

Duplin Times

W. GRADY, Editor-Owner
R. G. (BOB) MAXWELL, Contributing Editor

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A DEMOCRATIC JOURNAL, PUBLISHED BY A DEMOCRAT AND DEVOTED TO THE MATERIAL, EDUCATIONAL, ECONOMIC, AND AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS OF DUPLIN AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES.

THURSDAY JANUARY 3, 1935

FROM THE SCRIPTURES

And Simon Peter answered and said, Thou art the Christ, the Son of the living God.—Matt. 16:16.

GOLDEN GLEAMS

Though the mills of God grind slowly,
Yet they grind exceedingly small;
Though with patience stands he waiting,
With exactness grinds He all.—Frederick Von Logau.

Not every good deed needs a publicity agent.

Some people inevitably go crazy as the old year ends.

Not all the rackets in the country are being handled by gangsters.

No, Pauline, we would not argue with a lady who believes in astrology.

A year from now most of things that seem so important will be uninteresting.

Every nation, we see, is for peace if she can get what she wants and keep it.

The best way to get ahead is to begin systematic savings now—not tomorrow.

Unloaded guns kill a number of individuals in the United States during the hunting season.

Business is now cooperating with the administration and we hope that business can show results.

HOWDY FOLKS

Howdy folks, mighty glad to meet you. Have been wanting to come to Warsaw for a long time. Ye editor is a native of Seven Springs and feels like he belongs to Duplin County. For the past four years he has been located in Weldon where he publishes the Roanoke News.

I don't know whether you are going to like THE DUPLIN TIMES as I can give it to you or not. If you do like it tell others about it, if you do not like it then tell me. Any suggestions you have to offer will be gladly accepted. Like any other person I do not know it all and the more I stay in this newspaper racket the more I find that I do not know anything, but anyway it's a great game just like anything else. Plenty of hard work and plenty of hard cursing, but I am getting use to both by this time.

I do not expect a big thing and am making no rash promises. I just want to get out a Duplin County Paper for Duplin County folks as I know them. You know after all we are just one big family, if you doubt that attend the Grady-Outlaw Reunion one time, and a good newspaper that goes home is just a weekly letter from one cousin to another, telling who visited who, and what you ought to do whether it is right or not. Anyway I want you all to feel like the TIMES is yours. The columns are open to any reader at any time to express his or her opinion on any subject. You are not only welcome to use these columns but are invited to do so. I only make one request, when you are writing to the TIMES if you cannot scribble with a pen or pencil any better than the editor can, please for the sake of better eyesight have your copy typewritten or written by someone who has a reasonably legible handwriting.

All copy for the TIMES must be in the office by Wednesday noon, please bear this in mind.

The subscription rate for the TIMES is only \$1.50 and you know the little buck and a half is what keeps the press turning. Notices will be sent out to all delinquent subscribers within a few days. Please send us your check or money order immediately. We will be glad to send you the paper a week or so, if you are not a subscriber, but we can not continue this for Mr. Jim Farley, the Postmaster General says that Postal Laws and Regulations must be enforced, meaning that newspapers cannot be sent through the mails at regular rates, unless they are paid for.

R. G. (BOB) MAXWELL

R. G. Maxwell of the Outlaws Bridge section has consented to become a contributing editor of the TIMES, Uncle Bob, as he is called by the editor can always give you something to think about. We may not always agree with him but we will have to admit his ability as a writer and speaker. He needs no introduction. If you have never known him personally you know of him. If you don't know him you should. The editor thinks he is the most interesting person he has ever talked with. Uncle Bob will not be in Warsaw. He will do his writing at home and anyone wishing to correspond with him may do so through the TIMES editor or direct, addressing him at Seven Springs.

ADVERTISING STIMULATES SALES

W. Babson, noted business statistician, points out that advertising for fourteen consecutive months has registered gains over the same month of the previous year and says this means that manufacturers and merchants alike are looking forward to better sales.

Babson calls attention, however, to the habit of businessmen of increasing their advertising appropriations in slumps. He urges them to increase their advertising in order to take advantage of one of the most profitable methods of ironing out the bumps in business.

Babson thinks that business men temporarily lose faith in advertising when the sales slump and they enter into a vicious circle—less advertising means a decline in advertising budgets; less advertising means a further drop in sales; and so on down the toboggan.

ADVICE TO YOUNG PEOPLE

Young people of Duplin County who may happen to honor the following resolutions should advise the reading public.

Duplin Theatre Announces New RCA Sound System

The Duplin Theatre, always bringing good pictures to the theatre goers and surrounding communities announces in the TIMES this week the recent installation of the RCA sound system. This new system is designed to give patrons a more perfect reception with the most pleasing tone.

In addition to the new RCA sound system the theatre has also replaced its seats with 208 cushion seats. Following its custom of pleasing its patrons first the manager is barring nothing to make your theatre a pleasant, entertaining and educational institution worthy of the town in which it is located.

Admission charges will continue on the same basis they have been in the past.

For your next week's entertainment the management offers:

Joe Brown, the clown of Hollywood in "Circus Clown" Monday and Tuesday. This time he not only is a clown but takes the part of a clown. Joe will fake you a mile-a-minute in his greatest of all fun specials. There will be a matinee showing Monday at 3:30.

Wednesday only will be shown "State vs. Elinor Norton," with Claire Trevor. Matinee at 3:30.

Thursday and Friday you will see Gloria Swanson and John Boles in "Music In The Air."

With every picture you are also entertained with a comedy, news and short subjects.

Soil Improvement With Lespedeza

By GUY A. CARDWELL

The fact that lespedeza will improve the soil on which it is grown so that subsequent crops of small grain, corn and cotton will be larger larger than before lespedeza was planted, is well established. The degree of this improvement as measured by increased yields will depend upon the way the lespedeza is handled and on soil and climatic conditions. When the lespedeza is cut for hay, increases of from 50 to 100 per cent in the yields of corn and cotton have frequently been recorded in North Carolina. The best practice appears to be to grow lespedeza for 2 or 3 years, utilizing it for hay or pasture, and to follow with 1 or 2 years seed crops.

When land has become so worn out as not to be worth cultivating it is often "turned out." Lespedeza comes in, but it takes several years to cover such poor ground through natural spread. A better plan is to disk and level after the last crop of corn or cotton and seed down with lespedeza. Superphosphate or basic slag, 300 to 400 pounds per acre, will help the lespedeza materially, and the lespedeza can be used for hay or pasture, or, if the farmer has no use for it, left on the ground to reseed and enrich the soil for a year or two.

The species of lespedeza—two annual and one perennial—are of interest to the farmer. The annuals are (1) the common (Lespedeza striata), with two improved varieties, Tennessee No. 76 and Kobe, (2) the Korean (L. stipulacea), with one extra-variety. The perennial is L. sericea.

The annual lespedeza are grown extensively in the South, for hay, pasture, soil improvement, and seed production.

CULTURE

The culture of lespedeza is simple. The seed is best sown on winter grain about the middle of March in the latitude of North Carolina, and somewhat earlier farther south and later farther north. If seeding is done too late for the freezing and thawing of the ground to work the seed under the surface, the field should be lightly harrowed after seeding. If 25 to 30 pounds of seed are used a hay crop may be expected that fall provided soil and moisture conditions are suitable, or good grazing may be had beginning soon after grain harvest and lasting until frost. The secret of success with lespedeza is to get a full stand early. With a full stand, all the conditions are less likely to be lost with a late start.

not proved necessary. Phosphates have caused increased yields and should be used unless the soil is good in which case they are not necessary. Lespedeza is usually the controlling factor in growth. While lespedeza, especially Korean, has shown remarkable ability to thrive on heavy soils during periods of severe drought, not much growth is made. For a growth tall enough to cut for hay, moisture is essential. On dry sandy soils lespedeza may survive, but the growth is insignificant.

KNOWLEDGING ARTIST

LESPEDeza FOR HAY

The best crops of hay are secured on moist lands. On such soils the difference in growth and yield between common lespedeza and the improved varieties is less than on upland. On bottom land from 2 to 4 tons of hay to the acre may be expected. On good upland the improved sorts will outyield common lespedeza. It is generally believed that with a good stand 4 inches of lespedeza above the cutter bar will yield one ton of hay per acre. The Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station says of Korean that when a good stand is 6 or 8 inches high a ton of hay may be expected; when 12 to 14 inches, 2 tons and when more than 24 inches, 4 tons of hay may be expected. At any rate the yields of hay are surprisingly heavy.

When cut early, that is, before bloom when tall enough to make a ton of hay per acre, and if not cut too short, say 2 to 4 inches from the ground, lespedeza may be expected to make new growth and to make a good seed crop in addition to the hay. The best hay is made when the lespedeza is not more than 15 inches high. When taller, it is more stony, with a smaller proportion of leaves.

To make the best hay lespedeza should be cut when in full bloom or shortly after. When it is left until a considerable part of the seed is ripe the resulting hay is of poorer grade. Lespedeza contains less moisture than alfalfa or red clover, consequently dries quicker cured, and the field-cured hay contains somewhat more dry matter than similarly cured alfalfa or clover hay.

When the lespedeza is from 6 to 10 inches high cutting may be done in the morning; the hay should be windrowed soon after being cut, and in good weather it may be hauled to the barn next day. When the lespedeza is more than fifteen inches high it should lie in the windrow 2 or 3 days.

Most lespedeza hay is consumed at home or in the neighborhood where it is produced. No grades for lespedeza hay have been established, and there is no general market. Good lespedeza hay falls but little short of alfalfa in protein and is even superior in carbohydrate content. Korean lespedeza hay has been used in Missouri to prepare fat cattle for stock shows and has given good results.

LESPEDeza FOR PASTURAGE

Lespedeza is more widely used for pasturage than for hay. Throughout the Southeast lespedeza of one variety or another is or should be an ingredient of every pasture mixture. Lespedeza is a hot weather plant and should not be expected to provide early grazing. In North Carolina June 1 to 15 is a fair date to expect lespedeza but dies earlier, so that it is not so good for late grazing.

When cattle are grazed mostly on grass pasture it is advisable to have a reserve field of lespedeza upon which the cattle may be turned from July until frost. This will maintain gains or keep up an even increase in the milk flow while resting the grass.

A good pasture of pure lespedeza may be expected to reproduce year after year as long as it is wanted. This is also generally true of grass-lespedeza pasture. The carrying capacity of a good stand of lespedeza may be roughly estimated at from 1 to 2 mature cows per acre.

"Full Feeling" After Meals

Have a few Tablets after meals. They are a sure relief for indigestion, flatulence, and other ailments. They are a sure relief for indigestion, flatulence, and other ailments.

from June 1 or July 1 to October 15 or 20, depending on the variety and location.

Our automobile experts show the gain in year.

UNUSUAL FACTS REVEALED



IT COSTS MONEY TO BE A COWBOY!
THE IRISH BOYS TWO STATION COYS
WAS \$75 EACH—HIS BOOTS \$60,
A PAIR—AND HIS BEST SADDLE
(GOLD AND SILVER TRIMMED) \$50!

SHEILA MANNORS IS A DESCENDANT (ON HER MOTHER'S SIDE) OF THE DON'S WHO RULED CALIFORNIA WHEN IT WAS A PROVINCE OF SPAIN.



REDSKINS INADE HOLLYWOOD!

THE SHRILL NOISES WHICH FREQUENTLY APPEAR IN SOUND RECORDINGS—NO ONE KNOWS WHY—ARE CALLED 'CANARIES' AT THE COLUMBIA STUDIO!

A BAND OF INDIANS WERE BROUGHT TO THE STUDIOS TO ACT IN "THE PRESCOTT KID"

DUPLIN THEATRE WARSAW, N. C. PROGRAM WEEK JAN. 7th.

MON. JOE E. BROWN

TUES. IN

CIRCUS CLOWN

COMEDY NEWS

MATINEE MONDAY 3:30

WED. CLAIRE TREVOR

IN

State vs Elinor Norton

COMEDY SCREEN ODDITY

MATINEE 3:30

THURS! GLORIA SWANSON and

FRI. JOHN BOLES

IN

Music In The Air

COMEDY NEWS

THE DUPLIN HAS RECENTLY
INSTALLED RCA SOUND SYSTEM