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Page Addresses

Guilford Audience

Delivers Masterly Defense of Democratic Administration at Wilson Day Celebration.

On Saturday evening, October 28, the Wilson-Bickett Club of Guilford College duly celebrated Woodrow Wilson day by having as speaker for the occasion, Honorable Robert N. Page, for the last fourteen years Congressman from the Seventh district, a leader in the House of Representatives and a brother of Walter H. Page, Ambassador to Great Britain.

Dr. L. L. Hobbs read the special message of Woodrow Wilson, after which I. T. Valentine introduced Charles A. Hines, of Greensboro, who, in a few fitting words, introduced the speaker for the evening.

Mr. Page delighted his audience with a strong and appealing address, based on the issues of the present presidential campaign. In the very beginning he proclaimed his pride in being a Democrat—in being a member of the only national party in existence. The Democratic party, he said, was born within the Republic.

Next he spoke of the attitude of the two parties towards sectionalism. Thousands of Republicans, he said, are being brot into the Democratic party because Hughes, for the first time in years, has unfurled and waved the "bloody shirt." The Republican party is based on sectionalism. Its principle has always been the class against the mass.

Mr. Page began his discussion of the legislative record of the Democratic administration with a review of the financial and banking history of the past fifty years. He explained how the Republicans, under the exigencies of a war had passed a national banking act in 1864 which provided for the issue of paper money based on government bonds, or the national debt. This system allowed for no expansion of the currency when expansion was necessary, nor contraction when contraction was desirable.

It was responsible for the so-called "Cleveland" panic of 1893, and also the panic of 1907, which the Republicans are wont to forget. When the Democrats were given the reins of government the party, under the leadership of Woodrow Wilson, within nine months after the installation of the president, had written on the statute books, the most constructive currency legislation this nation has ever seen.

The Federal Reserve Act, instead of basing the currency on the debt of the government, bases it on the assets and thus secures elasticity. Besides it has freed American business and enterprise from the domination of the money monopoly by establishing twelve regional banks over the country whose function it is to provide ample currency for industrial

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Zatasians Entertain Websterians

Witches Dance, Owls Hoot and Ghosts Walk at First of the Season's Receptions.

The first of the year's intersociety functions occurred on Friday evening when the Zatasians entertained the Webs at a very pleasing reception in their rooms at Founders following a well executed Hallowe'en program in Memorial Hall.

Memorial was tastefully decorated in blue and yellow, a color scheme which was carried out in the gowns of the officers, Miss Mary Ella Copeland, president, and Miss Gertrude Cronk, secretary.

The witch scene from Macbeth was well rendered by Misses Faucette, Burke, Steele and Stout. The raucous soprano tones of Misses Faucette and Burke aided by the basso profundo of Miss Steele, as they performed their weird incantations about the flaming caldron, were calculated to chill the blood of the veriest rationalist. Miss Stout as Hecate ended the ceremonial and the scene closed with a weird dance by eight black gowned, peaked hatted witches.

During the intermission which followed Miss Isabella Galdo gave a pleasing violin solo accompanied on the piano by her sister, Miss Teresa Galdo.

The curtain rose again on the New Garden cemetery in 1975. Prominent in the foreground was a granite slab upon which was carved **Remains of Guilford College.** Flanking it on either side were stones marking the last resting places of prominent Websterians, each with a suggestive epitaph. In the background the crescent moon shone through the branches of a cedar tree and two owls of heroic size with huge blinking eyes and weird tremolo voices conversed together and informed the audience that this was All Hallowe'en and that the spirits of the dead would rise at midnight and call back memories of the past. A bell pealed out the witching hour and slowly from behind the stones white sheeted ghosts arose and Miss Bernice Pike as First Ghost read

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LIGHT RAYS DISCUSSED IN SCIENCE CLUB.

The Scientific Society last Wednesday night heard Prof. Balderston's discuss the history of the theory of optics. He devoted part of the time to an outline of the various subjects which might be taken up in a general study of electro magnetic waves, such as "wireless" waves, radiant heat, visual light, ultra-violet light and X rays. He then discussed from an historical point of view various theories in regard to light and ended by projecting a spectrum on the screen and locating the ultra violet light by means of a fluorescent screen. The following were received into membership: Addie Morris, Rodger Kiser, Paul Fitzgerald, Joe Reddick and Jessie Cox,



MISS MAUDE LASSITER
Sergeant-at-Arms to the Hughes-Linney-Grissom Club

Guilford Loses to Wofford, 31-0

The Palmetto Boys Prove Too Strong for Inexperienced Quaker Club.

At Sparatanburg, S. C., on Saturday, the Crimson and Gray went down to defeat before the Wofford eleven by the score of 31 to 0. However, the score does not indicate the strength of Guilford's squad, as it was, in athletic phraseology an "off day," while on the other hand luck seemed to favor the opposing grid-ironers.

The Quakers at times made good gains, but when within a few yards of a touchdown fumbled and dispelled all hopes of scoring. It was largely due to repeated fumbles that the Crimson and Gray was not able to register a touchdown.

On the whole Wofford's line was firmer and more aggressive than Guilford's. By end runs she made the majority of her advances. The Quakers were unable to gain by end runs, excepting one by Armstrong for fifteen yards around left end, but did perform several forward passes in excellent style.

So far this season, Guilford has broken even in games, winning two and losing two. Since this is her first year in football since 1905 when the sport was discontinued, the adherents of the game should not, and do not, feel discouraged for the showing made. As is a well known fact it requires more than one year to develop a gridiron machine able to cope with strong college aggregations, and this fact alone should be a stimulus for future development in this favorite sport.

Score by quarters:
Wofford 14—0—10—7—31
Guilford 0—0—0—0—0

Line up for Guilford: Center, Fort; right guard, Beeson; left guard, Lloyd; right tackle, Garner; left tackle, Zachary; right end, Jones; left end, Stafford; full back, Newlin; quarterback, Copeland; left halfback, Jonas; right halfback, Armstrong.

Substitutes for Guilford: Hollowell

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Guilfordians Hear Judge Bynum

Noted Republican Addresses Student Body on the Issues of the Day.

On Tuesday afternoon, October 24, Judge W. P. Bynum, of Greensboro, was the distinguished guest of the local Hughes-Linney-Grissom Club. In a few appropriate remarks, Mr. Clifford Frazier, of the Greensboro bar, presented Judge Bynum to his audience, which consisted of practically the entire student body and faculty, regardless of party lines. Tho not a professional politician, but a lawyer of wide repute, Judge Bynum is recognized as one of the most able speakers in the state.

In the beginning of his address, the speaker reminded his audience that the political problems of today are peculiarly the inheritance of the college men and women, and it behooves the student to consider seriously the issues, if he would vote intelligently.

The United States is and always has been a nation of party government. Today, in mental efficiency, the representatives of the two leading parties are practically the same, altho their methods of thought and actions are radically different. But more important than the personality of the man is the party pledges upon which his claim to support is based. The Democratic platform of 1912 pledged a decrease in tariff rate which would accomplish three things. First, it would provide ample revenue to pay running expenses of the government; second, it would stimulate legitimate business; third, it would reduce the cost of living.

But a review of the present administration shows that the Underwood tariff bill has failed to provide for the running expenses of the government and has necessitated a special war tax; that during the ten months which intervened between the enactment of the law and the beginning of the European war, it had a depressing effect upon all business interests and that only the outbreak of war saved us from serious industrial stagnation; that in spite of the low tariff rates, the cost of the necessities of life is higher than during the previous administration.

Turning again to the Democratic platform of 1912 Judge Bynum called attention to the provisions contained in it regarding the second consecutive presidential term; the Panama canal tolls; the civil service system, and the protection of American citizens. The attitude of the administration toward these issues has been so changeable and conflicting that a violation of the platform pledge has resulted in every case.

Since the platform is the only pledge of faith between the party and the army of voters, and the present administration has broken its solemn promises to its supporters, how can

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