THE DUNN DISPATCH

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RADIO TELEPHONE IS DEMONSTRATED HERE LAST NIGHT

Buzzing Noise Suggestive Of Early Edison Phonograph in Initial Trial

OPERATOR PROMISES BETTER SERVICE TONIGHT

Because of Trouble At Broadcasting Station in Raleigh Local Instrument Unable To Pick Up Truett Sermon—Expect Perfect Connection Tonight.

Although suggestive of the early days of the Edison phonograph with its attendant "buzziness" the radio telephone, installed in Metropolitan Theatre yesterday attracted the genuine interest of more than 300 persons who visited the theatre last night to hear a sermon delivered by Dr Truett in the Raleigh Auditorium, and little dissatisfaction was occasioned when the operator announced his inability to get in connection with the Raleigh broadcasting station and announced that he would pick up a musical concert being staged in Pittsburgh, Pa.

It developed that the instrument was not attuned to the Pittsburgh rays, but the music was audible, nevertheless. However, the notes were extremely scratchy and auditors were compelled to strain their ears to catch them.

No time has been given the operator to adjust his instrument before the time came for receiving the sermon which the Raleigh station was to have started sending through the air. He could not begin these adjustments until then and when, after forty-five minutes of effort, he was unable to pick up any of the sermon, he concluded that Raleigh was not sending.

In the mean time messages kept out [illegible] New York regarding the prices [illegible] heard claiming [illegible] the operator to believe [illegible] he could hear the [illegible] ed until the concert was due to start.

Part of the overture of the concert was heard distinctly, but the grating noise interferred to such an extent that a large part of the audience left for home when it was announced that all who held tickets would be permitted to see tonight's demonstration without charge.

Tonight it is expected that the instrument will be adjusted properly and in tune with the Raleigh station. If so, the station will receive the Truett sermon, which will begin promptly at 7:30 o'clock. Those who held tickets last night will be admitted free. Others will be charged 25 cents. Doors will open at 7 o'clock and everybody who desires to hear the sermon is requested to come and be seated before 7:20.

The wireless telephone is the most remarkable of all recent inventions. Through its agency the human voice —or any other sound—is carried through space for hundreds of miles and heard as clearly as if the person speaking were in the same room with the hearer.

DUKE DOCTOR HAS GONE TO CHICAGO

Dr. Holt Leaves To Attend Annual Meeting of Federation of Medical Examiners

Duke, March 6.—Dr. W. P. Holt left Saturday night for Chicago to attend the annual meeting of the Federation of National Boards of Medical Examiners. This congress is held under the auspices of the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals and the Council on Health and Public Instruction of the American Medical Association of Medical Colleges, the Federation of State Medical Boards of the United States and the American Conference on Hospital Service.

Dr. Holt attended this congress a year ago. He then went to the Mayo clinics at Rochester, Minn. He will probably attend this clinic again. It is expected that he will be gone about ten days or more. He was accompanied on this trip by Dr. W. S. Rankin of Raleigh and Dr. K. P. B. Bonner of Morehead City.

Miss Lillie Prentrim has resigned her position as nurse at the Good Hope Hospital. She left Wednesday for her home at Maribel. Miss Prentrim has been connected with the hospital for nine months. After remaining at home for a short while she will enter Rex Hospital in Raleigh to take special training.

EUSTIS LIMEQUAT PROVES GOOD SUBSTITUTE FOR LIME

With the uncertainty in the production of limes in Florida, due to the sensitiveness of the plants to cold, a new citrus variety, known as the limequat, is coming into prominence, and is being listed by several nurseries. The limequat was produced by The United States Department of Agriculture in the course of various experiments in hybrid citrus fruits. It was obtained by crossing the West India lime with the kumquat orange. The hybrids possess the hardy characteristics of the kumquat, and while not as resistant to citrus canker as the still hardier kumquat, it is satisfactory in resistance, and can be recommended, especially for home gardens.

The fruit is very much like the lime in quality and flavor, and can be used in "ade" drinks in the same way as lime. This quality is especially desirable in Florida, as California lemons are not obtainable, owing to quarantine restrictions against the disease "brown rot." Sicily lemons are expensive and difficult to get, so that a good acid citrus is a scarcity for ade making. Moreover, the rind of the limequat, like that of the kumquat, is edible, so that the whole fruit may be utilized. The color is light yellow, resembling that of the grapefruit.

Budding experiments on different stocks are in progress, and the present indications are that the limequat will strive on any of the stocks commonly used—except the sour orange. Like the lime, if planted low and mounded with soil, the limequat bud will strike its own roots, thus simplifying the stock question.

ODD FELLOWS PUT ON DEGREE WORK

Ninety Candidates Initiated At Celebration Held In Fayetteville

Fayetteville, March 6. — Eleben Odd Fellows with the rank of past grand [illegible] to the North Carolina [illegible] initiatory, first, second and third degrees at a degree demonstration held here today and tonight for the seventh district of this State. Two hundred and eighty-six delegates and candidates attended the demonstration and were guests of the local Odd Fellows at a banquet held in the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry armory tonight.

The Grand Lodge was presided over by Grandmaster L. W. Moore, of Wilmington, who was assisted in the impressive work of that body by Deputy Grand Master, W. R. Coppedge, of Rockingham, Grand Secretary J. D. Berry, of Raleigh, and Assistant Grand Secretary, S. M. Crouch, of Asheville. Past Grand Masters of the State Lodge who were present were: Dr. L. B. McBrayer, of Sanitorium, and W. D. Gaster, of this city.

Those on whom the Grand Lodge degree were conferred at the afternoon session were H. A. Jones, of Clinton; W. S. Deans, J. A. Love and Hoyle Dabis, of Red Springs; C. B. Case, J. B. Wilson, W. T. Devane, Jr., L. J. Early, C. E. Bass, W. H. Russell and E. W. Pickett, of Fayetteville.

The initiatory degree work was performed by the degree team of Cross Creek Lodge, No. 4, Fayetteville, while the first and second degrees were put on by the team of Enterprise Lodge, No. 44, Wilson, and the third degree exemplified by a team from Clinton Lodge, No. 124.

The demonstration held today is one of a series being held in this State. Assistant Grand Secretary Crouch has devoted practically all his time for the four months to training teams for these demonstrations, and his work was amply repaid by the success of todays event. The Grand Lodge officers are planning a degree demonstration at Hickory March 20-21.

In declaring that he wanted to see a Rebekah Lodge organized in Fayetteville, Grand Secretary Berry at the banquet tonight took occasion to call attention to the fact that a North Carolina woman, Mrs. Hattie Reed Whitaker, of Hendersonville, now heads the Rebekah assemblies of the world.

NEW JERSEY VOTES FOR THE 18TH AMENDMENT

Trenton, N. J., March 6.—The New Jersey Senate tonight ratified the 18th amendment to the Federal constitution by a vote of 12 to 4. Three Republicans joined with Senator Simpson, Democrat, in voting against ratification. The Republicans were Senators Smith, White and Whitney.

TOTAL TAXES IN COUNTY $290,235 AUDITOR SHOWS

Bridge Expense in 1920 Was Close to $24,000, He Says

NEARLY TWO-THIRDS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS

General School Tax is $127,270 And Special Is $56,555—Sheriff Charged With $49,694 for General County and $54,852 for Special Road Tax.

By D. P. McDonald, County Auditor.

The county tax for 1921 is as follows:

For general county purposes—

On $23,757,566 property at 13c, $30,862.94.

For Bridges—

On same property at 5c, $11,878.05.

For Bond Fund—

On same property at 2c, $4,751.22.

For Pauper Fund—

On 4365 polls at 50c, $2,182.50.

Making a total for county—$49,694.71.

This fund is disbursed by the County Commissioners and is the only fund they have control of. Allowing that four-fifths of this will be collected, they will have about $40,000 net to meet all expenses of the county—bridges alone costing the county $23,977.56 in 1920. The county is required to keep up all bridges, and the road districts are putting the county to an enormous expense in building and repairing bridges. Whether this expense is necessary or not, I do not say, but I know if each district had to build and repair its own bridges, the cost would not be so great.

The last but not least item of taxes is for schools, and is as follows:

On $21,638,042 property at 50c, $108,182.91.

[illegible]

On dogs, $1,942.00.

Total for general county schools, $127,270.08.

Those who will compute the above funds on the amount of property at the given rates will find their calculations will make a small amount more than the tax given The Sheriff is charged with the amount given here, which is obtained by adding the tax charged to each individual taxpayer, and on nearly every one there is a fraction of a cent that is disregarded, and the difference in the addition and calculation shows the amount of the fractions lost.

Charging 20 per cent against this fund for insolvents, etc., leaves over $100,000 net.

This school fund is entirely at the disposal of the Board of Education and the county superintendent, and is now kept separate from the county fund. In addition to the above amount the school fund receives all fines and forfeitures while the county funds pay all court costs. The state also supplement this amount.

The sheriff is charged with the 1921 tax, as follows:

Incomes for state	$ 1,862.80
General school tax	127,270.08
General county tax	49,694.71
Special school tax	56,555.16
Special road tax	54,852.65
Making a total of	$290,235.35

MARRIAGES

The following marriage licenses have been issued by the Register of Deeds:

Leon J. Harper and Ruth Partin.
Geo. B. Thornton and Lena Sills.
A. L. Johnson and Cora F. Adams.
B. N. McDonald and Sarah M. Hamilton.
B B. Woods and Annie Taylor.
J. L. McKay and Grace Byrd.
Ronnie Simmons and Texie Matthews.
A. W. Fuquay and Henri Alice Wheeler.
W. R. M. Matthews and Emily C. West.
J. H. Stewart and Mennie Matthews.
Albert Overman and Edith Menius.
Chester Martin and Annie Clark.
W. H. Johnson and Leola Carr.

Colored

Sherod Campbell and Malvo. McNeill.
Brasby Evans and Stella Bennett.
J. H. Bailey and Carrow L. Campbell.
Sidney T. Massey and Metter Elliott.

Craven Ezzell and Paul Mooney spent Saturday and Sunday in Raleigh.

[illegible] Iowa entertainment in the auditorium Saturday night.

Trade In Raleigh Signs Printed In Hagerstown

Tri-Color of Trade Week, March 2, 3, 4, Have Unfortunate Credit Line

The tri-colored poster announcing "Trade in Raleigh Week," which appeared in Raleigh shop windows this week were printed for the Merchants Association in Hagerstown, Md. They bear the imprint of the Herald-Mail Press of Hagerstown.

Coming on the heels of elaborate propaganda for the trade in Raleigh week, March 2, 3 and 4, the tell tale evidence of preaching in Raleigh and practicing in Hagerstown caught the eye. Window shoppers snickered. Somebody had blundered. And while Raleigh print shops may not even smile, the joke is on the Merchants Association.

But this little slip of policy, it is urged, should not blind buyers to the values which the merchants of Raleigh have spread for those who take advantage of their trade weeks offerings. At least these are not in Hagerstown.

The next step in "Trade in Raleigh Week" campaign, it is assumed, will be the careful removal of all those Made-in-Maryland "Trade-in-Raleigh posters—News and Observer.

WHO ARE EXEMPT FROM INCOME TAX

This Story Tells Who Must And Who May Not Pay Federal Gov.

Compensation for personal services in the form of salaries, wages, commissions, fees, tips, bonuses and pensions form the principal item in the returns of millions of taxpayers. As a general rule, such income is subject to tax. However, there are exceptions with which the taxpayer in the interests [illegible] as well as the government, [illegible] himself.

[illegible]

The reason for [illegible] Government does not tax such activities of a state. Fees received by a notary public commissioned by a state are not taxable, neither are fees paid jurors by a state or political subdivision thereof. Witnesses in law suits, however, even though subpoenaed by state's attorney are not considered employees of the state, and fees received by them are subject to taxation.

The Commissions of a received appointed by state, county or municipal court are not taxable. The commissions of an administrator or executor are taxable because they are not paid by a state or political subdivision, but out of the estate of the deceased.

Salaries of Federal officers and employees, including those of the territories and the District of Columbia are subject to tax. Salaries and fees paid by the United States to its ambassadors, ministers or consuls accredited to foreign countries or by a foreign Government to United States citizens are taxable, and the amount spent by them for entertaining is not deductible. Fees paid a juror by the Federal Government are taxable income, likewise the fees received by a referee, trustee or receiver, under the National Bankruptcy Act. The fees received by a notary public commissioned by the District of Columbia are taxable.

Inquiries received indicate the impression in the minds of many persons that all school teachers are exempt from payment of the income tax. Teachers are not exempt because engaged in educational work. As a rule the salaries paid public school teachers are exempt, but only for the reason that they are employees of a state or political subdivision thereof.

The special exemption of $2,500 allowed under the revenue act of 1918 persons in active service in military and naval forces is repealed by the revenue act of 1921. Soldiers and sailors are allowed only the exemptions grant other individuals, $1,000 if single, or married and not living with husband or wife, $2,500 if married and living with wife or husband and the net income for 1921 was $5,000 or less, and $2,000 if married and living with wife or husband and the net income was more than $5,000.

The last day to have Income Tax Returns for calendar year in the hands of the United States Collector of Internal Revenue is Wednesday, March 15th, 1922. Why wait until the last minute and be subject to penalty or indictment? And individual, corporation or partnership who fails to make such return shall be liable to penalty of not more than $1,000.

GENTRY AND NASH GET CONTRACT FOR SCHOOL BUILDING

Bell and Miller, Local Concerns, Awarded Plumbing And Heating Contract

TOTAL COST MORE THAN BOARD WANTED TO PAY

Figures More Than $7,000 Above $60,000 Limit Set By Members—Beautiful Structure To Be Completed Within Seven Months—Work To Begin At Once.

Work upon Dunn's new grammar school building to be constructed on the Mamengill Grove site at the southern end of Magnolia Avenue will be started within the next month. Gentry and Nash, of Fayetteville, have been awarded the contract for all construction except the installation of plumbing and Bell and Miller have been awarded the contract for the plumbing, which includes the steam heating plant.

Total cost of the structure will be $67,737. Gentry and Nash will get $59,621 of this and Bell and Miller will get $8,116. All hope of getting a bid within the $60,000 figure set by the school board was abandoned when the contractors, Architect Williams and the board met to confer on alterations of the original plans and found that it was not possible to materially cut the Gentry and Nash bid without making material sacrifices in convenience, size and beauty of the building. The final plans are little changed from the original, upon which some contractors bid as high as $120,000.

The building is to be completed within seven months under the contracts. It is hoped that it can be turned over to the board before the beginning of the next school term in September It is to be a two-story structure, with fourteen class rooms and an auditorium which, with its [illegible] so that as large a space as possible can be allowed for the play grounds on the Clinton Avenue side.

Building and playgrounds will cover the entire block between Magnolia and Clinton Avenue and Canary St. and an out of town extension of Godwin Street.

The building will be equipped with a modern steam-heating plant and the best sanitary plumbing that can be secured.

The contractors already are arranging for the shipment of material and are arranging for the use of railroad sidings close to the site. Gentry and Nash will have their trucks here within a few days to begin hauling the material.

Transfers of Real Estate

The following real estate transfers have been recorded by Register of Deeds Fancette:

B W. Lee to Jernigan and Cooper, lot in Dunn, $3,500.

Jesse B. Lee to B. W. Lee, lot in Dunn, $3,500.

L. D. Clayton to O. J. Snipes, 30 acres in Hectors Creek, $10 and other consideration.

W. A. Williamson to Joseph Williamson, 5 acres in Grove, for love and affection.

W. F Utter to Minnie L. Parker, lot in Dunn, $350.

C. W. Jones to Minnie L. Parker, 20 acres in Averasboro, $400.

R. L. Denning to A. B. Godwin, lot in Dunn, $2,500.

C. E. Johnson to W. H. Pollard, 6 acres in Black River, $5.

L. A. Tart to W. P. Williford, lot in Dunn, $1,500 and other consideration.

C. N. Ware to J. D. Byrd, 50 acres in Lillington township, $1,550.

James Swann to R. B. Thomas, 6 acres in Barbecue, $35.

Charles Rose, trustee, to Frances Moore, 12 acres in Upper Little River, $425.

W. L. Peddies to Lemon Lee, 187 acres in Averasboro, $1,000.

N. McKay Salmon, commissioner, to J. J. Wimberly, 12 1-2 acres in Black River, $725.

Nathan Matthews to J. B. Matthews, 8 acres in Black River, $1,560.

L. M. Mann to Hepsie Byrd, 43 acres in Lillington township, $400.

J. G. Gilbert to Rode Gilbert, 7 1-8 acres in Hectors Creek, $512.

W. H Gregory to W. H. Pollard, 8 acres in Black River, $35.

J. G. Layton to M. C. Stephens, 27 acres in Lillington township, $150 and other consideration.

J. A. Albritton to Fannie M. Wynn 100 acres in Black River, $325.

INCREASING DEMAND FOR MUSCADINE GRAPE CUTTINGS

There has been a great demand during the past year not only for information on Muscadine grapes, but for plants with which to start the business of grape production. Nurserymen have purchased large quantities of cuttings from the cooperative vineyard maintained at Willard, N. C., by the United States Department of Agriculture and the North Carolina Experiment Station.

Muscadine grapes suffered less in that section than any other local fruits from the killing frosts last April. In spite of the fact that the first growth of the season was entirely killed, a new growth from dormant and adventitious buds resulted in an average crop, while many other fruits suffered from 30 per cent to total loss.

Several years ago the home demonstration organization started encouraging canning club girls to grow Muscadine grapes and make such products from them as jelly, grape juice, preserves, jams and catsup. In Alabama the club girls have reached the point of filling commercial orders, while in Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Florida the planting of Muscadine grapes in home arbors is being carried on by club girls who expect to sell their products. The railroads have carried Muscadine grape products on their diners for over a year, and are continuing to do so.

Companies using Muscadine grapes for preparing fruit flavors sirup and dealcoholized beverages continue to increase their planting and output, and during the year have materially increased their capitalization.

TOP PRICES FOR TAR HEEL SWINE

North Carolina Farmer Gets Best Quotation on Richmond Market

By W. W. SHAY

In the quotations of hog prices the [illegible] from 1c to 3c less," or "Oily hogs three cents less."

A little light is thrown on the question that has sometimes been raised as to whether this difference was really due to lack of quality, or as some were inclined to believe, to an unjust sectional discrimination.

On January 3rd, Halifax Farms, Inc., Scotland Neck, weighed out of their peanut fields, 43 head of pure bred Duroc-Jersey hogs of July farrow At that time they weighed 6,570 pounds, and, as the price of oily peanut fed hogs was then 5 cent, these 43 head, which averaged 153 pounds, were worth $328.50.

They were put on a feed of corn and tankage and again weighed fifty-one days later, February 23rd, when they weighed 9,718 pounds, an average of 226 pounds.

On Tuesday, February 28th, they were shipped to Richmond, Va., being accompanied by Mr. T. D. Temple manager of the farm and Mr. B. M. Lewis, of the Division of Markets.

On March 1st the following telegram was received by the Office of Swine Extension:

"Mr. W. W. Shay:

"Topped market on hogs today at eleven and three-quarters.

(Signed) "Lewis & Templeton."

Now, as yet we have not the net Richmond weight of these hogs, but assuming that gains made between February 23, the last weight we have at hand, and their arrival at Richmond will take care of shrinkage, and further, assuming that they all chilled hard, we have the following to consider:

Feb. 23, 9,718 lbs.@11.75..$1,141.-
Feb. 23, 9,718 lbs.@$11.75..$1,141.86
Jan. 3 ..6,570 lbs.@$ 5.00..$ 328.50
Gain, 3,148; advance, $6.75; increase, $813.36; an increase in value in 51 days of 248 per cent.

These demonstrations under actual farm conditions are being conducted in different parts of the State by the office of swine extension in cooperation with the county agents and wide-awake farmers.

As a matter of fact, this is the second shipment made by Mr Temple, he having sold a bunch July 29 that averaged 204 pounds at $12.25 or hundred.

A complete record of all feed used is kept.

The hogs sold July 29 ate $5.72 worth of feed for each 100 pounds gain.

In spite of the above excellent record made by a real feeder, it is still possible to starve hogs to a cost of 30c per pound gain, and perhaps the next man you ask about it will tell you that "you can't afford to feed 'em corn."

$65,000 FARMERS JOIN MARKETING ORGANIZATION

Tobacco Growers Cooperative Association Now Largest In United States

VIRGINIA-CAROLINA PRODUCERS COOPERATE

First Step Toward Establishing Warehouses And Re-Drying Plants Taken At Raleigh When Directors Appointed Committee To Arrange Details.

Announcement that more than 65,000 tobacco farmers from the Carolinas and Virginia are now members of the Tobacco Growers' Cooperative Association, establishes this organization as the largest cooperative marketing organization in the United States.

The first step towards the establishment of warehouses and redrying plants for the association was taken by the Directors when a committee was appointed to make a survey of the tobacco marketing equipment in the three States at the recent meeting of directors held in Raleigh. This committee composed of Dr. J. Y. Joyner of North Carolina, chairman, N. H. Williams of Virginia and T. B. Young of South Carolina, will determine those properties in the three states which seem essential to the furtherance of the plans of the association.

Because of the large number of applications which have reached the Directors of the Growers' Association from warehousemen, Boards of Trade and Marketing Centers expressing the wish to do business with the association,—no difficulty is anticipated in securing all properties for the marketing of the hundreds of millions of pounds now under contract in the association.

The appointment of the committee to prepare for the lease or purchase of such warehouses [illegible] for [illegible] Kentucky Burley Growers [illegible] association which controls and operates over 100 warehouses in Kentucky, West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana.

First hand study of the successful methods of finance and marketing used by the organization of 65,000 Kentucky growers who have made profitable sales of millions of pounds of their crop of 1921 is giving the directors of the Virginia-Carolina Association in preparing to market the crop of 1922.

While praising the operation of the Kentucky Burley Association, the Virginia-Carolina directors say that the foundation of success for the Kentucky growers lies in their ability to make tobacco pay by raising sufficient grain, hay and live stock to support their families and improve their lands. The directors of the organized growers of Virginia and the Carolinas are earnestly urging their members to lay the same foundation for success as the Kentucky Burley Growers by raising their food, feed and meat at home.

PRESIDENT ENDS HIS FIRST YEAR

Declares Record of the Administration To Date Speaks For Itself

Washington, March 4.—Warren G. Harding at noon today completed his first year as President of the United States and when asked for an expression regarding the accomplishments of his administration to date authorized this statement:

"The record of the administration speaks for itself; it would be a poor administration that required the executive to speak for it."

Mr. Harding spent his first anniversary in the White House working on a number of routine matters and had the usual number of appointments. He stopped work shortly afternoon to receive and shake hands with a delegation from the National Merchant Marine association, and in that connection White House attaches figure out that he had shaken hands with more than 150,000 persons in the last year.

More than 35,000 bushels of corn has been ground into meal at the George P. Pope mill during the last six months, it was stated yesterday by Mr. Pope. Most of this meal has been converted into hog feed. Some of it, possibly, has been converted into beverages.