## POLK COUNTY NEWS, TRYON, N. C.

NEW SAFETY LAW

WILL BE REQUIRED TO BRING

ALL AUTOMOBILES TO

STANDSTILL.

50 FEET FROM RAIL TRACK

Signs Placed on Right Hand Side of

Road Will Bear the Lettering

"N. C. Law. Stop."

"Stop! Look! Listen!" as applied to

automobiles becomes a law in North

Carolina on July first, according to

the terms of a law passed by the last

general assembly which becomes of-

A ninterpretation of the new law

made public here by the attorney gen-

eral's office says that every person

operating a mot vehicle on a public

road shall be required, "to stop his

tracks at crossings except where such

crossings is one where "there is a gate

or watchman." Neither does the law

apply to "an electric railway track in

The railroads are required to place

from the ground on the right side of

the road and 100 feet from the cross-

signs will bear the lettering "N. C.

Violations of the law, according to

will be a misdemeanor, punishable

by a fine of not more than 10 days im-

Charlotte led the list of cities in the

Point suffered the heaviest monetary

Charlotte while only one took place

in High Point, that one causing a loss

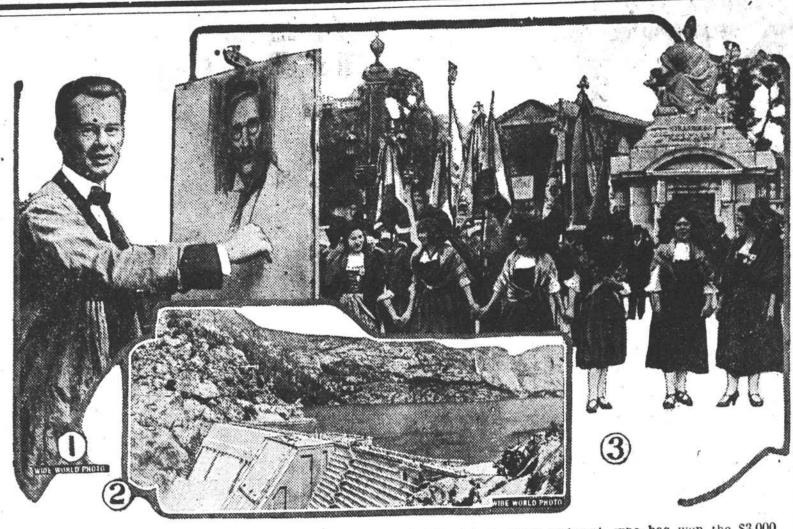
of \$195,368, according to the fire loss

a city, town, or village."

fective on that date.

Raleigh.

FFFEGTIVE



1-Francis Scott Bradford, wounded veteran who was in "Pershing's own" regiment, who has won the \$3,000 Prix de Rome. 2-New Hetch Hetchy dam of the Tuolumne in California where 12-mile lake has been created for San Francisco's water supply. 3-Alsatians celebrating the recovery of the province in the Place de la Concorde, Paris.

# **NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS**

Bulgarian Revolution Alarms Al the Other Nations in the Balkans.



Chancellor Cuno Working on Compromise Proposition to France-President of China Is Ousted-Ford's Alleged Plan to Throw Election Into the House.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

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How would you like to see the presidential election next year thrown into the house of representatives? This may result if Henry Ford carries out his reported plan of running, not as head of a third party, but as an independent with a ticket of electors in each state.

but Premier Baldwin and most of his ministers are determined that Great Britain shall not be put in the position of appearing to approve of the French adventure in the Ruhr. German Foreign Minister von Rosen-

berg is said to be trying to work out a compromise proposition. His government would express its willingness to drop passive resistance during the opening of negotiations with France if assured the French would evacuate the Ruhr when satisfactory terms were reached and if amnesty were granted political offenders imprisoned or expelled by the French. Under the plan the German railway men in the Ruhr would resume their duties and the workers in the Rhineland would do their work under supervision of the French engineers. It is admitted in Berlin that the passive resistance is weakening because living conditions in the occupied region are becoming impossible. Meanwhile, stimulated by the nationalist societies, the Germans in the Ruhr are renewing their campaign of sabotage and violence. Within a week they have killed three French soldiers and wrecked several trains. The natural result is the sterner application of restrictive measures by the French. Eléven Germans have been killed for disobeying orders; some of

British cabinet sympathize with him, | find a way out. Already it has been informally suggested that treaties be made with each foreign nation by which the United States would be given the right of search within twelve miles of its coast in return for modification of the dry ship rule. What would be the attitude of other governments toward such a proposition is not a sign board not less than 10 feet known, but the comment of the British press is decidedly unfavorable. Anyhow, it is admitted in Washington that ing under the terms of the law. These this plan does not offer an early solution of the problem, for senate ratifica- Law. Stop." tion of the treaties would be necessary and the senate does not convene until the attorney general's interpretation, December.

> MR. LASKER, retiring chairman of prisonment or \$10 or both, in the dis-the shipping board, received the cretion of the court. Such cases will O. K. of President Harding for the come under the jurisdiction of the sutrial trip of the Leviathan with its perior court and not that of justices 600 invited guests, and the Republicans of the peace. who decried the affair as a useless and expensive junket have fallen silent. Wade Issues Fire Loss Report. Not so the Democrats, however. Their national committee already has ful- number of fires during May, but High minated against the trip, and probably it will be kept alive as campaign ma- loss. Nineteen fires occurred in terial. There, if anywhere, lies its inadvisability.

> TN HIS final report to the President, report of Insurance Commissioner ▲ Mr. Lasker recommends the crea- Wade which issued. tion of eighteen subsidiary corpora- Losses in both the state and nation tions, each to control one of the con- increased over those of April, accordsolidated ship routes, as the basis of ing to the report. Of the 141 fires in government operation of the federal merchant marine in case the efforts to transfer the ships to private operation finally fail. The government must assume complete control, Mr. Lasker declares, the system of operation, agents having proved in his opinion a "vicious one," resulting in the placing of its "terminal facilities and the good will of its lines" in outside hands. He expresses the opinion, however, that government operation should always be with a view to ultimate sale to private owners. The chairman numbered among the material results of his administration: Settlement of claims aggregating \$200,000,000 for "12 cents on the dollar" and, reduction of current deficit from \$16,000,000 to \$4,000,000 a month. At the end of the fiscal year, he says, the board will have \$125,000,-000 on deposit in the tneasury against \$4,000,000 when he took office. This sum is believed to be sufficient for the board construction financing, the report says.

Compare North Carolina Crops.

North Carolina crops last year averaged \$48 per acre, while those of Illinois brought \$20; Iowa, \$21; Minnesota ,\$16; and Nebraska, \$14, according to a report made by the crop reporting service of the department of agriculture.

The report, comparing North Carolina's crop values with those of the mid-western states was made at the request of mid-western interests, following a speech made during the spring at the bankers' meeting in the mid-west by Angus W. McLean. Mr. McLean painted the picture of North Carolina in glowing terms, but there were some who dobuted the accuracy of his figures so the department was asked to issue a report on the subject.

"Considering both crop and livestock values," the report said, "per improved acre of farm land including pasture, North Carolina had practically \$61.00 as an average, Illinois \$733.50, Iowa 641.00, Nebraska \$26.50. and Minnesota \$28.00."

Taking up the subject of diversification the report declares that, "Illinois and lowa are more of one crop states" than North Carolina. - The largest acreage added the report, was devoted to corn in North Carolina. this being 38 per cent. Wheat crops took up 16 per cent of the acreage, vehicle at a distance not exceeding 50 hay over 12 per cent, cats 3 per cent, feet from the nearest rail" of all train cotton 24 per cent, and togacco 8 per cent.

While "these figures should be of considerable interest and gratification," says the report, "it is undoubted that in some sections we devote too much acreage to tobacco and cotton which results in such communities buying the food and feeds they should raise on an economic basis." Mid-western farmers have the advantage over those of North Carolina, according to the report, brought about by the use of "hand labor and commercial fertilizers" in the latter state and "the apparent profits per acre over the middle western farmers" is offset. The contrast between the shapely fields of the western farmers and the "patches" which are cultivated in this section is pointed out in the report which attributes

this to the necessity in North Carolina for using terraces which interfere with the best methods of improvement of land and the lack of organic matter in the soil which compels the North Carolina farmer to use turf grasses to improve pastures.

"The big prolem in the south," concludes the report, "is one of an aconomic nature of which our farm labor should be more carefully distributed throughout the year, and more

For Women What Lydia E. Pinkha

table Com Greenville, Pa.cine through the Ch



Lydia E. Pinkham's pound I feel younger years ago, and my fr look younger, and I o Vegetable Compound Id work for a family of seven glad to answer any woman me in regard to my case MYERS, 55 Union St Many letters similar top published testifying to s Lydia E. Pinkham's Ver pound. They are sincere from women who describes can their feelingsbefore and this well-known medicine

Many times they state in their willingness to answer write them. It is an offer gratitude and a desire tob

> DON DESPA

If you are troubled with aches; feel tired; have indigestion, insomniapassage of urine, you relief by regularly tan



The world's standard remet liver, bladder and uric adde National Remedy of Holland Three sizes, all druggists. G Look for the name Gold Me box and accept noimin

The Art of Sel Secretary-Mr. Terras he was too huse to take

ONCE more the Balkans, the hotbed of European wars, are ablaze. Bulgaria is in the throes of a civil war; Jugoslavia, Greece and Rumania have rushed troops to the Bulgarian. borders, and Hungary has called three classes to the colors so as to seize whatever advantage may be offered. The conflict may be confined within the limits of Bulgaria, or it may spread over much of central Europe and ultimately involve some the great powers.

Reserve officers of the Bulgarian army, with the assistance of the active army, carried out a coup d'etat by which Premier Stamboulisky and his agrarian government were ousted and a new ministry installed headed by Prof. Alexander Zankoff. Some of the ex-ministers were arrested, but Stamboulisky fled and at once began arming and organizing the peasants for the purpose of recapturing Sofia and overthrowing the "usurping" govern-. ment. There were rumors that he had been taken prisoner, but at this writing the most authoritative reports say he has succeeded in raising a peasant army of more than 60,000 and is moving on the capital, where alone the revolutionists retain control. There was fighting in various localities, and a good many casualties.

Stamboulisky had angered the old war · party-mostly pro-German-by his persecution of Macedonian autonomists, his attitude at the Lausanne conference, his concessions to Jugoslavia and his failure to obtain a corridor to the sea. The new administration says the actual crisis was brought on by his recent demand on King Boris that he be appointed dictator. After his flight, it is said, huge sums of money were found in his villa. The king is believed to have been privy to the plot by which the government was overthrown.

Though Premier Zankoff's first act was to visit the Jugoslav embassy and give assurance that he would respect the old government's treaties, the Serbs are suspicious that he will encourage and aid the Macedonians in their demands on Jugoslavia, and this probably would bring on hostilities. The Serbian foreign minister is reported to have said that Serbia was, a fashion by representatives of five willing to force the new Bulgarian ministries who requested Premier government to observe the treaty of Neuilly and the stipulation of the Nish Li was virtually driven from Peking conference, which obligated Stamboulisky to oppose the Macedonian general." movement. Part of Macedonia is held by Greece, and both Greece and Rumania, as members of the little entente, would be bound to stand with Jugoslavia.

THERE is not a great deal to be said the taxes for both years payable this cast a vote. To effect an election it Howard, W. E. Price and R. P. Royer, concerning the Franco-German sit-FOREIGN ships coming to America would be necessary for members in all of High Point. year, the inome tax receipts of the ustion. To date Belgium has been unstate now bid to exceed the Budget now enter our ports with only pivotal state delegations to repudiate Richie Caldwell Company, of Conable to bring the French and the Britand we will send you a bottle ish so into accord that a joint allied enough liquor for medicinal purposes, party affiliations or absent themselves cord, with \$50,000 authorized capital Commission estimate of \$3,500,000 HANCOCK LIQUID SULPHUR note could be sent to Chancellor Cuno. in accordance with the decision of the from the balloting. If there were a and \$14,000 subscribed by H. W. Caldwhich appeared at one time to be excessive. COMPANY Supreme court and the regulations of deadlock, and Ford were one of the Poincare will not recede an inch from well, B. H. Marsh, and M. F. Richie, Baltimore, Md. his d-mand that German passive resist- the Treasury department. But there highest in the electoral college of Concord, and B. H. Marsh of Win-During the past few days the two Hancock Sulphur Compound largest railroads operating in the ance in the Ruhr must first be officially is so much dissatisfaction that the vote, he might conceivably be chosen ment - 30c and 60c -for use with ston-Salem . state have neid their income taxes Compound ended. Curzon and a minority of the government at Washington is trying to by the house as a compromise. Liquid

them disregarded the curfew hour established in various towns where there was disorder.

A MERICANS interested in the Ches-ter concessions have learned with some dismay of a combination designed to control trade with Turkey, signed at Lausanne by Rustem Bey, representing Leslie Urquhart and a group of British banks, and Sherif Bey, representing a new Turkish syndicate. The combination, which is capitalized for \$10,000,000, will begin operations as soon as peace is signed, and its Turkish charter is so broad it can embark in any business. The Urquhart group embraces most of the big London banks, which have bought control of the Anatolia railway from the German-Swiss interests, and most of the British corporations engaged in business in Turkey before the war. The financial backing of the group is almost unlimited.

WITH impressive ceremony the world court established by the League of Nations opened on Friday at The Hague, in the Carnegie peace palace. It publicly proclaimed its independence of the league, but for the present its clerical work is being done by men and women sent from the league's headquarters in Geneva. Three cases were on the agenda for the session. The first is the dispute between Finland and Russia concerning the autonomy of East Carelia, but Russia has denied the court's competence, saying the affair is an.internal matter. The second, concerning the expulsion of German nationals from Poland, probably will not be contested by the Betlin government. The third case involves Germany's right to bar from the Kiel canal, in March, 1921, a British ship which was carrying French war munitions to Poland at the time of the Russian attack on Warsaw.

TT WOULD take more than a Philadelphia lawyer to figure out the situation in China and make clear its complexities. After his cabinet quit him. President Li Yuan-hung fled to Tientsin, where soldiers, held him prisoner in his train until he formally resigned. The functions of the government at Peking were undertaken after Chang to return and resume his office. by Feng Yu-Hsiang, the "Christian

All the foreign captives of the Chinese bandits have been released and are again with their friends. By the compromise agreement with the outlaws 2,000 of them are to be enrolled in the army and they were paid \$85,000.

HENRY FORD, it is now reported, is going to make the race for the presidency all by himself instead of as the head of a third party ticket. He is quoted as saying: "There will be four tickets in the 1924 election: 'The Republican ticket, the Democratic ticket, a third party ticket and the Henry Ford Independent ticket. No candidate is likely to get a majority of the electoral vote and the election probably will be thrown into the house of representatives."

There are 531 votes in the electoral college, and if the two old parties are fairly evenly matched in the 1924 election and the third or the Ford ticket won one large state or two or three smaller ones no candidate would have a majority and the election would be thrown into the hcuse of representatives of the Sixty-eighth congress. In this case the Constitution provides that the house shall choose the President from the candidates, not exceeding three, receiving the highest number of electoral votes. In making this choice, however, the house is required to vote by states, each state delegation having one vote, determined by a majority of the members of the delegation. A quorum shall be one or more members from each of two-thirds of the states, and "a majority of all states shall be necessary to a choice." Thus at least charter. 25 votes would be required to elect.

It happens that in the next house there are only 23 state delegations whose majority is Republican and 20 state delegations whose majority is Democratic, while five delegations evenly divided be ween Republicans and Democrats would not be able to

North Carolina during May, 125 caused a loss of \$208,134, while the remaining 16 caused a loss of \$434,000. The total fire loss was \$642,002, value of property risked \$11,850,471, and insurance involved \$9,754,780.

Single fires of 5,000 and over, says the report, were as follows:

High Point, furniture factory and contents, 195,368; Beaufort, a foreign yacht, 50,000; Salisbury, factory and dwellings, 36,000; Greenville, colored school building, 16,500; Greensboro, bottling plant and garage, 22,000; Spring Hope tobacco warehouse, \$14,-500; Kinston, warehouse and storage, \$14,000; Winston-Salem, dwelling \$14,-\*000; Onslo wcounty, dry kiln, \$11,000; Rocky Mount, store and contents, \$10,-400; Rocky Mount, dwelling, \$8,200; Rocky Mount, bakery, \$6,980; Halifax, business block, \$10,000; Clarkton, dwelling, \$10,000; Fayetteville, laundry, \$8,000; Moore county, theater and store, \$6,600.

Losses by cities and number of fires are shown in the report as follows: Charlotte, 19 fires, loss \$4,805; Goldsboro, five fires, loss \$2,002; Wilmington, six fires, \$3,009; Wilson, six fires, loss \$3,220; Fayetteville, nine fires, loss \$8,372; Asheville, eight fires, loss \$5,125; Raleigh, eight fires, loss \$1,422; Winston-Salem, 14 fires, loss \$15,325; Elizabeth City, two fires, loss \$400; Durham, one fire, \$1,450; New Bern, four fires, \$2,110; Henderson, one fire, loss \$1,000, and Monroe, one fire, loss \$10.

One fire each was the record of High Point, Greensboro, and Salisbury, while Rocky Mount had five. During the month there were 87 dwelling fires, with loss of \$77,041, value \$277,-110, and insurance \$122,000. The entire rural and suburban loss was \$51,-220, valued at \$52,550 and insurance of \$29,800.

Towns placed on the department's honor roll for the month are Statesville, Huntersville, Morganton, Clinton, Zebulon, Randieman, Lexington, Pinehurst and Wake Forest.

## Henrietta Mills Increase Stock.

A million, five hundred and fifty thousand dollars increase in the capital stock of the Henrictta mills, of Rutherfordton county, was authorized by Secretary of State W. N. Everett in an amendment to the corporation's

### New Corporations.

The Secretary of State chartered the following corporations to do business in North Carolina:

High Point Terminal Company, of High Point, with \$15,000 authorized capital and \$1,500 subscribed by F. J.

livestock should be used to convert essential crops as raw products into meats as finished product. Our soil will never become really fertile until this course is followed."

Weevil Investigation Causing Worry. Live boll weevils have been received by Franklin Sherman, chief of the division of entomology for the state college and department of agriculture, from counties as far west and north in the state as Cleveland, Mecklengurg, Cabarrus, Lee, Harnett, Lenoir and Beaufort, it has been announced. ~ No weevils have been sent in from counties north of these, but specimens should soon arrive, it

was stated. "A number of cowpea pod weevils on young cotton are causing much concern among farmers who suspect this weevil of being the cotton pest," Mr. Sherman stated. "However, the cotton boll weevil should soon be appearing in all parts of the cotton growing area, and with its appearance will come the old questions: 'What shall I do?' 'Shall I poison?' What method of poison shall I use and when?'

"The general problem of boll weevil control is given sin extension circular 124. The dust poison method is fully described in extension circular 137, just issued to North Carolina farmers. Both of these circulars may be had from county agents or by writing to the editor, extension service, Raleigh."

Mr. Sherman said he believes the dust poison method is the best for actual use in killing the weevil.

"We consider the dust-poison method as the standard and only poisoning method which we are justified in advising yet for our farmers to depend upon and its limitations and difficulties are plainly discussed in the circular," he continued. "This is in line with resolutions of southern agricultural workers at Memphis in February, and with news items of United States department of agriculture in March. In accordance with

these pronouncements other poisoning methods, including the adaptation of the Florida method, are being tested and studied in this and other states.

"The question of when 'to begin dusting is so discussed in our circular as to allow latitude of judgment acording to abundance of early weevils.

## Railroads Pay Income Taxes.

Railroad income taxes in North Carolina for 1922 were more than double what they were in 1921 and thanks to the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States making

Life Insurance A won't have to say a a

Watch Cuticurg Improvet On rising and retiring ga the face with Cuticun Wash off Ointment in in with Cuticura Soap and ba is wonderful what Cutter for poor complexions, danta and red, rough hands -- Aba

Expressive.

Rastus-You ain't sut Martha-Well, you aist write home about, 'epi with black edges.-Besici

When men speak ill of ] that nobody can believe



In one minute you corns with Dr. Scholl's Zino-pes You risk no infection from an danger from corrosive acids Zino-pads protect while the Zino-pads protect while use Thin; antiseptic; waterprod. S corns, callouses, bunions Gei today at your druggist sorthorn Dr Scholli



Fut one on - the pain is



For Eczema, Rheuman Gout or Hives

Expensive health resorts, south and sping Hancock Sulphur Compound with secret of the famous healing water it possible for you to enjo

your own home, and at a neminal Sulphur, Nature's hest blod re-prepared to make its use most car Hancock Sulphur Compose Use it in the bath, as a lotion to affected parts, and take it interally 60c and \$1.20 the both

If your druggist can't supply it so