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Selma Colored Woman Robbed At Point Of Gun

Colored Woman and Her Son Are Forced to Surrender Contents of Iron Safe to Two Men Who Enter Their Home Friday Night.

When Tommie Ricks, 16-year-old son of Olivia Ricks and the shine boy at the Selma Barber shop, entered his home on North Sellers street last Friday night about 10:30 o'clock he found his mother, with a pillow case tied around her neck and two men with drawn guns trying to force her to open a small iron safe in the room in which she had some money she had received from the insurance company on the life of her late husband, Rev. A. T. Ricks, who died about a year ago. The boy was struck and kicked several times by the robbers and at the point of a gun was forced to open the safe. After the safe was opened he and his mother were forced to the other side of the room while the thieves rifled the safe of more than \$254.00. The robbers, two strange colored men, made their escape in a car which was parked about 250 yards from the house.

It is not known how the robbers knew the woman had the money in her house as they were perfect strangers to her. No arrests have as yet been made, although the officers are trying to apprehend the guilty parties.

The late Rev. A. T. Ricks was for a number of years pastor of several colored Baptist churches in eastern North Carolina, and this family is one of the most highly respected among the colored population of Selma.

Revival Services At Selma Baptist

Revival meetings will begin at the Selma Baptist church next Sunday, September 18th. The service will begin each evening at 7:30. The hour for the day service will be announced later. Evangelist George W. Taylor of Beverly Hills, California has been engaged for these meetings and he is expected to arrive in Selma by next Sunday. Mr. Taylor is a noted evangelist, he has had wide experience in the evangelistic field. He is a native of Kentucky, graduate of Transylvania University Lexington, Ky., and Louisville Baptist Theological Seminary. Dr. Ray Palmer, D. D., Washington, D. C., has the following to say about Mr. Taylor. "Taylor's sermons abound with argument, reason, logic, theology, philosophy, wit, humor, common sense, pathos, and appeal. He has all the elements of a great orator. He is simple yet sublime; enthusiastic, yet well balanced; appeals to the emotions, yet exalts reason, he brings his hearers to tears, yet makes them smile through their tears; he stirs the heart, yet he convinces the judgment." It is felt that the local church and community has in store a great blessing in the coming of this noted man of God. Members of all local churches and the community in general are cordially invited to attend the services. Let's help make this a moral and spiritual feast and a decided advance in the work of the Kingdom among the religious forces of our community.

"Depression Where Is Yo' Gone To"

"Depression, where is you gone?" This is D. W. Parrish of Benson speaking.

Mr. Parrish, who is the Ford dealer in the Benson territory and while he does not believe hard times are over he knows that the car business is better. He is selling several new cars each week and week before last he sold over \$120 worth of Used cars and "got the money."

No, Mr. Parrish says he is not going into the money lending business yet. He is looking forward to selling several new Fords this fall, he says.—Benson Review.

Sulphate of Ammonia applied to a corn crop where a heavy yield of vetch had been turned under last spring has made no perceptible difference in the indicated yield, says V. S. Simpson of Union County.

Many Cases Tried In Recorder's Court

September 6th.

State vs. Silas Martin, white laborer, aged 20, for larceny of hat, value less than \$20. Guilty and is given 60 days on the roads.

State vs. Pete Dixon, colored laborer, aged 22, for carrying concealed weapon. Guilty and given 90 days in jail and assigned to work at the county home.

State vs. Otho Benson, white laborer, aged 18, and Earl Bradley, white laborer, aged 22, for forcible trespass. Guilty and each given 60 days on roads, to be suspended upon payment of \$10 fine each and one-half cost each.

State vs. John Smith, colored and Richard Williams, colored, for assault. Not guilty.

State vs. John Jones, colored farmer, aged 33, for violation of the prohibition law. Plea of guilty as to possession and transportation of one gallon of whiskey. \$50.00 fine and cost.

State vs. Henry Adams, white farmer, aged 30, for assault with deadly weapon. Guilty and fined \$25 and taxed with the cost.

State vs. Joe Beasley, white farmer, aged 22, and John Guin, white farmer, aged 30. Beasley charged with assault with deadly weapon. Motion by solicitor to include John Guin as party defendant. Motion allowed and both defendants charged with affray. Both defendants guilty. Continue prayer for judgment as to each defendant upon payment of one-half the cost each.

State vs. Clarence Smith, white farmer, aged 54, for assault. Not guilty.

Tuesday, Sept. 13th.

State vs. P. L. Brock, white laborer, aged 22, for violation of prohibition law. Guilty of possession of one-fourth pint of whiskey. Continue prayer for judgment upon payment of cost.

State vs. Hunter Sanders, colored laborer, aged 45, for violation of prohibition law. Guilty of possession of still outfit and manufacturing whiskey. Defendant sentenced to 4 months on the roads.

State vs. Fred Mitchell, white farmer, aged 32, for cruel to animals. Guilty. Continue prayer for judgment upon payment of cost.

State vs. Charlie Morris, white farmer, aged 33, for assault with deadly weapon and peace warrants. Guilty of A. D. W. Defendant sentenced to 60 days on roads. Under peace warrant defendant is ordered to give bond of \$200. Conditioned upon his keeping the peace during next 12 months.

State vs. William Sauls, white farmer, aged 22, for assault on wife. Guilty and given sentence of 6 months on roads, sentence to be suspended upon payment of cost and on further condition that defendant does not assault wife again during next two years and upon condition that defendant provides a home away from parents of defendant and parents of his wife.

State vs. Sallie Martin, white; and Ed Stafford, white, for fornication and adultery. Not guilty.

State vs. L. A. Hodges, white merchant, aged 38, for violation of prohibition law. Guilty of possession of whiskey and home brew for purpose of sale. Defendant sentenced to 12 months on roads. Appeal. Bond \$350.00.

State vs. L. A. Hodges, white, age 38, and Jack Hodges, white laborer, aged 19, for violation of prohibition law. Jack Hodges not guilty and discharged. L. A. Hodges guilty of possession of whiskey and home brew for purpose of sale. Defendant sentenced to 12 months on roads. Appeal bond at \$350.00. This sentence to run concurrently with sentence above.

State vs. Albert Barber, white farmer, aged 21, for larceny of chickens. Not guilty.

Angry widow, after learning husband left her nothing: "I want you to take 'Rest in Peace' off that tombstone I ordered yesterday."

Stone cutter: "I can't do that, but I can put something underneath." "All right, put 'Till I Come!'"

Three Killed When Train Strikes Auto

Two Men and One Girl Die In Accident At Fayetteville Crossing.

Fayetteville, Sept. 13.—Three lives were snuffed out and a fourth critically imperilled when an automobile bearing a party of young people from a Country club dance met a switch engine on the Ramway street crossing of the Atlantic Coast Line railroad here early this morning.

Miss Margaret Poteat, 22, was killed instantly; Euland Evans Canady, 23, died on the way to the hospital, and Frank Parker Armstrong, 23, lived only three hours.

Miss Orion Olive, daughter of Dr. P. W. Olive, of this city, was badly injured, and little hope is entertained for her recovery.

The crossing watchman stated that the driver of the automobile failed to see his lantern and he was compelled to jump to avoid being run over. The car approached from the side opposite Engineer J. E. Barnhill, and the left front of the locomotive ripped the right side of the sedan.

Coroner R. A. Allgood will hold an inquest after the funeral of the victims.

Parker Armstrong was assistant cashier of the Fayetteville house of Branch Banking and Trust company. He was the son of Mrs. Mary P. Armstrong, of Tarboro, and his funeral will be held there at four o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Funeral service for Miss Poteat will be held at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning from the Highland Presbyterian church, and those for Mr. Canady at 3 o'clock from the First Baptist church.

"Flying Family" Lands Safe At Eskimo Town

Picked Up by British Fishing Ship On Southern Tip of Greenland—Eskimos Assist Flyer When His Children Wade Out To Remote Village In This Northern Clime.

Angmagalik, Greenland, Sept. 12.—After a two-day search along the east Greenland coast by aviators and seamen, the Hutchinson "Flying Family" was found today on a beach less than 40 miles from here.

They had cracked up their transatlantic plane in a treacherous reef-filled fjord.

The party of eight, including George R. Hutchinson, his wife and two little daughters, were picked up by the British trawler Lord Talbot, which had been scouting around a position given by the Hutchinson in an SOS call since Sunday afternoon.

(Owners of the Lord Talbot in Aberdeen, Scotland, said they received a message that the eight castaways had been landed safely and the Talbot had proceeded to fishing grounds. Exchange Telegraph and Reuters dispatches said they were landed at Finby, a Norwegian station in east Greenland, which is not shown in any standard atlas).

The British ship had reached the point given by Hutchinson in his last distress call within four hours.

Later German and Danish aviators and American, British and Norwegian members of various scientific and other expeditions in this vicinity, who put out in boats, joined in the search.

The Talbot kept in constant contact with this village by radio and apparently was enlarging gradually the area of the search, after beginning at the position it had received from the Hutchinsons, when it found the smashed plane.

Hutchinson said a leaking gasoline tank forced him to bring his plane down Sunday while attempting to fly from Julianehab, at the southern tip of Greenland, to Angmagalik.

His children and others in the party were able to wade ashore and reached the tiny Eskimo settlement of Eker, whose few inhabitants were preparing to abandon the place for the winter. In a few more weeks they would have been on their way to Angmagalik.

Eskimo sealers aided Hutchinson and his crew in saving their flying instruments and most of their supplies.

Convalescent (to a friend): "Thanks very much for the brandy peaches. Although the doctor would not let me at the peaches, I enjoyed the spirit in which they were sent."

Physician Commits Suicide at Angier

Dr. D. E. Council Kills Self, After Failing In First Attempt In Newspaper Office.

Raleigh, Sept. 12.—Dr. Desmond E. Council, son of T. C. Council, prominent postoffice workers of Raleigh, killed himself this afternoon in Angier after a rather vigorous effort at self destruction in the Raleigh Times building this morning, according to the Times story this afternoon.

The young physician, 31 years old from all the evidence had suffered a violent visitation of insanity and there was nothing to stop him. Charles Ruth pressman in the Times service, headed him off on the first attempt, but there was no way to stop him. His peculiar hallucination was that he was a disgrace to the profession of medicine.

Announcement from the Council home on North Bloodworth street this evening was that the burial will take place tomorrow afternoon from Catawba Christian church. Dr. Council had been associated with Dr. C. R. Young, of Angier, who gave his fellow practitioner the highest sort of name for fair dealing and successful work. Dr. Council was terribly overworked. There was no other motive for the violence, of which Dr. Young knows anything.

Johnston County's Part In Relief Program

Johnston County may share in the distribution of Federal Funds for relief of destitution this winter in proportion to the extent that through its own efforts, both private and governmental, its citizens utilize their own resources to this end, according to Dr. Fred Morrison, State director of relief.

Federal assistance in this undertaking, declared Dr. Morrison, is not to be substituted for local relief efforts. On the other hand, it is provided only to supplement the maximum that local communities do for their own people and will be available only when the Washington authorities are convinced that local resources in each community are inadequate to meet the needs for relief.

In order, therefore, for this county to participate in the fund which Governor Gardner will seek from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation for all of North Carolina, it will be necessary for its relief agencies, public and private, to make a thorough survey of prospective needs of its destitute people and then to furnish evidence that it is undertaking to meet conditions with its own resources as completely as possible.

When this shall have been done in this county, when all local resources for relief have been depleted and the relief needs remain unprovided for, it is the purpose of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to provide supplementary funds with which to complete the task and adequately take care of the conditions of need and destitution throughout all of North Carolina, its towns, cities and counties.

It is important, therefore, that every local agency and all citizens interested in this program of constructive assistance unite their efforts immediately to forecast probable needs in their respective communities, then to pledge every available local resource toward meeting the challenge of the needs arising from unemployment to the end that North Carolina may be fortified in financial resources to protect its people from the rigors of want and the hardships being imposed upon them by a continuation of the economic disorder.

Through the office of Mrs. W. T. Bost, State Superintendent of Public Welfare, questionnaires have been forwarded to various agencies in every city and county in the State seeking formal and definite information as to conditions existing, as to what local efforts are being made to take care of the needy and destitute and as to exact details of the situation which prevails in each community. It is urged that every public and private agency engage in any relief work last winter cooperate with the county superintendent of public welfare in compiling this report, because the task is too big for one person and because it is important that a complete picture of all the effort of our community last winter be furnished the state relief office and the Recon-

Bryant Gives World's Summary Cotton Outlook

Johnston Association Of Sunday Schools Is Well Attended

A very interesting program was given at Progressive Presbyterian church in Boon Hill Township on Wednesday, September 7th, by the Johnston County Sunday School Association. "The Child and the Home and the Sunday School" were the central themes discussed. It was an interdenominational meeting and all the different denominations in the county took an active part in the proceedings. The meeting was presided over by M. P. Young, Association President.

The Johnston County Association is only one unit in the State Association, known as the North Carolina Sunday School Association. It is supported by free will offerings, and has its main office at 101-102 Arcade Building, Salisbury, N. C.

MR. D. M. HAYES RESIGNS FROM BOARD

Mayor W. W. Hare and the Board of Commissioners of the Town of Selma are in receipt of the resignation of Mr. D. M. Hayes as a member of said board. Mr. Hayes' resignation reads as follows:

"September 12, 1932.

"To the Mayor and Board of Commissioners of the Town of Selma, N. C.:-

"I hereby tender my resignation as a member of the Board of Commissioners of the town of Selma, North Carolina, to take effect immediately, for the reasons the busy season is now open and my work will necessarily require all of my time and almost all my time out of town. The work I shall be engaged in is strenuous and fatiguing and I cannot, after doing my work give the necessary time and attention to the duties of the office I now hold with the town.

"Yours very truly,

"D. M. HAYES."

Upon receipt of the above resignation from Mr. Hayes by the Mayor and the Board of Commissioners, it was moved and carried that said resignation be accepted.

The Board then began to look about for a suitable man to fill this vacancy, and in doing so, it could find no better material for this responsible place than Dr. C. P. Harper, our local druggist, and therefore Dr. Harper was appointed to fill this responsible position with the town with the hope that the appointment would be acceptable on the part of Dr. Harper.

Burgess Says Carry Your Seed Back Home

Mr. Ralph Burgess, manager of the Wood Ginneries throughout this section says that farmers should never store their cotton seed unless they can get an agreement with the ginner or oil mill to give them the top price or their seed back when they get ready to sell. "The best place for a farmer to store his seed is at home says Mr. Burgess. When seed are stored and not sold, the big oil mill know exactly how many seed are on storage, thus the farmer is working against his best interests in many ways," he says.

He says his firm will buy seed outright or exchange them for meal now, but that no cotton seed can be stored for future settlement with his firm.—Benson Review.

The pastor was examining one of the younger classes and asked the question: "What are the sins of omission?"

After a little silence, one young lady offered: "Please, sir, they're sins we ought to have committed and haven't."

Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Upon the basis of the composite information thus obtained concerning individual community needs and individual community effort, Governor Gardner will base his request to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation for Federal funds to supplement local resources for properly caring for the needs throughout the State

Consumption In United States Is Higher In Mill Stocks Are Lower.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Government reports on cotton indicate improvement in prices. Consumption of United States cotton is up, and mill stocks higher.

The acreage of cotton in Egypt has been reduced. It is predicted the total output there this season will be 945,000 bales of 478 pounds each compared with the official production figure of 1,288,000 bales last season. The acreage has been cut from 1,747,000 to 1,135,000.

The Bureau of Agricultural Economics of the Department of Agriculture made this report today:

During the six months ended July 31, 1932, the total world mill consumption of all cotton amounted to 10,793,000 running bales, 531,000 bales or 4.7 per cent less than during the corresponding period in 1930-31 and 6.4 per cent less than in the first half of 1931-32, according to a cable to the Bureau of Agricultural Economics from the International Federation of Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Associations. This brought the total consumption for the 1931-32 season to 22,323,000 running bales compared with 22,488,000 bales in 1930-31, 25,209,000 bales in 1929-30 and was the smallest since 1923-24, when the total world consumption amounted to only 20,430,000 bales.

While the total consumption of all cotton from February-July this year was smaller than the preceding six months or the corresponding period last year, consumption of American cotton showed an increase over both previous periods. The 6,202,000 running bales of American consumed in the last half of 1931-32 compared with 6,117,000 bales the preceding period, 5,630,000 bales in the second half of 1930-31 and 5,940,000 bales in the same period of 1929-30. During the 12 months ended July 31, 1932 there were 12,319,000 bales of American cotton consumed, which was 1,411,000 bales or 12.9 per cent more than in 1930-31, but was about 700,000 bales smaller than in 1929-30. The sea-on's consumption of Indian cotton amounted to 4,789,000 bales, 1,074,000 bales or 18.3 per cent less than in 1930-31. Sundries totaled 4,235,000 bales compared with 4,864,000 bales the previous season, a decrease of 629,000 bales or 12.9 per cent consumption of Egyptian cotton in 1931-32 amounted to 980,000 running bales which was 14.9 per cent larger than in 1930-31.

The 1932-33 season began with total stocks of raw cotton at mills slightly larger (3.9 per cent) than a year earlier. Stocks of American about one-third larger, Indian one-third less and Egyptian and sundries about unchanged. Total stocks of all kinds on August 1, 1932 amounted to 4,483,000 bales compared with 4,313,000 bales a year earlier. Mill stocks of American cotton totaled 2,559,000 bales whereas on August 1, 1931 they were only 1,871,000. Two hundred forty-two thousand bales of this increase took place in the United States and probably most of the remainder in mills in the Orient. Indian cotton held by mills at the beginning of the new season totaled 1,033,000 running bales compared with 1,565,000 bales a year earlier, 1,667,000 bales on August 1, 1930 and was the smallest since sometime prior to 1921. Mill stocks of Egyptian and sundries were 229,000 and 662,000 bales respectively compared with 217,000 and 660,000 a year earlier.—H. E. C. Bryant, in News and Observer.

Many People Killed As Steamer Explodes

The steamer "Observation" with a load of workmen on board, exploded soon after pulling off from its anchorage in East River New York a few days ago entailing a loss in human lives of more than 40 people. The craft, which had formerly been sight-seeing steamer, was proceeding to Riker's Island with a party of workmen who were engaged on the construction of the new penitentiary, at the time of the blast. Many of the survivors were severely injured.