

RED CROSS GIFTS \$400,000,000

War Council on Retirement Announces Cash and Supplies Contributed.

WORKERS WILL "CARRY ON."

Five Big Societies in World Wide Plan. H. P. Davison Heads International American Red Cross Commission. Dr. Livingston Farrand Permanent Leader of Peace Organization.

Washington.—(Special.)—Henry P. Davison as chairman issues the following statement on behalf of the War Council of the American Red Cross: "To the American People:

"The War Council of the American Red Cross appointed by President Wilson on May 10, 1917, to carry on the work of the American Red Cross during the war, at their request and by vote of the Central Committee, ceased at midnight, February 28.

"Immediately the armistice was signed the War Council instituted studies to determine when the strictly war work of the organization would have been sufficiently matured to enable the direction of affairs to be resumed by the permanent staff. Henry P. Davison, being in Paris when the armistice was signed, summoned a conference there of the heads of all the Red Cross Commissions in Europe to canvass the situation. After considering all the factors it was concluded to make the transition on March 1. The very fortunate choice of Dr. Livingston Farrand as the new chairman of the Central Committee, and thereby the permanent chief executive of the Red Cross, makes possible the consummation of this plan under the most favorable conditions.

Accounts Audited by War Department.
Detailed reports to Congress and a complete audit of its accounts by the War Department will constitute the final record of Red Cross activity during the war. Although it has been the rule to make public all expenditures when authorized and to give detailed information relative to all work undertaken, the War Council in turning over its responsibilities to Dr. Farrand and his associates desire to give a brief resume of Red Cross war time activities to the American people, to whom the Red Cross belongs, and whose generous contributions have made possible all that has been accomplished.

"During the past nearly twenty-one months the American people have given in cash and supplies to the American Red Cross more than \$400,000,000. No value can be placed upon the contributions of service which have been given without stint and oftentimes at great sacrifice by millions of our people.
The effort of the American Red Cross in this war has constituted by far the largest voluntary gifts of money, of hand and heart, ever contributed purely for the relief of human suffering. Through the Red Cross the heart and spirit of the whole American people have been mobilized to take care of our own, to relieve the misery incident to the war, and also to reveal to the world the supreme ideals of our national life.
"Everyone who has had any part in this war effort of the Red Cross is entitled to congratulate himself. No thanks from anyone could be equal in value to the self satisfaction everyone should feel for the part taken. Fully 8,000,000 American women have exerted themselves in Red Cross service.
Has Over 17,000,000 Adult Members.
"When we entered the war the American Red Cross had about 500,000 members. Today, as the result of the recent Christmas membership Roll Call, there are upwards of 17,000,000 full paid members outside of the members of the Junior Red Cross, numbering perhaps 9,000,000 school children additional.
"The chief effort of the Red Cross during the war has been to care for our men in service and to aid our army and navy wherever the Red Cross may be called on to assist. As to this phase of the work Surgeon General Ireland of the U. S. Army recently said: "The Red Cross has been an enterprise as vast as the war itself. From the beginning it has done those things which the Army Medical Corps wanted done, but could not do itself."
"The Red Cross endeavor in France has naturally been upon an exceptionally large scale where service has been rendered to the American Army and to the French Army and the French people as well, the latter particularly during the trying period when the Allied World was waiting for the American Army to arise in force and power. Hospital emergency service for our army in France has greatly diminished, but the Red Cross is still being called upon for service upon a large scale in the great base hospitals, where thousands of American sick and wounded are still receiving attention. At these hospitals the Red Cross supplies huts and facilities for the amusement and recreation of the men as they become convalescent. Our Army of Occupation in Germany was followed with Medical units prepared to render the same emergency aid and supply service which was the primary business of the Red Cross during hostilities. The Army Canteen service along the lines of travel has

actually increased since the armistice. "As for work among the French people, now that hostilities have ceased, the French themselves naturally prefer as far as possible to provide for their own. It has accordingly been determined that the guiding principle of Red Cross policy in France henceforth shall be to have punctilious regard to its every responsibility, but to direct its efforts primarily to assisting French relief societies. The liberated and devastated regions of France have been divided by the government into small districts, each officially assigned to a designated French relief organization.
"The American Red Cross work in France was initiated by a commission of eighteen men who landed on French shores June 13, 1917. Since then some 9,000 persons have been upon the rolls in France, of whom 7,000 were actively engaged when the armistice was signed. An indication of the present scale of the work will be obtained from the fact that the services of 8,000 persons are still required.
"Our American Expeditionary Force having largely evacuated England, the activities of the Red Cross Commission there are naturally upon a diminishing scale period. Active operations are still in progress in Archangel and Siberia.
"The work in Italy has been almost entirely on behalf of the civilian population of that country. In the critical hours of Italy's struggle the American people, through their Red Cross, sent a practical message of sympathy and relief, for which the government and people of Italy have never ceased to express their gratitude.
Supplies and Personnel to Near East.
"The occasion for such concentration of effort in Italy, England, Belgium and even in France having naturally and normally diminished, it has been possible to divert supplies and personnel in large measure to the aid of those people in the Near East who have hitherto been inaccessible to outside assistance, but whose sufferings have been upon an appalling scale. The needs of these peoples are so vast that government alone can meet them, but the American Red Cross is making an effort to relieve immediately the more acute distress.
"An extensive group of American workers has been dispatched to carry vitally-needed supplies, and to work this winter in the various Balkan countries. In order to co-ordinate their activities, a Balkan commission has been established, with headquarters at Rome, Italy, from which point alone all the Balkan centers can be reached promptly.
"A commission has just reached Poland with doctors and nurses, medical supplies, and food for sick children and invalids. An American Red Cross Commission has also been appointed to aid in relieving the suffering of Russian prisoners still confined in German prison camps.
"An important commission is still working in Palestine. Through the war special co-operation has been given to the Armenian and Syrian Relief Commission, which was the only agency able to carry relief in the interior of Turkish dominions.
Red Cross Will Continue.
"Red Cross effort is thus far flung. It will continue to be so. But the movement represented by this work has likewise assumed an intimate place in the daily life of our people at home. The army of workers which has been recruited and trained during the war must not be demobilized. All our experience in the war shows clearly that there is an unlimited field for service of the kind which can be performed with peculiar effectiveness by the Red Cross. What its future tasks may be it is yet impossible to forecast. We know that so long as there is an American army in the field the Red Cross will have a special function to perform.
"Nothing could be of greater importance to the American Red Cross than the plans just set in motion by the five great Red Cross societies of the world to develop a program of extended activities in the interest of humanity. The conception involves not alone efforts to relieve human suffering, but to prevent it; not alone a movement by the people of an individual nation, but an attempt to arouse all people to a sense of their responsibility for the welfare of their fellow beings throughout the world. It is a program both ideal and practical. Ideal in that its supreme aim is nothing less than veritable "Peace on earth good will to men," and practical in that it seeks to take means and measures which are actually available and make them effective in meeting without delay the crisis which is daily recurrent in the lives of all peoples.
"For accomplishing its mission in the years of peace which must lie ahead of us the Red Cross will require the ablest possible leadership, and must enjoy the continued support, sympathy, and participation in its work of the whole American people. It is particularly fortunate that such a man as Dr. Livingston Farrand should have been selected as the permanent head of the organization. The unstinted fashion in which our people gave of themselves throughout the war is the best assurance that our Red Cross will continue to receive that co-operation which will make its work a source of pride and inspiration to every American."
Mr. Davison, as chairman of the International Commission of the American Red Cross, has undertaken to represent the American Red Cross in the preparation of the program for extended Red Cross activities, and will spend the next several months in Europe in consultation with other Red Cross societies for that purpose.
THE WAR COUNCIL OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.
Henry P. Davison, Chairman.

Report of the Condition of BANK OF SALUDA at Saluda, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, March 4th, 1919.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$40,837.97
Overdrafts	742.60
United States bonds and Liberty Bonds	6,350.70
North Carolina bonds and expense account	500.00
Banking house \$3720.77 furniture and fixtures	2,500.00
All other real estate owned	750.00
Due from National banks	6,556.93
Due from State banks and bankers	6,273.32
Checks for clearing	441.81
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency	89.62
National Bank notes and other U. S. notes	1,696.00
Total	\$70,459.72
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$10,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	329.97
Deposits subject to check	31,108.66
Time certificates of deposit	16,247.60
Savings deposits	12,517.55
Cashiers checks outstanding	256.14
Total	\$70,459.72

State of North Carolina, County of Polk, March 15, 1919
I, P. H. Bailey, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
P. H. BAILEY, Cashier.
Correct—Attest:
Henry P. Corwilt
A. D. Turner
J. M. Hearon
Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 14th day of March 1919.
H. B. Lane, Notary Public.
My commission expires March 20, 1920.

Report of the Condition of PEOPLES BANK & TRUST CO. at Tryon, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, March 4th, 1919.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$31,779.18
Overdrafts, secured	\$462.43
unsecured	597.10
United States bonds and Liberty bonds	26,648.16
Banking house, \$6,233.38 furniture and fixtures	9,125.87
Due from National banks	2,798.31
Due from State banks and bankers	15,220.39
Gold coin	324.50
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency	722.67
National Bank notes and other U. S. notes	2,970.00
Collection	200.00
Expense account	5,255.54
Total	\$95,601.72
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$10,000.00
Deposits subject to check	39,816.72
Time certificates of deposit	5,459.55
Savings deposits	30,847.79
Cashiers checks outstanding	3,829.59
Discounts and other earnings	5,648.07
Total	\$95,601.72

State of North Carolina, County of Polk, March 15, 1919
I, W. F. Little, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. F. LITTLE, Cashier.
Correct—Attest:
G. H. Holmes
W. Y. Wilkins
Walter Jones
Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18th day of March 1919.
Geo. A. Gash, Notary Public.
My commission expires April 20, 1919.

Report of the Condition of BANK OF TRYON at Tryon, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, March 4th, 1919.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$85,687.77
Overdrafts	217.76
United States bonds and Liberty Bonds	12,548.89
All other stocks, bonds and mortgages	2,290.91
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	4,920.50
Due from National banks	9,649.12
Due from State banks and bankers	5,883.26
Gold coin	125.00
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency	628.15
National Bank notes and other U. S. notes	4,390.00
Total	\$126,521.36
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock, paid in	\$10,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	915.34
Deposits subject to check	72,757.50
Time certificates of deposit	1,513.00
Savings deposits	29,407.03
Cashiers checks outstanding	216.43
Due to National banks	1,712.06
Total	\$126,521.36

State of North Carolina, County of Polk, March 17, 1919
I, J. B. Hester, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. B. HESTER, Cashier.
Correct—Attest:
W. T. Lindsey
B. L. Ballenger
J. B. Hester
Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 17th day of March, 1919.
Geo. A. Gash, Notary Public.

Report of the Condition of CAROLINA STATE BANK at Saluda, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, March 4th, 1919.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$37,038.88
Overdrafts	176.58
United States bonds and Liberty bonds and War Stamps	1,401.40
All other stocks, bonds and mortgages	7,750.00
Banking house \$1,250.00 furniture and fixtures	1,000.00
All other real estate owned	2,200.00
Due from National banks	301.57
Due from State banks and bankers	10,700.63
Cash items held over 24 hours	10.04
Checks for clearing	322.29
Gold coin	142.50
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency	1,324.22
National Bank notes and other U. S. notes	1,628.00
Collections	95.35
Total	\$64,276.00
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$5,000.00
Surplus fund	500.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	1,304.55
Deposits subject to check	42,992.61
Time certificates of deposit	14,422.92
Cashiers checks outstanding	55.92
Total	\$64,276.00

State of North Carolina, County of Polk, March 13, 1919
I, H. B. Lane, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
H. B. LANE, Cashier.
Correct—Attest:
M. A. Pace
Q. C. Sonner
W. C. Robertson
Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 13th day of March, 1919.
P. H. Bailey, Notary Public.
My commission expires March 19, 1919.

Classified Advertisements.
PIGS.
For Sale:—Chester white brood sow, 2 years old G. E. Morton. It Pigs for sale at the Stock Farm, \$7.00 each. C. J. Lynch.
FOR RENT.
Six room furnished bungalow, with bath for rent or sale. Overbrook Orchard Saluda, N. C.
EGGS.
Eggs of Mottled Ancona chickens for sale, \$1.50 per setting of 15 eggs. B. F. Copeland, Tryon, N. C.
Settings of White Leghorn eggs, 15 for \$1.50. In Polk county, 75c. pure bred. G. L. Orr, Tryon Route 1.
Pure bred Buff Orpington Eggs—Setting of 15 \$1.50 in Polk county. J. F. Black, Tryon Route 1.
LUMBER WANTED.
WANTED:—To buy lumber of all kinds and would be interested in buying the entire cut of several mills. Address R. F. Whitmer, Inc., Box 421 Asheville, N. C. 43-4w
LOST.
Lost,—on Saturday last, between Tryon and the golf links, one tire chain for automobile. Finder will be rewarded. Mrs. Jas. Vernor.
MISCELLANEOUS.
For Sale:—One violin; one Kensington invisible typewriter, both in good condition. Inquire box 233, Saluda, N. C.
MARE FOR SALE.
A high class saddle mare, a beauty, with plenty of style; suitable for ladies to ride. Attractive price. Phone R. E. LEE, Landrum, S. C.

DEEMED POOR, HAD MILLION
Stinted Self So That Household Furniture Was Worth Only \$92.
Although he left an estate appraised at \$319,507 in Illinois and twice as much in Texas and other southern states, among the largest of McHenry county, Abram B. Brinkerhoff of Huntley, Ill., believed in the simple life, occupying a small cottage, cheaply furnished. The value of his household goods was appraised at only \$92. The treasury of Illinois will be enriched to the extent of \$3,000 by the inheritance tax on the Illinois holdings. The wife receives \$146,000, and two nephews, Thomas and Hames Brinkerhoff, both of Eldin, each receive \$50,000 from the Illinois holdings alone. The testator commenced his career in the employ of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad. He invested his salary in western land and ran his fortune up to nearly if not quite a million.
THREE BROTHERS LOSE ARMS
Machines Take Two Limbs, a Shell the Third.
Misfortune of a peculiar kind has followed the Kemp family, pioneers of the Imperial valley in Oregon and well known through the connection of the men with its development. Three of the Kemp brothers have each lost an arm within a year, the last to meet the misfortune being a soldier in the trenches in France during the last days of the fighting.
Just a year ago Harold Kemp's hand was caught in the "auger" of a cotton gin, into which his right arm was drawn and mangled so badly that amputation was necessary. Two months later Harley Kemp, a younger brother, lost his left arm in the same gin and in much the same manner. Recently the news came from France that a piece of shell had struck F. O. Kemp and carried away his right arm. The last victim was married, his wife residing in Yuma, Ariz.

The Snooper.
It is bad manners, and almost bad morals, for one office employee to pry into the business of another. Be careful not to show curiosity or to examine without permission any paper left on top of a desk or pages left in a typewriter or in the drawers of a desk. Each worker's desk is his private sanctum and should not be violated by the prying eyes or hands of others.—Biddy Bye.
Santa Not Enemy Alien.
Of what nationality is Santa Claus? a friend asks. Of almost every nationality, we would say. If you mean to ask the derivation of the name, it is a corrupted form of the Holland Dutch name for St. Nicholas and has no "enemy alien" taint. The saint himself was a native of Patara in the province of Lycia, Asia Minor, and was bishop of Myra in the same province.

Wisdom of Solomon.
In the proverbs of Solomon there is this bit of wisdom: "Though thou shouldst bray a fool in a mortar among wheat with a pestle, yet will not his foolishness depart from him." More than two thousand years of world experience sustains the accuracy of the Biblical proverb. Braying the fool in a mortar may not cure him, but it is sometimes the only way of ridding the community of pernicious fools intent upon spreading the contagion of their own folly.
Hard to Manage.
A man who has lately undertaken the management of a certain temperamental star was asked, during the past week, about the young woman's well-being. "How is Miss So-and-So?" ran the query. "I don't talk to her any more," was the answer. "She's under my management now."

Fjord and Farewell.
The word "fjord" comes from the old Norse, survives in the modern words "firth" and "frith," is connected with the English "fare," meaning to travel, and used in the word "farewell," and meant, most probably, in the first instance, says the author of "Norwegian Pictures," water safe for navigation on account of its sheltered position.
Little-Used Term.
The word Saracen was applied in the middle ages to Turks, Arabs, Moors and other Mohammedans in western Asia and northern Africa. The same kind of people live now, but the word is seldom used except in romance, poetry and history.

Hardware AT CUT PRICES!

All Enamel and Tinware at Cost.
All Dishes and Crockery at Cost.

PRICES:

5 Gallon Galvanized Heavy Oil Cans, \$1.75 value	\$1.25
1 " " " " " "	.30
10 Quart Galvanized Pails	.44
Large Fount, No. 2 Wizard Lanterns \$1.75	\$1.15

Some Articles Below Wholesale Cost.

2 One Horse Wagon Beds	\$10.00
1 No. 30 B. F. Avery Turning Plow	\$10.00
1 No. 31 B. F. Avery Turning Plow	\$12.00
1 No. 63 Chattanooga Turning Plow	\$12.00
Single Foot Plow Stock, Straight and Bent Feet	1.75

Plow Points and Shapes.

Goobar Points, Oliver	30c
A. C. " "	30c
No. 10 " "	40c
No. 13 " "	50c
Scoters, Bull Tongues, Shovel and Twisters, per pound	10c
50 Tooth (Double Section) Peg Tooth Harrow	\$18.00
25 Tooth (Single Section) " "	\$9.00

Heavy 4 point, 4-inch Barbed Wire	\$6.50
Heavy 4 point, 6-inch Barbed Wire	\$6.00
26 Heavy Hog Wire (20 Rods)	\$10.00

Our line of spring hardware is complete, and our prices are right. Give us a liberal share of your business.

Carolina Hardware Co. Tryon, North Carolina.