The Duplin Times

J. ROBERT GRADY, Ester-E. G. (BOB) MANWELL, Contri

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A DEMOCRATIO JOURNAL, PUBLISHED BY A DEMO-CRAT AND DEVOTED TO THE MATERIAL, EDUCATION-AL, ECONOMIC, AND AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS OF DUPLIN AND SUBBOUNDING COUNTIES.

TRUESDAY, JULY 11th., 1985

OM THE SCRIPTURES "Not looking each of you to his own things, but you also to the things of others." Phillipians 2:4.

GOLDEN GLEAMS Inscribe all kuman effort with one word. Artistry's hausting curse, the Incomplete.

Things That Seldom Worry Us: The suffering of the rich n called upon to pay taxes.

When your adversary speaks well of you, look him over very closely and hesitate before saying "yes."

Russia and Japan are making faces at each other once more probably in the interest of peace in the Far East.

There are people living today, within a hundred miles of here who think that if you read one book, you read 'em all.

Our own idea is that Congressmen spill a lot of bunk, although occasionally some member rings the bell.

The town that takes care of the boys and girls in its midst can depend on them to take care of the town in after years.

So far as we are concerned the Key boys can have the record for staying in the air more than 27 days unless Congress wants to put thing to do is to rid the premises

If, and when, we have another inflation, followed by another de flation, the air will be full of the cries of the losers, bitterly asking why the government didn't "do something about it."

Readers are invited to contribute short communications on mat-ters of public interest. We will publish them always but with joy when they contribute something sensible to the current debate.

WILL ROOSEVELT AND LONG MEET?

Well readers, having lain off for two weeks here I am again. It Well readers, having lain off for two weeks here I am again. It looks as if President Roosevelt and Senator Long can get together they mean to do something, swen if they have to meet traveling in opposite directions. I am absolutely sire in my own mind that if the administration, would issue about ten billion dollars in legal tender paper currency and spend it on construction of highways, rural electrification and for schools thru the existing machinery in the states our unemployment problem would be solved. Some wise-crack, jumps up and asks what the dollar is based on It is based on the wealth of the country and the governments ability to levy and collect taxes. I, in turn ask what the bonds are based on. The bonds are only paper and a promise to pay, usually in gold. And there is not enough gold to pay the bonds and what gold there is, is in the vaults—mostly of the Federal Reserve banks and cannot be paid out. Another way to solve the proble would be to call in the bonds and pay them off dollar for dollar in legal tender paper money. The country is greatly in need of high-ways, rural electrification and better schools.

We are glad to see that it looks as if our school system is to be made more efficient by enlarged and repaired buildings and better transportation. — Respectfully, R. G. MAXWELL.

nous but our advice continues to he, will the pensive than attending to the first case of typhoid that hits their family

Screened houses and energetic use of a good fly swatter are health insurance policies. Typhoid is a disease that wears down the patient. It is transmitted through filth. It can be svoided in most cases by a rigorous slaughter of flies.

HELP YOUR OWN CHILD

Few parents in Duplin have anything to do that is more impor-tant than assisting junior to become a better citizen than sentor. Every parents wishes greatness of character for the youngsters, but many of them fall to develop the comradeable that is vital to the proper mental, physical and moral growth of parent as well as child

NO "BLOCS" IF YOU PLEASE

Advocating the formation of a labor party, as an independent political factor, Louis Waldman, a Socialist leader of the East, thinks such a step is necessary to solve national problems in our tradition

Mr. Waldman is sure the American people will never submit to communism or fascism but feel that the "two old parties" have been unable to develop new democratic forms, on the basis of constructive

Federalism, through amendments to the Constitution.

He admits that it would be futile to offer a labor party without the participation of the American Federation of Labor and seems to think that the organization will be compelled to "take the initiative to

Without questioning the right of organized labor to form its own political party whenever its leaders think this is wise or in the interest of labor we doubt very much if such a step would assist in solving our national problems or in promoting the fundamental interest of inbor

The basic idea of the American government is that of representation but behind it lies the theory that the welfare of the entire tion is the supreme aim of governmental and avors. In Congress to we have many representatives of various political units and most tiem pretend at least, that they serve the best interests of the tien. To change that ideal, with a Congress composed of block, and tadly serving various interests, would be to introduce as very differenception of the American method.

ption of the American method.

The inauguration of a labor party, with its odri elected regives, would we fear, cause other Congressmen to overlock to mibility to labor as a part of our economic commonwealth to its applicamen the task of securing its rights. This, we this the disadvantageous to isbor in the long run. Moreover, the is of a labor bice would inevitably lead to the rise of almost bic would inevitably lead to the rise of alm with the result that legislation would according passed solely in the interest of the block able to minuter control of

ing and most efficiently carried on. It is with keen regret that the friends and patrons of the Warriaw Schools see him go, but are happy in the thought that he has been honored to this position. We are wishing for him much success and happiness in his new work. For the next two weeks he will be stationed in Greensboro and High Point. After that time he will be permanently located at Newton, N. C., his home town.

Mrs. Miller and their little dau-

Mrs. Miller and their little dau-ghter, Dorothy Lou will join him uopn his arrival at Newton.

Heat And Flies Affect Milk Row

The month of July brings with it a number of problems for the N. Carolina dairyman and he must be prepared to protect his cows from the effects of heat, flies and short

loyed by heat and flies will not produce as much milk as those which do not suffer from these John A. Arey, dairy extension pecialist at State College," In the first place, an ample supply comes to protection from flies, the best of the breeding places of these pests. The stalls and manure pit each week and when practical it is est to haul the manure directly from the cow barn to the field each day. Certainly, no accumulation of litter or garbage should be lowed about the dairy. It is imsible to destroy all flies in the arvae stage, therefore poisons traps and sprays must be used. There are several good fly sprays which are effective in keeping flies off the cown."

Arey points out further that pastures begin to deteriorate in late summer. Uusually in July, the grass begins to be short and tough as a result of dry weather. It contains less food value than earlier in the season and temporary grazing crops are needed. If a dairyman does not have these tempor ary grazing crops, it is a wise plan to feed some sileage, to increase the grain feed and to raise its protein content that the milk flow might be maintained.

There is no need for the highly breed dairy animal to suffer in summer, if given the proper care. Plenty of fresh water, sufficient shade, protection from flies, and supplementary feeding will allow duction, Arey says

Pigs To Be Fattened **Need Some Pasture**

Pastures for fattening pigs seem to allow the young animals to utilize their grain feed to better advantage after they are taken from the pasture and placed in the dry lot for finishing.

"We have recently conc ting test with two groups of pigs to be fattened for market," says Earl H. Hostetler, in charge of livestock research for the North Carolina Experiment Station. "In one group ten pigs were full fed in a dry lot from the time of weanng until they reached a marketa-ble weight of 225 pounds, in the hie weight of 225 pounds, in the other group, ten pigs were kept on pasture until they weighted 100 pounds and were then placed in the dry lot for finishing. Pigs in the first group made their weight in 123 days while those in group two made their weight in 187 days. This time element is not so important for those animals to be sold in the species but is important for in the spring but is important for those to be sold in September since the price breaks rapidly in the lat-

Hostetler observes, however, that the pigs in the dry lot made a pro-fit over feed cost of \$2.20 while those having the pasture made a profit of \$4.54, not counting the value of the pasture. If the cost of preparing the pasture land and seeding is taken into consideration the accord group of pigs gave a profit of only \$2.44 above feed cost.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Parker and served delictous ice ores cake. Mrs. M. H. Whitfield the funeral of Mrs. Heavy Sutton in La-Grange Sunday afternoon.

During the social hour the served delictous ice ores cake. Mrs. M. H. Whitfield the funeral of Mrs. Heavy Sutton in La-Grange Sunday afternoon.

cilla Autwine of Kinston spent Sun day with Mrs. H. C. Turker. Mr. Ed Smith and Mrs. Caro

sunds of gain for the ani-upt on the dry lot through-

mais kept on the dry lot through-out the test.

The whole thing seems to sum up that wenned pigs on pasture up until the time they weigh 100 lbs. will make rapid and profitable gains after being taken from the pasture and full fed for finishing.

widening rift with France,



WHAT!

Branch Banking And Trust Company

Kinston

Warsaw

In the matter of the Voluntary Liquidation of the Bank of Magnolia:

To The Depositors And Creditors Of The Bank Of Magnolia

OF MAGNOLIA, N. C.

Take Notice:

A permit for the voluntary liquidation of the Bank of Magnolia of Magnolia, North Carolina, having been issued by the Commissioner of Banks, notice is hereby given persuant to Section 218 (a) of the Consolidated Statue of North Carolina; to all the depositors and creditors of said bank that it is closing up its affairs and going into liquidation, and its depositors and creditors are further notified to present their claims for payment.

For the convenience of ourselves and our customers payment is being made at the banking house of the Branch Banking and Trust Company in Warsaw.

This July 9, 1935.

HEE BANK OF MACINO