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THE WAYNESVILLE MOUNTAINEER

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## **Specialist Discusses Care Of Spring - Flowering Bulbs**

#### By ROBERT SCHMIDT

Should daffodils and tulips be taken up each year and when should this be done? This is a perennial question after the blooming season of spring-flowering bulbs is over. Daffodils need not be taken up each year but should be taken divided, and replanted every three or four years in order to give them more room to grow and reproduce

It is best to take them up when the foliage has turned yellow and begun to die. While the follage is green, the plant is storing food forts. materials in the bulb for next year's bloom, After the foliage has turned yellow the bulbs may be dug, divided and replanted at once, or may be dried and stored in a cool dry place over summer and planted in the fall.

Tulips should be taken up and replanted at least every second year. In our climate the bulbs deteriorate quite rapidly and should be replaced by new ones if large flowers are desired. As in the case of daffodils, tulips should not be taken up until the tops turn yellow and begin to die.

Bearded iris (German iris) are blooming now and will be ready ed any time during the summer or early iall. A good division consists filled more than two-thirds full. of a new rhizome or thickened underground stem with a cluster or fan of leaves. The true roots originate from the bottom of this rhizome. In replanting the division the ome should be planted so that the top of it will be about even with the top of the soil. Deep planting is not desirable, Bearded iris do best in well-drained soils that dry out quickly.

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### **Baby Chicks Require** Lot **Of Attention**

A day-old baby chick requires about as much attention of its caretaker as a newborn baby, accord-ing to W. G. Andrews, State College extension poultry specialist. Andrews says that in order to set

its best foot forward in life, a baby chick must be properly nourished, along with having many other com-As he puts it, "We are growing

orably by placing a good starting mash before the baby chicks at all fed this kind of ration can make

a good end." Poultry nutritionists have work-

ed long and hard to find the correct proportions of each ingredient. Producers shouldn't alter this balthe form of cracked corn or other caring for the birds." cracked grain, thereby unbalancing

the ration, Andrews warns. Andrews points out also that the

According to reports on farmers intentions as of March 1, flue-cured tobacco growers in North Carolina expect to plant a 1956 crop of 582,-000 acres.

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#### Ellerbe Farmer **Opposed To Doing** Things Half Way

S. B. T. Easterling of Ellerbe, Richmond County, doesn't believe in doing things half way, He carries this philosophy right along with new enterprises. "If you plan to make money out of broll-ers, it is best to build a good house and raise a lot of birds," he says. County Agent S. N. Shelton says

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that Easterling sold his first batch of birds recently. The "batch" con-sisted of 5,880 broilers that averaged 3½ pounds in 10 weeks. Shelton says that Easterling put 6,125 birds in a house that was constructed by State College recnmendations. The house has auto-

the young orphans for either meat matic drinking fountains, ridge or egg production, and we can in- ventilators, thermostatically confluence either of these courses fav- trolled heat, and electric lights. The house also has a special aluminum roof that conserves heat in times. A good start in life by being the winter and repels the sun rays in the hot summer, making the building cool in the summer and

warm in the winter, Easterling says, "It costs a little more to build a house like I have, but it pays off by lowering the ance by feeding additional grain in mortality rate, and facilitates the

Shelton says that Eastering made some mistakes such as putting too much feed in the hoppers. But demonth after the blooming period is over. However, they may be divid-ed any time dividsays, "I'm in the poultry business to stay.

> Wage rates paid by North Carolina farmers as of April 1, 1956. increased by around six per cent over wage rates paid the previous year.

> > North Carolina 1956 wheat production is forecast at over 812 mil-lion bushels as of April, 1956.

**Good Practices Prevent Breast Blisters On Poultry** 

Although there are no sure pre- so that the birds have to stand to weeds, cornstalks and canning fertility for growing garden crops ventive measures against breast eat. Very often the poultryman wastes. Weeds with ripened seed blisters on chickens, good manage- wishes to teach the chickens to heads should not be used. Plants food applications as a source of ment practices will keep this perch at an early age and installs infencted with soil-borne diseases rouble to a minimum, according temporary perches for this purpose. such as tomato wilt should not be physical condition of the soil. to R. S. Dearstyne of the State Col- It's important that the edges of put in the compost.

lege poultry science department. such perches be bevelled so that Breast blisters aren't uncommon no sharp edges exist. And the birds among chickens, especially broilers should be given a balanced diet so vertical, the top should be slightor heavy breeds of layers. The that hard bones and normal skin ly depressed in the center to retain

abnormality is usually caused by a will develop. constant irritation of the area The poultryman should use birds



RAY DAVIS of Beaverdam is among the growing number of Haywood County farmers who has found it advantageous to install drain tile in his fields, Here Mr, Davis is shown putting tar paper on joints in a portion of the approximately 700 feet of line he put (Soil Conservation Service Photo).

### **Compost Pile Will Provide Organic Matter For Soil**

#### By ROBERT SCHMIDT

shady place. The sides should be

rainfall. On each layer of plant ma-

require a readily available supply of nitrogen and mineral nutrients The average home garden soil in order to rapidly break down the does not have sufficient organic compost materials. If stable manure

matter in it to keep it in the best is available it will make a valuable As soon as the compost materials age cost per kilowatt hour paid by are well rotted they should be dis- farmers. tributed and worked into the garmaterials available for composting den soil. The purpose of the comsuch as leaves, grass clippings,

post is not to furnish the necessary but to supplement regular plant organic matter for maintaining the Build the enompost pile in

Production of milk on North Carolina farms during March totalled 137 million pounds, the highest March output on record,



### **Better Farm Plans Mean** More Income

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Better farm plans which fully utilize land, family labor, and othr-Piedmont area of North Carolina, according to D. G. Harwood, Jr., extension farm management and marketing specialist at N. C. State College.

He says that USDA economists, working in the area lying between the Coastal Plain and the Appalachian Mountains, report that farmers in this area aren't fully using their farm management ability.

The economists, for instance, found that many farmers were hiring too much labor in proportion to their farm income. This was a result of a farming system in which too much of the work came in one season.

By changing enterprise combinations on these farms, less labor would need to be hired, and the family labor could be utilized more nearly the year around, Harwood says

Other adjustments could include better mechanization practices. Many farms have both mules and a tractor, and don't use either fully

Harwood adds that with changes in the labor picture and better utilization of machinery, some of the idle land could be brought into production.

United States commercial hatcheries produced over 2821/2 million chicks during March-12 per cent above the output of chicks in March last year.

A continued increase in the use of electricity on farms has resulted in a record high average monthly

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electric bill and a record low aver-

## Farmers Urged To Check Tags On Seeds Carefully

Tar Heel farmers and dealers roughly and should be avoided. should check the seed tags of bean Damaged seed will have a low seed carefully to make sure that germination count,

And even if injured seed do they are getting good seed with germinate, they usually produce er resources, could mean a much better living for farmers in the Banadyga, extension horticultural ing plants, Banadyga adds

specialist at State College. Banadyga says that last Febru-Smaller acreage allotments are ary, some Wade seed shipped into the state were not tagged properly. age planted to all tobacco in North the state were not tagged properly. The seed were visibly injured and Carolina 72,000 acres, or 11 per

the Seed Testing Laboratory found cent. a germination of only 62 per cent. Germination should be above 75

\* Seed with many cracked seed-coats have usually been handled the 1956-57 feeding season. **BIGGER YIELDS WITH** 

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