

Film gets 4 stars

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Eternal Sunshine of the Spotless Mind is a unique romantic comedy, directed by Michel Gondry, that almost evokes the feeling of an independent film. Jim Carrey is brilliant in this role that is more serious than his usual characters. Released to DVD last month, this is a film that is definitely worth a look.

After Joel Barrish's (Carrey) relationship with his free-spirited girlfriend Clementine Kruczynski (Kate Winslet) ends, he finds that she has undergone a procedure to remove all memories of him. In a rage of anger, Joel contacts the doctor and developer of the technology, Dr. Howard Mierzwaik (Tom Wilkinson) and makes an appointment to have his own memories of Clementine erased. While the procedure is being carried out, Joel decides he wants to keep his memories of Clementine and he resists the procedure while Dr. Mierzwaik and his workers (Kirsten Dunst, Elijah Wood and Mark Ruffalo) fight to complete the task. Joel struggles to outsmart the process and to



keep at least one memory of Clementine. In the end, it is the very thing that makes the couple forget each other that brings them closer together.

The first half hour is somewhat slow, leaving the viewer with an array of questions and confusions but towards the middle, the plot picks up quite a bit. There is a slight element of suspense as memories of their times together are being erased one by one and Joel resists each time, and is desperate

to stash them in other parts of his brain. It is a film that provokes viewer's thoughts: would it be easier to simply erase memories that make us sad or should we find the purpose of those memories?

Eternal Sunshine will first make you wish you could erase your own memories of past loves, but as you follow Joel on his journey to realization of the importance of memories, you too will find your own.

Editorial: George Bush

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Foreign policy includes many aspects of government, from the global economy, to promoting better healthcare, to encouraging democracy and freedom in the world, it encompasses much of the most debated issues of today. President Bush has many plans for addressing current problems with foreign policy and meeting urgent needs in the world.

The President values the American rights of freedom, justice, and equality for all people. He believes in promoting these same rights in other countries by instituting the Millenium Challenge Account, which will encourage nations that show they value the American dreams by aiding them financially. The President will increase its funding by 50 percent. The President also believes in the healthcare of all people, in all nations.

President Bush has implemented several plans to aid in healthcare of many nations, such as Africa. President Bush's Emergency Plan for AIDS relief will continue to have its \$15 billion over the next five years in order to treat all of those affected by the disease. As well, the President's G-8 Famine Initiative, Water for the Poor Initiative, and other international efforts, will continue to receive funding to end hunger, provide clean drinking water, and promote better education for people in some of the world's poorest nations. He also will continue his fight against diseases such as malaria and tuberculosis in these countries. The President will meet the economy's urgent needs as well.

The President will continue to support a trade agenda that will not only support American workers, but that will benefit other countries in need of economic help, as well. George Bush will benefit all parties involved in the World Trade Organization's Doha Development Agenda while following his own trade agenda for the country. He will also continue to successfully implement the reforms in International Financial Institutions involving more grants rather than loans to overcome debt that so many face.

Promoting democracy and freedom for all countries is also on the top of the President's list of foreign policies. He believes that all countries, and their citizens, should enjoy the freedoms that we, as Americans, fought for in the American Revolution. The President has proposed to increase the funding for the National Endowment for Democracy to \$80 billion to promote these ideals of tolerance and freedom. The Broader Middle East and North Africa Initiative are two measures the President has taken to promote democracy.

The most debated about component of President Bush's foreign policy is that of the war in Iraq. President implemented his campaign against terror in the world after the events that took place on September 11th. While everyone in the U.S. remembers this sad hour, they also remember that the President immediately took action to combat not only the causes for the actions that took place but also to prevent further actions like these by any terrorist groups. The President took a preemptive strike against Iraq and Saddam Hussein, who repeatedly refused to comply with many of the U.N.'s sanctions. The President saw the threat and pursued it. This action was another stride towards the completion of his goal to end terror in the world and promote freedom and democracy. While the war has proved to be tough, the President strongly believes that the actions taken were necessary and will be fruitful if the right path is followed in the future.

The President has implemented several new strategies and programs in the last four years of his term. He believes that, given the chance to complete his goals, the nation will be a safer place in the future. George Bush has decided firmly what he stands for, and will continue to prove that he is strong and able to complete his duties as President of the United States.