

THE RALEIGH-CARY ROAD IS ASSURED

NO ERROR FOUND IN CASE OF WOODALL VS. WESTERN WAKE HIGHWAY COMMISSION.

SPATCHES FROM RALEIGH

Things and Happenings That Mark the Progress of North Carolina People, Gathered Around the State Capital.

Raleigh. The Supreme Court found no error in the trial of the case of L. B. Woodall v. Western Wake Highway Commission from Wake county, involving the validity of the act of the General Assembly of 1917 creating the highway district and the legality of the election by which \$130,000 bond issue was authorized for road work in the district. The opinion was written by Chief Justice Walter Clark.

Addition to Hall of History.

The Hall of History has two interesting additions to its portrait gallery, both oil portraits by William Carl Browne, the best painter North Carolina has ever claimed. One is of Bryan Grimes, Esquire, father of Major General Bryan Grimes and grandfather of the Secretary of State; the other of Captain John F. S. Van de Bokkelen, of the Confederate States army of Wilmington.

Amendments Ratified.

Raleigh.—Democratic state headquarters closed here, Chairman Thomas E. Warren going to his home satisfied that the state has rolled up most probably a 50,000 majority for democracy, far outstripping his pre-election expectation of around 30,000, and that the state is sending a solid democratic congressional delegation back to Washington to hold up the hands of President Wilson.

Along with the sweeping democratic victory in the state is the evidence most gratifying to State Superintendent of Public Instruction J. Y. Joyner and Governor Bickett that the six months school amendment and the vote and mortgage exemption amendment to the constitution are both ratified at the polls. This means that every rural school district must have at least six months school term and that those buying a farm home of not over \$5,000 value may have notes and mortgages due to the farm exempted from taxation to the amount of \$3,000. This to be deducted from the tax valuation of the property.

Seven in Name; One in Aim.

Seven in name, but one in aim. From those at home to those who fight, no creeds—only deeds. A dollar knows no religion—it works for all. United we serve. These are just some of the ideas that animate the United War Work Campaign, Nov. 11-18, which is being inaugurated by the seven organizations—Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., Knights of Columbus, Jewish Welfare Board, Salvation Army, and other bodies seeking to raise \$170,500,000. Seven in one to a single end—to help our boys. Turn your dollars into smiles, and keep them smiling. They back our boys and keep them in good cheer. Uncle Sam takes care of their bodies. This united service will take care of their hearts. Give cheerfully. Give doubly.

G. A. T. C. Director.

Professor P. H. Baggett, member of the faculty of the University of North Carolina, will probably succeed the late Dr. E. K. Gaham as regional director for the G. A. T. C. in the Fifth District, which embraces Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida. Prof. Baggett is now acting regional director pending the appointment of Dr. Graham's successor. The headquarters of the District G. A. T. C. are located in Raleigh and are in charge of Business Manager J. C. Wardlaw.

A Syndicate Purchase.

A syndicate headed by Frederick K. Ruppert, president of the Converse company, of New York city, has purchased the controlling stock in Pilot cotton mills, of Raleigh, operated the past 18 years by W. H. Williamson, of this city, as president of a local company that built and equipped the mill and has successfully run the plant up to this time. It is now one of the largest cotton mills in this immediate section turning out annually millions of yards of cotton goods.

Quail Hunters Must Wait.

Although open season for hunting squirrel, rabbit and pheasant has arrived in Wake county, quail hunters must wait fifteen more days. Part-ridges may be shot in Wake county, within the law, between November 15 and March 1.

The following summarizes the game season limitations in Wake county:

- Deer, November 1-March 1; squirrel, rabbit, December 1-March 1; quail, November 15-March 1; ruffed grouse, November 1-March 1; wild turkey, November 15-March 1; dove, November 15-March 1; woodcock, November 1-January 1; black-bellied and golden plover, yellowlegs, November 1-December 16; ducks, geese, Wilson snipe, November 1-February 1; opossums, raccoon, October 1-February 1; non-resident license, \$10.25.

Local Boards at Work.

Every North Carolina local board must call and examine ninety per cent of its class 1 men from nineteen to thirty-six year old during the week, according to the instructions of the Adjutant General being sent out by Captain T. B. McCargo, draft executive.

"Every selective service official," says Captain McCargo, "is rendering service that is essentially military in character. For this reason, we should respond with military precision whenever an order is given. A part of this war is being fought by the soldiers in France, but just as important part is being fought by the local boards. The boys in France don't stop because of epidemics or other difficulties, and local boards can't afford to."

McComb Is Reassigned.

Col. A. C. Macomb, commanding officer at Camp Greene, has received an order from Adjutant General Harris placing him on the active list and formally reassigning him to the command of this camp. Since he was retired October 17, Colonel Macomb has continued as camp commander pending the receipt of orders reassigning him or sending him to his home.

The order putting at rest all apprehension that another army officer would be sent to replace Colonel Macomb came almost simultaneously with information that 10,000 men would arrive at Camp Greene within a short time. Engineer units of a total strength of about 5,000 men will be organized here.

North Carolina Casualties.

Saualties among North Carolina troops, overseas, as shown by late reports from the front, are as follows:

Killed in action: Privates T. F. Petty, Stratford; Turner Smith, Gibson; A. E. Stevenson, Charlotte; Lieut. J. C. Lumsden, Wilson; Private H. K. Knott, Charlotte.

Died of wounds: Private John Creech, Goldsboro; Sgts. S. G. Hummel, Goldsboro; E. J. Dillingham, Dillingham; J. B. Vester, Nashville.

Died of disease: Sgt. H. B. Connell, Winston-Salem; Privates S. McLaughlin, Maxton; Carlyle Bailey, Mars Hill; W. W. Ashe, Halifax; Edward Wright, Jacksonville; H. H. Straughan, Rowland; S. Herring, Seven Springs; Cook H. McFarland, Durham.

Lost at Sea—Lawrence Palmer, Lenoir.

Severely wounded: Lieuts. S. S. Woodley, Creswell; H. M. Phillips, Charlotte; Corps. T. A. Lee, Norwood; H. E. Page, Benson; S. A. Russell, Star; Privates M. A. Buchanan, Greenscreek; C. A. Pritchard, Elizabeth City; B. H. Riddle, Sanford; J. R. Fisher, Rosemary; J. R. Cordell, Clayton; J. C. Gaston, Hendersonville; Robt. Mitchell, Winston-Salem; J. H. Tritt, Gastonia; W. E. McIntyre, Rockingham; E. F. Sheppard, Alvin; Labon Lilly, Williamston; John Patterson, Wagram.

Slightly wounded: Capt. Vincent Rousseau, Charlotte; Lieuts. H. A. Whitefield, Goldsboro; A. G. Hart, Charlotte; Corps. M. C. Fowler, Hamlet; B. F. Jennette, Middleton; C. W. Gunter, Newhill; Privates J. N. Evans, Spray; Welzy Dodd, Just; R. Tysinger, Randleman; D. O. West, Columbia; J. L. Parks, Seagrave; Jason Allen, Dunn; C. G. Baker, Big Pine; J. H. Moye, New Bern; M. J. Moye, Greenville; H. Husky, Ruffin.

Prisoner or missing: Privates J. W. Mills, Winnabow; Fay Robbins, Ellenboro.

Lynching in Wake.

Within six hours after he had been identified by Mrs. L. S. Rogers as the man who criminally assaulted her on the afternoon of October 30, George Taylor, a negro, was lynched in sight of the Rogers' home about two miles southeast of Rolesville. Coroner Separk and deputy sheriffs found the negro's body hanging by its feet from the limb of a tree, the body having been terribly mutilated and riddled with bullets. The lynching, as far as can be remembered, is the first that ever occurred in Wake county.

Price of Railway Ties.

The price of cross ties being paid upon authority of the national railway administration, effective November 1, were declared as the highest in the history of the railway industry by J. W. Evans, of Charlotte, inspector in-structor of the regional purchasing committee. Ties are classed according to five grades. The prices for white oak ties, 8 1/2 feet in length, vary according to grade from 70 cents to \$1.25, and for red oak ties, from 55 cents to \$1.10, he said.

PLACES IN CAMP OPEN TO NOV. 25

APPLICANTS ARE ELIGIBLE FROM EVERY SECTION OF THE STATE.

TIME GIVEN FOR JOURNEY

The Fact of Being Drafted Will Not Affect Chances of Applicant Being Sent to Camp.

Charlotte.—For the purpose of receiving applications from civilians for admission to the officers' training camp at Camp Fremont, Cal., which will be opened December 1, Lieut. R. Spicer arrived here and established headquarters in the office of Mayor McNinch, at the city hall. Lieutenant Spicer said applications would be received probably until November 25, the last day such could be received and give the applicant, if accepted, time to make the transcontinental journey.

The war department has fixed 20,000 as the maximum number that will be admitted to the camp, and the quota assigned North Carolina is 410 candidates. The only qualifications for admission are a sound body and a high school, or equivalent, education, said Lieutenant Spicer. Only one other officer has been assigned to this duty in North Carolina, and is stationed at Winston-Salem. A civilian from any state, however, or any part of this state may apply here for admission. Lieutenant Spicer said the possibility of being drafted would have no effect upon the applicant being sent to the training camp, provided his application is accepted. He explained that an accepted applicant if drafted, should inform his commanding officer of this fact upon arrival at a camp, and at the proper time, the applicant would be sent to the training camp.

Morgan B. Speir, local representative of the Military Training Camp Association of the United States is assisting Lieutenant Spicer in his work.

High School Over Top.

Durham.—Wilson high school is the first in North Carolina to go "over the top." Word came to Durham that 197 boys and girls had signed up. Wilson campaign managers at once telegraphed to state headquarters for a large supply of boys and girls buttons. They are jubilant that this institution is first to report 100 per cent. Other schools in the state report excellent progress and it is expected that a large number will be over the top before the drive begins.

Severe Sentence Confirmed. Washington (Special).—Lieut. Albert A. Fleming, Sixteenth Field Artillery, who was court-martialed at Camp Greene May 28, 1918, for desertion and passing bad checks, has been sentenced to dismissal from the service and to be confined at hard labor for 10 years. The sentence has been approved by the President, and was made public. Fleming was stationed at Fort Sill, Okla., at the time of his desertion February 14, last. He was apprehended at Paris Island, S. C.

Four Minute Men to Aid.

Charlotte.—The first meeting of the speakers' bureau for the united war work campaign in Charlotte was held for the purpose of organizing and getting ready for the speeches for this campaign. The chairman of the committee, John W. Fox, represents the war camp community service, and the other members are Mrs. Paul Allan, representing the Y. W. C. A.; E. R. Preston, of the American Library association; M. Kirschbaum, of the Jewish Welfare board; George Myers, of the Knights of Columbus. The representative of the Salvation Army on this committee has not yet been selected.

Th speakers who will operate under this committee are members of the four-minute men organization of this city and county, and the matter will be that prepared by the committee on public information, approved by the seven organizations.

M. E. Church Conference.

November 20 has been fixed as the date and Tryon street church, in Charlotte, has been decided upon as the place where the western North Carolina conference of the M. E. church, south, will convene in annual session, with Bishop U. V. W. Darling presiding. This announcement was made by Presiding Elder H. K. Boyer, of the Charlotte district, following a conference of the Methodist ministers and other representatives of the Charlotte churches.

Former Governor at Camp.

Major H. D. Hatfield, army medical corps, former governor of West Virginia, arrived at the base hospital at Camp Greene and was assigned by Colonel Wrenn, commanding, to duty as a staff surgeon. Major Hatfield was graduated from Franklin College, Ohio, in 1890, and received his M. D. degree from the medical department of the University of Louisville, and took post-graduate courses at New York University medical department, New York Polytechnic medical school and Cornell university.

MORE STUDENTS SENT TO CAMP

Seventeen Students From Various Sections of the State Are Sent to Camp Taylor.

Raleigh.—Seventeen more members of the S. A. T. C. at State College have been sent to Camp Zachary Taylor, near Louisville, Ky., for training in the Field Artillery Central Officers' Training School.

These men are Owens H. Brown, West Raleigh; Clyde F. Farley, High Point; William H. Blanton, Shelby; Nettleton P. Murphy, Salisbury; William G. Cheek, Durham; William L. Roach, Durham; Willia E. Post, Asheville; George B. King, Jr., Greensboro; Percy V. Hooper, Elizabeth City; Jas. O. Holt, Greensboro; Halsey K. Thompson, Aurora; Robert L. Sprinkle, Reidsville; Carl G. Buchanan, Marion; Elmer B. Young, Rock Hill, S. C.; Thomas R. Smith, Concord; Robert E. Dunn, Raleigh; Tycho N. Nissen, Winston-Salem.

Revenue Collections Announced.

Statesville.—During the month of October just closed, Collector Watts, of this district, collected the sum of \$3,552,625.61 in internal revenue taxes, the various sources being as follows: Tobacco, \$3,365,488.46; income taxes, \$79,321.70; emergency, \$51,255.92; admissions and dues, \$18,721.70; estate taxes, \$23,694.83; capital stock, \$3,243; documentary stamps, \$3,038.54; insurance, \$2,778.74; fines, etc., \$2,016.17; public utilities, \$1,930.93.

Objectors Lose Share.

Asheville.—The last will and testament of W. J. Slayden, who died recently in Washington following a brief illness from influenza, was filed for probate in the office of John R. Catter, clerk of the superior court. The document, which disposes of approximately \$450,000 worth of property, has an unique clause in it which provides that in the event any of the legatees are not pleased with the provisions they are to be deprived of the estate.

To Reopen Highway.

Asheville.—Citizens of the Bat Cave section, members of the Buncombe county commissioners and the Asheville board of trade will appear before the commissioners of Rutherford county and ask that the bridge near Logans, which was washed away by the flood last week, be replaced at once in order that there may be no continued hold-up in the traffic on the Asheville-Charlotte highway.

Three spans of the high bridges near Uree were also destroyed by the flood, but the work of repairing this bridge has already been started under the direction of J. B. Clingman, district maintenance engineer. The old wooden bridge is being replaced with a steel structure, and it is expected that 20 days will be required to complete the work.

War Savings Pledges.

Raleigh.—The Raleigh District War Savings Conference will be held at Raleigh, Saturday, November 9. The counties of Wake, Durham, Johnston, Franklin, Harnett, Lee, Chatham, Orange, Vance, Granville, Person and Warren comprise the Raleigh district and will be represented at this conference by their county and township War Savings chairmen, newspaper men, representatives-elect to the legislature, merchant representatives and other enthusiastic war workers.

The conference will be held by representatives from State headquarters at the court house at 11 o'clock. The purpose of the conference is to get before the workers of this district the plans and instructions for putting on a wind-up drive in December that will get all War Savings pledges redeemed and enough additional sales to complete the State's War Savings quota.

Storm Brings Good Luck.

Asheville.—While entertaining a party of friends at his farm on Beaverdam, John Drake, a well-known street car conductor and wrestler of the city, found what he believes to be a valuable deposit of mica in the front yard of his country home—"Squirrel Tail Ranch." The recent heavy rains had formed a stream through his yard and in the subsequent erosion a considerable outcropping of mica was uncovered which Mr. Drake believes will prove a valuable deposit.

Killed by Automobile.

Statesville.—Dr. W. J. Hill, of Statesville, one of the county's leading physicians, was instantly killed, near Cleveland, 10 miles east of here, when the Dodge roadster he was driving overturned pinning him underneath it. Dr. Hill had started to Cleveland to answer a call and when about a mile this side of his destination, one of the front wheels of the car gave way causing the wrecking of the car and resulting in his neck being broken. This untimely death is deeply regretted here.

Teachers to Be Paid.

Charlotte.—At a meeting of the county board of education it was decided that the 63 teachers of the 17 schools of the county will receive full pay for the period of idleness caused by the quarantine. The board also decided, however, to request the teachers to remain for two weeks after the date set for the conclusion of their school terms, and teach without being compensated.

It was the general opinion of the board that such an arrangement would be satisfactory.

GENERAL APPROVAL ARMISTICE TERMS

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER IS USUAL INTERPRETATION BY STATESMEN.

OUR AID TO BE EXTENDED

High Water Mark of Justice in All English-Speaking Peoples and Their Allies.

Washington.—Unanimous approval of the armistice terms imposed on Germany was voiced by members of Congress.

Unconditional surrender was the interpretation of most senators and representatives, although some expressed disappointment that demobilization of the German armies was not required. Sentiment for punishment of those responsible for murders and other atrocities also was voiced.

President Wilson's suggestion in his address informing Congress of the armistice terms that the victorious nations extend aid to the peoples of the central powers in their efforts for self government and to prevent them from further suffering for want of food and other necessities of life also was commended.

Vice President Marshall said:

"The President's address sets a high water mark in the annals of the justice of English-speaking peoples and of all the allies. For the future, justice must lead and not follow success."

Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania:

"The terms of the armistice with most satisfactory. From now on, government will be responsive to the wishes of the people."

Senator Pomerene, of Ohio:

"The terms of the armistice with Germany will prove universally acceptable. One thing, however, the allies, including the United States, must insist upon—that the officers and men guilty of the horrible cruelties which have shocked humanity shall be turned over to them for trial and punishment."

THIRTY DAY ARMISTICE; DANGERS ARE POINTED OUT

The duration of the armistice is 30 days and various periods are specified within those 30 days for compliance with certain specific terms.

One provision of the armistice was inserted after the German revolutionaries took possession of the German fleet. It provides that if the fleet is not delivered as specified in the agreement, the associated governments may occupy the Helgoland fortress as an advanced base to secure possession of it.

In his address to Congress, the President sounded a note of warning, that unless the German people are fed, unless their distress is relieved, there is danger of bolshevism. The question of what sort of government might arise to make peace, he declared, was a matter for no small anxiety and misgiving.

BLOOD CEASES TO FLOW AND FRANCE REJOICES

Paris.—The municipal council of Paris has had the following posted on walls in all parts of the city:

"Citizens! Victory is here—triumphant victory. The vanquished enemy lays down his arms. Blood ceases to flow. Let Paris emerge from her ordered reserve. Let us give free course to our joy and enthusiasm and hold back our tears.

"Let us testify to our infinite gratitude to our grand soldiers and their incomparable chiefs by festooning our houses in the colors of France and our allies. Our dead can sleep in peace. The sublime sacrifice they have made for the future of their race and the salvation of their country will not be in vain.

"The day of glory has come. Long live the republic! Long live immortal France!"

ANNOUNCEMENTS APPLAUDED IN THE FRENCH CHAMBER

Paris.—Scenes of the wildest enthusiasm were enacted in the chamber of deputies when Premier Clemenceau read the conditions of the German armistice. The whole chamber rose to greet the premier while the galleries, in which was a predominance of soldiers in uniform and women cheered several minutes.

Prolonged cheering greeted the announcement that Alsace-Lorraine would be occupied.

GERARD URGES EXTRADITION AND TRIAL OF EX-KAISER

New York.—Extradition of former Emperor William of Germany from Holland and his trial in England on the charge of murder for which he has been indicted there, was urged here by Jas. W. Gerard. "There is a treaty between Holland and England," Mr. Gerard declared, "by which they can extradite the ex-kaiser, who has been indicted in England and try him before an English court. I guess we all know what the verdict would be."

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.) (Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 17

JACOB FLEEING FROM HIS ANGRY BROTHER.

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 28:10-22. GOLDEN TEXT—He hath not dealt with us after our sins, nor rewarded us according to our iniquities.—Psalms 103:10. ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Genesis 27:46-28:9.

The motive which moved Rebekah to send Jacob away was a mixed one. She realized that Esau's anger was hot against Jacob, even to the point where he was likely to kill him. She further knew that justice would have to be meted out to him, and thus she would be bereft of them both. Then, too, she realized that if Jacob remained in that land he would likely marry a heathen woman and thus defeat God's purpose regarding the covenant nation. This latter she pressed upon Isaac as a motive for sending him away.

1. Jacob's Flight (v. 10).

He was fleeing from his outraged brother. His flight was necessary to save his life. He seems not to have gone the common road, so as to be less likely overtaken by Esau, should he pursue him. Through forced march he reaches Bethel, a spot nearly fifty miles away, by nightfall.

II. Jacob's Vision (vv. 11-17).

Jacob's soul was peculiarly tested. He had to leave home and mother. On the way to Haran night overtakes him, and he is obliged to sleep in a field with a stone for his pillow and the canopy of heaven for a covering. It was under such circumstances that the Lord gave him the wonderful vision at Bethel. Many times the rough experiences and severe trials of life help us on toward God. Luxury and heavenly visions do not usually go together. This finds illustration in John on Patmos; Stephen looking into heaven while being stoned, and John Bunyan in Bedford jail.

1. I saw a ladder reaching from earth to heaven (v. 12).

This suggests a means of communication between earth and heaven, between man and God. It showed Jacob that in spite of his awful sin there was a way to heaven for him. Jesus Christ is the ladder connecting earth and heaven for us (John 1:51; 14:6; Hebrews 10:19, 20). In the incarnation Jesus Christ descended to earth's lowest depth and made a way upon which human feet might climb to heaven. Fortunate are they who in the times of earth's trials discern this ladder!

2. He saw angels of God upon the ladder (v. 12).

They were ascending and descending upon this ladder. These angels were the divine helpers to render needed assistance along life's way. Though unseen, God's angels guide and protect us on our earthly pilgrimage. They ascend unto the Father with our needs, and descend unto us with God's reply. Christ is a real man, and so can identify himself with us; he is the very God, really divine, and so is able to lift us to God and secure our reconciliation with him.

3. He saw the Lord standing above the ladder (vv. 13-17).

To show Jacob that the ladder did not merely reach into space, the personal God appeared and talked with him. His message is filled with infinite grace. (1) He declared the God of Abraham and Isaac (v. 13), thus assuring Jacob that the same hand that guided his fathers was over him. (2) He renewed the covenant as to the land (v. 13). Though Jacob was now fleeing from the land, yet the covenant would not fail, for Jacob and his seed should possess it. (3) Assured him of a numerous seed (v. 14). They would spread abroad to the north, and south, and east, and west. (4) The divine presence with the wandering Jacob (v. 15). Though he had sinned and was weeping what he had sinned, yet God was with him.

III. Jacob's Vow (vv. 18-22).

God's gracious visitation provoked Jacob to make a vow. Each sight of God should cause us to renew our obligation to him. His vow included three things: (1) Dedication of himself to God (v. 12). This is the first thing to do. Our gifts are an abomination while the life is withheld from God. (2) Worship established (vv. 18, 19). "This stone shall be God's house." Worship always follows dedication of one's self to God. There is personal communion between God and those who worship him. (3) Consecration of his substance, of his possessions (v. 22). Those who have fellowship with God recognize God's claim upon their possessions. God's grace should constrain us to give of our substance to him.

Meditation.

Meditation is one way of handling the Gospel history. Instead of a vague, half-remembered, less than half-comprehended, story, the life of Jesus, steadily meditated on, passes into the life of the Christian, by an insensible but real transmutation.—Rev. H. P. Liddon, D. D.

A Spiritual Relation.

True friendship is a spiritual relation. God reveals himself to us in many ways through our different friends.—E. V. H.