NOMINATING COM-MITTEE HAS CHARGE OF ELECTIONS ontinued from Page One)

nominations and elections shall com at intervals of three or four days, but all elections must be completed within a period of three weeks. Aftor the election of the president of Student Self-Government, Nomina-tions and elections for the above or-ganizations will rotate annually.

Recommendations concerning nom-inations may be submitted to this committee by March first. Following the last election for the

above organizations, the vice-presidents for these organizations shall be nominated, and after a three day interval, shall all be elected on the same day

Immediately after each meeting of the committee, its nominations shall be posted for two days, and on the third day the election shall take

place.
5. Any member of the student body shall have the privilege of sub-mitting to the Nominating Committee further names, provided they are submitted in writing not later than the day following the posting of the nominations, and are endorse by twenty-five members of the student

body.
6. Following the elections of the 6. Following the elections of the above organizations, the sceretary and treasurer of Student Self-Government, the class representatives to the Student Council, the I. R. S. council and the Athletic Council shall be nominated by their respective classes and elected by the student body. All other offices, not elsewhere provided for, shall be nominated and elected by their respective classes and organization. their respectiv classes and organiza

their respectiv classes and organiza-tions not later than April first.

7. All elections shall be conduc-ted according to the Australian Bal-lot. The Nominating Committee shall be in charge of the schedule and posting of nominations and elections, and shall announce the schedule at least a week before elections.

8. The Committee shall serve throughout the entire year.

9. This plan is experimental for 1933-34 and subject to change at the end of that period.

the end of that period.

YOUNG DEMOCRATS HEAR MARTIN AND LATHAM

(Continued from Page One)
party went in thirty years ago. The
Democratic cry is for universal education—it is their pledge than which
none has been more binding, not
even the pledge to take the tax off
property

property.
Within the last thirty years North
Carolina, through its Democratic
leaders, has raised our standard of education from its place lower than the standards of forty-seven states and the District of Columbia to a point where it stands much farther from the bottom. Thirty years ago there were about twenty or cent of these were about twenty or cent of from the bottom. Thirty years ago there were about twenty per cent of the children of North Carolina in school for two months and now there are about ninety per cent of the children in school for eight months, the standard school term.

Two years ago our Democratic legislature laid the foundation for a series of the children in the control of the children in the children in the school term.

legislature laid the foundation for a still greater system. The local sys-tem was becoming weak because the counties were meeting financial diffi-culties. This legislature put the power of the state behind all of the schools of the state. In spite of this additional burden North Carolina is pown in a better financial condition. now in a better financial condition

mow in a better financial condition than almost any other southern state. If the proposed system of having the state take over the schools for eight months in order to relieve the counties of local tax burdens is approved, it will be the most forward step ever taken in North Carolina.

Mr. Latham, in affirming what Mr. Martin said, says that as long as democracy goes forward it must never relenquish its eight months school term for a six months one. The biggest thing we have to consider today is the placing behind every child of North Carolina all the resources of the state. of the state.

of the state.

The problem of the state is to support an eight months school term. It has been suggested that the state be responsible for the teachers and the transportation and leave the housing

and servicing to the community. This and servicing to the community. This period of financial depression is a sure testing ground for perseverance and moral courage, and one of the best places where the strength or weakness of these two will be demonstrated is in the action of the legislature of Nept Corolins in the lature of North Carolina in the ter of schools.

PIERRETTES GIVE PLAY IN MONTHLY MEETING

(Continued from Page One)

manages to deceive her publishe manages to deceive her public, but she is soon found out by, alas, Charles Roche, her young adorer. The only person in the play who manages to keep all her ideals and happy illusions is old Dame Quickly. Out of this plot arises the most con-ical of situations, a young man pro-posing, thinking himself duty-bound,

posing, thinking himself duty-bound, to a woman twice his age, who doesn't really want him in the first place. After the play a short business meeting of the club was called; the members were reminded that it is almost time to begin to do some serious thinking about the Greek play. After a short discussion of the approaching play the meeting wadjourned.

Tibbett Thrills Audience

(Continued from Page One) Little Old Foolish Old Man

Lord, I Want to be ... De Glory Road The Encores were: La Farge Evening Star "Tanhausser

Prologue from "Il Pagliacci" Song of the Flea. Shortening Bread. Without a Song.

Olly Speaker

Young Charms. Ole' Man River.

SALEM'S OWN MUSIC

sang "The Sandman," a song by Charles Sanford Skilton who is today at the University of Kansas and is one of the most outstanding modern composers. Mr. Skilton is famous for his work on Indian music Laceve The morning's program concluded witel with two of his Indian pieces, "The Wolfs Shawne Indian Hunting Dance" Farge Miss Hazel Read. She was accourant on the piano by Miss Viola Tucker. Tucker.

MARIONETTE PERFORM-ANCE SPONSORED BY SENIORS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)
pickaninnies, lions and dragons, as
they hang all around her studio waiting to be awakened from their dreamless sleep and to live their little lives on the stage of the tiny theater. And how ardently they do live! They perform the most intricate dance SALEM'S OWN MUSIC

IS PRESENTED

SPECIAL TO SHOP FASE COME)

(CONTINUED FROM FASE COME

COPY FOR ANNUAL SENT TO NASHVILLE PRINTERS

(Continued from Page One)
several divisions of the book will be
indicated as "bolls" instead of "sections" or "books." This is the twenty-ninth volume to be issued from
Salem. Appearances now are that
it will be one of the finest ever published.

An effort has been made to con-centrate the work in Winston-Salen, so far as that was possible. The soft was that was possible. The force the contract of the con-cione here and the contract of the series were bought here. Advertisers, were supplied with minature picka-niumy pictures for display in win-dows in anticipation of the distribu-tion of the annual. An effort has been made to

Typewriter Paper

10c NOTE BOOK PAPER 60 Sheets For 5c

SALEM BOOK STORE



Well, that's something about cigarettes I never knew before



-the cigarette that's Milder the cigarette that Tastes Better

I'd never thought much about what's inside a Chesterfield cigarette. But I have just been reading something that made me think about it.

Just think of this, some of the tobacco in Chesterfield-the Turkish-comes from 4000 miles away! And before it is shipped every single leaf is packed by hand. All because Turkish tobacco is so small and delicate.

Of course I don't know much about making cigarettes, but I do know this-that Chesterfields are milder and have a very pleasing aroma and taste. They satisfy-and that's what counts with me!