down in broad expanse which sometimes completely covered the shirt front. They were either arranged with pins or bought ready made.

Back in 1850 turned down collars became fashionable worn with neckties tied in a loose broad bow in the manner which had been affected by artists, but by 1860 the necktie was very much reduced in size, becoming no more than a narrow band with a tiny bow, which was usually made up. And then about 1890 neckties reverted to a flowing artistic appearance.

The long tie worn in the nineties was similar in character to that customary today. The French name "regate" is an illusion to the sailor's knot with which it is tied.

Three of the most important forms of ties were introduced in 1914; the butterfly bow and the long tie with the sailor's knot, both of which are still worn.

As late as 1865 there were practically no neck-

wear manufacturers in the United States, the large percentage of ties being imported. But in 1949 the American neckwear industry manufactured over 200 million dollars worth of ties, using 37 million yards of tie fabrics, 500 million yards of thread, 10 million yards of lining and 171 million labels. The new crop of 1950-51 ties includes 100,000 color combinations and 40,000 different patterns, the largest output in the history of the industry according to reports from the Men's Tie Foundation.

The most important invention for the neck-wear industry came in 1920 when Jesse Langs-dorff worked out a resilient construction using a floating stitch which permits the tie to spring back into shape after knotting. It also reduced the hazard of tearing the tie when pulled out of the collar.

Eighty-five per cent of all ties sold are bought by women and less than 1 per cent of all ties sold are returned or exchanged.

## FOR THE CHILDREN KRIB KWIZ

Here are some questions for the young folk. Try to answer them, and then try them on your older brothers and sisters. If you answer 15 or more correctly, you can go to the head of the class. Answers can be found on page 32.

- 1. What book, by Lewis Carroll, is one of the best known of all children's stories?
- 2. Where do kangaroos carry their little kangaroos?
- 3. How much of the earth's surface is covered with water?
- 4. Where did Columbus land on his first voyage to America?
- 5. What is the shortest verse in the Bible?
- 6 What is the longest river in the United States?
- 7. Who was "First in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen"?
- .8 What little girl was almost eaten by a wolf?
- 9. What were cattle thieves called during the early settlement of the west?
- 10. What popular children's program is heard every Tuesday and Thursday mornings at 9:30 over Radio Station WPNF?

## THEY WERE DOERS

The words of Thomas Jefferson and Abraham Lincoln, are known to all American school children. But how many know that:

Lincoln was the inventor of a device to lift boats over shallow spots in rivers?

Jefferson invented America's first swivel chair?

## DO YOU KNOW?

Advice is seldom welcome and those who need it most like it the least.

The best way to keep your dreams from coming true is to oversleep. The best way to make 'em come true is to wake up.

No matter how well you work on a plan for success, success depends on how well you work.

Golf balls were stuffed with feathers until, in 1848, gutta percha began being used in them. Some golfers will swear that they're still stuffed with feathers, though.

Do you know that the original name of Carnation was Coronation, because it was commonly used to make crowns, garlands and wreaths, and used in the crowning of kings and queens?

Do you know that Petunias and potatoes belong to the same family?

The good prizes of life go to those who dare to do what others only dare to think.

A fish produces millions of eggs a year—but only one or two baby fish live to grow up and fool the fisherman.

Somebody has figured out that each of us exhales more than a pint of water every day by just breathing—Want to stop wasting water? Well, just stop breathing!