### **BELGIUM AGAIN** CENTRE OF WAR

Germans Making Desperate Assault On Antwerp, The Temporary Capital Of The Belgians

### AISNE BATTLE UNTETTLED

Allies Have Forced Battle Line To Be gian Border-Operations Extend To The Coast

Belgium is once more the scene of the fighting of the allied armies of France and England against the Ger-During the past week the allies have succeeded in pushing the German armies back to the Belgian border. Antwerp, the temporary capital of Relgium, and one of the strongest fortified cities in the world is being besieged by the Germans. The world awaits the outcome.

The battle of the Aisne, which was progress north of the Alsne river in France for more than a month, will go down in history as one of the great-est battles the world has ever known. The area over which the fighting ococcupied almost the entire portion of France and at times the main battle lines extended over 150 miles in length. The casualties on both sides were astounding.

For days the great armies of the allies and the Germans swayed back and forth. At some points the allies would gain the advantage, while at others the Germans were victorious, but dur ing these days neither side were able to gain an appreciable advantage. Following desperate fighting on sides for several weeks the battle settled down to a siege. It was even predicted by military experts of the contending nations that winter would find the contending armies still fighting on the northern border of France

The predictions that have been made by writers that areoplanes would play prominent part in the future wars has in part become true. Although they have failed so far to live up to the expectation of the writers when it came to destroying whole fleets of ships and entire cities, but they have proven themselves indispensable aiding the armies in battle.

It has been the aeroplanes that have soared over the battle lines that located the strength of the enemy and made it possible for the commanders to keep in touch with what was going on along a hundred mile battle line. Raids over Paris were made by German aeroplanes during the past week and the British aircraft succeeded in making another successful excursion into Germany. The damage done in both flights were slight.

The war in Europe has, been in progress for more than two months and so far there has been no decisive battles fought either on land or on now appears that the will last through the winter with alternate victories for the combatants. The battle of the Aisne between the allies and the Germans in the north of France has developed into a siege and may last for weeks longer. The greatest activity is now being found East Prussia and Poland where e great armies of Russia are preparing for an invasion into Germany

Germans Defeated In Prussia The flerce struggle which has been going on between the Russian and German troops along the Niemen river in East Prussia for nine days, ended with a complete victory for the Russians, according to dispatches from Petrograd, the Russian capital. The fact that Czar Nicholas has left the and that Kalser William of Germany is already on the ground testifies to the importance of this campaign. European Rulers With Armies

important development in the war in Europe is the report that four of the rulers of the countries at war are at the front. When the conditions in East Prussia grew to alarming proportions and a Russian invasion menaced Germany, Kaiser William hastened to East Prussia. King Albert of Belgium has been constantly with his troops in their fighting against the Germans in Belgium. Czar Nicholas has left Petrograd for the German border.

President Poincare of France has

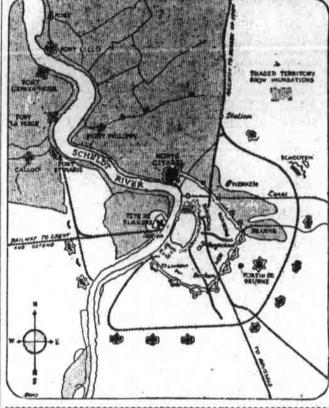
gone to visit his troops fighting the Germans in north France.

#### Gen. Von Moltke Not Removed

Rome.-Inquiries made in German military circles with regard to reports that Gen. Von Moltke had been removed as chief of the general staff of the German army, brings forth the statement that the report is incorrect. The report, it is declared, probably was caused by the change of officers made in the German quartermaster general's department, where Gen. Von Voight-Rhets was appointed to succeed Gen. Von Stein. Gen. Von Moltke retains

Belgian Caffital Moved To Ostend Washington.-An official cablegram to the Belgian legation here announce ed the Belgian government had been removed from Antwerp to Ostend. E. Havenith, the Belgian minister, in making this announcement, declared the act had no political significance and that no matter if all of Belgium fell into the hands of the Germans, Beigium would make no terms with the enemy before similar steps were taken by the silies.

### FORTS GUARDING ANTWERP



Paris.-The following official communication was issued here: "There is nothing new to report, except that there has been a lively engagement in the region of Roye, where, in the last German airship shed at Dusseldorf. two days, we have captured sixteen hundred prisoners."

London.-Belgium once again is the center of military interest, for not only is her army battling for its life behind the fortresses at Antwerp, but the long battle line in France has struggled northward until it has crossed her frontier at Armentieres and yet may join the beleaguered Belgians.

According to a German report re ceived by wireless from Berlin, railway and telegraphic communication with Antwerp is interrupted. It was reported also that the king of the Bel-gians had been slightly wounded.

Antwerp Forts Are Destroyed

been expected, for the Germans had een directing their attacks at points of ingress to and egress from the city and at the same time dropping shells into the town itself. A portion of the town is reported to have been de-stroyed. The 42-centimeter guas made short work of the great Brialmont forts and lesser ones are now engaged in destroying the city, which, under the provisions of The Hague conver tion, was given due notice before the bombardment commenced.

The military fortunes of Gen. You Kluck and his one-armed adversary, commanding the allies' cavalry, rap idly are being made or marred within of the North sea, which sets a limit to the outflanking movements, the accomplishment of which for so long has been the supreme goal of the

Russians Holding Their Own Petrograd.—An unofficial commun cation issued from general headquar

"The fighting on the East Prussian frontier continued on October 7 with the same ferocity. In spite of German reinforcements all their attacks in the region of Wirballen (Russian Poland) and Philipoff have been repulsed with Russian troops have captured the village of Kamenka, near Bakalargewo.
"In the forest of Massalstchizna

west of Ratchka, our troops in a night attack surrounded a German detachthe others being dispersed, abandon

the others being use, continued ing their rapid firers.

"Russian troops have also captured the town of Biala (in Galicia, 43 miles the town of Cracow). In other west-southwest of Cracow). In other regions there is nothing of importance

garrison conditions are in our favor, our troops capturing by assault a strong fortification, constituting one of the principal positions."

Germans Unsuccessful In Africa Washington -The British embass made public this statement cabled to Washington by the colonial office : During September there was consid erable activity along Angio-German boundary of the East African protecto rate, due to attempts to raid British territory and cut the Uganda railway. All these attempts have been repulsed and raiding parties defeated in every case except one, where an unimportan frontier station is still held by a small German party.

Five British Liners Sunk London.-The official news bures announced that the German cruise Emden has sunk four British steam ships and a collier.

Statement of the bureau is as fol-

"The admiralty announces that the German cruiser Emden, during the British Airships Raid Germany

London.-The following official statement was issued covering an attack by a British air squadron on a

"The secretary of the admiralty announces that Squadron Commander Grey reports that, as authorized, he carried out with Lieut, R. L. G. Marix and Lieut. S. V. Sippe, a successful attack on a Dusseldorf airship shed. Lieutenant Marix's bombs, dropped from a height of 500 feet, hit the shed, went through the roof and destroyed Zeppelin.

"Flames were observed 500 feet high, the result of the igniting of the gas of an airship.

"All three officers are safe, but their roplanes have been lost.

"The feat would appear to be in evry respect remarkable, having regard to the distance of over one hundred miles penetrated into country held by the enemy and to the fact that a previous attack had put the enemy on their guard and enabled them to mount anti-aircraft guns.

May Force Turkey Into War Washington.—The alternative the Ottoman empire faces as to whether the Dardanelles are to be swung open in answer to the demand of the triple entente or whether the key to the Black sea is to remain in Turkish posjoin the European struggle, according to opinion expressed in diplomatic cir-cles here. At the Turkish embassy it was admitted that it might prove highly embarrassing to the sultan to be forced to commit himself on such a request. Officials stated that unle no other course was open it was high-ly unlikely that Turkey would submit to a change in its policy because of

Russians Repulse Germans
Petrograd.—The general staff has given out the following official communication.

"The Russian troops have continued alse the enemy from the bo ries of the governments of Suwalki and Lomes. The engagement has been very fierce west of Symno.

"The German troops that were at-tacking Ossowetz are retreating hasti-ly to the north. Considerable forces of the enemy, of which the bulk arrived from the west, are concentrating in the districts west of the governo

"The Russian cavalry and vanguard are reconnoitering energetically through all that region, impeding through vigorous attached the movement of the enemy.

"An attack by the Russian cavalry was the German vanguard in front

against the German vanguard in front of Andrew, and marching on Kleice, was crowned with great success. The a German infantry was caught unawares and is retreating in disorder, pursued by the Russian cavalry.

Poincare Laude British Army London.-An official con issued by the press bureau says: "King George has received a telegram from President Poincare, of France, say-ing: "On leaving French headquarters, I had great pleasure in paying a visit to Field Marshal French at British headquarters and to his valued British troops. I selze this agreeable opportunity for renewing to your majest my most hearty felicitations and shall be grateful if you will convey them to the splendid army which to the splendid army which is now fight-ing in France."

Americans in Turkey Needy
Washington.—Ambassador Morganthan, at Constantinopis, has appealed
to the state department for additional funds for the relief of Americans
in the Ottoman empire. The recent
deposit by this government of \$150,
000 has been found inadequate.
Ambassadors Page and Herrick at
London and Paris, respectively, were
styled of the situation in an effort
to make quickly available runds for
Turkish distribution, and steps also
were taken in that direction by irrectar decoriment officers.

# **CENSORS DRAW VEIL** OVER BIG BATTLE

ALLLIES CLAIM TO HAVE REPUS ED GERMAN CAVALRY AND ADVANCED.

#### ANTWERP QUIET AFTER FALL

Amnesty Promised All Who Are Or derly in Belgian City.-Austrians Claim Gains in the East.

London.-With the conclusion of that phase of the war of the nations which came with the fall of Antwerp, the censorship again has drawn veil over the fighting in the greater part of the European continent.

The French communication deals only with the series of battles which has been in progress for four weeks from the east to west in France with an ever-extending line which now reaches northward from the elbow at Noyon to and across the Belgian border at Armentieres.

The statement says the allies have held their positions everywhere and that German cavalry, which was at-tempting to envelop the allies' left wing, and had seized points of passage on the Lys, east of Aire, was defeated yesterday and retired northeast into the Armentieres district.

At the same time the Germans delivered a vigorous attack on the right bank of the Ancre River between Arras and the Oise, without making any progress.

This indicates that the battle in Picardy, comprising the department of Somme and part of Oise, Pers de Calais and Aisne in which the cavalry is participating on a scale not seen in previous modern wars, extends over a considerable area. Here are many miles of open country, where horse

men can maneuver with advantage. Between the Oise and Rheims, par ticularly in the region northwest of Soissons where the British forces are entrenched, further progress has been made. It thus seems probable that the Germans have abandoned some of their strongly entrenched positions in this neighborhood. It is reported that sanitary reasons have compelled this. The trenches in which the troops have been living for weeks have be come breeding places for disease.

The Germans have resumed their night attacks between Craonne and Rheims, which, according to French accounts, have been repulsed. From Rheims to the Meuse nothing of importance has occurred of late, but in the Apremont district of the Woevre to the east of St. Mihiel, the German made violent attacks during the night of October 9 and the following day.

Aprement was taken by the Germans, but was retaken by the French and remains in their hands. The Germans apparently are determined to maintain as far as possible their positions here, where they have pierced the line of fortification be-tween Verdun and Toul along the River Meuse. Should they be successful against th allies elsewhere this doubtless would be the route by which they would endeavor to enter the beart of France

Two German seroplanes, which seem to choose Sundays for their visits, flew over Paris. They dropped a score of bombs, which killed three persons and wounded 20, but did no material damage.

Part of the Antwerp garrison and two thousand of the British naval vol-unteers, who crossed into Holland and laid down their arms, have been interned and will have to remain there until the end of the war. Some of the Germana also unwillingly cross frontier, and were treated similarly.
Of refusees there appears to be no

The Dutch towns are crowded Belgium. Hollanders are finding difficulty in

providing for them. The Germans, however, have invited the refugees to return to their own country, promising them fair treatment.

England also continues to be

place of refuge for many fugitives, wounded officers and men, who are crossing from Ostend on the regular of the battles in Galicia and Poland

Of the battles in Galicia and Poland the Russian staff has decided to say-nothing for the present, but the Aus-trians declare a recent attack on Przemysł was repulsed and that the Russians have evacuated tranches on the western front, which the Austrians occupied.

The Austrians also claim victories

over the Russian at Lancut and Dy-now in Galicia. It is known that they have received reinforcements. This, Petrograd admits, has compelled a change in the plans of the Russian

change in the plans of the Bussian army.

The Montenegrins claim a victory over the Austrians in Bosnia, where they say the Austrians tried to cut off the Montenegrin army proceeding to Sarajem, but were defeated with heavy losses.

More alarming reports come from Italy of the spread of cholers in Australia. The Romanian government hasthought it necessary is take precautions for the protection of the Austrian legation at Bucharest. Turkey, too, is making preparations of a war-like character. The young Turks are said to be largely under the industry of the Germans.





"Nublack" and "New Rival" Loaded Shotshells Good shooters and sure shooters are Winchester "Nublack" and "New Rival" black powder loaded shells. They are strongly made and loaded with only standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Their even pat-tern and deep penetration make them sure game getters. You will find tern and deep penetration make them sure game getters. You will find nothing better. Bold everywhere. Look for the Red W on the box. They Are Uniform, Highly Satisfactory Loads.

TOOK SPEECH IN THE DARK

Stenographer Says it Was Not Difficult to Follow Remarks of "Uncle Joe."

"Sometimes a man gets a reputation that is undeserved," said Sam Gray, I member of the stenographic corps of the house of representatives, at the Willard, according to the Washington Post "It happened to me a few years ago when I was traveling with former Speaker Cannon in a political cam-'Uncle Joe' made a lot of speeches in that particular campaign and I was there to make a stenographic report and transcript of them. In one Western city, the speaker was talk ing to a tremendous crowd of people when suddenly, without warning, the electric lights went out, leaving the house in total darkness.

"For fifteen minutes, perhaps, the speaker talked on in the darkness. It was up to me, of course, to make a re port of his speech, and I did. Naturally, had to feel my way, and I made my notes unusually large, so I would have no trouble in reading them. When the lights were restored I was right there with the speaker, and made an accurate transcript of his speech. Some of the newspaper boys heard of the story and published it as a marvelous

"The fact is, it was not at all diffi cult to follow the former speaker. He trouble in taking his remarks."

The Right Thing. He—in what month were you born? She—Oh, you needn't be afraid. The

It's the ups and down of life that year out some men, and all brellas.

### Breakfasts of "Other Days"

Ham, bacon or sausage; fried potatoes; doughnuts and coffee — prepared by over-worked mothers.

Today's and Tomorrow's Breakfasts

run about like this:

## Post **Toasties**

with cream or fruits; a posched egg or two; crisp toust; and a cup of Postum—a royal starter for any day.

Quick, easy to serve, ap-

"Mother" has it eas -sold by Gro

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"I'm certain he loves me," said the

uburban girl.
"How's that?" "It is a four-mile walk to town. He misses the last car about twice a week, but he still keeps coming."

T requires good tobacco to make good cigarettes, and good tobacco comes high. Only the inexpensive, sensible wrapping enables us to offer 20 Fatima Cigarettes for 15

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Go to Jerusalem to Die That Jewish immigrants have so well adapted themselves to local con-ditions in Jerusalem as to "practically monopolise a greater part of such trade as exists" is stated in a consular report on Jerusalem. It is the popu-to give an exact estimate of the popu-lation of Jerusalem, and although it is to give an exact estimate of the population of Jerusalem, and although it is believed that it figures at 110,000, 95,000 might perhaps be a more correct estimate. It is, roughly speaking, composed of 13,000 Christians. 12,000 Mohammedans and 70,000 Jews. many of whom are immigrants from

It is remarked that in spite of the emigration of many Jews to es military service there has still been a marked increase in this section of the population on account of the continuous influx of aged Jews, who come with the intention of ending their days in Palestine.

A Distinction.

The heathen in his blivdness sowed down to wood and stone.

"For shame!" cried the chaldron of light, and shuddered ostern and work whereupon the heather fill much ful. "Are tood and stone much worse than a bit of bunting thed in divere colors!" he quaried.

"Don't get sarcastic, now!" warned the children of light. "We're not talking about patriotism, we're talking about religion!"

Bound to Ba.

"Pa, what is an extremist?"

"Any woman who dresses in any
on."—Birmingham Age-Herald.