

The Rocky Mount Herald

VOLUME 5, NO. 17

ROCKY MOUNT, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1938

\$1.00 PER YEAR

EDGECOMBE RESPONDS TO BETTER HOMES WEEK PROGRAM

Raleigh, April 18.—Reports are coming in from the various communities and towns in Edgecombe county of the good work that is going on this week in observing Better Homes Week, according to Mrs. Eugenia Van Landingham, Better Homes' chairman.

Pinetops, under the leadership of Mrs. Hugh Pearson, has done and is doing a wonderful job. This is evidenced by the five posters which can be seen in the windows down town. The mayor and town officers have cooperated in making Pinetops a cleaner and more attractive town.

Whitakers is working, also. Proclamations have gone out from the mayor to the citizens, asking their cooperation in putting their town "on top" in observing "Better Homes week." Mrs. Mildred McDaniel is chairman of the campaign in Whitakers.

Battleboro is doing a fine job this week with Mrs. Joe Powell as engineer. They are receiving fine cooperation from the citizens of Battleboro in helping to make it a more beautiful, and cleaner little town.

Maclesfield is on the job, also. They are going after rubbish and the cleaning of vacant lots. Some homes have also been painted.

Merchants Urged To Seek Office

Leonard Says Business Men Should Run For Legislature And Check Tax Trend

Hickory, April 21.—With the deadline for filing almost at hand, Secretary Paul Leonard of the Fair Tax Association declared here today that "the merchants and business men of many counties should get together at once and draft from their own ranks as legislative candidates citizens who can be depended upon to check the present trends in the taxing and spending policies of the State."

He said newspaper reports and information he has secured in various sections of the State "indicate that unless there are last-minute filings of more business-men candidates for the next General Assembly will run true to form in that it will be made up predominantly of lawyer-politicians who have been hand-picked for the purpose of continuing present policies which means that the next legislature will follow the custom of the past three and add another million dollars a month to the tax load."

Leonard said the "legal profession seems determined to control all branches of our State government, and he feels that it is time for more citizens in other walks of life to get into politics."

"Merchants are complaining about the ill effects of the sales tax, and now that they are beginning to feel the pinch of poor business due to the depression they are expressing fear of additional federal taxes. The first step to correct the existing condition is to get into places of public authority. It means sacrifices, but it also means saving to taxpayers when business takes a hand in public affairs," Leonard declared.

Hatches Chickens In Tree Tops

W. S. Manning, a farmer living near Ayden, Pitt county, noted for his veracity, has a Rhode Island hen that becoming disgusted at dogs, minks, snakes, and rodents, made her nest in the fork of an oak, 16 feet from the ground, laid 15 eggs, from which she hatched 14 little red chicks.

When the task was completed, she selected a good soft plot of plowed land, taking the chicks in her beak, one by one, she landed them safely on the ground. The old rooster kept vigil and showed great interest in the proceedings. Fearing some casualty, he gave a triumphant crow of victory when the job was finished, doing the "big apple" around the young brood and then escorted them to the barn yard and gave them lessons on how to scratch for a living.

CAREER OF JUDGE ENDED BY DEATH

George W. Connor Succumbs To Heart Attack; Will Be Buried Today

A fatal heart attack, striking swiftly early Saturday morning, ended the career of Associate Justice George W. Connor of State Supreme Court. He died at his home in Raleigh shortly after 9 o'clock. Although Judge Connor had been ill several months last year, death came unexpectedly. He sat with the Court last week and worked at his office Friday. The family said he suffered a set-back Friday night; but arose Saturday morning; read his paper, and appeared to be improved until stricken about 9 o'clock.

Sixty-five years old, Judge Connor, a native of Wilson, had been a member of the Supreme Court 14 years and previously served 11 years on the Superior Court Bench. He represented his native county of Wilson in the Legislature three consecutive terms, beginning in 1909, and was Speaker of the House of Representatives in 1913.

Funeral services will be conducted at the home at 825 Holt Drive at 3:00 Sunday afternoon by the Rev. James McDowell Dick, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, of which Judge Connor was a member. The family declined the privilege of allowing the body to lie in state in the rotunda of the State Capitol building, preferring simple ceremonies. Interment was in the Connor family plot at Wilson.

Cleveland Will Not Get A New Registration

"Cleveland county will not get its new registration of voters for the approaching primary, but County Attorney McSwain says "it will be done this year."

"Registration books that have been used in each election since 1902 are obviously cluttered up with names of dead voters and duplications. To say the books are in a mess is putting it mildly. Their condition opens the way for election frauds. Two years ago we came near having an election scandal which would have reflected on the fine name of our county and the honor of her officials."

"Attorney McSwain drafted and sent to Representative Gardner an act requiring a new county-wide registration in 1938. This registration has not been ordered; due, we understand to a change in the personnel of the election board whose duty it is to order the registration. To our way of thinking, a change in personnel is not sufficient excuse for failing to provide for the new registration for the June primary. Contests are usually very heated in primaries for the spirited campaigns usually draw out a fuller registration than the general elections in November. So it would seem that if an honest, accurate record of all eligible voters is desired, the registration should have been made before the June primary."

"We are told now that it is too late for the election board to issue the call in time for the June primary. That is to be regretted, so let's hope that the primary will be conducted in an honest, fair and upright manner so that the good name of election officials, our county and candidates will not be dishonored. In the meantime, that call for registration should be marked down on the calendar so it will be done before October."—Shelby Star.

Red Coral Always Prized.

It is red coral that is and always has been prized, not solely for jewelry and buttons, but as a charm to bring safety, health and secrets not revealed to the ordinary person. As ancient Gauls rushed headlong into battle, they trusted their safety to their swords, strength and the "magic" coral imbedded in their shields or helmets. Many Italians and Indians regard coral as protection against the "evil eye." The world's red coral comes from the reefs of the Mediterranean coast of Africa, says the Washington Post, and is obtained chiefly by Italians.

SHALL IT BE DEATH TO THE CHAIN STORES?

From an Article by Don Francisco, Lord & Thomas, Los Angeles in "Advertising & Selling" March 1938

"I see the chain-store question as a social question, to be decided on the basis not of special interests, but of greatest good to greatest number . . .

"Being a chain is not a matter of size, but a matter of method. Why has this method spread and flourished? It is because the chains had a new idea of serving the consumer and the consumer welcomed that idea."

"First of all, the chains offered lower prices. How? They were competing with a retailing system handicapped by credit losses and by wasteful, duplicating facilities; they introduced cash-and-carry merchandising, and passed the saving on to the consumer. They came into a field dominated by small, badly managed stores, and introduced order and efficiency, and passed that saving on. Recognizing the high costs of the old wholesaler-retailer relationships, they took upon their own shoulders a good many of the wholesaler's functions, and passed that saving on. They learned that two stores could operate more cheaply than one, and ten stores more cheaply still, and they passed that saving on.

"Next, they offered cleaner and more attractive stores. They built fixtures and displayed goods for the consumer's benefit. They chose their locations systematically, for the consumer's convenience."

"The chains adopted a modern selling method which the rank and file of small retailers had largely neglected—advertising . . . "So what happened? They came on the American scene when official and unofficial observers were exhorting us to simplify distribution, reduce waste and lower prices. So well did the chains meet this challenge that they sold, and still sell, at an average of 10 per cent less than the single-store operator. That means a saving to lower-income and middle-income families of an estimated \$750,000,000 a year. Of this saving, 82.6 per cent represents economies in handling merchandise."

"At the same time, the chains brought a variety and bargains to small towns. They improved real estate values and kept neighborhood trade at home. They offered new opportunities for advancement to thousands of able citizens."

The chains, through low retail prices, were already performing a special service to the rural population, to labor, and to the under-privileged; they also reached out to serve the farmer as a producer by bringing him closer to his markets. A very recent report on "Chain Store Distribution of Fruits and Vegetables in the Northeastern States" (U. S. Dept. of Agriculture) testifies. "The chain systems have unquestionably improved the efficiency and reduced the cost of getting fruits and vegetables from grower to consumer."

"The question of monopoly has been raised in connection with the growth of chains. Let us consider. Is there monopoly? Is there a threat of monopoly? The answers to these questions should be weighed seriously in judging proposed changes in distribution."

"There is no monopoly today. The Federal Trade Commission examined this question in detail, and found no cause for alarm. The Department of Agriculture reported: "The field of retailing is perhaps the most competitive sphere in industry or commerce . . . Concentration of corporate control does not even approach that existing in many other parts of the economic system."

"I argue, not simply for chain stores, but for the preservation of a system that encourages improvement, a system that does not punish efficiency with death. I ask that first consideration be given the American consumer whose living costs will rise if the chain store method is legislated out of existence."

Jenny Lind's Grave
Jenny Lind, the Swedish nightingale, is buried in Malvern, England.

Only Twelve but on Her Way to Stardom



This is Janice Chambers, twelve-year-old Cinderella, who has a new contract to act in the movies for one of the major producing companies. She is the daughter of a janitor in a Chicago theater. The brown-haired, blue-eyed girl, large for her age, can sing as high as F above high C, can sing in six languages, and is already an actress.

Taxation And Sixteenth Amendment

The Sixteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution gives the Congress the right to tax incomes from whatever source derived without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to a census or enumeration. We quote the exact language of the Sixteenth article: "THE CONGRESS SHALL HAVE POWER TO LAY AND COLLECT TAXES ON INCOMES, FROM WHATEVER SOURCE DERIVED, WITHOUT APPOINTMENT AMONG THE SEVERAL STATES, AND WITHOUT REGARD TO ANY CENSUS OR ENUMERATION." The courts have held that Congress does not have the right to tax the income from the judges salaries by reason of the statement in Article 3 Section 1, of the original constitution which states that the compensation of the judges shall not be diminished during the continuance in office. And they have consistently held so, which in our opinion and the opinion of many of the leaders in Congress is a direct usurpation of power, for the sixteenth amendment to the constitution as above stated was passed after Article 3, Section 1, was adopted and superceded wherever there is a conflict with the original constitution. Congress has full right to tax the salaries of all judicial offices and the income from all governmental securities and bonds. There is a general belief that credit has been denied business by reason of many of our financial institutions loading themselves up with government securities contending that the income from these securities could not be taxed and therefore, business was unable to obtain credit because of the over-loading of financial institutions with governmental securities. The cost of government should be born by all classes of property. When the public should have been extended credit to carry on business this in all probability was the chief cause of the government having to extend credit to the individual in keeping his home from being sold. The people are becoming better acquainted with the Constitution than before. It looks like even the judges themselves have not been much acquainted with it. No judge could honestly contend but that an amendment where there is a conflict the latest change is the law. Judge Walter Clark chief justice of North Carolina often called the sixteenth amendment a usurpation of power, which the

WORLD CARRY OUT PROMISE PEOPLE

Aldermen are going to perjury the back part of the old City of Commerce the entire city should provide a public

place should not rest solely upon who was led to believe that this is a place for the convenience

There is a small toilet in the Chamber of Commerce room but there is absolutely no sign about the building any where to let a poor strange woman know there is a toilet in the building. The city should carry out its promise to the public. The Chamber of Commerce has a large sign across the front of the building but not a word said that the public could use the toilet. For years the City Government was carried on in this building and there is no need for all of this space to be turned over to a Select few where the public needs are concerned. Divide the building up and let the public know where it has a right so they will not feel they are trespassers.

CHURCH ASKED TO CHANGE RULE

The Methodist church has always demanded total abstinence from tobacco by its ministers and preachers. However, according to press reports, a resolution will be presented to the General Conference of the Methodist church that the law be changed and instead of demanding total abstinence that these ministers be requested to abstain.

Now just what has caused this change in the attitude of the church we do not know. Has the culture of the weed changed from what it used to be, and has caused it to be less harmful, or is it because a large amount of church endowment is invested in tobacco business? The general Conference will meet in Birmingham. We feel sure this church will not change its attitude.

Watches Once Small Clocks
Watches originally were small clocks and were worn hung from the girdle because they were too large for the pocket.

First Plows of Tree Branches
The first farm plows were made of crooked tree branches and worked by man power.

GALLOPADE IN FULL SWING AS THOUSANDS CELEBRATE

WILSON AGENT REPLIES TO COMPLAINTS

W. L. Adams Says County Has Larger Tobacco Acreage Under New Program

Wilson, April 26.—Farm Agent W. L. Adams yesterday came back at those who have been grumbling at the acreage allotment for tobacco in this county when he released figures showing that 1,185 more acres for tobacco have been allotted to Wilson County this year under the 1938 farm program than were allotted to the county under the AAA of 1934.

Revelation of the figures came on top of complaints of the farmers not only concerning the tobacco acreage allotments this year but also concerning other crops such as corn, although it was explained that corn and depleting crops were part of the soil conservation program and not part of the control program.

Farmers of this county voted about 30-1 in favor of the control program. Early this month, scores complained about their allotments. Recently the general crop allotments under the soil conservation program were announced and again the farmers complained because of the \$6 an acre tax that must be paid on all land planted in depleting crops over the allotment.

Adams pointed out that in 1934, under the old AAA, some 21,005 acres was allotted to Wilson County for tobacco planting, while this year the farmers were allowed to plant 22,250 acres under the new program. "It is the same increase in proportion in cotton this year," he said. Wilson farmers are allowed to plant a total of some 18,650 acres in cotton this year.

He also pointed out that the county was allowed 28,000 acres in depleting crops last year while it was allowed 44,000 acres in depleting crops this year.

"Before this year," said Adams, "the largest number of acres of depleting crops ever planted totaled 36,000."

Many Sec. Cards In North Carolina

Applications for Social Security account numbers received by the Social Security Board in North Carolina at the end of March amounted to 757,431, while the number received in the United States reached the high figure, 38,237,877.

George N. Adams, Manager of the Rocky Mount office of the Social Security Board, called attention today, to the fact that every worker who secures a Social Security account card should report his number to his employer. The employer is required by law to make a wage report to the Collector of Internal Revenue, for each one of his workers under the age of 65 who has a job that is included under old-age insurance provisions of the Social Security Act. The next quarterly wage report, which is due not later than midnight April 30, is now being compiled by many business firms. Therefore, every employee who has not already reported his number to his employer should do so without delay.

Mr. Adams said that each worker in covered employment should have an account number, whether employed in a large plant or in a small shop. Workers in establishments such as barber shops, bootblack parlors, bakeries, and stores of all kinds, as well as employees of doctors, dentists, lawyers, and of other professional people, and of all sorts of service establishments are included under the Social Security Act.

Horse Show, Crowning Of King And Queen Of Mirth, Torch-light Parade Outstanding On Second Day —Coronation Ball, Baby And Mutt Dog Parades Friday

GALLOPADE-O-GRAM

9 P. M. Public Barn Dance, New Planters Warehouse, Music by Johnston County Ramblers.

THURSDAY

11 A. M. Grand Floral Parade through city.
2 P. M. Public Horse Show and Jumping Contests, Duke Show grounds.

8 P. M. Torch Light Parade thru City opening Carnival Night Frolics.

10 P. M. King and Queen of Mirth crowned, New Planters warehouse. Public Carnival Night dance immediately following, music by Hal Thurston's orchestra.

FRIDAY

11 A. M. Floral Baby Parade thru city and Baby Contest.
3:30 P. M. "Mutt" Parade thru city and Dog Contest.

10 P. M. Coronation of King and Queen of Gallopade, New Planters Warehouse Grand Gallopade Ball immediately following, Music by Ted Black and his Internationally Famous Orchestra.

Times Signs Union Contract

Agreement Renews Relationship Broken In 1932, When Times Became Open Shop

A six-year-policy of the open shop came to an end for the "Raleigh Times" Friday when officers of the newspaper signed a contract with representatives of the Raleigh Typographical Union.

The agreement is substantially identical to the current contract in effect with "The News and Observer."

Negotiations leading up to the actual signing of the contract were participated in by Publisher Park, John A. Park, Jr., business manager of the "Times," with Dowell E. Patterson, of the International Typographical Union, President L. A. Bilsoly, and M. G. Bogasse, both of Raleigh Typographical Union.

The "Times" severed relations with the union in January, 1932. The renewal of contractual relations between the "Times" and the International Typographical Union and Raleigh Typographical Union is viewed with much satisfaction by both parties to the agreement. The term of the contracts runs concurrently with the daily newspaper contract now in effect in Raleigh.

"The cooperative plan for operation of the "Times" Composing Room, executed recently, under jurisdiction of the International Typographical Union, carries important responsibilities for everyone involved. I believe these responsibilities and obligations will be met harmoniously in a spirit of mutual helpfulness."

"I am gratified to learn that every employee in the "Times" Composing Room will remain as a loyal worker in our organization," Mr. Park, the publisher, declared.

"We appreciate the spirit in which the "Times" executives cooperated with us and we are all very happy over the successful negotiations of the contract," declared L. A. Bilsoly, president of the Raleigh Typographical Union.

Used Cave for Glass Work

The first glass maker in Scotland was George Hay (1566-1625). He took advantage of a peculiarly formed cave at Wemyss, on the Fife coast, and set up his furnace therein.

NOTICE

Those desiring to subscribe to The Rocky Mount Herald may do so by sending \$1.00 with name and address to The Rocky Mount Herald, Rocky Mount, N. C.

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