# The Duplin Time

R. G. (BOB) MAXWELL, Contr. R. S. GRADY, Circula

ENTERED AT THE POST OFFICE, KENANSVILLE, N. C., AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTE

A DEMOCRATIC JOURNAL PUBLISHED BY A DEMO-CHAT AND DEVOTED TO THE MATERIAL, EDUCATION-AL, ECONOMIC, AND AGMICULTURAL INTERESTS OF DUPLIN AND SURBOUNDING COUNTIES.

### THURSDAY, MAY 23rd., 1985

EDITOR MAXWELL ANSWERS

In my editorial of April 4th, I asked a number of questions about money and called on Senators Reynolds and Bailey to answer them, As yet I have heard nothing from Senator Reynolds. But Senator Bailey answers in April 18 issue. Possibly there is not an understanding between Mr. Bailey and myself in the terms which we use. My first question was. What is a dollar? Mr. Baileys' answer is: A dollar is a unit of the monetary system of the United States, fixed by law until 1933 at 25.8 grains of gold, nine-tenths fine and since that date as 15.20 grains of gold, nine-tenths fine. The first clause is correct, that is, it is a unit of the monetary system of the United States. The language "fixed by law 'till 1933 at 25.8 grains of gold, nine-tenths fine" is not correct. The Senators language, infers that the gold dollar 25.8 grains nine-tenths pure was the unit or standard of value from the exhibitshment of our government and adoption of our mometary system until 1933. The law of April 2, 1792 made the silver dollar to contain 412 1-2 grains of silver, nine-tenths fine and made it the unit of value and the ney of account throughout the United States. The same law made 27 grains of gold, eleven-twelfths fine equal in value to the silver dol lat. The law of June 28, 1824 made 25.8 grains of gold, nine-tenths fine equal to the silver dollar. The weight of the gold was reduced one and two-tenths grains but the legal value was the same.

The eagle created by the law of 1834 contains 15 1-2 grains less pure gold than the one created by the law of 1792; yet their legal value is the same. The law of 1792 made one pound troy of gold equal to fif-teen pounds of silver and they were bought and sold at these relative values until the law of February 12, 1873 when the silver dollar was de

The silver dollar was not money in the United States from that time until February 28, 1878, when Congress passed a law over the veto of the President, remonetizing the silver dollar, thus reinstating it as money. But the coinage was limited, therefore the bullion price was less

In England from 1060 to 1610 the value of an ounce of gold was changed by the fiat of that government fifteen times, being nearly three times as great in 1060 as it was in 1610. According to Doubledays Financial History of England the value of an ounce of pure gold at the Bank of England for the ten years running from 1810 to 1820 changed ten times or once every year. This was done by the flat of the government of England. How does anyone say that gold has a constant or stable value within itself independent of law when it has so often been changed by the flat of the government?

My second question was: Is it a natural or an artificial thing The gold in it is a product of nature but the monetary salue is the fiat of the government. Therefore the dollar part is artificial as there is no such thing as a dollar in nature, just as there is no such thing as a biscuit or sausage in nature. This flat making the dollar may be impressed on gold, silver, paper or what ever substance the gr

My third question: Does it grow or is it made by man? The Senator says, "It does not grow nor is it made by man." The dollar part is made by the government.

My fourth question relates to money in other co they have money but their denomenations are different from ours.

The fifth question: Money is an artificial product but the gov-

ernment's impress or fiat may be on natural or artificial substance.

The sixth question: Does it have to be made by die or printing press. It can be made either way.

Seventh question. It is not the substance nor the method but that which is put on the substance by authority of the government which makes it money-To this statement, I said, "is it not so Sena tors?" Senator Bailey offers a lengthy explanation which does not ex-

Eighth question. In regard to the eighth qu ufacture literally means to make by hand, but taken in its broader sense, to be made by machinery. Now Senator if the value of gold is inherent in the gold how is it 25.8 grains of gold is the dollar up until the flat of the government is expressed, and then it is not the dollar but 15.20 grains is the dollar? The truth is, neither one is the dollar without the impress of device of the government on it. And the only reason that either one is just equal to the dollar is because we have the free or unlimited, coinage of gold. If the coinage privilege were withfree or unlimited, coinage of gold. If the coinage privilege were with-drawn from gold it would no more be money without the impress of the government than iron is. Iron is certainly more useful to man-kind than gold is. As long as free or unlimited coinage was allowed to silver 412 1-2 grains of silver was worth a dollar because anyone having the silver could present it for coinage and have money made of it or get other for it. One pound of copper is worth approximately 20 cents but when coined into pennies it is worth 150 cents. If the government cannot create any values what is it adds the dollar and government cannot create any values what is it hads the sonar and forty cents value when made into pennies? The idea that the first of the government adds no value to gold is all a farce. For money, the rulers of England frequently change the amount of gold in the English pound so that from time to time there was great fluctuations in the value.

Will someone please answer this question? Why was the first issue of legal tender money under Lincoln's administration which was a legal tender for all debts on a par with gold but subsequent issues which had exception clauses in them and therefore not legal tender for all debts, way below par?

# Warsaw Happenings

Mr and Mrs. J. G. Houston of for the Wilson were guests of Mr. and ing a m Mrs. G. S. Best Sunday.

Mesdames J. W. Best, J M. Petroe and Misses Julia Farrior and Mary was the Buford Best spent Saturday in land the

Mesdames W. E. Hines and W. Middleton spent Friday in Ra

Miss Mary Blanche Huff of Rast end has been the guest of her ster, Mrs. Frank Pickett for the

Mesdames Betty C. Best and H. H. Cariton spent Tuesday in Wil-

Peirce have returned from a te days stay in Wilmington, visitin

their guests for the week end their children Misses Elizabeth and Mar-tha Hines from E. C. T. C., Green-ville and Middleton Hines from Ca-

ville and Middleton Hines from Carolina, Chapel Hill.

Miss Victoris Kornegay of Seven Springs spent last week with her brother, Mr. H. S. Kornegay.

Mr. Lee Cariton and daughter of El Paso, Texas are visiting Mr. and Mrs. David Cariton.

son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. J. D.

Misses Stroud

Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Hogan and on Cleo Hogan of Andrews, S. C. vere week end guest of Mr. and

Miss Louise Farrior, a student at E. C. T. C. spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bennett, and George, Jr., spent last week end in Roland visiting Mrs. Ben-

family of Garner were guests of

Mrs. Alice Brown Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Raiph Best and family and Miss Sephie Lee Clarke spent Sunday in Waliace.

Miss Theima Siler spent the week end in Chinquapin visiting Mr. L. B. Brinson and his mother. Mrs. Julia Brinson visited the Julia Brinson with the Julia Brinson visited the Julia Brinson visited the Julia Brinson with the Ju week end in Chinquapin visiting Miss Carrie Lee Brown. She was accompanied home by Miss Brown. Misses Mary and Thelma Siler and

Miss Brown spent Wednesday in kinson spent the week end with her grand-mother, Mrs. J. A. Powell. Potter and Paul, Jr., spent Sunday in Clinton, guests of Mr. and Mrs.

Miss Addle Outlaw was a Sunday visitor at Mr. Taft Herrings. Mr. and Mrs Fred Outlaw and children visited at Mr. Leon Korne-

ed relatives near Paison Saturday.

Mrs. I. T. Bishop, Sr., Mrs. Emma Powell, Mrs. I. T. Bishop, Jr.,
and daughter, Mamie Visited Mrs.

Mrs. Ervin Kornegay and two children spent the week end with her step-mother, Mrs. Sallie Mer-

spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Willie Smith,

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Powe and children spent Sunday with Mrs. Lola Kornegay. Little Miss Alene Outlaw spen Sunday with little Misses Lena an Nelta Kornegay.

Mrs. B. F. Herring and Mrs. Taft terring nad children went to see tr and Mrs. Delmsa Herrings new

eb Turners. Mi ted at Mrs. Ru Herman Re

Mrs. M. L. Cooper.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Lang spent the week end visiting relatives in Charlotte.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Humphrey, Arthur Lee, Sarah and their house guest, Mr. Woodrow Lawton spent

wallace spent Sunday with his brown and sister in law Mr. and Mrs.

Meadames C. J. Brown, R. H.

Meadam

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Raynor and children visited Mrs. J. O. Pickett Sunday.

daughter, Letha spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Wood.

Miss Virginia Bradshaw took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. David Fountain bunday, and they all motored over to Wallace Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Macon Brown, Miss Forns Hunter, Mr. Ribbin Hunter and Miss Ozel Hunter went to ride

Snow Hill News

Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Outlaw and amily visited Mrs. Lois Kornesses under the spent Sunday with Mrs. Pickett's mother, Mrs. Albert Thomas.

Mrs. and Mrs. Edgar Outlaw and amily visited Mrs. Lois Kornesses under the spent Sunday afternoon under the spent Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Abb Pickett spent Sunday afternoon under the spent Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Abb Pickett spent Sunday afternoon under the spent Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Southerland cent the week end with Mrs. Sou-terland's mother, Mrs. Nova ith of Warner

### Fountainsboro News

Wood of Cuthe

Bany cleraings in April 1.7 point higher than a year ago.

# TO OUR MANY FRIEND

IN DUPLIN COUNTY:

## To Meet In New Bern On June 13-14

arious associations.

The twenty-six production credit speciations in North Carolina have associations in North Carolina have already loaned approximately \$3,000,000 this season to farmers for production purposes, a considerable increase over the amount loaned last year. In the four states comprising the third Farm Credit Administration district, North Carolins, South Carolins, Georgia and Florida, the loans over \$12,000,000.

The Burke County farmers produce market opened at Morganton last week with 15 farms represented by producers who sold \$27.00 worth of surplus produce.

worth of surplus produce.

Riopes as steep as 60 degrees can be satisfactorily terraced find farmers of Haywood county who cooperating in the erosion con-program of the Extension Ser-

# 'Outlaw's Bridge News

The Cheerio Club will hold its guiar monthly meeting hext Sa-may afternoon with Miss Pa-

Miss Edith Outlaw is spending ne time with relatives near

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Herring ana the birth of a son, Saturday, May 18th.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Fields of Sev

by old and new business, after a short business session. Mrs. Mc-

Community Club

The Cheerio Club members sented a splendid and enjoy program at the Community meeting Saturday night in school building. There was a sattendance of members for the mings entertainment and all torts a good program.

## Classified Ads

SALESMEN WANTED

IF YOU ARE AMBITIOUS YOU can make good money with a started. No capital or experient needed. Steady work for right man. Write Raleigh's, Box NCI 248-2, Richmond, Va.

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GRANTS L. C. TURNER T. W. QUINN

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