

## BOARD MUST HAVE BOND MONEY FOR NEW BUILDINGS

Judge Clifford, Chairman, Explains Need of Dunn Schools

NOT MORE THAN \$100,000 TO BE ISSUED THIS YEAR

And Only Enough Of The Remaining \$100,000 Be To Provide For Real Needs Of Community will be used Next Year—Institutions Seriously Handicapped.

John C. Clifford, chairman of the school board of trustees has issued the following statement concerning the proposed school bond issue:

"I find that there is some misunderstanding as to the amount and the purpose of the proposed bond issue to be submitted to the voters of Dunn Graded School District at a special election called to be held the 12th day of July, 1921.

"The question submitted at that election is upon the issuing of not more than \$200,000 serial bonds for the purpose of erecting and equipping school buildings for said district. It is the purpose of the Board of Trustees to leave unissued of this just as much as is possible and it is hoped that it will not be necessary to issue all of the amount to be authorized by this election.

**Needs of District**  
"It must be apparent to all that our present school buildings have become entirely inadequate for the needs of the district and that the school cannot expand or do efficient work in the future without more and better equipment in the way of buildings. The present building was erected in 1908, has had four rooms added since that date, and has been practically every one of the original rooms subdivided in order to make it possible to house the growing grades, and there are certain departments which ought by all means to be introduced into our school system which we are compelled to leave out entirely for the lack of room and equipment.

"I might add the need of a domestic science department and a department of general science with laboratory equipment. It will be impossible if our school population has made its normal growth this year for us to teach all of the departments taught heretofore during the approaching session in our present buildings. Until a new building is erected we will be compelled if our school population shall show its normal increase to teach some of the grades in the afternoon which is unfair to the children of both the morning and afternoon sections.

**Colored Building Inadequate**  
"I think no one who should drive along East Broad street will say that the colored school building is adequate to house a school population of five hundred children.

"The Board of Trustees contemplates if the election is carried favorably to begin immediately the erection of a good school building for the white children to be located on the East side of the railroad. This building is to have twelve or fourteen class rooms and to be so planned that it will admit indefinite expansion to meet the future growth of school population without marring the architectural symmetry of the building; to begin the erection immediately of an adequate building for the colored school upon a site near the northeastern part of the town which has already been acquired.

"It is not the purpose of the board to appropriate more than fifty per cent of the cost of the erection of the colored school building, since this will be a county training school, and will be open to high school students from anywhere in the county and the district served locally will embrace more territory than the white district. The board, therefore, deems it just that no more than fifty per cent of the cost of this building should be obtained from funds derived from the graded school district alone, the residue to come from the county at large, the addition of territory forming the patronage of this school, and from a number of philanthropic boards which have been organized for the purpose of aiding this class of colored schools.

**Not More Than \$100,000**  
"It is expected, therefore, that not more than \$100,000 in bonds will be issued and sold this year, the proceeds of said sale to be used as follows: Not more than \$75,000 for the erection and equipment of the white school building, and not more than \$25,000 for the erection of a colored school building, costing approximately \$50,000.

"During the next one or two years following it is the plan of the board to issue so much of the residue of said \$200,000 allowed as may be necessary to rebuild, enlarge and equip the present school building and convert the same into a modern high school building which will be adequate for the needs of the school and will not compel the good people of the town to hang their heads in shame when they carry a stranger to their high school building.

"I hope it will not be considered improper for me to say that your board of trustees is just as anxious as any citizen of the town to save to the tax payers every dollar that can be saved while at the same time giving to the children adequate school opportunities and facilities which compare favorably with other growing towns of the State. We have called upon you only once before to in-

## Butler Denies He Has Announced Candidacy

Has Never Told Anyone He Has Intended To Run Next Authorized A Prediction

Washington, June 21.—Former Senator Butler made the following statement tonight to the Greensboro Daily News correspondent in connection with published reports in the state that he would be a candidate for the senate:

"There is no basis whatever for such a story at this time. It is a hoax. I have never told anybody I intended to run for the senate four years hence, nor authorized any such prediction. I would not say four years in advance whether I intended to be a candidate, or didn't intend to be one. It is too far away to make any statement either way. Just say there is no authority or foundation whatever for such a story and should I decide to run or not to run it would be announced in a proper and not a speculative way."

Politicians who know the game will hardly blame Mr. Butler for refusing either to put himself in a race or out of it so far in advance. A great deal may happen in two or three years. Should Senator Butler say now that he would be a candidate in the future his candidacy might pall before voters' came. Should he eliminate himself now he might find himself in the predicament of the late Theodore Roosevelt regarding a third term and the cup of coffee alibi.

The plain fact seems to be that Mr. Butler may be thinking of running, or not running, but it's pure "dope" to predict either way at this early date.

## Soldiers' Lawful Heirs Entitled To Insurance

If Beneficiary Named in Policy Dies, Other Installments Revert To Family

War Risk Insurance, that is, term or contract insurance, issued by the government as a war-time measure under the provisions of the War Risk Act, is payable to the beneficiary designated by the insured, but should this beneficiary die the installments of insurance becoming payable after his death shall be distributed in like manner as the estate of the insured, descending to the soldier's heirs and not to the heirs of the beneficiary. It is not clear whether a will may have been executed by that beneficiary to the contrary.

This is the substance of the decision handed down by Federal Judge Whitmer in the case of Casarell vs. United States recently tried in the District Court of the United States, Boston, Penn.

Lawrence Single, while in service in the United States Army applied for \$10,000 insurance designating as beneficiary "stepmother Patsy Gillette." The insured died October 29, 1918.

A question as to the identity of the beneficiary arose, he having been known as Patsy Gillet, Patrick Gillette, Patrick Chilton and other variations of the original Italian name.

Before it had been established that the designated beneficiary was a full brother of the insured soldier, the beneficiary died. He left a will naming Savino Casarell as executor of his estate, empowered to collect the War Risk insurance installments. The board of trustees, as well as those which should become due and to transmit these future installments to the beneficiary's wife and daughter.

To effect this the executor brought action against the United States. As to the installments which had accrued prior to the beneficiary's death and remaining unpaid at that time, there was no dispute. They passed as they were already due the beneficiary's estate.

The court, however, decided, and thereby upheld an opinion of the General Counsel of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, that a beneficiary under the War Risk Act is entitled to insurance installments only so long as he lives and that thereafter the insurance installments must be distributed to those persons surviving the soldier who would be entitled to the soldier's estate under the laws of intestacy of the soldier's state of residence.

**TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE**  
The following transfers of real estate have been recorded in the office of Register of Deeds Faucaux during the week ending June 25, 1921:

Reuben Matthews to O. D. Matthews, lot in Coats, \$200.  
O. D. Matthews and wife to J. F. McLeod, lot in Coats, \$300.  
D. A. McLeod to Z. D. Overby, lot in Angier, \$10 and other considerations.  
W. H. Fagan and wife to Z. D. Overby, lot in Angier, \$10 and other considerations.  
J. D. Black and others to W. W. Allen and C. M. Allen, 146 acres in Anderson Creek, \$100 and other considerations.

## PEACE DOVE HAS AWFUL JOB WITH NATION'S SOLONS

Flutters Between Senate and House, Dreading Surgeons Knife

DEADLOCK MAY RESULT FROM TWO RESOLUTIONS

Special Washington Letter Tells Of Republican Petteffogging Around Big Issues—Pat Harrison Wants Harvey To Be Given Same Dose As That Given Sims.

(Special Correspondence)

Washington, June 27.—The Dove of Peace with a broken wing is fluttering painfully between the Republican Senate and the Republican House, both of which seem determined to display their surgical activities in a way to further mutilate the innocent victim.

As predicted in this correspondence the Knox Resolution repealing the declaration of war was killed in the House. A resolution by Chairman Porter of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, declaring the state of war with Germany at an end and claiming protection of our rights under a special gag law barring a amendment.

A spirited fight made against the gag rule by Democratic members of Congress from New York, Michigan, and Democratic opposition to the resolution itself led by Congressman Flood, Garrett (Tenn.), Barkley (Ky.), and Davis (Tenn.), not only exposed the fallacy of this unorthodox method of attempting to make peace and to enter into contractual relations with Germany, but also showed that it imperiled the property rights of the Government growing out of the war and was a blow to American honor, prestige and statesmanship, as Mr. Flood pointed out.

Congressman Flood declared that it was an invasion of the treaty-making power vested by the constitution in the President by and with the advice of the Senate. This constitutional executive prerogative is one of which Mr. Harding is becoming more and more jealous.

Mr. Garrett in a masterly speech declared: "The passage of this resolution throws away every moral and physical advantage which we now possess. It places us alone among nations with all our vital interests exposed to the constant menace of a selfish and jealous world."

Who speaks for the Knox resolution passed by the Senate and the Porter Resolution passed by the House? It results in a deadlock or whether on Republicans will get together on an equally important resolution in an attempt to make good Mr. Harding's election promise for a declaration of peace remain to be seen.

In the meantime it has been declared by the President and the Porter Resolution passed by the House, it results in a deadlock or whether on Republicans will get together on an equally important resolution in an attempt to make good Mr. Harding's election promise for a declaration of peace remain to be seen.

Who speaks for this administration? Is it President Harding? Is it Hughes? Is it Hoover? Is it Lusk? Is it Knox? Is it Porter? Is it Harvey? The American people are disposed to be patient and long-suffering but they would like to hear some responsible voice on this great subject. It has been six months since the election and more than three since the 4th of March. If it is proposed to ratify the Versailles treaty, why has it not been submitted to the Senate? If it is proposed to negotiate a new and separate treaty with Germany, who has it not begun? The American people want peace. We all want friendly relations with Germany. But the American people want an honorable and upright peace, a peace which our fighting men won in blood and sea, a peace that will restore our beloved Nation to its proper place in the vanguard of nations, a peace which will leave no stain of cowardice or betrayal upon our fair escutcheon.

Senator Pat Harrison, the dynamic and eloquent young orator and statesman from Mississippi, sees no justice in the recall of Admiral Sims or in the alleged claim of a part of the American people unless Ambassador Harvey, whom he accuses of slandering all the people as well as the government, is also recalled. He has introduced a resolution requesting Harding to report whether he (Harding) was consulted or knew of the speech before it was made; whether he or the Secretary of State has protected or vindicated Harvey; whether there is as much reason and justification for the recall and recall of the Ambassador as there is for the Admiral; whether the order recalling Admiral Sims was issued at the direction or with the approval of the President; and why a similar order was not issued against Ambassador Harvey; whether the President or Secretary of State has received any communication from the Ambassador in reply to any protest, and, if so, to transmit the same to the Senate. The resolution on objection from Senator Curtis (Kan.), the Republican Whip, went over under the rules.

Mr. Edison can ask questions that college men can't answer. So, for that matter, can little Willie.—Providence Journal.

## Turned Over Body Of Negro To Wrong Man

Floyd Herndon, Convict Guard In Wilson County, Commits Suicide With Pistol Gun

Wilson, June 21.—On April 5 of this year Ed Sykes, Jr., a negro was buried beneath a pile of acid that took place at the Contentnea guano factory in the outskirts of this city. The body was turned over to Ed Sykes, Sr., of Goldsboro. Two weeks later Ed Sykes, Sr., of Elliott, Sampson county, came to Wilson and found that his son, Ed Jr., had been employed in the guano factory and today both claims for the body are here. Each has a photo of deceased workman at the factory and is positive that a mistake was made in turning over the remains to the supposed Wayne county man. The Sampson Ed will have the body exhumed and taken to his home for reinterment and he will be paid the insurance his son carried.

Early this morning in his room at the county store, Floyd Herndon, a convict guard, placed the muzzle of a riot gun to his temple and committed suicide. The cause is assigned for the rash act.

## The Pharmacists End Their Annual Meeting

They Go To Winston-Salem Next Year. Women's Auxiliary Re-elected Officers

Charlotte, June 24.—Deciding to hold the next annual meeting in Winston-Salem, the meeting was adjourned, and the discussion of minor matters constituted the main business to which the delegates gave their attention this morning. Few if any of the delegates at laymen who came to the convention have left. It has been a fine meeting, the men enjoying the exchange of opinions, and general social and the convention.

The Traveling Men's auxiliary has been a potent factor of the convention in the pleasure thereof. This auxiliary is an organization of the traveling men who call on the druggists of this state. They hold their convention meeting at the same time of the pharmacists' association meeting, being a mainstay of the social stunts. They are also dispensers of good things—lots of perfumes, cigars, fancy soap, etc. Zeb Moore, of Concord, was yesterday elected president of the Traveling Men's Auxiliary of the North Carolina Association of Druggists. James V. Coppage, of Raleigh, vice-president, and Lambert Kuhn, of Baltimore, and Mr. Harding is becoming more and more jealous.

The Women's Auxiliary this morning re-elected its former officers: Mrs. W. H. H. of Oxford, president; Mrs. E. W. of Chapel Hill, vice-president; Mrs. J. B. of Charlotte, secretary. The auxiliary voted to raise the dues from \$1 to \$1.50 a year, North Carolina has the only woman's auxiliary.

There is one woman who belongs to the General Pharmaceutical Association of the state—Miss Mabel Barnhill, of Bethel, Miss Barnhill owns and operates her own drug store.

Winston-Salem came here with a large delegation determined to get the next annual convention and she got it. The committee on time and place of the next convention consisted of Allison James, Winston-Salem, chairman; B. K. Grant, of Dunn and E. K. Blair, of Charlotte. The North Carolina association expects to invite the North Carolina body to South Carolina for a joint meeting, said President Hodges, but this may not be done for a year or so.

The association voted to continue on the basis of a recommendation offered by G. K. Grant, chairman, a continuation of the policy adopted a year ago by the North Carolina convention, of assessing drug stores on the basis of gross sales and using the revenue, thus secured for continuing the all-time attorney, giving more publicity to pharmacy, organizing the druggists more closely, and furnishing free legal advice and information to members at all times of the year.

The joint conventions received scores of telegrams from associations in other states and from members of the North Carolina body who were not able to be present.

The association met separately this morning for the election of officers. J. W. Rose, of Rocky Mount, was elected president of the North Carolina association; vice-presidents, J. A. Goode, of Asheville; P. A. Lee, of Dunn, and J. H. Stowe, of Charlotte; secretary, J. G. Boars, of Chapel Hill; local secretary for next year, Ellison James, of Winston-Salem; Norman Lynch, of Eubank; and Miss Mabel Barnhill of Bethel, the latter the only woman member of the association owing and operating her store, were named in the North Carolina committee. E. V. Stoeller was elected to the state board. He has had 30 years experience. The convention adjourned this afternoon.

## FORMER DUKE TEACHER DIES IN RUTHERFORDTON

Rutherfordton, June 23.—Ex-Postmaster B. Frank Dalton died here this morning of a complication of diseases. The funeral will be held at the Baptist church Friday afternoon. He was a graduate of Trinity college in the class of 1914, and studied at George Peabody college and Rutherford college; taught at Duke three years was commander of Fred Williams legion post No. 25 here, and postmaster at Rutherfordton two and one-half years ago and his funeral arrangements last week.

If we get any rights on Yap, let it be understood that there is to be no \$25,000,000 come-back.—Toledo News-Bea.

## STAGE IS ALL SET FOR DUNN'S GREAT 4TH CELEBRATION

Ed Warren Gets Race Course In Fine Condition For Meet

DECORATIONS TO WORK ON STREETS THURSDAY

Committees Complete Details Of What Is Expected To Be The Biggest Event In Dunn's History. Community Works Hard To Give Its Finest Best Time Of Lives.

Dunn is all set for the big celebration to be held at the Fairgrounds next Monday in commemoration of the nation's birth. Every detail of the stupendous undertaking has been worked out by the respective committees and the grounds have been prepared for every event.

For three days last week Captain John Cole had his road force on the grounds preparing the race track for the several races that are to be staged. Ed B. Warren, race track superintendent, builder of the course, has superintended all of this work and is now certain that the track is in better condition than at any time since it was constructed.

Nine owners have entered horses so, the paces and trots. They are, for the pace, A. W. Hodges, Julius McLeod, W. H. Jernigan and M. G. Lee. For the trot, Jerry Scott, Walter H. Jernigan, G. T. Hodges, H. C. Ivey, and W. H. Butler.

The races will be free for all for \$100 split into four moneys. John W. Draughon and G. L. Canady form the committee in charge of the races and will do the judging and timing.

Beginning Thursday the committee in charge of street decorations will begin stringing national colors all along the main thoroughfares. All decorative material has arrived. By Friday morning the committee hopes to have the town in gala array.

Realizing that money is not as free this year as it has been for some years, Dunn is striving to make this celebration the best in history. The town wants its friends who come here for this occasion to have the biggest and best time of their lives. The admission fee has been placed at the minimum. Children will be charged only 50 cents; children a quarter. Either one of the ball games would be worth that charge. All the other attractions are thrown in extra.

Committees in charge of the various departments are:

Flour: L. R. Williams, Harper Holiday, M. E. M. Jeffreys.  
Stage Decorations—B. M. Brewer, J. M. Wilson, H. W. Prince.  
Decorating Automobiles—Mrs. J. L. Wade, Mrs. J. B. Butler, Mrs. L. C. Stephens, Mrs. McD. Holliday, Mrs. J. L. Hatcher.  
Baseball—H. B. Taylor, L. L. Levison, K. J. Bethune.  
Athletic Events—H. J. Weinges, C. S. Hicks, W. A. Erwin, Jr., W. H. Royal.

Horse Races—J. W. Draughon, G. T. Hodges, T. T. Britton, J. C. Thompson, G. L. Canady.  
Parade—A. G. L. Cannady, I. R. Williams, W. E. Clifton.  
Judges  
Singing Contest—A. F. Norris, G. W. Gardner, Geo. E. Prince.  
Banjo, Fiddle and Dancing Contest—W. P. Shell, A. F. Pope, A. J. Smith.  
Flour and Decorated Automobiles—M. McK. Salmon, G. I. Smith, J. A. Hlockaday.  
Decorated Bicycles and Vehicles—C. W. Spell, C. M. Allen, M. B. Wilson.

Live Stock—Hardy Draughon, Stuart Turlington, Jas. Bissell.  
The following persons are planning to enter horses in the races July 4th in the Fair Ground:  
Pace—A. W. Hodges, Julius McLeod, W. H. Jernigan, M. G. Lee.  
Trot—Jerry Scott, W. H. Jernigan, G. T. Hodges, H. C. Ivey, G. W. Butler.

## No Demonstration In New York For Admiral

Sims Returns To Washington And Will Meet Secretary Of Navy Denby

Washington, June 22.—Rear Admiral Sims arrived in Washington today from London to report to Secretary Denby for questioning regarding his recent speech in which he was quoted as attacking sympathizers in this country of the Irish republic. He was accompanied by Mrs. Sims and was met by a few friends. There was no demonstration and only a crowd was at the station. Admiral Sims probably will see Secretary Denby tomorrow.

New York, June 22.—Rear Admiral Sims returned home today to explain to Secretary Denby remarks attributed to him in his recent London speech on Irish Americans.

## Case Of Chamberlain Is To Be Investigated

Senator Sheppard, Whose Resolution Was Adopted, Calls Dismissal "Another Dreyfus Case"

Washington, June 21.—An investigation is to be made by the senate naval affairs of the dismissal from the marine corps of Capt. Edmund G. Chamberlain, the San Antonio, Tex., aviator, whose story of participation in a thrilling air battle on the western front was one of the sensations of the world war.

Authority for the investigation was granted today by the senate, which adopted a resolution to that end offered by Senator Sheppard, Democrat, Texas. The latter, in urging the inquiry, described Captain Chamberlain's commercial and dismissal as "another Dreyfus case."

The case of Captain Chamberlain for many months was one of special interest to the military service, starting with the published story of his exploits and ending with his dismissal from the service with the approval of President Wilson. The marine corps officer claimed that July 28, 1918, while on a mission, he saved a British sector, borrowed a British airplane and in a flight over the front lines took part in a battle with 12 German machines. He asserted he destroyed five of the German planes, damaged two others and, sweeping eastward in his damaged machine, shot down a detachment of German soldiers, took a German prisoner, and pretending that a comrade was a bomb and then carried a wounded French soldier to safety.

For three days last week Captain John Cole had his road force on the grounds preparing the race track for the several races that are to be staged. Ed B. Warren, race track superintendent, builder of the course, has superintended all of this work and is now certain that the track is in better condition than at any time since it was constructed.

## Growers Go Broke Companies Prosper

Facts, Says Dr. Joyner, Should Convince Need For Co-operative Marketing

How growers of bright leaf tobacco are making fortunes for others while, unorganized, they themselves struggle with poverty, is brought out by Dr. J. Y. Joyner, President of the N. C. Tobacco Growers Association, in commenting on published reports showing the earnings of manufacturers and the high levels at which stocks of the large companies are being sold.

Summarizing statements from "tobacco" and the "Wall Street Journal," Dr. Joyner says these facts show:

1. That the tobacco manufacturing companies have been the "most stable earners in the last ten years, are still making millions out of tobacco, declaring enormous annual dividends, 75-170 per cent their stocks.
2. That "low priced tobacco has averaged inventories down at the same time companies have gone through eighteen months of good business without any reduction of prices for finished product."
3. That "cigarette manufacturers have been accumulating cash rapidly and with decline in leaf, period of large working capital requirements has passed."

That leaf is principal item in production costs; representing approximately 70 per cent (seventy per cent) of total, and decrease in cost of leaf has resulted in corresponding increase in profits.

In striking and tragic contrast with the amazing prosperity and profits of these largest buyers and manufacturers of bright tobacco as revealed in this authentic report is the condition of the growers of this bright tobacco who produced it when costs of production were at the peak of high prices, sold it in three or four months on glutted markets under financial distress and at constantly declining prices, scarcely averaging half the cost of production, leaving them disheartened and many of them bankrupt.

This bright tobacco, sold by the grower at half the cost of production and one-third the price of the previous year, constitutes seventy per cent of the total production cost of the manufactured tobacco that the manufacturers sold without any reduction of prices of the finished product. Out of every dollar paid to consumer for the manufactured product the grower received the paltry pittance of eight or ten cents.

"If these facts" concludes Dr. Joyner, "do not convince the growers of bright tobacco in the Carolinas and Virginia of the necessity and wisdom of organizing for protecting their products more intelligently, for protecting their prices and securing a more equitable share of the value of what they produce with the sweat of their brows and the toll of their hands, neither would they be convinced through one road from the dead."

Though Mrs. Jernigan has not talked for publication, she has defied the story of the events leading up to the death of Seawell has spread abroad, and is accepted as authentic so far as her acceptance as truth by the woman herself is concerned. Nothing has ever been said for Seawell. He may have been innocent or he may have been a guilty as the wretched woman believed of him. But she absolutely believed him guilty, and upon that assumption apparently acted with deliberation and unflinching purpose.

The daughter, a fourteen-year-old girl is a mother. She had been sent earlier to a lying-in hospital in Richmond. Apparently she had never revealed the name of the father or her expected child before leaving home. When the dire day was imminent she wrote a letter to her mother telling her that Seawell was her seducer and accordingly—Seawell's going into details of his treachery and baseness. The letter was received by the mother on the afternoon of June 7. She brooded over it all night. The next day, June 8, when her husband and children had gone to the fields to work, she took her husband's shotgun, went to the field where Seawell was ploughing and, according to the testimony of Seawell's daughter at the coroner's inquest, talked with him for an hour perhaps. The witness saw the woman with a gun. It was at a distance but not too far for recognition of either person or weapon. This daughter, but another woman, in another direction, saw the person with Seawell lift the gun and shoot, but was too remote to recognize the perpetrator of the homicide.

An inquest was held and on the evidence Mrs. Jernigan was arrested by Sampson county officers and placed in the jail at Clinton. She has employed two of the strongest legal firms in Clinton, Messrs. Fowler and Crumpler and Messrs. Butler and Herrington. These attorneys may be expected to attempt to save the client by any and every art of the lawyer of which some of them are consummate masters.

If a list of profiteers were published it would look like a directory.—Brooklyn Eagle.

## MRS. JERNIGAN IS ADMITTED TO BAIL IN SUM OF \$10,000

Woman Accused Of Killing Farmer Leaves Clinton Jail

UNWRITTEN LAW WILL PROBABLY BE PLEADED

O. J. Peterson Writes Interesting Story Of Tragedy Which Occurred at Cooper in Sampson County A Few Weeks Ago—Child Of Honored Family Wrangled.

Clinton, June 11.—Mrs. Cora Jernigan, charged with the murder of Quinberry Seawell on June 8 was admitted to bail in the sum of \$10,000 today by Judge C. C. Lyon, in habeas corpus proceedings. He held that the evidence of the case did not justify holding her for first degree murder. The defense did not put on any evidence of new facts other than those that have already been brought out.

By O. J. PETERSON

Clinton, June 25.—In a quiet refuge in the city of Richmond may be seen a little fourteen-year-old girl nursing a tiny babe, her own; sweltering in the Sampson county jail is a woman, serious, stricken, but gentle and utterly self-possessed, the girl's mother; dead from a gunshot wound at close quarters and buried near the gently gliding waters of the Black or South River is Quinberry Seawell, an elderly farmer and widower; twenty odd miles from Clinton, equally remote from Fayetteville, the rustic commandant of the town's bridge has been seething with excitement since the tragedy on June 8, which sent Seawell to his grave and Mrs. Cora Jernigan to jail.

There is to be a show down, Judge C. C. Lyon has signed a writ of habeas corpus, returnable Monday June 27. The woman's attorneys, Fowler and Crumpler, Butler and Herrington, are seeking bail for their client. It is expected that Mrs. Jernigan will herself go upon the stand and tell the story that her attorneys hope will not only induce the court to admit her to bail but will ultimately make her a free but broken hearted woman.

From Honorable Family

The name Jernigan is an honorable one in eastern North Carolina. It is unlikely there has ever been a white person of the name in the Sampson county jail till Mrs. Cora Jernigan, was thrust into the wretched cell on the night of June 8, on the charge of willfully murdering Quinberry Seawell a well-to-do and respectable farmer of about sixty years who lived just in the Sampson side of South river, or on the banks of the upper stretches of this long river, the Black river. All who have seen and talked with the woman have been impressed with her seemingly good sense, quiet and lady like demeanor, and self possession. She has neither gabbled nor bewailed her fate. She has not acknowledged the shooting of Seawell, nor has she been heard to deny it. She has emphatically maintained a non-commercial attitude as to the alleged crime, directed but apparently unnecessarily, by her counsel not to talk. However, she talks freely and easily upon other matters to visitors and takes her lot with unusual equanimity.

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