Entrained Here Saturday For Charlotte Where They Will be Trained For Military Service.

Following is a list of the negroes who were sent to Camp Green, Charlotte, Saturday by the Local Board of Harnett County. They were entrained at Dunn Saturday afternoon. The list follows:

- Samuel Mannack
- Thomas J. Black
- Sandy McLean
- Jeff Williams
- James Ed-war-4 McNeill
- George Green
- John Eastman
- Henry W. McNeill
- George Reaves
- Sylvester Williams
- Hector Covington
- Elijah McCullom
- Sandy McNeill
- Leslie McNeill
- David Pearson
- Thornton Matthews
- Dockery Shaw
- James Hicks
- John Lewis McLean

## MISSISSIPPI AND JOHNSON HONORED

Benson, Aug. 26.—On last Friday evening from nine until eleven thirty Miss Callie Turlington delightfully entertained in honor of four house guests, Misses Hilda Parrish and Lucile Johnson of Smithfield. The porch and lawn were most attractively decorated with lanterns and tables for rock. The guests were met at the door by the hostess where they were first shown into the parlor where music was rendered by Miss Parrish and Miss Lee.

Book and many other games were then enjoyed on the porch and lawn. At a late hour delightful refreshments were served, after which the guests departed declaring Miss Turlington a most charming hostess.

Those present were Misses Hilda Parrish, Lucile Johnson and Emma Welles, of Smithfield; Nettie Anderson, of Raleigh; Clara Woodall, Hilda Morgan, Ruth Morgan, Mary Lee, Mary Johnson, Mary Turlington, Sarah Turlington; Messrs. George Woodall, Paul Stevens, Roy Tindale, Annie Allen, Laurie Cavanaugh William Woodall.

## COTTON BEGINNING TO OPEN IN BENSON SECTION

Benson Township Agricultural Society Holds Annual Picnic.

Benson, N. C., Aug. 26.—Cotton in this section is beginning to open and will begin to come on the market within a week. The crop is variously estimated to be cut off from 15 to 50 per cent. The red spider has given considerable trouble and this with the extended drought is responsible for the poor outlook. The corn crop is the best in years, and the fodder pulling season is almost over.

The Benson Township Agricultural Society held its annual picnic at Banner Schoolhouse, near here, Friday, Mr. E. G. Rubinov, of Raleigh, delivered an address on the opportunity of the farmers of today, after which a sumptuous picnic dinner was enjoyed. Miss Jones, the county canning demonstrator was present and in the afternoon gave demonstrations in canning fruits, vegetables, etc. Promoters of the Society believe that these picnics will eventually culminate in a township fair for Benson township.

Benson's new cotton gin is almost completed and will be ready for service by September 1. This new industry for Benson fills a long needed want and is thoroughly appreciated by the farmers of this section.

## THE COUNTY FAIR

Do not let anything overshadow your efforts to lay aside something to exhibit at the County Fair. The fair this year should be the greatest show ever pulled off in Sampson County, and will if our people will begin now to select their plants for exhibit. An exhibit cannot be a credit to the County unless it brings out the best scientific painstaking effort on the part of the exhibitor. Begin now and select your plants of cotton, corn, etc., and when they are ready store them until time for the big show.

The premiums list is in the hands of the printers and will be ready for distribution about September 20. It is much larger and offers a much greater variety of premiums than ever before.

Get your hogs, cattle, sheep, etc., in good show condition, and bring them to the fair Nov. 5, 6, 7, and 8.

H. L. BOYD, Business Manager.

Clinton, Aug. 26.

When a stingy man suddenly gets charitable it's a sign of either a wedding or a funeral. The clock never strikes for shorter hours in spite of the fact that the days are getting shorter.

## FRENCH TIGER IS FOR KEEPING IT UP

Until Present Success is Turned Into Complete Collapse of Enemy.

Paris, Aug. 25.—"The fine victories of the past weeks have definitely decided the fortunes of war," says M. Clemenceau the French Premier, in a message today thanking the departmental councils which voted congratulations to the government on the trend of the war.

Paris, Aug. 25.—Premier Clemenceau today telegraphed the Presidents of the General Councils that they could rely upon the government and Marshal Foch and his magnificent staff and the allied military commanders to turn the present success of the allied arms into a complete and decisive collapse of the enemy.

"The splendid victories of recent weeks," said M. Clemenceau, "in which the spirit of our allies has so magnificently rivaled ours has definitely settled the fortunes of war. The enemy, bewildered, deserted himself as to his own strength and now is finding out that he underestimated us."

"The results achieved are the first fruits of our harvest of rewards, the highest of which will be having delivered the world from ruthless oppression and brutality.

"We hail the dawn, the first gleams of which brightened the victorious brows of the founders of the American republic the fathers of our revolution. The last obstacles to the establishment of rights among men is about to disappear. The triumph is near.

"Universal co-operation toward the world's rejuvenation will attain the ideal goal for which so many generations have been striving."

## SOW MORE WHEAT

Are you going to sow more wheat this fall than you did last? If not you may not be doing your patriotic duty. The world needs wheat; it is one of the most essential of all the food crops. It is considered to be of such importance that the outcome of the war has been said to depend upon whether or not we will help our soldiers to win the war, certainly American farmers will not fail to raise more wheat.

The mark set by the United States department of agriculture for the wheat crop next year is an increase of from 7 to 15 per cent in the area sown this fall. An increase of but one acre to each farm over what was sown in 1914 would give the area asked for. There are many farmers who can put out several acres more this fall than they have been accustomed to doing. There should be no difficulty in "going over the top" on the wheat crop for 1919.

Too wheat importing countries have exhausted their supplies of wheat. America, the country that is depended upon for the production of this important crop, had almost emptied her storehouses before this year's harvest. As a consequence, there is immediate demand on the present crop for bread purposes, leaving no surplus upon which to depend in case of emergency. For that reason, it is deemed highly advisable to grow as big a crop next year as possible in order to accumulate a surplus as insurance against a crop failure and to provide for the needs of foreign countries if the war continues.—Indiana Farmer.

## BUY WAR SAVING STAMPS

Let's buy war saving stamps and keep on buying them until we have put Sampson over the top. It is not only an honor to go over the top in France, and come back alive but a privilege that many of our people will never enjoy. We should enjoy the privilege which is offered us back home to go over the top in Liberty. So it and War Saving Stamps. This is the greatest opportunity that our American people have ever had offered them to serve their country. What's the use for a man to have a country unless he can serve it, at least one way in his life? I'd rather be a man without a country than fall my country in the great crisis as we now face. In fact I would not claim a country and would exile myself if there was no way for me to serve humanity when everything is wavering in the balance of destiny.

The man who fails to do his duty by buying the Government his profits on his goods will be classified accordingly in the New Draft which is now pending in Congress. If you want to be by lending your means then your next step is to go to the trenches and fight that those who will find me may remain at home to keep the fires burning. I understand that this will be a part of the new Regulations and it should make it easy to raise funds for the prosecution of this war. The Draft Boards will find out who have bought Bonds and stamps this fall to the limit of their ability.

H. L. BOYD, County Chairman.