

### OSTEOPATHIC AIMS

#### Sec. Meacham Talks Interestingly of Little Known Profession

Dr. W. Banks Meacham, of Asheville, secretary of the North Carolina Osteopathic Association talked interestingly last night on the aims and progress of his peculiar science which during the past few years has had a frequent exploitation at the hands of both the Legislature and the courts. As will be remembered the bill passed at the last session of the General Assembly requiring osteopaths to undergo an examination at the hands of the State Medical Board was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court and the members of the profession are now permitted to practice within the State without let or hindrance.

The purpose of the bill urged yesterday by Dr. Meacham and others is, they say, to establish within the bounds of their own association a similar standard of efficiency to that required by physicians in the practice of medicine. The law having intervened to give them the right of practice independently of the medical cult, they desire to be endowed with the same rights of discrimination accorded to the board which has the power of accepting or rejecting applicants for license to practice medicine in the practice of osteopathy. The bill, according to the members of the association, is aimed only at unworthy parties who without experience or practical knowledge trade upon a little known and vague term as "osteopate" in the practice of the merest quackery.

"The public seem to have a wrong interpretation," said Dr. Meacham, "of the purpose of our bill now before the Senate. From the action of a supposed osteopath in the State the reputable men now located here have to bear the stigma of being an unscrupulous, ignorant boy.

"Our bill is to exclude disreputable incompetent men, who would use the professional titles of our body and to guarantee to North Carolina that whoever practices our profession shall be honest and capable.

"The men in the State now, so far as my knowledge goes, will average in education and intelligence up to the standards held by the medical profession.

"I cannot speak in detail of the academic education of the other men of our society, but I do know as secretary that each one has a diploma from an osteopathic college recognized by the American Osteopathic Association.

"I am a member of the committee on Education and am therefore in a position to speak with authority on that point. Yes, personally, I believe I can show through training in academic and professional lines I got an A. B. from Mississippi College in 1895; an A. B. from Harvard in 1868; and D. O. from the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy in 1900. My studies in psychology under Prof. Wm. James and the special attention I gave to mental diseases in my osteopathic course prompted my osteopathic alma mater in psychology and psychiatry, which position I held until I returned South.

"Certainly there are specialists in our profession. A Doctor Berry, of Buffalo, N. Y., now treats ear diseases almost exclusively. At present my work is more or less general. The majority of my work is on nervous wrecks, and I hope in a year or two to do an exclusive practice in mental and nervous diseases. More than one D. O., today makes diseases of woman a specialty."—News & Observers

### DEATH OF DR. PHIPPS

#### Representative From Watauga Succumbs to Attack of Pneumonia

Raleigh, N. C. Feb. 10, 1905.

The death yesterday morning of Dr. C. W. Phipps, Representative from Watauga county, was one of the saddest events characterizing any recent session of the legislature. He had been suffering with a cold last week and on Saturday was confined to his bed. Pneumonia developed and he died yesterday morning at six o'clock despite every effort on the part of the attending physicians to save his life.

Mrs. Phipps, who came to the city a day or so ago, was with her husband at the end. The remains were taken yesterday on the afternoon train to be interred at Grassy Creek church, near his home, accompanied by the legislative committees named by the Senate and House, with the exception of Senator Long, of Iredell, who remains in Raleigh.

Dr. Phipps was in his own and several surrounding counties widely loved and esteemed as a conscientious practicing physician. He was forty-four years old and had practiced medicine for twenty years. He was married in 1882 to Miss Grier, of Asheville, but had no children.

His representation of his county in the present legislature was Dr. Phipps' first public service. Although inexperienced, he had already acquired the reputation of being an able, careful and conscientious legislator, serving ably on the committees on Health, Education, Roads and Turnpikes. Personally he was very popular with the legislators, who will miss him sadly.

In appearance Dr. Phipps looked to be the big, strong man that he was in sympathy and intellect. He towered high above

the heads of his fellow members when he rose to make an occasional speech or motion. That so magnificent a physical specimen should have been laid low with such sudden fate adds poignancy to the pity of his death.

Dr. Phipps had long been a devoted Odd Fellow and the members of the William G. Hill Lodge, of Raleigh, attended the sending away of the remains in a body.

### Pointed Paragraphs

A golden key unlocks many prison doors. The way of the transgressor is hard—on his friends.

It is easier for a man to bluff his creditors than his wife.

Rounds of pleasure are supposed to come out of social circles.

The wings of riches enable some men to fly from their poor relations.

No man particularly admires a woman who is so good that all her women acquaintances like her.

Umbrellas keep some men dry and others remain dry because they are not invited to take something.—Chicago News.

### Senator Bailey on Dr. Alderman (News & Observers)

It has become a sort of fashion for Southern men, when speaking in the North to give expression to the opinion that the South is no longer producing great men, as formerly, and to add that the South does not give recognition in public life to its best men. Some very good men have unwisely given expression to such views speaking in New York or elsewhere, and it is time that this unjust criticism of their section to strangers should stop. Senator Bailey, of Texas, who as constitutional lawyer and able debater upon fundamental questions, is head and shoulders above any other man of either party in the Senate, has given expression to a feeling of resentment to such criticism that is common among thoughtful men. In a recent letter, which explains itself, Senator Bailey, a distinguished alumnus of the University of Virginia, said:

"Mr. Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.

"Dear Sir: Some time ago you and others were good enough to designate me as a member of a committee whose duty it is to raise by subscription a suitable fund for the University of Virginia. I did not at that time accept the appointment, because I doubt the propriety of any man while engaged in the public service soliciting large contributions even for the most worthy purposes, but I did not feel it necessary to protest against the use of any name as a member of the committee. Recently, however, a circumstance has arisen which compels me to insist upon the withdrawal of my name from all connection with the work which your committee was intended to promote. The circumstance to which I refer is the speech which Dr. Alderman, the present head of the university delivered before the Southern Society of New York, and in which he makes a mean and wholly unwarranted reflection upon the intellect and standing of Southern Senators and representatives in Congress.

"If I thought the estimates expressed were Dr. Alderman's candid and unbiased opinion of the Southern men who are engaged in the service of their respective States I would feel less resentment, but as I am constrained to believe that he was seeking the favor of those millionaires who are supposed to abhor certain principles and policies advocated by Southern Senators and representatives, I find it impossible to be patient with his criticism. It would seem that those of our own section who complain that the South no longer supplies the republic with such men as John C. Calhoun, Henry Clay and Jefferson Davis, would also remember that other sections no longer contribute such men as Daniel Webster, Rufus Choate and Abraham Lincoln.

"Without entering into an explanation of the fact that changes in the habits and occupations of our people have established a different, and perhaps a lower, test of excellence in our public servants, I need only to remind thoughtful and candid men that Southern representatives and Senators of this time compare favorably with their associates in intellect, character and conduct as did their predecessors; and if it be true that the quality of Southern leadership is not so high as it was in other days the same can be asserted with equal truth as to all other sections. With this fact obvious to every thinking man, I have scant respect for Southern educators who unduly dispraise their own neighbors.

"Much as I would rejoice in the prosperity of the University of Virginia, I would rather see its ancient halls of learning deserted than to see them made the place where false and unjust opinions of Southern men and Southern principles are instilled into the minds of Southern youths. Regretting beyond expression the circumstance which has rendered it impossible for me to co-operate with you in your undertaking, I have the honor to be,

"Very truly yours,  
"J. W. BAILEY."

### Prisoners Pick a Lock.

Asheville, N. C., Feb. 9.—Special. Seven prisoners confined in the detention cell in the county court house awaiting trial, came near effecting their escape this afternoon by picking the lock to the heavy doors. The men, who were charged with larceny, were seen by a deputy sheriff just as they were leaving the cell. They were captured and placed in jail with little difficulty.

### EAST APPEALS TO WEST AGAIN.

#### Representative Winborne Would Have School Fund Apply Largely To White Schools Merchant's Tax Repealed.

Raleigh, Jan. 25

In an interview with Representative Winborne, the introducer of the bill to amend the constitution so that after each race, white and black, had been provided with four-month schools, there may be discrimination, he said that while everybody really favored the amendment, some were afraid to change the present status of things, thinking it in politics; that his amendment was very different from the one proposed heretofore, giving white taxes for white schools and negro taxes for negro schools. It was nothing of that kind. He declared that unless something of this kind were done, the Democrats will lose eastern North Carolina. Out of the white voters in that section of the State in the last election, the Democrats got only three in five, while the Republicans got the other two, and the votes fell off a third, as compared with what it was four years ago, a great proportion of the whites simply staying away from the polls. He says that all through the eastern part of the State that white voters are waiting to see what the Legislature would do on the public school question, and on the liquor question. He says that some of the people, he finds, want to defer to Northern sentiment, but there is nothing of this. Only three other States in the Union have in their constitutions such a provision regarding education as North Carolina has now.

#### Merchants' Purchase Tax Abolished.

The Senate and the House committees on finance this evening unanimously decided to strike out from the revenue act what is known as the merchants' purchase tax, in accordance with a special recommendation of the State Auditor. Five hundred merchants petitioned for such a course.

Norman H. Johnson, attorney for the Merchants' Association, says that 5,000 names were signed to the petitions, and that telegrams poured in all day to members of the Assembly. The measure, he says, will bring great contentment to the merchants throughout North Carolina.

### EASTER THIS YEAR.

#### Date May Be Uncertain if Prayer Book Rule is Followed.

The present year is one in which uncertainty might arise as to the date of Easter, if the Prayer Book rule were strictly followed. Dr. Downing, F. R. S., of the National Almanac office, stated that inquiries have been addressed to him on the subject. According to the Prayer Book, Easter Day (on which all other movable feasts and holy days depend) "is always the first Sunday after the full moon, which happens upon the next after the 21st day of March."

In 1905 the moon is full on the morning of Tuesday, March 21st, at 4h. 56 min. Greenwich time, and therefore, Easter Day would seem to be the Sunday following, March 26th. But, explains Dr. Downing, "the moon referred to in the ecclesiastical calendar is not the actual moon in the sky, which is full at a definite instant of time; but a fictitious moon, the time of the phases of which are arranged as not to differ much from those of the actual moon.

These phases are held to occur vaguely on certain days and hold good for all longitudes. In the instances before us the actual moon is full at 4h. 56 min. a. m., Greenwich time, while the same moon is full at 11h. 48 min. p. m., (on the preceding day) Washington mean time. Thus people adopting Greenwich time would keep Easter on March 26th, while those adopting Washington time would keep it on April 23rd the next full moon." Dr. Downing gives as the simplest expression for the date of preceding full moon, and the Paschal full moon is found by adding 29 to this date. In 1905 the exact is 24 and the calendar moon is full on March 20 and April 19th. The latter is, therefore the Paschal full moon, and Easter Day is the Sunday following April 23rd—as stated in the almanac.

### To Relieve Luropatkin.

Concluded from 1st page.

try into a slushy bog and render the movement of guns, ammunition and stores impossible until the roads hardened.

Tokio, Feb. 9.—Vice-President Takahashi, of the Bank of Japan, will leave for America and England via Vancouver, February 17th to hold preliminary conferences with financiers of those countries regarding terms of a fourth domestic loan. Minister of Finance Yoshino is arranging to meet Japanese bankers and capitalists on February 13 to discuss the matter of interest and time for which this loan will run.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 9.—Minister Souverin, editor of the Novoe Vremya in a pessimistic review of the first year of the war in today's issue of his paper attributes the responsibility for the Russian disasters first to Foreign Minister Lamsdorff, former Viceroy Alexiff and Baron Rosen, late Russian minister to Russian minister to Japan, whom he

accuses of drawing Russia into a terrible war by complete ignorance of the true state of affairs in the far east. Mr. Souverin declares the reason for the fall of Port Arthur before the complete exhaustion of its means of resistance was the death of Major General Kondratenko "who was the real hero of the defense of the fortress and who filled both the civil and military men with courage while Lieutenant General Stoesel only manifested civil courage.

Paris Feb. 9.—A dispatch to the Matin from St. Petersburg, says finance Minister Kokovsov in the course of an interview, said German firms had been given Russian military contracts in preference to French firms whose bids were considerably lower. The minister said that it was absolutely false that the Germans had, when negotiating the last loan imposed the condition that German firms should derive Russian military contracts.

### Reduced Rates.

Presidential Inauguration ceremonies, Washington, D. C. March 4, 1905. Tickets on sale March 2nd and 3rd, at rate of one first class fare plus 25 cents for the round trip. Tickets to be limited to continuous passage in each direction; final limit March 8, 1905. By depositing ticket with Special Agent at Washington, D. C. not later than March 8th, and payment of fee of one dollar, an extension of final return limit may be obtained to leave Washington March 18th.

Madr Gras, New Orleans, La., Pensacola, Fla. and Mobile, Ala. March 27 1905

For this occasion tickets will be on sale March round trip; final limit March 11th. By depositing ticket and payment of fee of 50 cents, final limit may be extended to March 25th, 1905. Stop-overs will be permitted on these tickets at the regular winter tourist stop-over points.

National Association of Manufacturers, Atlanta, Ga., May 16-18 1905. Tickets for this occasion will be sold May 14-15, 1905; final limit May 20, 1905. Final limit of these tickets may be extended by payment of fee of 50 cents to June 15, 1905.

General Assembly Southern Presbyterian Church, Ft. Worth, Texas, May 18-26, 1905. Account of the above occasion tickets will be sold May 15, 16 and 17th, rate of one first class fare, plus \$2.00 for the round trip; tickets to be limited to continuous passage in each direction. Final limit May 31st, 1905, 1905.

North Carolina Bankers Association, Winston Salem, N. C., May 17-19, 1905. Account of this occasion tickets will be sold on the certificate-plan. Certificates to be honored on or before May 22nd.

Meeting of Shriners, at Charlotte, N. C. February 28, March 1st, 1905. Account of this occasion tickets will be sold on the certificate-plan. Certificates to be honored on or before March 4th.

Tri-State Medical Association of the Carolinas and Virginia, Greensboro, N. C., February 22-24, 1905. Account of this occasion tickets will be sold on the certificate-plan. Certificates to be honored on or before Feb. 28th, 1905.

Junior Order United American Mechanics, Goldsboro, N. C., Feb. 21-24, 1905. Account of this occasion tickets will be sold on the certificate-plan. Certificates to be honored on or before Feb. 28th, 1905.

### Very Low Round Trip Rates TO WASHINGTON, D. C.

#### ACCOUNT PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURATION, MARCH 4th, 1905, SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

will sell tickets on March 2nd and 3rd, at extremely low rates to Washington, D. C., and return, with final return limit March 8th, 1905; however, an extension of final return limit may be procured to March 18th, 1905, by deposit of ticket with Joint Validating Agent at Washington prior to eight o'clock P. M., March 8th, and payment of ONE DOLLAR.

Special Inducements to Military Companies and Brass Bands in Uniform.

For detailed information as to Rates, Schedules, Sleeping Car Accommodation, etc, ASK THE AGENT, or R. L. VERNON, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.

J. H. WOOD, D. P. A Asheville, N. C. S. H. HARDWICK, W. H. TALOE, Pres. Traffic Manager. Gen'l Pass Agent Washington, D. C.

CHARLES C. LESLIE WHOLESALE DEALER IN Fish and Oysters 8 & 20 MARKET ST., CHARLESTON, S. C. Consignments of Country Produce are Respectfully Solicited, Poultry, Eggs, Etc. Fish packed in barrels and boxes for country trade a specialty.

### The Franklin Typewriter

It is the simplest, lightest, easiest, fastest running, and most durable Typewriter on the market.

The work of the FRANKLIN TYPEWRITER is always in Full View of the Operator. Alignment is perfect. The Best Typewriter made.

**The Franklin. Price. \$75.00**  
Cutter Tower Co.,  
Jenifer Building, 7th & D. Sts. N. W., Washington, D. C.  
W. F. WOOD, Local Agent.

### EVERY SOUTHERN FARMER SHOULD READ SOUTHERN AGRICULTURIST

PUBLISHED AT NASHVILLE, TENN.

Because it is edited by Southern men to suit Southern conditions. In every issue such men as Maj. Thos. J. Key, former Assistant Commissioner of Agriculture of Alabama, and Andrew M. Soule, Director of the Virginia Experiment Station, answer questions which are put to them by intelligent Southern farmers.

Every issue is like a big farmers' experience meeting and worth twice the cost of a whole year's subscription.

Twice a month the Southern Agriculturist goes to 50,000 Southern farm homes. Don't you want to join our big, happy family? If so, send 50 cents for a year's subscription. You will never regret it.

**Southern Agriculturist, Nashville, Tenn.**

Agents Wanted.—We give handsome premiums and liberal cash commissions to active agents. If you want to work for us, ask for our Premium List or Cash Commissions. Disties and other useful presents for lady workers. Guns, etc., for boys.

### FREE TO READERS OF POLK COUNTY NEWS

For a short time we will give to every new or renewing subscriber to our paper a year's subscription to the Southern Agriculturist, absolutely free of charge. Subscribe now and take advantage of this remarkable offer.

If you are already a subscriber, pay a full year in advance and get this valuable present.

Your leading county paper and the leading Southern farm paper, both for the price of one.

This proposition will not be held open indefinitely, so hurry up.

ADDRESS POLK COUNTY NEWS, Columbus, N. C.

Sample copies of the Southern Agriculturist can be had at this office.

### Kilfyre! Kilfyre!! Kilfyre!!!

That is exactly what it is, a Filler. Demonstration every day at the State Fair showing its fire fighting qualities. Every Farmer, Oil Mill, Ginnery and any one owning property should have them.

For Sale By  
**Columbia Supply Co., Columbia, S. C.**

The machinery supply house of the state.

### Three Times the Value of any Other

ONE-THIRD EASIER,  
ONE-THIRD FASTER

Agents wanted in all unoccupied Territory.

**Wheeler & Wilson, M'g Co  
Atlanta Ga**

**McCall & Conley, Marion, N. C.**

### POSITIONS Guaranteed by a

**\$5,000** BANK DEPOSIT

Railroad Fair Paid. 500 FREE Courses Offered. Board at Cost. Write Quick.

Georgia-Alabama Business College, Macon Ga

### HUB SHOES

This Brand on a Shoe means something! If you want the BEST for your money, call for "THE HUB."

### Wachovia Loan and Trust Company

Asheville, N. C., Branch.

CAPITAL, - - \$600,000.00

T. S. MORRISON, CHAIRMAN,  
W. B. WILLIAMSON, CASHIER.

### GENERAL BANKING SAVINGS AND TRUST DEPARTMENTS.

**Board of Managers.**

T. S. Morrison, Asheville Carriage and Wagon Depository.  
W. B. Northrup, Brown, Northrup & Co., Hardware.  
D. M. Hodges, Hodges & Mitchell, Gen'l Agts. Prudential Life Ins. Co.  
T. F. Davidson, Davidson, Bourne & Parker, Attys.  
D. G. Devenish, Supt. Elk Mt. Cotton Mills.  
Thos. W. Raoul, Pres. Albemarle Park Co.  
J. M. Westall, Contractor and Builder.  
W. T. Weaver, Pres. W. T. Weaver Power Co.  
R. Bingham, Bingham School.  
R. S. Howland, Pres. Howland Imp. Co., Lessees Atlantic & N. C. R. R.  
J. C. Prichard, U. S. Circuit Judge.