

THE JOHNSTONIAN—SUN

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SAYS THAT MORE PROTECTION NEEDED

Remembering how steadily the southern states send men to Congress to vote against all protective tariff bills, it is interesting to note in the Charlotte (N. C.) Observer, one of North Carolina's leading daily papers, of recent date, the most earnest plea that Congress and the Administration come to the rescue of the mining industry in North Carolina with higher duties on imported ores. The Observer declares that "Competing foreign mills have played havoc with domestic producers and forced them to close their mines." The Copper Mining Industry in North Carolina, it declares, is headed for extinction unless Congress does something. Foreign copper can be laid down in this country, the Observer says, for less than the cost of production at American smelters.

But it is not in North Carolina alone, nor in behalf of the mining industry alone, that protests are being heard proclaimed against the inadequate tariff rates of the Hawley-Smoot law. The manufacturers of paper protest that their industry is menaced by the increasing importations of pulp, wood pulp, and paper; American sugar manufacturers are complaining that importations of foreign refined sugar threaten their industry; manufacturers of steel protest against dumping of foreign steel products on the American market, pointing to the fact that there was a 50 per cent increase in iron and steel imports in March as compared with February, and calling attention to official reports which show that in 1931 more than 45,000 tons of flat rolled steel and 369,943 tons of all classes of steel were imported, and that due to this importation 237,130 men lost work in the United States.

And so the protests come rolling in with increasing volume, not only from producers of raw materials but from manufacturers of a score of products who declare that the duties carried in the Hawley-Smoot tariff law are wholly inadequate to preserve them from devastating foreign competition.

One reason for the present inadequacy of these rates is the fact that so many of our trade competitors have gone off the gold standard and are consequently able now to buy materials and obtain labor with cheap money. In Finland, for example, manufacturers of pulp from which paper is made can buy for \$1.00 that which would have cost them \$1.40 under the gold standard. And so it goes all over Europe. As a result of depreciated currency in these countries our tariff rates virtually have been reduced from 30 to 40 per cent. In almost innumerable lines of manufacture they are no longer protective at all, to say nothing of being extortionately high as Democratic leaders have persistently charged. If this condition continues much longer American manufacturers in many lines will be forced into bankruptcy, for it is not possible for them to compete with cheap foreign labor costs and at the same time face the deflated currency differential in favor of imported goods of 30 to 40 per cent.

There never was any justification for criticism of the Hawley-Smoot bill on the score that it afforded too much protection. With world conditions as they are now, with depreciating currencies in twenty-five countries, and with vast accumulations of manufacturing goods as well as raw materials all over the world seeking an outlet at any price, it is too plain for demonstration that the rates in the law are too low rather than too high.

Only a few days ago Josiah William Bailey, our own North Carolina senator, realizing the value of the protective tariff

voted for certain protective measures in Congress. When the Democrats are looking for an issue to stir up political issues and divert the minds of the people from their own short comings, they jump on the protective tariff; but when get to Congress and face the issue from an unprejudiced business standpoint they are less enthusiastic for low tariffs or for no tariffs at all.

The best business men in the United States are protectionists, because they could not be the best business men and be anything else.

DON'T WANT TO MISS COPY—LIKES EDITOR'S POEMS

Last Monday, June 6th, we received a postal card from one of our lady subscribers in the State of Georgia, which read as follows:

Griffin, Ga., June 4, 1932.

Mr. M. L. Stancil,
Selma, N. C.

Dear Sir:

I failed to get The Johnstonian-Sun of May 26th. Will you please send same, as I enjoy your paper and especially your poetry, so much that I don't like to miss a single issue of your paper. And oblige,

Yours,
MAYME BENNETT.

Cancellation or Chaos?

In a recent address Lloyd George, leader of the Liberal Party in England, declared that world political parleys are futile and do not seem to lead the nations of the world any where in their efforts to get out of the political and economic morass. In spite of the various conferences which have been held since the end of the World War things seem to be going from bad to worse.

"Take the simple test of armaments," said the fiery little Welshman. "They are bigger, more powerful and more shattering than ten years ago, after ten years of handshaking and ten years of agreement at every conference that has been held." There can be little doubt about the truth of this statement. After all of the talk we have heard about disarmament during the past decade, all of the pious exclamations about peace and universal brotherhood, Europe is more heavily armed than ever before, and there does not seem to be the slightest chance that the present Geneva conference will be able to do anything definite. About the only nation which has taken disarmament seriously has been the United States and as a result Uncle Sam has fallen behind in naval strength since the Washington naval conference was held.

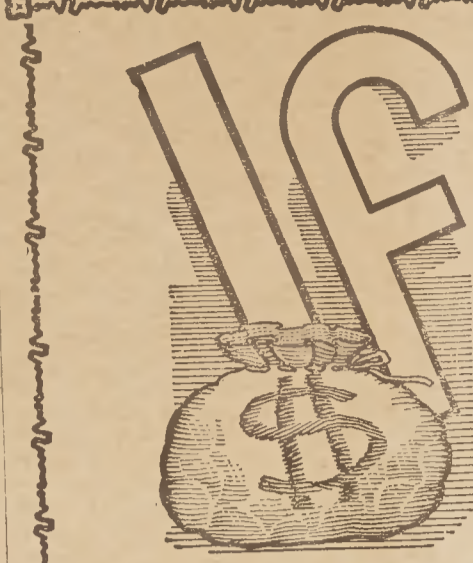
About the only sort of a conference which would have a chance to succeed in Europe would be one called for the purpose of putting the final burden of the cost of the war on the shoulders of the American taxpayers. There is something which would be popular all over Europe and there are some signs that such a move is in contemplation.

Every once in a while we get from Europe reports of the distressed conditions of things on that unhappy continent. We are told that the little countries of Central Europe, some of them allies and others former enemies of France, are about to collapse financially and that this will carry Germany down, too. In fact, it is stated, Germany will then be unable to pay not only reparations, but private debts as well. And of course, so the argument goes, France, Italy and Great Britain can only afford to pay us on their debts as much as they receive from Germany in the way of reparations.

This all leads to the conclusion that we must cancel the European debt, that if we do not all Europe is going into collapse, and America will be dragged down in the general ruin. "Cancellation of chaos" has therefore become the European slogan, and through this slogan it is hoped that Uncle Sam can be frightened into cancelling the debts.

But Americans have had so many things at home to be frightened about during the past year or so that they are getting "fright proof" so far as Europe is concerned. The general belief is growing in America that if Europe is to have chaos and dissolution, a little thing like debt cancellation will not prevent its taking place and the best thing for Uncle Sam to do therefore is to fortify himself as well as possible against the storm. Uncle Sam has enough to do to look after the storm signals here in America and has no time to take on the troubles of Europe.

In the meantime though conditions in Central Europe including Germany are undoubtedly bad, things seem to be on the mend in England and Italy, and to be no worse in France, so that it is barely possible they will be able to pay us on account after all. Anyhow, England



A WORD that all too often expresses regret for things we have done in the past. Particularly, in financial matters. "IF I had only used better judgment" "IF I had only saved" IF IF IF. BUT groans won't help matters any. The past is past. Forget it. Look ahead with a smile and when you again have money to spare, seek the good counsel of those who are experienced and reliable.

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showed improvement by starting a program of building up England first, and the same process could better be adopted by the United States than the slogan of "chaos or cancellation."

HEARD AROUND THE COURT HOUSE

Last Saturday was a busy day for the Johnston county Democratic politicians, and there was said to have been a very active worker operating in various localities, going by the name of John Barleycorn. Any way there were an unusual number of fights in the county Saturday and Saturday night.

It had been expected that nearly all the incumbents would win out in the county Democratic primary, and this seems to have come true. But there will have to be a second primary to decide a few contests, and this means that there will be a second primary election on July 2nd. There will also likely be a big fight in the July primary between the candidates for the Democratic nomination for governor, and those for United States senator. J. C. B. Ehringhaus, who appears to have the backing of the Democratic state machine, is well in the lead for the nomination for governor, but if R. T. Fountain and A. J. Maxwell and their friends should combine their forces they could easily defeat Ehringhaus in the second primary.

In the contest for the Democratic nomination for United States senator Robert R. Reynolds of Asheville was in the lead Saturday, with Cameron Morrison, the present incumbent, in second place, and with Bowie, Grist and Simmons trailing along behind in the order named. Reynolds and his friends are, of course, highly elated, but the best political minds are expecting him to get left in the July primary. Reynolds is making his fight on a wet platform, while he has had against him four candidates who are supposed to be dry. As a result Reynolds got practically all of the wet Democratic votes in the state, while the dry votes were divided between his four dry opponents. It is expected that in the second primary the dries will line up for Morrison and defeat Reynolds.

The only interest that Johnston county Republicans will have in the July primary will be setting on the fence and watching the fight. In the June primary held last Saturday, there was only one Republican contest, and that was a State contest between Newell and DePriest for the Republican nomination for United States senator. There was very little interest taken in that, as it was a foregone conclusion that Jake Newell, who was the nominee of the Republican State convention, would be the winner.

In many precincts DePriest did not get a single vote. There will probably be an effort made by some of the Democratic workers to get Republicans to vote in the Democratic primary in July, but they should stay out of it. In years past many Republicans have gotten fooled out of their votes in the fall election after voting in Democratic primaries, the Democrats contending that all must support the nominees of the primary.

L. M. Smith, dairyman of Wake county, reduced his grain feed by 200 pounds a day and cut out the use of beet pulp when he turned his herd of 50 cows on a pasture that was limed, fertilized and planted last fall.

R. O. Lancaster of Craven county made some money on a lot of 181 hogs this spring and sold his corn at a better price than had he disposed of it at market prices for grain.

sluggish feeling



NEXT time you are out of fix as the result of irregular or faulty bowel movement, try Thedford's Black-Draught for the refreshing relief it gives thousands of people who take it. Mr. E. W. Cecil, a construction superintendent in Pulaski, Va., says:

"When I get constipated, my head aches, and I have that dull, tired feeling—just not equal to my work. I don't feel hungry and I know that I need something to cleanse my system, so I take Black-Draught. We have found it a great help."

Sold in 25-cent packages.



WOMEN who are run-down, or suffer every month, should take Cardui. Used for over 50 years.

FOR CHILDREN—and grown-ups who prefer a liquid—get the new, pleasant-tasting SYRUP of Thedford's Black-Draught; 25c and 50c.

ALL CAME TO AN END.

Those who suffer under the present depression should read the following:

- There was a business depression in 1857 lasting 12 months.
 - There was a business depression in 1869 lasting 8 months.
 - There was a business depression in 1873 lasting 30 months.
 - There was a business depression in 1884 lasting 22 months.
 - There was a business depression in 1887 lasting 10 months.
 - There was a business depression in 1893 lasting 25 months.
 - There was a business depression in 1903 lasting 25 months.
 - There was a business depression in 1907 lasting nearly 12 months.
 - There was a business depression in 1914 lasting 8 months.
 - There was a business depression in 1921-22 lasting 14 months.
- All of them came to an end except this one. It will, too.—Chicago Daily News.

"IF WE FAINT NOT"

Saint Paul, writing to the Galatian Christians, says: "And let us not be weary in well doing: for in due season we shall reap, if we faint not." These calm and weighted words are intended to put into the soul a spirit of rugged perseverance while we wait for the harvests of salvation from the sowing of gospel seed.

Have you observed the patient struggles of nature to come to the harvest with ripened seed and with ability to reproduce its life? Everywhere this persistence may be observed. Some years ago, while traveling in the mountain country of the west, I found much inspiration in the evident struggle of the mountain pines growing in the scanty soil of the nooks and crannies of the Rockies. Many of these hardy trees were dwarfs, so meager was the soil in which their roots were clinging, and often they were bent with prevailing winds, and twisted into curious shapes, but they clung to the granite cliffs and patiently endured through the passing seasons.

There was a nature in them that would have been tall and symmetrical in a more sheltered place and in a friendlier soil, but they seemed like soldiers, like heroes to me, and the memory has often been an inspiration to struggle on in the affairs of life. These little Jack Pines brightened the face of the cliff with



Cool Off "Up Top!"

STRAWS

ALL NEW MODELS \$3.00

FINE or coarse-braided
zig-zag or smooth-edged
and light as the well known feather. Just the Straws for "cool heads."
Black or Combination Color Bands.
All Head Sizes.

Selma Clo. & Shoe Co.

Selma, N. C.

Side Dress

Get ahead—stay ahead of the weevil

THAT is the whole story this year. Either you get ahead of the weevil or he will get ahead of you. Fields are full of weevils this year, according to reports. If they find squares, there won't be much cotton at picking time.

Cotton squares are the weevils' favorite food! Therefore don't give them any squares to eat in your field. Set your crop before they are ready. A side-dressing of 100 pounds per acre (200 pounds would be much better) of Chilean Nitrate will do it. There is nothing like Chilean to pick up a crop of cotton and hurry it right past the weevil.

What else can you do that is so easy, so cheap, so safe and so sure?

Side-dress—100 pounds Chilean Nitrate per acre—right after chopping.

See your dealer now and impress on him you want Chilean "Natural" Nitrate. He is anxious to get you just what you want.

TWO KINDS
Both are natural



100 LB. BAGS
AND
200 LB. BAGS

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Palaich, N. C.

their rich green foliage, and here and there one could even see the brown seed cones that gave promise of another generation of hardy evergreen trees. "Give me the man who holds on when others let go," says a writer, "who stiffens up when others retreat, who knows no such word as 'can't,' or give up; and I will show you a man who will win in the end no matter what obstacles confront him." In due season—if we faint not! Let the people of God be fully persuaded that the riches of divine grace are worth all they cost. Whatever the price may be, and however long the harvest time may seem to be in coming, never give up until prayers are answered.—Wesleyan Methodist.