The Marines

ary successful military under-these two important factors on place: First, the spirit of maive; secondly, the offensive

If there is any one thing in Amer-ins that cannot be killed it is en-usiasm; and enthusiasm is the par-t of this spirit of the offensive. The Americans will never lose their geness for the attack. When the Marines at Chateau inerry surprised their foes by the termination of their advance they idenced the kind of enthusiasm at is characteristic of all Americans d more intensely characteristic of

of the American military establish

TRENCH AND CAMP

<text>

FOUL PLAY IN THE HOME STRETCH

"A race between Hindenburg and Wilson"-thus Lloyd George ribed the war situation.

The race is in the home stretch and Wilson leads. Germany, nite local protestations from the side lines has no hope of vic-

The cheer leaders have done their work well; but it is to no The German people have been organized to cheer on occa-It is difficult for the bereaved and the half-starved to do so, The the cheer leaders carry pistols instead of megaphones! ple must cheer!

Hindenburg is beaten and he knows he is beaten. He knows runs, he resorts to foul play. It is a trick as old as human ure.

is the explanation of the U-boat raids off the Eastern This

The German Kaiser scoffingly said America's aid would come ate. The German newspapers insisted that America would be ed first by the delay necessary to train troops and then by the of transports. The German people were deceived right to very last.

Then American soldiers went into action. Even German cap-were surprised to see them in France. But the transports had going back and forth negotiating the great transatlantic ferry eafety. And the German leaders, baffled in their confusion ey felt they must explain to the patient public, said it did not ar how many American troops were landed—Hindenburg how many American troops uld take care of them !

But the British and French official reports began to tell the evo of American daring and of American achievement. Thou-nds of German soldiers, invalided home, began to describe the hting qualities of the American troops and to tell the truth about growing army from America. It was then that the U-boat ex-lient was decided upon. It was not intended to wreak any great nage upon American shipping; it was not believed that the boat could check the flow of American troops to France; it was boat could check the how of American troops to France, it was lieved America would have to withdraw her ships from foreign ters. The decision was like the language of German diplomatic tes—"intended for home consumption." A few sinkings would be multiplied as they were reported to German people. American defensive preparations would be increase a propic and if parchance a troop transport were caught

tured as panic; and if perchance a troop transport were caught hout its convoy, the unholy glee of the German militarists would see the poor, half-starved population to drag out the frayed bunt-and the few overworked church bells not yet commandeered

neal a new paeon of the already vanished hope. Instead of viewing with alarm the coming of the German sub-rines, the American people understand fully the significance of

It is indeed a race between Hindenburg and Wilson. And Hindenburg, in the language of the athlete, is almost

WEEPING WILLIE

imperial crocodile is at it This, time he weeps for poor

a he, between sobs: "When I the horrors of war, rendering ands of people homeless and ting flourishing stretches of ench country into hideous des-he thought is forced upon me, enfering and misery France have spared herself and her if the peace offer of December is, had not been so criminally

ek is complete without weep-he Kaiser. But no one be-tears. He deceives no one sil.

. 0. 8.

COMPARES WAR TO PRIZE FIGHT Comparing the great war to a prize fight, Thomas Alva Edison, the

inventor, recently said: "The fate of civilization is hanging balance. However, the world today than it was in July last dermany proposed in the balance. is safer today than it was in July last year. Germany prepared and trained for this fight as a puglisit trains for a championship bout. General Foch, like a clever boxer®parties and gives ground. The time will come when he will strike. Then the gallant veter-ans of France, the dauntless British, the daring Italians and hundreds of thousands of our own brave boys will write during this war the proudest page in the world's history. afer

MAIL IT TODAY

5. O. 8. Trench and Camp will be appre-ciated by the home folks. Send it to them regularly.

We shall never allow the blood in our veins to drown the conscience in our brains

The Archbishop of York's interpretation of the attitude of loyal German Americans

"Any peace offer coming from Berlin at present is likely to be offensive." The New York World.

'If this is any sacrifice for victory I am perfectly satisfied.' Mother of Bertram Zännetti, twenty-one, who died when the steamer President Lincoln was torpedoed. "Common perils have aroused the souls of brave men."

Former Premier Viviani of France. "If it is the German's intention to frighten our women, they will find that American women do not know how to retreat any more than do our boys in Picardy."

Miss Jane A. Delano, of the American Red Cross. "We are neither Republicans nor Democrats in this Holy War." Former President William H. Taft. "Force is the one way to end Prussianism, for it is the only thing

that the Prussian respects. Prussianism has appealed to the sword and by the sword Prussianism must perish."

Secretary of State Lansing

Confessions Of A Conscript

(This is the fifth of a series of diary entries written by a young man called from his civilian pursuits by the operation of the selective draft. The writer is Ted Wallace, a luxury-loving young man who, at the outset, has no settled convictions, except sclish ones, and who is transformed by the purging process of war into a red-blooded patriot.)

months ago. Now they have taken my brother."

he e is glad Rut it

the selected men. We were assem-bled in the public square and were treated to three hours of red-fire, oratory and refreshments. I never saw

such esthusiasm. Everyone seemed to think it was an honor for us to be called to serve the country in war. I wish I felt dif-ferently about it. I am convinced that the enthusiasm is real and I am convinced, too, that the fault is in myself. We heard the orators hark back to the days of our forefathers and tell of the traditions that will in-spire the American troops.

and tell of the traditions that will in-spire the American troops. One thing interested me very much —it was the constant repetition of the statement that it is our war as much as it is the war of France and England and Belgium. If I could be-lieve that, I am sure that the red blood of Americanism would course through my veins like fire. One of the speakers, a veteran of



I have to admit that tonight I was rather pleased that I wore a National Army brassard.

Army brassard. the war between the States, told of the thrill it gave him to think that both his sons had gone. They had not waited to be called. One is in the British service. He is in the Roy-al Flying Corps and is what they call an "Ace," meaning that he has five enemy aeroplanes to his credit. He could not be all aglow with enthu-this sons to be there. As we waited for the serving of re-freshments I saw a woman crying. I went over to her, feeling that we must have something in common. She said, "I have just lost my hus-band, and my mother and father were tried, and my mother and father were band, and my mother and father were the source is a subor of the serving of re-tried, when your eyes don't dispute your lips I may have something to say to you." Mary knows I care for her. I believe she cares for me. But in her eyes I am not all that I ought to be; and, the truth of the matter is that in my own eyes I am not all that I ought to be.



dispute "Ted, when your eyes don't your lips I may have something to say to you." von

say to you." ent or a responsibility should be a woman, with no chance to serve." I suggested that she might go as a nurse. She looked at me for a mo-ment and then exclaimed quite an-grily: "You are like all the rest! You think all a woman has to do to be a nurse is to ask for an appointment. They want women who are trained. If this war is teaching us anything it is teaching that preparedness applies to men and women just as it does to nations. Why was I brought up knowing how to do nothing!" The enthusiasm is infectious. I have to admit that tonight I was ra-ther pleased that I wore a National Army brassard. But in my heart I knew that my pleasure was but van-ity. I was one of the heroes of the occasion and I must admit that the weakness I have always recognized in myself has been love of applause. I



my brother." "It seems cruel," I suggested. "Cruel, yes—but not that he taken," she said quickly. "I am g to have him do his share. Bu seems cruel that I, without a depe

Sept. 3. Tonight the city gave a send-off to