

The Rocky Mount Herald

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TAR RIVER CHANNEL WORK TO BE COMMENCED SOON

A special wire from Congressman John H. Kerr announces that work will start within the next two or three weeks on the Tar River channel improvements between Tarboro and Rocky Mount.

Congressman Kerr, has been insisting for several years that this work be done, and was successful in having it placed in the rivers and harbors bill at the last session of Congress.

It is expected that this work on the channel of the Tar River, which will cost approximately \$82,000 will greatly increase the use of the river for water transportation. It will make it possible for larger boats to come up to Rocky Mount, and will make handling the smaller boats much easier and safer.

The full text of the telegram is given below: "Congressman Kerr informed today by War Department that construction on Tar River channel improvement between Tarboro and Rocky Mount would start within two or three weeks at an estimated cost of \$82,000. Congressman Kerr has insisted for several years that this project be undertaken by the Government and was successful in placing same in rivers and harbors act of last Congress. Joseph G. Butts, Jr., Clerk Office of Congressman John H. Kerr."

Pioneer Tobacco Man Dies In City

Funeral Services For Ralph Pitt Conducted From Home On Wednesday

Funeral services for Ralph Pitt, 65, pioneer tobacco warehouseman here and vice president of the Easley Warehouse Company, Inc., was conducted at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning from the home at 243 Rose Street.

Mr. Pitt died at his home at 8 o'clock Monday night after an illness of about four months. He had undergone an operation and had returned to his home a few weeks ago.

Rev. B. Dwight Ware, pastor of the First Methodist church, conducted the funeral services and interment followed in Pineview cemetery.

He is survived by his wife, the former Miss Daisy Bonner Keesh of Tarboro, and one daughter, Miss Corinne Pitt. One brother and one sister also remain, Edward J. Pitt and Mrs. James H. Brown, both of Rocky Mount.

Widely known Mr. Pitt was widely known here and through the rural tobacco section, and is remembered for his wide acquaintance among tobacco farmers.

He had been associated with the Easley Warehouse Company for about 10 years, but had been in the tobacco warehouse business since coming to Rocky Mount about 1892. He had also operated warehouses here and in Florence, S. C., in Wilson and in Kentucky.

For a year following his marriage November 6, 1901, Mr. Pitt and his wife lived in Florence where he was associated with a warehouse. During his connection with the Rocky Mount tobacco market he also was associated for portions of some years with the Kentucky markets.

Mr. Pitt was born and reared in Edgecombe county and came to Rocky Mount at the age of 17. He taught school until he was 21 and then entered the tobacco business.

He attended a school in Tarboro which was conducted by the late Frank Wilkinson, and later attended Davis Military Academy, a school once popular with young men of this section of North Carolina.

Conduct Funeral For B. G. Jackson

Bossie G. Jackson, 42, was buried at Jackson cemetery following services from the home, Rocky Mount route two, at three o'clock with Rev. G. W. Goldston, pastor of the Clark Street Methodist church, officiating. Jackson, a World War veteran, died at the home of his stepmother, Mrs. Betty Jackson, following an illness of several weeks.

He is survived by two daughters, a son, and a sister, Mrs. Charlie Taylor of New Bern.

Children Hurt In Bus Wreck

Two students of Apex High School were injured painfully but not seriously Monday when an automobile collided with the school bus in which they were riding. The injured children were Christine and Sherwood Franks. The bus driver, Roy Jones, escaped unhurt, as did another pupil in the bus. The accident occurred when John H. Banks, Negro, skidded into the bus in attempting to pass it. Banks was released under bond on a reckless driving charge.

IN WASHINGTON

WHAT IS TAKING PLACE BY

Robert R. Reynolds

UNITED STATES SENATOR

Some time ago several of my colleagues, including a veteran of many, many years service in the Senate, were discussing the new responsibilities imposed upon Senators, in face of the fact that the constitutional duties have remained unchanged. One reason, of course, is the great expansion of Federal activities and the spread of the activities in the states. Another is the direct election of Senators which has served to bring them closer to their constituents than was the case in earlier days when members of the Senate were elected by Legislatures.

Considerable interest was shown in the discussion because of the popular conception of Senatorial duties as being almost entirely confined to law-making on the floor of the Senate. Nothing is at greater variance with the facts. It would be more nearly accurate to say that the time spent on the floor occupies a comparatively small part of a Senator's time. The more arduous duties, are in connection with committee meetings, handling mail, making departmental calls, receiving visitors and seeking employment for constituents. It is all these together that require the greatest amount of physical energy and time.

In addition, a Senator must adjust his schedule to have time to study departmental reports, legislative proposals and prepare a great variety of statements and speeches. And as people generally take a great interest in government, as has been the case in recent years, Senatorial duties are increased through more correspondence, without any lessening of other duties.

In writing on this subject, it is not my intention to do other than indirectly answer innumerable questions that have come to me from North Carolinians with reference to Senate duties.

Unfortunately, few Senators have been able to devote the necessary time to drafting of a detail report on the activities of their offices. If they could do so, it would provide information that would be, to say the least, most surprising to those unfamiliar with Senatorial duties and certainly most contrary to popular conception of those duties.

Some years ago, Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., of New York, now a member of the House of Representatives, kept a record for a period of one month. Although the record covered was at a time of normal Federal activities, in the hey day of national prosperity, and therefore can not be compared with present-day activities in Washington, the facts disclosed are illuminating.

For example, in the monthly period for which the record was kept, the following was shown: Attendance at fifteen committee meetings for a total of twenty-seven and a half hours. Twenty-two departmental calls, an average of nearly one each day. A total of 1041 visitors were received in the Senator's office, an average of about thirty-five daily. There were 2301 telephone calls, 174 incoming telegrams and 67 telegrams outgoing.

The facts with reference to correspondence were equally as interesting. In the month that Senator Wadsworth kept his record, there were 5771 incoming letters and 3,423 dispatched. This means an average of 206 letters received daily and 127 sent out. To this must be added the fact that 928 documents were received for study and 910 were sent out.

In quoting the data gathered by former Senator Wadsworth, the purpose is to give a glimpse of the manifold duties imposed on a Senator's office. It effectively answers the many questions that have come to me with reference to Senatorial duties.

There can be no doubt that if records were kept over a period of one month in almost any Senate office today, the volume of work would be far in excess of that shown in the office of Senator Wadsworth some years ago. However, in the absence of fresher information, that available is of interest.

There has been a particularly heavy increase in visitors to Senate offices during recent years. This has been partly due to better transportation facilities at lower cost, making it easier for people to come to Washington, and partly due to expanded Federal activities making it necessary for more people to visit their national capital.

E. CAROLINA BAPTISTS TO MEET TUESDAY

Over 1,000 Expected For Two-Day Meeting Of Roanoke Association, Coley Says

Over 1,000 Baptists are expected to attend the 30th annual session of the Roanoke Baptist Association in Tarboro October 12 and 13, it was announced here by John T. Coley, moderator of the association.

The session will include five meetings during the two days at the First Baptist church in Tarboro, of which Rev. J. L. Peacock is pastor. Delegates are expected from the 70 Baptist churches in a wide area of eastern North Carolina and a number of visitors, including J. L. Carrick of Murfreesboro, J. S. Farmer of Raleigh, J. C. Hough of Kinston, M. O. Alexander of Raleigh, Jacob Gartenhaus of Atlanta, Ga., M. L. Bannister of Oxford and Harold Schaly of Porto Alegre, Brazil.

A large number of young people from the Kennedy Memorial Home will present a musical program for the association Tuesday night, October 12, Mr. Coley stated.

Magnifying Christ and His Church, will be the general theme of the session.

Dr. J. W. Kincheloe, pastor of the First Baptist church in Rocky Mount for 20 years, will address the delegates on "Christianity and the Moral Tendencies of the Age," at the Tuesday morning meeting. Rev. J. H. Smith will deliver the annual sermon at the same meeting.

Rev. J. L. Willis, Rev. Charles E. McConnell, Mrs. Mabel Claire Madry of the Woman's Missionary Union and Rev. J. L. Carrick will speak at the Tuesday afternoon meeting.

Mr. Schaly of Brazil and J. C. Hough will speak at the meeting Tuesday night, at which the Kennedy Memorial Orphanage musicians will present selections. Jack Murchison, young Rocky Mount attorney, will speak on the subject, "Is the Church Using Its Young Members Properly," at the meeting Wednesday morning. I. B. Jackson, Mr. Alexander and Mr. Gartenhaus will speak at the same meeting.

C. H. Patrick and O. L. Bannister will speak at the final meeting Wednesday afternoon and musical features have been prepared for each meeting, Mr. Coley announced.

We The People

(Smithfield Herald)

Warm friends were Clayton-born William Edward Dodd, eminent historian, and Theodore Roosevelt, late President of the U. S. Their friendship began when Historian Dodd wrote a life of Jefferson Davis and got invited to the White House after the President, himself interested in writing a biography of Davis, had read and admired the work. But for more reasons than their common biographical interest did the native son of Johnston become greatly attracted to President Roosevelt, the First.

On a visit to his family in North Carolina, the then professor of history at Virginia's Randolph-Macon College was talking one day with his father. In a characteristic drawl, he said: "You know, Pa, Roosevelt said that what he wanted to do was what the people wanted him to do. Now that's right."

Third of a century later, the same Historian Dodd, meanwhile became U. S. Ambassador to Herr Hitler's Germany, still believes it is right for a government to respect the wishes of the people, the rule of the majority rather than rule of a minority. He admired Theodore Roosevelt as one who wanted to do what the people wanted done; he admires Franklin Roosevelt as one who wants to do what the people want done.

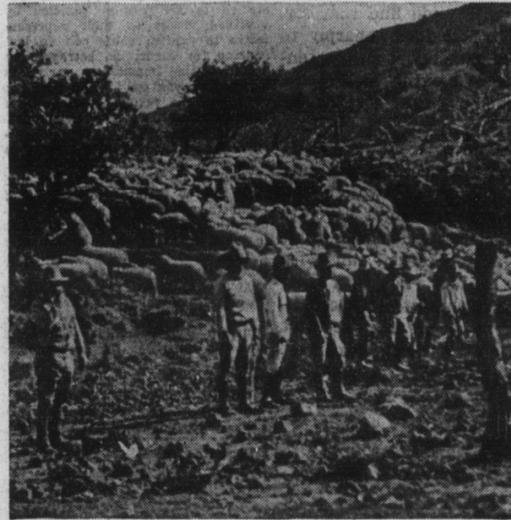
No stronger supporter has the New Deal (including the proposal for court reform) than Ambassador Dodd who, like President Roosevelt, the Second, knows no more striking example of minority rule in the U. S. than minority rule by the Supreme Court. In North Carolina this week on a visit with relatives in Wake and Johnston counties, he denounced dictatorial tendencies of the court in speeches delivered before Chapel Hill and Raleigh audiences.

Chapel Hill listeners heard him assert: "If the court has the right to throw acts of Congress into the wastebasket it will always be difficult to apply principles of democracy." At Raleigh, he traced the history of minority groups that have controlled legislation and put hindrances in the way of democratic rights, declared that whenever the Federal government had tried to regulate certain monopolistic corporations, in stepped the Supreme Court to give the corporations protection by ruling acts of Congress unconstitutional. "Some of the justices," he charged, "were brought up in circumstances that made them forget democratic principles. Why should they feel they have the right to defeat the people?"

The Smithfield Herald.

Union County farmers are harvesting approximately two tons of prime lespechea hay per acre. They also have a good crop of seed.

Hawaii Wages War on Wild Sheep



Part of a herd of 3,000 wild sheep and goats recently slaughtered on the island of Hawaii by federal and territorial officials in an effort to conserve the island's watershed. It is estimated that 40,000 animals are ranging the upper areas of the island.—Pan Pacific Press Bureau photo.

Operation of Old Age Pension Law Reflection On State

The manner in which the Old Age Pension Law is being operated in North Carolina is being seriously criticized by many of our leading people. In the last campaign the old people were promised that North Carolina would take advantage of the Old Age National Pension Law. The party platform pledged itself on this subject and the governor was emphatic and outspoken. The old people have been waiting since July and still the law has not been put into effect. Here, just a few who were already on the county have received small allotments and of course there are some in addition but mighty few. We saw an old man yesterday 78 years old, unable to work, has been on the county and still he has not received an allowance yet. He is much worse off now than he was before the Old Age Pension Law was put into effect for his county allowance has been withdrawn and the Old Age administration has been so slow in putting the law into effect. The small amount given in North Carolina is a reflection upon our state. The governor ought to cause an immediate investigation. This law should have been worked out before July 1, for they had six months to perfect it.

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS PROBABLE

The President has given strong intimation that he will call a special session of Congress to enact necessary and vital farm legislation which Congress failed to enact last session.

The low price of cotton is having its effect upon the entire business structure but when the farmer fails to receive a reasonable return for his crops it brings failure to everybody whether he be manufacturer, laborer, or farmer. The president urged this upon Congress last session but it failed to act spending its time talking constitution, and we are now facing a condition that makes it absolutely necessary that Congress be called into extra session to provide for farm and labor legislation.

WAR WAGED ON FORCE

The theory on which the present wars are being waged is in violation of all treaties: "might makes right" and what one country needs it has a right to take from the other country, if it has the physical force to do so; so much so that the president of the United States suggests that it might become necessary to quarantine such a nation so that it will not be a menace to other nations as has been the custom among individuals in dealing with smallpox cases.

Will Hunt Deer In Pisgah Forest

Detailed plans for the fourth big game hunt on the Pisgah National Game Preserve in western North Carolina as announced by H. E. Ochsner of Asheville, Supervisor of the Pisgah National Forest, will create no little interest among deer hunters or would-be deer hunters throughout the Southeast. Opening through December 10, the hunt will be held over the entire 100,000-acre preserve with both bucks and does being hunted for the first time. Two thousand and five hundred sportsmen will be allowed to participate.

The announced hunt is the outcome of careful investigation by State and Federal authorities which reveals that the preserve is heavily over-stocked and the welfare of the herd demands continued reduction to prevent starvation and disease. The distinct "deer-line" is in evidence, and severe losses as well as irreparable damage to timber and watershed protection are already evident. The general public is therefore to be given an opportunity to benefit by this surplus supply.

Six upright soils and many trench silos have been constructed in Buncombe County this fall.

Because they secured increased yields of corn this season from the growing and plowing under of crimson clover last season, Orange farmers are sowing a large crop this fall.

UNITED STATES SUPPORTS LEAGUE, CONDEMNS JAPAN

WAGE PEACE IS ADVICE

The peace-loving nations must make a concerted effort in opposition to those violations of treaties and those ignorings of humane instincts which today are creating a state of international anarchy and instability from which there is no escape through mere isolation and neutrality.—President Roosevelt.

That statement by the President ought not to be as dramatic as it will seem to be in the world today. It is no more than the statement of a fact. If America wishes it, that is the President's position and for long years before Roosevelt came to the White House that was the Wilsonian position. But in a score of unproductive years in which the world has grown in the world the isolationists in America have had their way. Twenty years ago they withheld from the League of Nations the strength and support of the United States. No wonder the league failed with such a power outside. Year by year, while the war-careless nations grew in ruthlessness and power, the United States remained aloof. And yet there are few who today believe that the United States is the safer for those long years of isolation. We have failed to help make world peace; but we have not succeeded in escaping from the threat of war which hangs over the world. Gradually not our good will but the inexorable shaping of events has demonstrated the folly of flights as a way to peace. Peace in the world, like peace in Raleigh and in North Carolina and in America depends upon the determination of the peaceful that the violent shall not prevail. America takes an honorable part in the affairs of the world when it assumes its responsibility for world safety and security.—News and Observer.

PRESBYTERY ENDS MEET

Proposed Changes In Presbyterian Book Of Church Order Are Approved

Goldboro, Oct. 5.—The Ninety-seventh session of the Albemarle Presbytery closed tonight after two days' meeting at the First Presbyterian church in Goldboro. The theme tonight was "Evangelism and the Spiritual Life."

At this morning's session, proposed changes in the "Book of Church Order," providing a commission in each Presbytery to supervise the procedure and details of calling pastors and filling vacant pulpits temporarily, was approved. These changes would provide for a co-operating commission in each synod and the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church.

An affirmative vote by three-fourths of the ninety Presbyteries plus the subsequent vote of the General Assembly would make this church law, it was said. As expressed by Retiring Moderator Nat Harrison of Greenville, it would aid "preacherless churches and churchless preachers."

The Rev. R. E. McClure of New Bern, chairman of the commission on amendments to the confession of faith and the catechisms of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, read the report, and all recommendations except one were adopted.

The Rev. John Cunningham, blind evangelist of the Roanoke Presbytery, Synod of Virginia, conducted the devotion using the theme "What is Truth?"

The Rev. Harold J. Dudley of Kinston, who was elected moderator Monday night, appointed the following standing committees: Attendance, the Rev. R. C. Grady, Greenville; the Rev. Lee R. Scott, Goldboro; Elder R. A. Perry, Nominations, Rev. H. W. Wilson, Farmville; the Rev. J. A. Satterfield, Rocky Mount; Elder Brooks Peters, minutes of the General Assembly, the Rev. R. E. McClure; Elder J. Nat Harrison; Thanks, the Rev. J. N. Dandy, Elder J. B. Jones, temporary clerk pro-tem, the Rev. John C. Whitley, Williamston.

The Waccamaw Bank and Trust Company provided each corn club member in Columbus County with enough pure seed of the Latham's Double variety to plant one acre and the boys now have surplus seed to sell this winter.

Mr. Duncan was a graduate of the class of 1859.

His successor, Secretary Saunders said, becomes Rev. William C. Prout of the class of 1865, a resident of Middleville, N. Y., who is 89.

Rev. Prout was the only man in his graduating class who completed his senior year, although several other students, released by the close of the Civil War, came back to Chapel Hill for commencement and were awarded their degrees.

Many People Named Smith

The Smiths are the folks North Carolina people will have to try to keep up with if the Social Security account numbers and names on file with the State Unemployment Compensation Commission is a criterion for the State's population. These records show approximately 9,550 Smiths, five Smyths and four Smythes, or more than 3,000 ahead of the 6,325 Jones. In fact, the Williamses with 6,270, are almost up with the Jones and the 5,280 Browns are not far behind.

Also Comes On Heels Of Similar Condemnation Of Japan By League Of Nations Assembly At Geneva; League Proposes Conference Of Nine-Power Treaty Signatories; Anticipated That United States Will Attend Such Gathering; Latest Action By United States Creates Speculation As To What Next Step Will Be In This Country's Efforts To Preserve World Peace

Tokyo, Oct. 7.—(Thursday)—The Japanese foreign office called an emergency conference early today following United States action condemning Japan as a treaty violator.

Simultaneously, newspaper extras began appearing with the bare text of the pronouncement issued in Washington. No comment was published immediately.

Excitement spread through the streets as crowds clustered around the newscaps.

Washington, Oct. 6.—The United States government formally condemned Japan tonight as a treaty violator in China, thus throwing its full moral support behind efforts of the League of Nations to halt the Far Eastern conflict.

Shortly after the League had voted similar condemnation of Japan's invasion and had proposed a conference of this and other nations which signed the nine-power sovereignty, the State Department announced:

"The conclusions of this government with respect to the foregoing (alleged treaty violations) are in general accord with those of the Assembly of the League of Nations."

Closely following President Roosevelt's appeal at Chicago yesterday for concerted international action to restore world peace, the Department's statement accused Japan of violating the Nine-Power treaty and the Kellogg-Briand pact renouncing war, and the principles which "should govern the relationships between nations."

Will Be Accepted

The pronouncement did not say whether the United States would accept the League's proposal for a conference of the Nine-Power signatories to consider action, but it was predicted in authoritative circles that the proposal would be accepted.

This government's formal condemnation of the Japanese military operations in China was expressed as follows:

"In the light of the unfolding developments in the Far East, the government of the United States has been forced to the conclusion that the action of Japan in China is inconsistent with the principles which should govern the relationships between nations and is contrary to the provisions of the Nine-Power treaty of February 6, 1922, regarding principles and policies to be followed in matters concerning China, and to those of the Kellogg-Briand pact of August 27, 1928."

Until a formal bid to the proposed Nine-Power parley arrives, Secretary Hull and his aides refused to make any comment on the projected meeting. The United States was an active sponsor of the Nine-Power pact, which was signed in Washington by it and eight other nations, including Japan and China. The treaty guarantees China's territorial and administrative sovereignty and pledges maintenance of equal commercial opportunities in China for all nations.

DAUGHTRIDGE IS PRESIDENT

Louisburg College President Gets Hearty Response To Address Before Club

Two features marked the Current Topic club's beginning of its twenty-fifth year with a meeting last night in the Y. M. C. A.—the election of officers headed by Dr. A. L. Daughtridge as president, and an address on education and religion in which Professor B. E. Earnhardt, president of Louisburg College, spiked his serious message with a strong draught of anecdotes.

Education and religion "are the only two civilizers," Professor Earnhardt declared, and they must be the source of the world's culture. Superficiality, force and "divisiveness" (lack of unity) are the three hindrances to both education and religion, he said.

Fifty acres of cotton in Wilson County has been passed by inspectors of the Crop Improvement Association for use as certified seed.

NOTICE

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