

MAKE YOUR INCOME TAX RETURN EARLY

THIS YEAR, AS LAST MAY BE PAID IN FULL AT THE TIME YOU FILE RETURN.

PAYMENT IS DUE MARCH 15

The Normal Rate of Tax on First \$4,000 of Income Above The Exemption is Four Per Cent.

Plans for aiding taxpayers in their income tax returns for the year 1920 are being made by the bureau of internal revenue.

Revenue officers will visit every county in the United States to assist in making out the forms. The date of their arrival and the location of their offices will be announced later. Copies necessary forms may be obtained from offices of collectors of internal revenue, branch offices, post-office banks, and are expected to be available on or before January 1.

The time for filing returns is from January 1 to March 15, 1921. The tax there as last, may be paid in full at time of filing the return or in four installments, the first of which is due on or before January 15, the second on or before September 15, the third on or before December 15.

The installment must accompany filing of the return. The bureau is emphasizing this year that requirement to file a return rests upon a person's marital status the amount of his or her net income for the year 1920. Single persons whose net income was \$1,000 or more and married persons whose net income was \$2,000 or more must file a return regardless of whether their incomes are non-taxable by reason of exemptions.

The normal tax rate for 1920 is four per cent on the first \$4,000 of net income above the exemption, and 8 per cent on the remaining net income.

ROAD WORK

The roads committee contemplates preliminary to the real work of a road bill that will be acceptable to both the citizens highway association and the North Carolina Road Association as well as the general public. The main plea which Mr. Brooks made was that more life and spirit be put into educational work.

Evolution of Zoocellia

Dr. B. W. Wells, professor of Botany at State College, will read a paper entitled, "The Evolution of Zoocellia," before the Botanical Society of America at the coming Christmas convocation of the American association for the Advancement of Science, which will be held at University of Chicago, December 23 to 30, inclusive. He will also address the Entomological Society of America on the "Role of Insects in Gall Evolution."

Increase in Cotton Sales

Washington, (Special).—Heavy increase in the movement of cotton was reported by the federal reserve board in its review of business conditions for November, although, the report said, a tendency developed in North Carolina and South Carolina toward a crop holding movement.

Quint in Hard Training

West Raleigh.—Although the collegiate basketball season will not open in Raleigh until after the holidays, aspirants for the 1921 State college quint started training immediately after the close of the football season. Dr. J. Richard Crozier, for several years coach at Wake Forest, and who handled the Tech takers last year, will again direct the squad.

Bickett in U. S. Senate

Washington, (Special).—Exercising his privilege as one of the forty-eight governors of the Union, Thomas Walter Bickett, of North Carolina occupied a seat in the senate of the United States and heard President-elect Harding's "swan song" to his Senatorial colleagues.

Inspecting Camp Glenn

Adjutant General J. Van B. Metts left for Camp Glenn at Morehead City to inspect the camp location and make arrangements for enlarging the camp for the increasing number of National Guardsmen that will have their summer encampment next year. During the recent encampment of last September a committee composed of General Metts, Col. Don Scott, General Francis Macon, Assistant Adjutant General Gordon Smith, and Col. H. E. James, was appointed by the Governor to investigate the matter.

AMEND JOHNSON'S IMMIGRATION BILL

ADOPTION OF THE MOTION OF REPRESENTATIVE MANN IS SURPRISING TO HOUSE.

PROPOSALS NOT DISMAYED

The Actual Result of the Projected Amendment Will be a Restriction Period of Only One Year.

Washington.—Amendment of the Johnson bill to reduce the two-year prohibition against immigration to the United States to 14 months and charges that foreign governments are "financing the movement of radicals to the United States" marked another day of debate in the house on immigration legislation.

Adoption by a vote of 87 to 25 of the amendment offered by Representative Mann, republican, of Illinois, to reduce the embargo period was a surprise to the advocates of the legislation and constituted the first victory for Representatives Siegel, republican, New York, and Sabath, democrat, Illinois, leaders of the opposition. Proponents of the bill, however, were not dismayed and said they were confident of favorable disposition of the measure.

The Mann amendment actually limits the restriction period to one year, reducing by one-half the period originally proposed.

New President of Austria

Vienna.—Dr. Michael Hainisch was elected president of Austria by the national assembly.

The election of Dr. Hainisch came after three days of balloting, the assembly compromising on his name as the federal president and the Pan-German finally combining with the Christian Socialists. Dr. Hainisch who is known as a Socialist writer stands between the Pan-German and the Socialist Democratic party.

Want Division of Cables

Washington.—Co-operation between the State Department and the senate foreign relations committee to obtain recognition of the United States in distribution of German cables ceded to the allied and associated powers under the treaty of Versailles was arranged for at a conference between the committee and Acting Secretary Davis.

Wilson and Bourgeois Honored

Christiania, Norway.—Presentation of the Noble peace prizes for 1919 and 1920, which have been awarded, respectively, to Leon Bourgeois, of France, and Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, took place here. Formal announcement of the awards was made.

Harding and Hughes Confer

Marion, O.—President-elect Harding began his conferences here on the plan for an association of nations by a long talk with Charles Evans Hughes, the republican presidential nominee four years ago, in which the whole question of American relations with Europe was surveyed in detail.

Destroyer Joins D'Annunzio

Trieste.—Drastic action on the part of the Italian naval authorities is expected as a result of the desertion of the destroyer Espero, which joined Captain Gabriele D'Annunzio's forces in Fiume. The incident has created a deep impression in all ranks of the navy.

Preparing for Blockade

Geneva.—Machinery for putting the economic blockade into effect, when occasion should call for such action was discussed by the assembly of the league of nations at the morning session.

Egypt to Cut Down Cotton

London.—The Sultan of Egypt, says a dispatch to the London Times, has signed a decree restricting by one-third the area to be planted in cotton in 1921.

Bridge Across the Hudson

New York.—Plans for a double decked bridge, across the Hudson river were discussed by Gustav Lindenthal, builder of the Hell Gate bridge, before the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

State Dinner for Colby

Rio de Janeiro.—A dinner to Bainbridge Colby, the American secretary of state, during his forthcoming visit, will be given by President Pessoa on the evening of Mr. Colby's arrival here.

Preferential Rates Suspended

Washington.—Operation of the provision in the merchant marine act allowing preferential rail rates on goods destined for export in American ships indefinitely suspended.

Martial Law for Ireland

London.—The martial law to be instituted in Ireland, as announced by emier Lloyd-George in the house of commons will be applied to a limited area in the southwest of Ireland, where the government states that a lawlessness and outrage are especially prevalent.

CERTAIN PLANS OF LEAGUE OPPOSED

CANADIAN DELEGATE MAKES A SHARP FIGHT ON CERTAIN PROPOSED FORMATIONS.

WANTS NO EUROPEAN CONTROL

50,000 Canadian Soldiers Under Sod of Europe is Heavy Price Paid for European Statesmanship.



D. EDWARD BENES

Dr. Edward Benes, foreign minister of Czechoslovakia, has been the leader of the organization of what is known as the "little entente"—a league of Czechoslovakia, Jugo-Slavia and Roumania, designed to guarantee their integrity and to prevent the return of the Hapsburgs to the throne of Hungary.

INTENT OF RECOMMENDATIONS

Would Put Great Burden of Taxation Upon the Backs of The Victims of The Plunderers and Profiteers.

Washington.—Secretary Houston's recommendations in his annual report that excess profits taxes be repealed and the higher brackets of income surtaxes be reduced were attacked by Representative Kitchin of North Carolina, ranking democratic member of the house ways and means committee as "the most unwise, unjust, undemocratic and pro-republican that ever emanated from any department of the government since its beginning."

"The whole intent and policy of his recommendations," Mr. Kitchin continued, "are to relieve the corporate interests and millionaires, who for the last four years have plundered and profited upon the people to the extent of fifty billions of dollars, of a billion and a half or two billions of dollars of taxes annually and place that amount upon the backs of the people that are the victims of such plunderers and profiteers."

"I cannot understand how any man who claims to have a single impulse for the masses or who claims to be a democrat, could make such recommendations."

Building Greater Navy

Washington.—Nearly 200 warships, including one superdreadnaught and 96 destroyers, were completed for the American navy during the fiscal year ended last June 30 and more than 100 others, including eleven superdreadnaughts and six great battle cruisers, were building at that time.

\$312,000,000 to Railroads

Washington.—More than \$312,000,000 was turned over to the railroads by the government in the form of advances on the guaranty provisions of the transportation act and in loans between the last of March and first part of November.

Much Insurance Being Written

New York.—Despite the fact that the people of the United States have entered upon a period of retrenchment, they are buying more than \$10,000,000,000 of new life insurance this year, according to original statistics.

Hasten Newberry Investigation

Washington.—Agreements for expediting the investigation of Henry Ford's contest for the Michigan senate seat held by Truman H. Newberry were reached by the senate elections sub-committee.

To "Dry Out" Mine District

Santiago.—Coal fields in Southern Chile will become "dry" soon if a provision of an agreement just signed between the miners and operators is enacted into law.

Invitation of League Declined

Washington.—President Wilson has declined the invitation of the League of Nations to send delegates to take part in the discussion of the disarmament commission.

Pension Angeles' Children

Mexico City.—The senate after eulogizing General Felipe Angeles, former Villa leader, as one of the republic's most brilliant patriots, adopted a bill providing for a pension of six pesos daily for his daughters and two sons until they become of age.

To Be Bitter Controversy

Buenos Aires.—The question of the withdrawal of Argentine from the league of nations assembly appears likely to become the subject of a bitter political controversy.

Thirty Moros Killed

Manila, P. I.—Thirty Moros were killed in the Sula islands in a battle with the Philippine constabulary growing out of efforts to encourage education of children, it was learned here in official advices.

Gets Life Imprisonment

Wheeling, W. Va.—Life imprisonment was the sentence passed upon 16-year-old Samuel Blevens, formerly of Little Rock Ark., in court here after he had pleaded guilty to a charge of murder.

WANTED TIME TO STUDY BILLS

The Object in View is to Revive the War Finance Corporation in Order To Promote Sales Abroad.



M. CLYDE KELLY

Representative M. Clyde Kelly, of Pennsylvania, has brought forward a novel question in connection with the housing situation. In brief, he proposes to convert the postal savings bank system into a national building and loan association, from which the people may borrow the money required to build homes.

WANTS NO EUROPEAN CONTROL

50,000 Canadian Soldiers Under Sod of Europe is Heavy Price Paid for European Statesmanship.

Geneva.—Plans proposed for the formation of the technical organizations of the League of Nations, dealing with finance, health and transportation, were sharply attacked at session of the league's assembly by Newton Wesley Rowell former president of the Canadian privy council.

These plans, the Canadian ex-minister contended, tended to take such organizations out of the hands of the assembly, which should control them, and throw them under the influence of Europe through the impossibility of the non-European nations sending their best men to three or four conferences annually.

"Fifty thousand Canadian soldiers under the sod in Europe is the price Canada has paid for the European statesmanship which drenched the continent in blood," Mr. Rowell exclaimed.

The Canadian's energetic intervention in the debate took the assembly by surprise.

What War Cost U. S.

Washington.—The cost of the war to the American government was fixed by Secretary Houston at \$24,010,000,000. This, he said, represented the "adjusted" expenditure of the treasury, excluding all other outlay which had no relation to the actual prosecution of the war during the period from April 6, 1917 to June 30, last.

Drank Compass Alcohol

Washington.—Many repairs to navy compasses have been made necessary during the past year by reason of the fact that instruments have been broken open for the alcohol they contained says the annual report of Rear Admiral J. A. Hoogewerf, superintendent of the naval observatory.

Huns Owe Much Live Stock

Paris.—The reparations commission announced that Germany must deliver to France and Belgium a total of 1,740,000 fowls within four years, 25,155 goats within three years, 25,250 pigs within one year. The German representatives have agreed.

Fewer Miners, Yet More Coal

Washington.—Miners employed in the Pennsylvania anthracite coal field decreased from 169,000 in 1909 to 147,000 in 1919, but production last year was greater than in 1909 by 6,302,000 tons, said a statement by the census reviewing operations for the past ten years.

Would Transfer Functions

Washington.—Establishment of a composite government agency under the Interior Department to care for discharged and disabled soldiers, sailors and marines is proposed in a bill introduced by Representative Rogers, republican of Massachusetts.

Cotton Ginners Report

Washington.—Cotton ginned prior to December 1, amounted to 10,144,921 running bales, including 191,687 round bales of American-Egyptian and 1,111 bales of sea-island, the Census Bureau announced.

200 Killed by 'Quake

London.—One of the most appalling disasters was reported from Albania where more than 200 persons were killed by an earthquake, hundreds were injured and about 15,000 were made homeless.

Crops on Reclaimed Land

Washington.—The value of crops grown on lands within government reclamation projects for the single year 1919 was \$35,000,000 greater than the total of \$125,000,000 expended on all the last fiscal year.

Million-Dollar Fire

Houston, Texas.—Fire of undetermined origin in the shops of the Southern Pacific Railroad company caused a loss estimated by officials of the road at \$1,000,000.

16,000 Tailors Locked Out

New York.—Headquarters of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America announced here that New York clothing manufacturers had declared war on the union and that six large firms had locked out 16,000 workers.

Jugo-Slavia Gets Loan

Rome.—Italy and Jugo-Slavia reached a secret understanding at Rapallo by which the former would loan 1,500,000,000 lire to the latter through an Italian bank, according to reports.

Homesteader is Burned

Billings, Mont.—E. F. Lampson, 65 a homesteader, near Tuffley, was burned to death in his cabin after a posse had set fire to it following an all-night rifle and revolver battle and numerous attempts to dynamite the

WANTED TIME TO STUDY BILLS

The Object in View is to Revive the War Finance Corporation in Order To Promote Sales Abroad.

Washington.—Proposals to revive the War Finance Corporation and instruct the Federal Reserve Board to extend more liberal credit to the farmers were presented in the senate by Chairman Gronna, of the agriculture committee, but consideration of them went over on objection of Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, the republican leader, who said senators should be given time to familiarize themselves with the measures.

Senators Smith, democratic, Georgia, and Smith, democrat, South Carolina, supported efforts of Senators Norris and Gronna to get immediate consideration, declaring that the present condition of the farmers was serious.

The War Finance Corporation, which the resolution would revive with a view to securing greater sales of surplus farm products abroad, had made total advances of \$353,061,404 up to May 10 last, when its loan activities were suspended by the Secretary of the Treasury, according to the annual report of the corporation. Repayments of \$235,334,580 up to November 30 had left a balance outstanding of \$117,726,824, the report showed.

New Policy of Western Union

Washington.—The Western Union Telegraph company has stirred up a hornet's nest in congress with its notice that the practice of permitting senators and representatives to send messages from any office in the country with the government settling for the bill monthly would be abandoned on January 1.

Edge Against Paternalism

Chicago.—Opposition to any degree of government participating in export financing, unless it is shown to "be absolutely necessary," was expressed, by Senator Edge, of New Jersey, in an address before the conference of banking, business men and producers which convened here to consider organization of a \$100,000,000 export financing corporation under provisions of the law drafted by the New Jersey Senator. Ample private capital is available for such a corporation, Senator Edge declared.

Home for Vice-President

Washington.—Construction of a home and office building for the vice-president at a cost not to exceed \$350,000 was proposed in a bill by Senator Elkins of West Virginia.

Preacher Shoots to Kill

Chattanooga.—John Darby of Florence, a minister shot and killed his brother-in-law, Lyons Sherrod, and seriously wounded another brother-in-law, Samuel Sherrod, in a fight in the highway near Oakland, Ala.

Earthquake in Italy

Avlona, Albania.—An earthquake occurred in the Tepeleni, district to the southwest of this city, rendering fifteen thousand persons homeless.

Wants Baker to Explain

Washington.—Secretary Baker was asked by the house military committee to appear before it to explain why the War Department has recruited an army of more than 180,000 men.

Harding Confers on League

Washington.—The league of nations and cabinet selections were talked over by Senator Harding and his advisors in another series of conferences. Mr. Harding consulted representatives of both the mild reservationists and the irreconcilables.

Set Aside Hearst Injunction

Washington.—The injunction against the Shipping Board forbidding the sale of former German liners, issued by district supreme court on application of William Randolph Hearst, was set aside by the District court.

Low Price for Tobacco

Owensboro, Ky.—Lowest prices in years were quoted at the opening of the Green River district tobacco market here when 100 pounds of dark leaf sold for an average of less than