## The Becree

OFFICIAL STUDENT NEWSPAPER OF NORTH CAROLINA WESLEYAN COLLEGE

> Editor-in-Chief — Rochelle Rosen Sports Editor — James Bell

Staff Writers —Anne Basulto, Artie Queen, Matt Fryer, Gerard Biggs, Donald Acree

> Photographer —Brian Hoffman, Sean Reed Artists — Jamie Hunt, Jeff Barna Advisor — Linda Poutz

The Decree is located in the Hardees Building, North Carolina Wesleyan College, 3400 Wesleyan Bivd., Rocky Mount, NC 27801. Weekly staff meetings are held Mondays at 8 p.m. in Braswell Administration, Room 238. Republication of any matter herein without the express consent of the Editorial Board is strictly forbidden.

The Decree is composed and printed by the Spring Hope Enterprise. Opinions published do not necessarily reflect those of North Carolina Wesleyan College.

## Good sex also means using good protection

By MATT FRYAR

With three-fourths of North Carolina Wesleyan college's student population sexually active, it's vital for everyone to examine their habits.

Among all age groups, those of college age are at most risk of contracting a sexually transmitted disease, including Gonorrhea, genital warts and herpes, Syphilis, and Clamydia. Unless you missed Nurse Stump's informative video your freshman year, you should know the effects of these various diseases.

So what measures can be taken to prevent STD's? Let's face it: while abstinence may be the most effective method of prevention, it isn't practiced by most, which brings us to condoms.

Condoms can significantly reduce the risk of contracting or transmitting a STD, and when used in conjunction with spermicide, can reduce the risk of pregnancy by up to 95 percent. Condoms can be freely obtained at the Wellness Center.

Before condoms were distributed by the Wellness Center, the college averaged 32 cases of STD's annually. Since free distribution of condoms was implemented six years ago, the average dropped to around 10-12 cases per year. Likewise, the school averaged 15 pregnancies per year prior to free distribution of condoms, but after implementation the numbers fell to between 3-5 yearly.

Obviously, the condom is effective, but it must be used. The obsolete "It doesn't feel the same mentality must be set aside.

When you make the decision to bring a new sexual partner into your life, you are quite literally putting your life in potential danger. Regular STD and doctor visits can help ensure you and your partner's safety. If you have a question relating to sex, Nurse Stump can almost certainly answer it, so don't be afraid to give her a visit

If you're going to have sex, use a condom every time. You won't regret it.

## Letters to the editor policy

The Decree accepts only signed letters to the editors. Unsigned letters will not be printed. Letters should not exceed 400 words. Letters need to be placed in the campus post office and marked "Decree" or placed in the Decree office in the Hardees building.

Letters must be received by Friday of the week prior to the next issue in order to be printed in that issue. *The Decree* reserves the right to edit or reject letters for grammar, libel, or good taste.



COMPETITIVE DRINKER



Many live with parents

## College grads deep in debt

By COLLEEN DE BAISE

Life after college sounds, well, a lot like life in hell.

Increasingly, college graduates are deep in debt, lack basic skills, and are forced to move back home with their parents, according to a new report released by The Institute for Higher Policy and The Education Resources Institute.

Of course, the news isn't all bad. The report also found that more college graduates are saving money, choosing jobs that interest them, and performing community service.

But it's the not-so-promising trends that stand out. Pinching pennies and dinners with Mom make for a less than smooth transition into the real world, according to the report's authors.

"For many of these graduates, life after college has meant success and achievement," the report said. "For others it has meant challenges and struggles to 'find their way' in the world after college."

Paying bills is particularly tough for new grads. Most have to cough up \$850 a month to pay off student loans, car loans, and credit cards. That's likely the reason why one in four college grads move back into their old room at their parents' home.

Some college students admit moving back in with Mom could be an accurate snapshot of their future.

"I will probably be deep in debt and will be going to live at home with my parents," says Jake Wilensky, an Indiana University senior, who is from Atlanta.

His classmate, Jaime Lox from Cleveland, agrees. "I hope not to,

but most likely I will be living back at home," he says.

The report also found that life on the job has its difficulties, too. Employers surveyed complained that college graduates lacked basic skills, such as the ability to write, communicate with others, and set goals and priorities.

Employers were particularly concerned about the writing and presentation skills of technical graduates, such as computer scientists, engineers, and accountants

"The areas of concern are systematic ones," says Ted Freeman, president of TERI. "We must find ways to lessen accumulated debt burdens for students (and) to enhance general skills."

But students shouldn't be scared out of their wits by the results of the report, called "Now What? Life After College for Recent Graduates," says Greeman.

"Overall, we are seeing a more complete picture of college graduates emerge than we've had in the past, and much of it is very heartening," he says.

For instance, 71 percent of college graduates say they are saving money for education, retirement, or a home. That's a higher percentage than among the general population, which is 55 percent. Nearly 70 percent of college graduates perform community service, and 90 percent are registered to vote.

And making the big bucks isn't a high priority for recent grads, either, the report found. Forty-five percent say their job must stir their intellect, and 42 percent say it must be interesting. Only 35 percent say a good starting

salary is critical.

Such career priorities sound about right to Matt Smith, a freshman paleontology major at Kent State University.

"I've been told from the start that there historically hasn't been much of a job market for paleontologists, but that hasn't discouraged me yet," he says.

He adds that he plans to balance his career with volunteer work.

"I'll try to be active in the community, and if nothing else, I plan to take on some type of job at my local church," he says.

But other students are more skeptical about the report's findings. Aaron Morris, a zoology major at Kent State, says college grads don't overlook salaries when choosing a job.

"In today's society, everyone is so concerned with money," he says. "This means that everyone is trying for the highest paying jobs as a first priority, instead of doing what they feel in their hearts is a good career."

Whatever the case, the report found that job prospects for 1997 grads are up 17 percent from last year, and average starting salaries are increasing faster than the rate of inflation, especially for engineering and computer majors.

The demand for jobs requiring bachelors degrees is expected to grow by 27 percent between 1994 and 2005, the report said.

The report focused on seven million students who have graduated from a four-year college since 1992, using data provided by the U.S. Department of Education, the Census Bureau, and the Bureau of Labor statistics.