### Marriage Licenses Issued Turkey Production And Income [

BY REGISTER OF DEEDS, KENASNVILLE, N.C. FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL, 1969:

McKinley Lloyd Scarbrough, Rose Hill, and Pauline Pearsall,

James Junior Herring, Ken-ansville, and Mary Pearl Wilson, Warsaw.

Robert Donald Phillips, War-saw, and LaDonna Fay Miller, Faison. Michael Lee Bradshaw, Rose

Hill, and Barbara Ann Henderson, Wallace.
Albert Earl King, Wallace, and Rebecca Ann Washington,

Eugene Marion Ward, Wadesboro, and Katie Sue Grady, Kenansville.

Ray Cornelious Hall, Beu-laville, and Constance Necola Carr, Magnolia. Charles Mike Houston, Pink

Hill, and Emily Carol James Wallace.

Dean Hardison Cooper, Fai-son, and Ruth Memory Dall, Mount Olive.

Wiley Edward Hill, Kinston, and Retha Mae Jones Bell, Mt. Olive.

William Arthur McDuffie, Warsaw, and Carol Evangeline, Whitfield, Calypso. Oscar Junior Corbett, Wallice, and Latricia Ann Sloan,

Wallace. Norwood Deane Teachey, Rose Hill, and Norma Kathryn

Sumner, Pink Hill. Robert Charles Pate, Turkey, and Mary Lillian Boone, Rose

Johnny Malcolm Andrews, Beulaville, and Sandra Kay

Lanier, Chinquapin. Billy Raybon Dail, Warsaw, and Ruth Carolyn Warren Cratch, Warsaw.

Paul Jeffrey King, Mount Ol-

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**Aluminum Entrances** 

WINDSHIELDS - AUTO GLASS

MAYNE GLASS AND TIRECO

Mount Olive, N. C. Phone 658-3956

ive, and Mary Lou Hill Dall, Martin Luther Lanler, Ch-

inquapin, and Ella Lou Whaley Nethercutt, Warsaw. Charles Bernard Folger, Jr., Raleigh, and Rachel Ann Saun-ders, Rose Hill.

James Wald Harden, Middle-town, Ohio and Cherry Ann Lanier, Beulaville,

Loycurtis Murray, Rose Hill, and Patricia Ann Houston, Ken-

George Washington Farrior, Jr., Kenansville, and Martha Washington Smith, Warsaw. William Horton Stroud, Go-

Idsboro, and Katheryne Deloris Hope, Mount Olive.

David Arnel Poole, Chinquapin, and Katle Mae Pitts, Ch-

inquapin.

Milfon Ray Wood, Richlands,
and Patricia Alice Sumner,

#### Aluminum Foil Can Help Solve Picnic Problems

NEW YORK (a)-Looking forward to preparing your family's first picnic of the season?
About all you need, besides

the food, is a freezer and some aluminum foil. With foil and a freezer

available, you can make sand-wiches as far in advance as you like. Give them a secure foil wrapping and put them into the freezer.

Pack the sandwiches, still frozen, in your picnic basket. They will have thawed and will taste freshly made by the time your family says they can't wait another minute for

For easy eating and no cleanup, plan the menu for this first picnic of the year,

TABLE TOP GLASS

(Cut to any shape)

# Reaches A High Record

RALEIGH, N.C., May 2, — Turkey production in the Tar Heel State has grown by leaps and bounds in recent years. Official records for turkeys began in North Carolina in 1929.
During that year, there were 221,000 turkeys produced averaging 28.8 cents per pound, bringing a total gross value of \$728,000. Production fluctuated around the 200,000 bird level until 1945 when 371,000 turkeys were produced. Increases were gradual over the next few years and by 1952 over one million birds were produced averaging 36.4 cents per pound with gross income of \$6,305,000. Production fluctuated over the next 10 years but by 1964 it had reached 4,095,000 turkeys and a gross income of \$15,819,000. Since 1964, each year was a new record high for production. In 1967 there were 6,922,000 tur-

keys raised valued at \$22,956,-000. Production in 1968 reached a new record of 8,266,-000 birds, averaging 21.0 cents per pound and bringing a gross income of \$32,578,000. North Carolins ranked 4th among the States in turkeys produced dur-

ing 1968. UNITED STATES: Turkey production in the United States during 1968 totaled 106,221,000 birds compared with 126,314,000 produced in 1967. Gross income of turkeys produced in 1968 to-taled \$414,629,000 compared with \$459,528,000 in 1967. The average price received per pound by producers in 1968 was 20.5 cents compared with 19.7 cents per pound in 1967. The 5 leading states in turkey production during 1968 in order of importance were California, Minnesota, Missouri, North Carolina and Tekas.

## Deadline For Voting On **Cotton Allotment Tranfers**

Cotton growers are reminded The vote will not affect the today that the period May 5 transfer of upland cotton allthrough May 9 is the time for otments by sale or lease from voting on whether a cotton farmer may sell or lease his same county, and it will not affarm's cotton allotment for 1970 fect transfers across county and so transfer it for use on another farm outside the county (but within the State). A "yes" vote by at least two-thirds of the county's cotton farmers who vote in the referendum will permit such transfers to be made in 1970 for a period of time agreed on by the parties involved.

To become effective for 1970, transfer requests must be filed at the county office during the period June 1 through December 31, 1969. A grower is eligible to vote in the referendum if he produces upland cotton in the county. Ballots will be ma-iled to all known cotton producers on May 2, and any cotton producer who does not receive one by mail is urged to immediately get in touch with the ASCS county office.

The ballots may be mailed in or brought to the county office at any time within the voting period, but the ballot must be in the county office by the close of business on Friday, May 9, or postmarked by midnight on that date,

one farm to another within the lines from one farm to another owned or operated by the same person. Both of these kinds of transfers are already provided

If more than a third of the growers voting in the referendum vote 'no' sales and leases of cotton allotments outside the county may not be made during 1970. Past referenda on allotment transfers have applied to

crop years through 1969. The referendum May 5-9 affects only the 1970 crop year.

#### SPACE AGE METAL

NEW YORK (a)-Aluminum's importance in the Space Age can be seen from this fact: the Polaris missile, one of the first potent submarine-borne deterents, requires 4,000 pounds of light metal. A few more thousand pounds of aluminum in pow-der form goes into the missile's propellant mix.

> SAY YOU SAW IT IN THE TIMES - SENTINEL

MARY BOWERS **Electric Living Specialist** Carolina Power & Light Company

Don't you sometimes wish that you could shop sitting down? There's one time when you can, in fact, when you should-when buying chairs and sofas. The quality of an upholstered piece of furniture is too often judged only on style and appearance. Ignoring comfort, you neglect the opportunity to try before

When you do sit for a few moments in that daisy-dotted slipper chair or in that pony hide sofa, ask yourself if you really feel comfortable. Make sure your feet touch the floor. See that your back is well supported, that your knees bend on the edge, and that you have plenty of room without feeling cramped. If the chair or sofa has arms, they should support your arms without your raising your shoulders. Note the back, If it is slightly slanted, it will be more comfortable than if it is stick-straight or very slanted, although the deeper the chair, the more slanted the back should be. You should not have to struggle out of any chair or sofa.

After you have sat in the chair that has caught your eye and you find it comfortable, get its inside story. Good workmanship and fine materials will help assure maximum comfort.

FRAME: First, examine the frame if it is not hidden under padding and fabric. The wood should be kiln dried so that the frame will remain stable and support sizable weights. It should be joined by dowels, glued, and reinforced with corner blocks. Just make sure it is sturdy.

BASE: Next, tip the chair back or on its side. Look through the dust cover, you will see webbing which supports the springs. The springs are carefully to the strips of webbing with strong thread. For added comfort a layer of padding lies between springs and a muslin cover. Then the chair is upholstered with

PADDING: Read the label on the cushion to find out what it is filled with. To determine what kind of material you think most comfortable, sit in a number of different pieces.

A latex foam cushion will provide a durable, resilient seat, Polyester fibers as well as cotton, provide satisfactory fillers for cushions. The traditional status symbol of furniture fillers is goose down or feathers. The highest priced of all fillers, down or feathers make you feel as if you are sitting on a cloud. Vegetable products -- cellulose, sisal, and jute -- often make fine padding for tight seat dining chairs.

BUYING TIPS: Comfort is the ultimate goal in upholstered furniture, but appearance is important too. The pattern of the cover should be matched, straight, not pulled, and well balanced, See that the seat's skirts hang as smoothly and evenly as yours do. Zippers and snaps should be well hidden.

PAGE 9 THE DUPLIN TIMES-PROGRESS SENTINEL MAY 8. 1999 The fabric you select should be tightly woven, the yarns being very close together. Test for roughness and scratchiness. A protective finish on the fabric helps insure against dirt and spills. The price of the chair or sofa will vary depending on the "grade" of fabric you select. Select a good quality fabric for it will last and you will save money in the long run. Reupholstering is very expensive.

## DUPLIN CO. FARM BUREAU Man Of The Quarter



W. J. (Billy) Knowles

When a man does an outstanding job of helping people with something as important as dependable planning for the future security of their families, Robert L. Worthington, Agency Manager, believes he should be recognized. Here is a man whose thorough training, skill and experience in planning have made him his agency's leading representative in the past 3 months.

Shouldn't your plans for your family's security be reviewed? Farm Bureau believes that this man is equipped to offer you me best in Planned Insurance,

N. C. FARM BUREAU N. C. **BLUE CROSS & BLUE SHIELD** 



