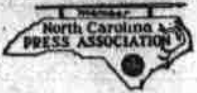


The Duplin Times



Published each Thursday in Kenansville, N. C., county seat of Duplin County.

Editorial business and printing plant, Kenansville, N. C.

J. ROBERT GRADY, EDITOR — OWNER

Entered at the Post Office, Kenansville N. C. as second class mail matter.

Telephones

Kenansville 37-7

Warsaw 239-6

Advertising rates furnished on request.

A Democratic Journal, devoted to the material, educational, economic and agricultural interests of Duplin County.

OUR NAVY PAYS THE PRICE

The fighting now going on around Guadalcanal Island represents the determined effort of a fighting power to recapture lost ground. Heavy losses may be expected by both sides.

It is significant that Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox points out that our naval forces, operating in the Solomons, are inferior to those of the enemy. This is a serious situation and, while we wait for news of the outcome of the battle, we might inquire about the reason for our plight.

The Navy of the United States entered upon our present wars without adequate ships to do the job. While the Navy has been considerably enlarged under President Roosevelt, it remained a on-ocean navy when the seven-ocean war began. This condition was the result of our disarmament folly, a policy of national economy at the expense of adequate defense and the pacifist attitude of many people in the United States.

There is no use to blink at the truth. American ships are being destroyed and American sailors are losing their lives around the Solomon Islands because of foolish national policies, promulgated and followed in this country after the first World War.

The price is now being paid for economy in years of peace, promulgated and upheld by Americans who chanted that "nobody would ever attack the United States." Unfortunately, the price is not being paid by the economy-group and the pacifist-group whose policies almost led this country to its own destruction.

WAVELL PICKS SIX BEST GENERALS

Gen. Archibald P. Wavell, who won fame by his great campaign in North Africa, has recently taken time to select the great generals of history, laying stress upon worth as a strategist, skill as a tactician, power to deal tactfully with government and allies, ability to train troops and energy and driving power in battle.

Surveying the field the British general, after eliminating some names because his "knowledge of their character and exploits is insufficient," puts down these fourteen men as the starters.

Hannibal, Scipio, Alexander, Caesar, Bolisarius, Frederick, Cromwell, Marlborough, Napoleon, Wellington, Lee, Moltke, Foch and Ludendorff.

Among those eliminated, for one reason or another but deserving of consideration, one finds the names of Gustavus Adolphous, Wallenstein, Gonsola de Cordoba, Turenne, Conde, Villars, Saxe, Eugene, Narses, Genghis Khan, Sabutai, Epaminondas, Fabius, Marius, Sherman, Forrest and Stonewall Jackson.

U. S. FACES DANGER IN FIGHTING TWO WARS

STRATEGY OF ATTACKING THE AXIS WHILE HOLDING JAPAN LOOKS LIKE WAY TO WIN WAR

Major engagements in Africa, Russia and the Solomons highlight the war news and demphasize the two wars in which the United Nations engage powerful enemies. Here is a background study of the position of the United States, with an attempt to outline our broad strategic problems.

The United States, after nearly eleven months of war, has done little more than prepare for bitter fighting ahead. Participation in 2 wars on widely distant fronts, involves the vast problems of mobilization and training millions of men, the production of weapons, equipment and supplies for allies as well as our own growing forces and, in addition, the transportation of men and material across thousands of miles of ocean, despite a determined enemy assault at sea.

When one considers the magnitude of our task and the long start that our enemies had there is no reason for any American to be discouraged and much ground for solid satisfaction. Our areas of national defense, after Pearl Harbor, were located in Europe, Africa and the Far East but, unfortunately, this belated recognition did not give us the Army, Navy and Air Force required by our precarious plight.

We Had To Get Ready To Fight

In appraising the war, from week to week, it is essential to realize that our contribution, for many months, was restricted by pre-existing conditions. Meanwhile, until we could create and transport strong striking forces, we were compelled to put our trust in the British and Russians in Europe and on the thin line that, with our allies, we had arranged in the Far East.

Our task, in the beginning of a double war, was essentially one of defense and preparation but, to understand the nature of our present position, it is vital to consider the two wars separately. There is no unity between the Axis nations in Europe and Japan in the Far East except that which springs from the advantages that accrue to them from time.

The Situation In Our Two Wars

We must realize that this relationship is selfish and opportunist and that we therefore wage two unrelated wars. In Europe there has been some improvement this year, due almost exclusively to the

stubborn resistance of the Red Army, which has killed German soldiers in large numbers. Regardless of Russian losses, this means that our enemy in Europe has been weakened.

In the Far East, where we have not had the aid of the Red army, the fighting has resulted in the enormous strengthening of our enemy's war potential. By rapid-fire conquest of valuable areas, the Japanese have acquired startling economic resources. These must be exploited, however, to become a factor against us. In a long war the Japanese may increase productive capacity and, in time, meet us on more than an even basis in the Far East where everything we throw against them must be moved across thousands of miles of water.

Axis Must Not Have Breathing Spell

Much the same danger would confront us in our European war if Hitler could secure the time to reorganize and exploit the vast area that he has conquered. This time is not available to the Nazis because: (1) the Russian campaign consumes vast quantities of men and material; (2) the aerial bombardment of his key centers inflicts heavy losses; and (3) fighting in other sectors, like Africa continues to exact a toll of man and machines.

For these reasons, the Axis in Europe has been weakened in 1942 and may be unable to stand the increased pounding that will shortly begin, with American force added to the power of British and Russian blows. Consequently, present strategy seems to call for a determined effort to whip the Axis in Europe in 1943. This is based upon these ideas: (1) That, given time to recuperate, Hitler's Europe might become impregnable, but can be beaten by concerted attacks now and (2) that, Japan unable to exploit conquered areas quickly, can be dispatched by concentrated power thereafter.

Bitter Fighting Ahead In Far East

There is no disposition to underestimate the job in the Far East. It will involve heavy fighting but, just the same, there is less risk in a delayed all-out attack upon Japan. If the drive against the Axis succeeds in 1943, the full force of Great Britain and the United States will take care of the Japs, and

there is no present published information to indicate that she will.

Offensive action will be directed against Japan, even while the major effort is underway in Europe, and the probability is that this country, in addition to its contribution against Hitler, will bear the brunt of the Far Eastern naval campaign and its losses, which are apt to be heavy, as the fighting in the Solomons emphasizes.

We have attempted to sketch the broad outlines of the present situation, which does not change much from week to week, because it must be understood in order to comprehend the state of the wars in which this nation is engaged. Local victories and defeats, wherever they occur, do not alter the basic strategy involved and we must expect serious reverses before victory crowns our efforts.

Sarah Ann's Cooking Class

The average person can digest pork without difficulty. But as you know, pork must be thoroughly cooked always remember that. Try one of these delightful ways of serving pork the next time you have some.

Stuffed Pork Shoulder

- 4 cups soft bread crumbs. 2 teaspoons salt. 4 tablespoons chopped green pepper. 2 tablespoons chopped onions. 1 cup whole grain corn. 4 tablespoons melted butter. 2 eggs beaten. 1 6-to-8 lbs. pork shoulder (wt. after boiling).

Combine all ingredients but the pork and use to stuff the shoulder. Bone it has left a pocket. Tie up firmly with a strong cord and roast in an oven 350 degrees, allowing 40 minutes per pound (unstuffed weight).

Braised Pork Steak

Wipe meat and season with salt and pepper. Dip in fine bread crumbs, then in beaten egg, and again in crumbs. Brown on both sides, using a little fat in the pan. Add 1-2 cup of water, cook slowly for 50 minutes. Thicken liquid for gravy. A steak from the shoulder or from a fresh ham may be prepared in this way.

Pork Tenderloin Hot-Pot

- 1 1-2 lbs. pork tenderloin. 1 1-2 cups sifted tomato pulp. 1 chopped onion. 6 mushrooms. 1-2 green pepper chopped fine. 1 teaspoon of kitchen bouquets. 1 teaspoon salt. 1-2 teaspoon pepper. Potatoes. Turnips.

Split the tenderloin in half or cut into slices. Grease lightly the bottom of a casserole and fit into it the pieces of meat. Brown on both sides over a hot fire, then add the tomatoes, onion, pepper and the kitchen bouquet. Cover and let cook 3-4 hour. Fifteen minutes before removing from the fire, add the salt and pepper. Serve on a large platter surrounded by a border of potatoes and turnips mashed together in equal parts.

American Chop Suey

- 2 tablespoons fat. 2 onions sliced. 1 green pepper, shredded. 2 cups cooked pork, cut in small pieces. 1-2 cup mushrooms, sliced. 1 cup celery, chopped. 1-4 cup rice. 3 cups stock. 1 tablespoon Worcestershire sauce.

Brown the onion slightly in the fat, add the pepper, pork, mushrooms and celery. Put in the rice, salt, Worcestershire sauce and stock. Cook slowly 40 minutes. Serve with extra boiled rice, if desired.

Pork Pie

Line the sides of a deep pan with a rich pastry. To 3 cups of chopped cooked pork, sprinkled with flour and 2 hard-boiled eggs, chopped, put in pan, pour over 2 cups hot water. Season with salt and pepper. Cover with crust and bake in a moderate oven 30 minutes.

Pork Salad

- 2 cups pork ham, cut in pieces. 1 cup celery. 2 hard-boiled eggs, chopped. Mayonnaise, salt and pepper. Combine ingredients, mix with mayonnaise. Serve on lettuce with sliced tomatoes and olives.

Pork Noodle Casserole

- 2 cups uncooked wide noodles, broken up. 2 small onions minced. 1 tablespoons butter. 3 cups canned tomato juice. 2 cups finely grated American cheese. 4 cups coarsely ground, cooked pork. 1 teaspoon salt. Pepper.

Cook noodles in boiling salted water until tender. Drain. Saute onion in butter in a skillet until tender. Add remaining ingredients and the noodles. Mix thoroughly. Pour into a greased casserole and bake in an oven 375 degrees for 40 minutes.

Summerlin's Cross Roads

Rev. Walter Williams filled his regular appointment at Rocky Branch Church Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Cherry has returned to their home at Portsmouth, Va., after spending a few days with friends here recently.

Dinner guest of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Quinn Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Eddie Goodman, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Outlaw, Woodrow Outlaw and Mrs. Thurman Davis. Mrs. Mary Price visited her parents Mr. and Mrs. George Bell Sunday.

Quiet a number from around here attended the Halloween Carnival at Kenansville Saturday night. Miss Katherine Outlaw visited Mary G. and Olive Summerlin Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Southland and two children spent Sunday in the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Summerlin.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnnie Outlaw and Mr. and Mrs. John D. Weaver and children, Marcy Ann and Kenneth Rae spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Leon Outlaw.

Mrs. T. A. Jernigan is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Sam Batten of Mallsboro, North Carolina.

Miss Geneva Jones spent Saturday night with Misses Rosa Lee and Adette Outlaw.

Mr. Johnnie Outlaw happened to the misfortune of getting a piece of steel in one of his eyes one day last week but, seems to be recovering nicely.

CLUB MEETING

The Summerlin's Cross Roads Home Dem. met for its regular monthly meeting in the home of Mrs. J. L. Summerlin with Mrs. Jim Grady joint hostess. The meeting was presided over by club president. A very helpful program was rendered by several of the club members. After the meeting adjourned we were invited into the dining room where the hostess served refreshments. The Halloween Motif was carried out.

Mrs. John T. Davis Rt. 2, Mt. Olive

Advertisement for Tommy's Bakery featuring 'Tommy Talks' and 'Enriched Bread'. Includes illustrations of a man and a child, and text promoting the nutritional benefits of their bread.

1918 ARMISTICE DAY 1942

We are at War—as we pause a moment this Armistice Day, November 11th, 1942—to pay tribute to the memory of those gallant fighters who won the Peace back in 1918. And we must simultaneously pay tribute in our hearts, to the fighting men who once again face making the supreme sacrifice—that a new, a better, a lasting peace after World War II may be their contribution toward fulfillment of man's struggle for freedom.

RALPH J. JONES V-C FERTILIZER

WARSAW