

# THE GASTONIA GAZETTE

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY.

VOL. XXXVIII. NO. 116.

GASTONIA, N. C., FRIDAY AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER 9, 1917.

\$2.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

## Y.M.C.A. MASS MEETING TO PLAN FOR WAR WORK CAMPAIGN

Dr. D. H. Rolston, of Charlotte, to be Principal Speaker at Big Mass Meeting to be Held Sunday Night at First Presbyterian Church—All Churches of City to Participate—Special Musical Program.

Gastonia's religious forces will concentrate their attention and efforts Sunday night in a big mass meeting, when the aims and objects of the big Y. M. C. A. war campaign will be fully explained and plans definitely formulated for carrying this campaign to a successful conclusion in Gaston county.

This mass meeting will be held in the First Presbyterian church and will be participated in by all of the up-town congregations. There will be no Sunday night services at any of the other churches at that hour. The committee in charge of this work in Gastonia, which was launched at a dinner given Tuesday night at the Armington Hotel, with representative men from all over the county in attendance, has been exceedingly fortunate in securing as the principal speaker for this occasion Rev. Dr. D. H. Rolston, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Charlotte. Dr. Rolston is a most magnetic and forceful speaker and is thoroughly familiar with the Y. M. C. A. work and the demands that the war situation is making upon this organization.

The committee in charge states that no effort will be made at this meeting to raise funds. The object is to inform the people of the objects and needs of this branch of Y. M. C. A. work. A special musical program is being prepared and the meeting promises to be a most interesting and instructive one. It is hoped that a large audience will be in attendance.

### ADDITIONAL SOCIETY.

#### CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR THE SOLDIERS.

Gastonia Chapter, U. D. C., has appointed a committee, of which Mrs. A. A. McLean is chairman, to look after the matter of sending Christmas gifts or remembrances of some kind to the Gaston county soldiers who belong to units that are in active service in France. In order to prepare an accurate list of soldiers from this county it is requested that the families of those soldiers who are known to be in France send the name, together with the proper designation of the company or other unit to which he belongs, to Mrs. W. J. Clifford, president of the local chapter, at once, as such gifts must be put in the mails not later than next Thursday, the 15th.

#### LINCOLN COUPLE MARRIED HERE.

A wedding of much interest to the many friends of the contracting parties was celebrated in the reception room of the City Hospital at 6 o'clock yesterday evening when Dr. George Costner and Mrs. Radiant Frances Sistrare, both of Lincolnton, were united in marriage by Rev. H. H. Jordan, pastor of Main Street Methodist church, in the presence of a number of nurses and physicians.

Dr. Costner is a well-known physician of Lincolnton, who has many friends in this section of North Carolina. His bride, who was a former resident of Charlotte, is the superintendent of the Lincolnton Sanitarium and has many friends there and elsewhere in this section. The marriage came as a distinct surprise to friends here, as the announcement doubtless will to their friends at Lincolnton.

#### STUDY CLUB WITH MRS. WILSON.

On October 23rd the Study Club held a most delightful meeting with Mrs. F. L. Wilson. The club was honored with two guests, Mrs. Lattimore, of Shelby, a sister of Mrs. Joe S. Wray, and Mrs. E. C. Wilson. In an unusually interesting and entertaining manner was developed the following program:

Roll Call, favorite quotations from Burns.

Paper, "Robert Burns," Mrs. Garrison.

Song, "Coming Thru the Rye," club.

Readings, "His Serious Nature," illustrated by selections from Cotter's Saturday Night. "His Humorous Nature," illustrated by selections from "Tam O'Shanter," Mrs. J. F. Thomson.

Piano Solo, "Tam O'Shanter," by Mrs. Sloan.

Round Table, "Burns as a Man of Letters," leader, Mrs. LaFar.

The club passed a motion to continue study but to serve very light refreshments while the war lasts.

—Mrs. H. Schneider spent Sunday at Gaffney, S. C., with her sister, Mrs. M. E. Meyer.

—Mrs. J. L. Suggs spent Sunday at Conover with Mr. Suggs, who is located there temporarily.

—Mrs. L. E. Terrell and little son, L. E., Jr., of Gainesville, Ga., are expected to arrive today to visit Mrs. H. F. Glenn.

## IN SOCIAL CIRCLES MAY SAVE RUSSIA YET

LATEST EVENTS IN WOMAN'S WORLD

**TAYLOR-JORDAN WEDDING.**  
A wedding which was beautiful in its simplicity was that of Miss Lucy Elizabeth Jordan and Mr. James Oscar Taylor, of Mount Croghan, S. C., which was solemnized at high noon yesterday in Main Street Methodist church. The ceremony which joined their lives was performed by the bride's father, Rev. H. H. Jordan, pastor of the church.

Immediately preceding the ceremony a violin selection "Loving, I Think of Thee" was rendered by Miss Lillian Atkins, accompanied by Miss Nellie Rose Sloan on the pipe organ. The vows were taken under an improvised arch, facing the altar railing. The background was white and green, ivy, ferns and beautiful white chrysanthemums combining to make a most attractive decoration for the chancel, altar and choir loft.

First came the ushers, Dr. George R. Patrick, Mr. John L. Faysoux, Mr. Fay Lavender and Mr. C. A. Jordan. Following them came the little ring bearer, Mary Frances Jenkins, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jenkins, daintily dressed in white. Then came the maid of honor, Miss Margaret Josephine Morris, wearing a Georgette afternoon dress with black picture hat and carrying a bouquet of pink carnations. The bride, leaning on the arm of her brother, Mr. Henry Jordan, of Atlanta, who gave her away, entered down the left aisle, while the groom, accompanied by his best man, Mr. Marvin Richardson, of Monroe, came down the right aisle. They were met at the altar by the officiating minister who used the ring ceremony of the Methodist church in performing the ceremony. The bride was most becomingly gowned in a blue tailored suit with hat and accessories to match and wearing a lovely corsage bouquet of bride's roses and valley lilies. The party left the church to the strains of the Bridal Chorus from Lohengrin. During the ceremony Miss Sloan at the organ rendered softly "To a Wild Rose."

The bride is one of Gastonia's most popular young ladies, having resided here for the past three years. She is unusually gifted both in art and music, having recently studied under New York artists. She is active in church work and in social affairs and has, during her residence here, won the esteem and affection of all with whom she has come in contact. This was amply demonstrated by the many handsome gifts of silver, cut glass and china she received, besides many lovely gifts received at showers given for her at the homes of Mrs. E. O. Jennings and Mrs. F. D. Barkley. The groom is the only son of the late Frank P. Taylor, of Mount Croghan, S. C. He is a prominent business man of that section and is a large planter, merchant and banker. He is well and favorably known in the two Carolinas both in business and social circles.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Taylor left for Charlotte from which point they went to New York and other Northern points on a bridal trip. On their return they will be at home at Mount Croghan, S. C.

The out-of-town guests here for the wedding were Miss Sara Miller, of Concord; Miss Odessa Richardson, Miss Mary Griffith and Mr. Marvin Richardson, of Monroe; Mr. Arthur Rivers, of Spartanburg, S. C.; Mr. L. K. Dixon, of Charlotte; Rev. and Mrs. T. C. Jordan, of Rutherfordton; Mr. C. A. Jordan, of Hickory, and Mr. Henry Jordan, of Atlanta.

#### MR. KENDRICK TO WED ALBEMARLE GIRL.

Handsomely engraved invitations reading as follows have been received in Gastonia:

Mr. and Mrs. William Thomas Huckabee  
invite you to be present  
at the marriage of their daughter  
Grace

to  
Mr. Eli Kendrick  
Thursday afternoon, November the  
twenty-second  
at five o'clock  
at home

Albemarle, North Carolina.  
Mr. Kendrick is a Gastonia young man and has for a number of years been closely identified with various business and manufacturing enterprises here. He was recently chosen secretary and treasurer of the Lockmore Cotton Mills at York, S. C., where he is now located. He is a young man of business ability and experience. The announcement of his approaching marriage will be of great interest to a large circle of friends. For several years Mr. Kendrick was connected with the Cannon mills at Albemarle.

#### DIXON-HOMES WEDDING AT DINWIDDIE, VA.

Mrs. B. F. Dixon and Mrs. W. L. Balthis returned yesterday from Dinwiddie, Va., where they were present Wednesday at the wedding of Mrs. Dixon's son, Lieut. Wright T. Dixon, to Miss Marion Homes. Lieut. Dixon and his bride are expected to arrive in the city today for a short visit, after which he will return to his company, the Machine Gun Company of the 120th Infantry, at Camp Sevier.

—Miss Mammie Aiken spent Wednesday at Charlotte attending the fair.

—Miss Mary Armstrong spent yesterday at the Mecklenburg fair.

## GASTONIA AND GASTON

LATE EVENTS IN TOWN AND COUNTY

**Premier Gets Away from Scenes of Riot and Hurries to Front—Believed There is a Possibility That He Can Win the Army Over and Hold Russia for the Allies.**

(By International News Service.)  
LONDON, Nov. 9.—Russia may yet be saved. Hope that the Muscovite Republic will remain a factor on the side of the Allies was held out today when it was definitely established that Premier Kerensky escaped from Petrograd and is believed to be on his way to the front.

It is believed that Kerensky will be able to swing majority of the troops to his side. The Cossacks are almost certain to line up with Kerensky if he pledges that no attempts will be made to conciliate the extremists and promises to deal with them in a vigorous manner.

Ground for a belief that Kerensky will effect a compromise with General Korniloff, the deposed minister of war, which is certain to cause the troops to side with the Kerensky government, prevail today. If the premier succeeds at the front it is probable that a provisional government ernment will be established at Moscow. It is now known that the revolt in Petrograd resulted in considerable loss of life. The women's battalion fought desperately to save the winter palace from capture but were finally forced to surrender by a bombardment from battlehips and shells from armored motor cars.

## GERMAN ATTACKS WERE REPULSED

(By International News Service.)  
PARIS (Official) Nov. 9.—The Germans last night launched desperate attacks on Chaumenwood, in Lorraine, but were repulsed, the Germans losing heavily. The French raided Argonne, on the left bank of the Meuse, piercing the German lines and capturing a number of prisoners. French raids were also successful in Upper Alsace.

### TODAY'S COTTON MARKET.

(By International News Service.)  
NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The cotton market opened today with January contracts selling at 26.70, May 26.07.

## AT THE MOVIES

### BROADWAY.

MONDAY: "War As It Really Is," actual motion pictures taken before Verdun by Capt. Donald C. Thompson, famous staff photographer of Leslie's Weekly. Special prices, see page six.

### COZY.

TODAY: Emily Stevens in "The Slacker," a Wonderly of patriotic fervor.

### IDEAL.

TODAY: Baby Marie Osborne. "The Food Gamblers" failed to come. Thursday and Friday, next week: "Greater New York," by Burton Mask, world's celebrated lecturer.

### TEARS AND SMILES.

Baby Marie Osborne at Ideal Today.

Our picture advertised for today, namely Wilfred Lucas in "The Food Gamblers," failed to arrive because of express congestion. We are fortunate, however, in being able to get in its place Baby Marie Osborne in "Tears and Smiles," her latest and best picture released. Everybody loves Baby Marie, and you can see her today at the Ideal. Don't miss the opportunity.—Adv.

The Atkinson Hosiery Mills Co., of Atkinson, Pender county, has been chartered. Authorized capital \$100,000, subscribed \$10,000.

Four fishermen, says a Wilmington dispatch of the 8th, are believed to have lost their lives off Queen's inlet, near Wilmington. Two of them were white and two colored.

John McRae, aged 67, night watchman at a cotton press in Wilmington, was run down and killed by an engine in the yards there Wednesday night.

That cough or cold in the head can be ended easily by Hyomei. No stomach dosing. Breathe it through the nose and mouth. Money back if it fails. J. H. Kennedy & Co. (adv.)

## WIDENING ACTIVITY OF ALIEN SPIES

(By International News Service.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The German spy system in the United States is spreading, German agents are believed to be at work in every city and town, and even the rural districts are not neglected. The shadow of the Kaiser broods over every section of the country. Officials of the Department of Justice and the military establishments are alive to the gravity of the situation. America, they declare, is complacently reposing upon dynamite. The activities of alien enemies must be tightened with jerks. Every day persons professing Americanism declare that the government must not be too hard on the pro-Germans and pacifists. The praises of Germany are even sung in public places. Officials, striving to achieve victory for America, are being hampered by criticism on all sides. Huge sums are being expended by Germans, money which otherwise ultimately would be seized under the alien enemy trading act, to further the spread of insidious propaganda.

### WHY ALSACE-LORRAINE REMAINS PRO-FRENCH

(By International News Service.)  
Washington, Nov. 6.—Observers are studying with increased interest the political history of Alsace-Lorraine. The course of this Reichsland's history is recognized as one of the most significant in the story of the world. Through a multitude of other causes of the holocaust in Europe, the case of Alsace-Lorraine presents itself with glowing significance. It is here that Prussia initiated her grand mistake and, though the forcible cession of this state, engineered the hatreds and "Welt-Politik" for which she is paying now with all that humankind hold most dear and precious.

In 1872, when the German Confederation was formed, this booty land was considered as a prize of the Confederation as a whole, with the regulative powers vested in the King of Prussia. The state was permitted to send delegates to the Reichstag, but could not be represented in the Bundesrat, the real power in governmental Germany.

When Bismarck and Von Moltke annexed this territory their view was, undoubtedly, to bring back into German hands a land formerly German, and, also, to protect the newly formed empire from a future French invasion by an undisputed German control of the valley of the Rhine and the crests of the Vosges.

The German thesis is not indefensible. However, with the usual asininity of German officialdom, the assimilation of the people was hurried, and hurried by most unwise and impossible measures. The idea seems to have been that an assimilation could take place in one, or, at the most, two generations, and that it could be effected while the people paid Prussian taxes and were not granted representation in the laying of such taxes. As a necessary vent to human nature, the result was the failure of Prussian police methods all during the first thirty years of the occupation. What happened after that in Metz, Colmar, Strassbourg and Mulhouse we shall see.

The year 1910 marks the new period of Prussian misrule. The use of French was stringently forbidden in the schools and in public gatherings. Indeed, severe punishment has been meted out for the use of the French language in certain private and semi-private gatherings.

German immigrants shipped into the Reichsland bred children, only to have them take sides with the indigenous population in their clamor for annexation to Germany on an equal basis with the other German states. This latter point, contrary to general belief, was actually just what the Alsations agitated for. French culture and ideals began to have their effect when importunities and pleadings for a relaxation of Prussian methods and representation in the government failed.

Prussian rule remained inflexible. Guarantees and alterations were promised and seemingly complied with, only to have the people discover when the smoke of Prussian bland duplicity cleared away, that they were bound more hopelessly than ever. This in the government, while in every hamlet Prussian officers committed every offense from felony to murder and were rewarded with light sentences or actual encouragement.

In the Spring of 1912 the Prussians further showed their disapproval of the agitation engendered by attempting to ruin the Alsation factories at Grafenstaden, near Strassbourg, by withdrawing all orders for locomotives for the Prussian railways.

In the month of May, in this same year, the popular indignation, already inflamed, was fanned to fever heat by the remarks of the German Emperor to the mayor of Strassbourg during an imperial visit to the city. He is reported to have said: "Listen. Up to here you have only known the good side of me. Things cannot continue as they are. If this situation lasts, we will suppress your 'Constitution' and annex you to Prussia."

The Socialists bitterly assailed the speech on the floor of the Reichstag four days later.

"We salute the imperial words as the confession, full of weight and coming from a competent source, that

"Your cat made an awful noise in the back garden last night, and—"

"I'm awfully sorry, Mr. Houston, but since he ate the canary he thinks he can sing!"—Our Dumb Animals.

**Musically Inclined.**

—Mrs. Spargo Carpenter spent last week with homefolks.

—Mrs. Sarah Eaker spent Sunday at Mr. J. F. Carpenter's.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Hoffman and Mrs. Jane Miller, of Hickory, spent Sunday with Rev. M. L. Carpenter.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Rutledge and daughter, Miss Clyde, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Berge Beam.

—Mr. Adolphus Carpenter, of Hickory, spent Sunday with his brother, Mr. J. F. Carpenter.

## SUFFRAGISTS FED BY FORCES

(By International News Service.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The White House is being deluged with telegraphic protests from all over the country today against imprisonment of suffragists. Alice Paul, the suffragist, is being fed forcibly today for the third time. Jail authorities where the prisoner, convicted of leading the suffrage pickets to the White House gates, is held, insist that she accepted treatment without resistance and that her physical condition is good except for nervousness. Rose Winslow, another suffragist prisoner, was also forcibly fed today.

## RUSSIAN ARMIES JOIN MAXIMALISTS

(By International News Service.)  
LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Russian armies have joined the Maximalists, according to a dispatch received here today from Stockholm. It is admitted that the information was received from German sources.

## WAR CONFERENCE OF THE ALLIES

(By International News Service.)  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The outstanding result of the allied conference in Paris will be the perfection of international pooling arrangements among the allies, all of which will ultimately be dominated by the United States. New plans for a world democracy of nations will be formed to combat the central powers and the menace of autocracy. The design is to bring the war to a speedy end as possible by concerting the military movements of all the allies, and later concerting their peace movements with the purpose of bringing all economic aspects of the situation under one ruling body. In all probability this body would have its headquarters at Washington, controlling all the war resources of the allies.

It is conceded that the United States would be the logical nation to control the conduct of the war, but it would not be warranted in arrogating this power to itself. The tremendous efforts of the British, French and other allies are not to be belittled. The merchant marine fleets of the allies will be pooled as a first move, to prevent such costly blunders as Italy's recent shortage of munitions and fuel, and the recent exhaustion of certain food supplies in France.

Sunday is the last Sunday of the conference year of the Western North Carolina Conference and a full attendance of the membership is desired at Main Street church. The pastor, Rev. H. H. Jordan, will make a report of the work accomplished during the year just drawing to a close.

annexation to Prussia is the heaviest punishment that one can threaten to impose upon a people for its resistance against Germany. It is a punishment like hard labor in the penitentiary with loss of civil rights.

At the conclusion of this speech, the Chancellor and all the Ministry left the room.

Alsation newspapers were held to a narrow course by a most severe code of laws, but suspensions were taking place every day. To be profitable, a journal could do naught else but support the Berlin policies. A school of cartoonists came to the fore, and, by a series of caustic and meaning cartoons, indicted Berlin till the officials, in their fury, began placing prison sentences indiscriminately among cartoonists and journalists. Zislis and Hansi, two of the foremost and implacable opponents of the Prussian regime, were hounded continually. Indeed, only one year before the outbreak of the present war Hansi voluntarily exiled himself when sentenced to one year in a German prison.

And so, France, who had represented to the heroes of 1793 the beau ideal of Democracy, came gradually to the fore as the influence in Alsace-Lorraine. Her culture, her ideals and her citizenship became valued dreams of loyal Alsations. But far off dreams they seemed; and the Alsations, in their growing love for the Republic, could not harbor the thought that France should suffer the throes of a war with remorseless Prussia for their sake. But the war was coming, and to Alsations, it means, as all observers agree, a reunion with France.

But, queer enough, the world begins to see that the treaty of Frankfurt was the germ of the present holocaust, and that it leads to the utter destruction of Prussian autocracy and world autocracy—that Alsace-Lorraine had been picked to bear the cross, to suffer that the world might be relieved from the burden on the shoulders of all humans, from Herod down to Wilhelm.

At the beginning of the great war the emotional and volatile Frenchmen could not be restrained from their now historic advance into Mulhouse, where they were loyally welcomed by the inhabitants. Strategy was powerless to control this wild dash which was subsequently swept back by the advance of the Teutonic hordes.

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