81, No. 5

Mars Hill College, Mars Hill, North Carolina

The public health service states that there is

patient, eating food handled by an infected

an infected person; caring for an AIDS

in a pool with an infected person.

dence hall personnel, and so

AIDS, ARC, or a positive HTLV-III

antibody test will not be part of

the initial admission decision for

those applying to attend Mars Hill

College; neither will the College

undertake a program of screening

of students or employees for an-

Individuals within the College

community who know, or have a

reasonable basis for believing.

that they are infected, are re-

quired to seek expert advice

about their health circumstances

and are obligated, ethically and

legally, to conduct themselves

responsibly in accordance with

tibody to HTLV-III.

3. Consideration of the existence of

no risk created by living in the same house as

person; being coughed or sneezed upon by an

infected person; casual kissing; or swimming

Friday, November 13, 1987

ars Hill College's Response to AIDS

fear surrounds the deadly IDS, and sometimes institue decisions based on faulty on and inadequate discus-

Hill College, however, has oresight to look ahead and olicy to deal with the possistudent contracting AIDS. Hill about a year plus ago school policy. A student denied admission to Mars will be treated no different r students," stated Dr. Fred president of Mars Hill Col-

dent would be expected to dministration and the mediunity so that they would be lp the student in taking care of Historic, If," Bentley said. "They re and liferk with the student as far as s concerned." Bentley also he hoped the student would grand uncen everything he could about trustees of 1 the ways he could protect orking with nd other people.

also directent had AIDS, his condition kept in confidence, accorde museum isntley. Only the people that y through int wanted to know would iteers so the information.

contact the Burgess, dean of student del group tout, supported this policy. "If nt who came to me and said had been diagnosed as havit would be kept in strict

e,'' she said. s said she would advise the tell the doctor and nurse in ary as well as the academic would work with the stufind alternate housing and im or her on methods of self-

the fall semester started, showed a film on AIDS at shop for residence superd directors. Programs are g planned to help educate A film program is being to be shown either in Belk The Histor or possibly as part of

utograph seducation classes. as recently stated that she would be usic dept., Iswer any further questions The Policy

AIDS is a deadly disease that by the end of 1985 had afflicted approximately 15,000 Americans. In the next few years the disease is expected to strike additional tens of thousands of people in the United States. Academic communities must expect that some of their members will be affected by the disease. In the absence of preventive vaccines or effective treatments, the primary response of Mars Hill College to the AIDS epidemic must be education, which can equip individuals to take reasonable precautions against transmission of the disease.

Current knowledge indicates that students or employees with AIDS, ARC (AIDS-Related Complex: a milder manifestation of AIDS) or a positive HTLV-III (Human T-Lymphotropic Virus, Type III) antibody test do not pose health risk to other students or employees in an academic setting. AIDS is thought to be transmitted by intimate sexual contact or by exposure to contaminated blood. Although HTLV-III can be found in many body secretions of those who are infected. its presence there is not necessarily correlated with disease transmission by those fluids. There has been no confirmed case of transmission of AIDS by any household, school, or other casual contact. The Public Health Service states that there is no risk created by living in the same house as an infected person; caring for an AIDS patient, eating food handled by an infected person; being coughed or sneezed upon by an infected person; casual kissing; or swimming in a pool with an infected

These facts, derived from the best medical data available, are the basis for the following guidelines, which delineate Mars Hill College's response to the AIDS epidemic:

1. Students or employees of the College, who may become infected with the AIDS virus, will not be excluded from enrollment or employment, or restricted in their access to College services or facilities, unless medically-based judgments in individual cases establish that exclusion or restriction is necessary to the welfare of the individual or other members of the College community.

The College will provide an active program of education addressing the AIDS phenomenon through residence hall programs and human sexuality components of basic freshman classes (e.g., PDS or College 101). The attached brochure, provided by the American College Health Association, contains information of extreme importance and is the basis for the College's educational program related to AIDS. The education program will be addressed to all segments of the College community: students, faculty, staff, resisuch knowledge, for the protection of others. Such individuals are required to share that information with the Director of Health Services, so that the College can provide them proper medical care and education. Such information will be disclosed to responsible College officials only on a strictly limited, need-to-know basis, unless the individual consents in writing to other releases of the information. The College is obligated by law to disclose to public health officials information about all confirmed cases of active AIDS.

College health services personnel are familiar with sources of test-

ing for antibody to HTLV-III and

are able to refer students or

employees requesting such test-

ing. Testing should be done where

it is confidential, where positive

results can be confirmed by spe-

cific tests, and where both pre-

and post-test counseling are

Decisions about campus housing

of students with AIDS, ARC, or a

positive HTLV-III antibody test

will be made on a case-by-case

basis. In making such decisions,

Residential Living officials will

keep in mind that AIDS is a condi-

tion present in an individual and

not one that inhabits a building.

The best currently available med-

ical information does not support

available.

the existence of a risk to those sharing residence halls with infected individuals; there may, however, be, in some circumstances, reasonable concern fo the health of those with AIDS, or ARC, who might be exposed to certain contagious diseases (e.g., measles, chicken pox or influenza) in a close living situation. Health services personnel may wish to recommend that students with AIDS or ARC be assigned private rooms in the interest of protecting the health of those students.

7. While the duty of College health officials to maintain strictest confidence with respect to any diagnosis is universally recognized, it is also recognized that this duty is superceded by the necessity to protect others in avery specific, threatening situations. The number of people at the College who are aware of the existence and/or identity of students or employees who have AIDS, ARC, or a positive HTLV-III antibody test will be kept to an absolute minimum, both to protect the confidentiality and privacy of the infected person(s) and to avoid the generation of unnecessary fear and anxiety among other students and staff.

8. The College will not inform a roommate or other students in the residence hall or elsewhere of the presence in the residence hall of a student with an AIDS-related condition. Sharing that information would only cause needless fear and anxiety and may result in unnecessary, painful, and isolating consequences for the afflicted student. It is not necessary for the protection of other students, because AIDS is not transmitted by ordinary casual residence hall contact.

9. College health service personnel will encourage regular medical follow-up for those who have AIDS, ARC, or a positive HTLV-III antibody test. Special precautions to protect the health of immunologically compromised individuals will be considered during periods of prevalence of such contagious diseases as chicken pox, measles, and influenza.

10. Those who are known to be immunologically compromised will be excused from institutional requirements for certain vaccinations, notably measles and rubella vaccines, as those vaccinations may lead to serious consequences in those with poorly functioning immune systems.

11. The College will adopt those guidelines as proposed by the Public Health Service for the handling of blood and body fluids of persons with AIDS, ARC, or a positive HTLV-III antibody test. Further, the College will provide educational programs about AIDS and risk reduction to College health services personnel.

12. The College health service will use disposable, one-user needles and other equipment whenever such equipment will puncture the skin or mucous membranes of pa-13. Laboratories used in a teaching

context, such as those required in biology courses, should be safe experiences. Given the fact that the existence and identity of those with AIDS, ARC, or a positive HTLV-III antibody test may not be known, procedures for the decontamination of environmental surfaces and objects soiled by blood body fluids have been adopted and implemented. Laboratory courses requiring exposure to blood, such as finger pricks for blood typing or examination, use disposable equipment, and no lancets or other blood-letting devices are re-used or shared. No student is required to obtain or process the blood of others. The Public Health Service guidelines include information about disinfection of environmental surfaces: a simple method they recommend is the cleaning of contaminated surfaces with a household bleach freshly diluted 1:10 in

14. The President of the College or his designee will respond to any inquiries related to AIDS-related phenomena as may occur on cam-

These guidelines may be revised in appropriate ways in light of new medical information.

usiness orges the college's policy. ents. roducing: e National Players

most people think of act-TAY first thing that comes to Iollywood — or at least, ies. Although the "big is a major place of em-

re planning,

ional

cover \$100

d Hill for many of those in the ofession, the stage is a larized but more demandof acting. Theatre prorequire much more prepnd concentration on the Originae performers, for every hey make during a show vle Pizz the audience — in comvith screen performancare filmed in sections d together, and mistakes ited out or re-shot.

) groups range from the

I to the very large, and

mes \$10° has a slightly different There are big compaperform a single show s in one of the cultural pizzas no matter the world — New York 1, perhaps, shows like e King and I. There are ll community theatre cities across the country, TO STA form one show for severany other Pizzusually in a very small before switching to he last major type of ssification is the profes-Meing group, which travels Pale country, performing

at each stop on their Pizztional Players is one ng group. Established in company is currently 1967 Pizza of 14 members, and is in Valid only at inth consecutive season. creation, the group has ore than 5000 "great luding works by Shake-foliere and Sophocles. they are putting on the premiere production of me thriller favorite, Z 'Ohhich was sponsored at College on November 11

uojjezinegimittee. group is so small, each s a variety of tasks for

abel siting Artists and Lec-

National Players Dracula



which they are responsible, in addition to performing. The company works as a team in each location where they perform, arriving early to perform the various technical preparations necessary for a stage production: checking the sound equipment, the arrangement of the lights, and putting up the set. Likewise, they break down the set after each performance in order to transport it to the next stop on their tour.

The National Players is a stepping stone to careers in other branches of acting. Originally, it was composed of the most talented graduates of the Drama Department at Catholic University in Washington, D.C., but the group now includes current students and graduates of other schools. Most of the actors and actresses have been involved in the arts - acting, singing and dancing - since they were young, and some have hopes and dreams of careers in professional theatre or film.

The company is a diverse lot, hailing from all over the country and enjoying a variety of backgrounds. The directors, costume designer and scenery designer all have long lists of experience in working in the theatre around the world. The group is known for its high quality productions, complete with beautiful costumes and sets.

Homecoming Highlights **Alumni Come** Home

Laura Smithwick Staff Writer

Hundreds and hundreds of reminiscing alumni covered the Mars Hill campus on October 30 and 31. Vivid autumn colors and unusually warm weather greeted graduates who came from as far away as New Mexico, Connecticut and even Canada for the 1987 Homecoming festivities.

Four hundred graduates (from years prior to 1920 to 1987) packed the alumni luncheon, and Marsha Holmes Walker, Director of Alumni Activities, said attendance this year was the best she had seen. The "Golden Anniversary" celebration, organized by Miss Frances Snelson and Dr. Otis Duck, was well-attended: 35 class-of-'37 graduates and their spouses came, including an alumna who had not visited the campus since her graduation.

Groundbreaking for Broyhill Chapel and English Prayer Garden was an especially significant event for many alumni. There were also reunions for fraternities and sororities, dances, a parade, and, of course, the football game to enjoy.

Fond memories of various graduates ranged from "meeting my wife" to "hiking Bailey Mountain" to "living in Treat Dorm with Mother Sparks." Some shared about pranks they played while at Mars Hill, like putting a cow in what used to be Moore Building, and moving an entire bedroom suite to the top of a tree outside Myers. The organizer of Mars Hill's first panty raid in 1956 (the year of the college's 100th birthday) laughingly remembered his mischief,

For many alumni, Mars Hill was barely the same. The addition of Pizza Inn, the tanning salon and the Yogurt Bar surprised a few, and most lamented the loss of the elm in front of Blackwell Hall. Alumnus Jeff Morgan remarked that the looks of the campus were much improved, and Jeanne Goin Hagen was impressed with new facilities. Jay Hirst commented that Security must have bought new vehicles. "You can't hear them coming, now," he said.

Getting graduates back to campus to visit is important to the college. The Alumni Office, having worked since June to put the events together, helped make Homecoming a meaningful time for graduates who returned. One alumnus had this to offer to Lions currently at the college: "I guarantee these students that when they're 60 vears old, their fondest memories will be of this school."

Royalty

Lisa Ramsey Staff Writer

This year's Homecoming Queen and King were very excited and somewhat shocked to have been chosen even though the rest of the student body at MHC obviously felt their election was well deserved.

The 1987 Homecoming Queen was Elaine Ensley, a psychology major and a senior at MHC. "I was in shock when they announced my name. I couldn't believe it," Elaine said. "I wasn't expecting it . . . I was listening for the name of one of the other girls on the field." Elaine said that she felt happy and surprised at the same

Elaine is a member of a psychology club, Director of Student Activities for the Union, and President of the Student Admissions Committee. "I'd like to thank everybody, Elaine commented, I really appreciate it."

The 1987 Homecoming King was Charlie Edwards, a physical education major and also a senior at MHC. He was excited about being chosen. He is a member of the fraternity, Zeta Chi Theta. He is also a member of the Mars Hill College Lions football team.

The choosing of a homecoming queen and king was done by the student body of MHC who voted during the week before Homecoming.

Parade

Michelle Barber Staff Writer

On Saturday, October 31 at 1:00 p.m. Mars Hill students and alumni came out to watch the homecoming

Led by the security car, the parade consisted of the former homecoming queen's car and cars representing **Heather Osen**

each class. Next came our own Mars Hill marching band followed by various clubs, sororities and fraternities including Delta Phi Zeta's allegator, Omega Kappa Alpha's raisins singing "I Heard It Through

Omega's theme, "Wash Out." The parade ended with a guest high school band, cheerleaders on the fire truck, and the security van. Instead of the usual first, second

the Grapevine" and Lambda Chi

and third place winners, a grand prize winner was selected based on the winner of the Lion Growl and participation of a float in the homecoming parade. This year that winner was Delta

Kappa Theta fraternity. The float, with the theme Flame Broil the Bulldogs, featured French fries in a MHC box, a large coke with the fraternity's Greek letters on the straw and bulldogs between hamburger buns.

According to Mark Monfalcone, a member of Delta Kappa Theta, the meaning was to serve the Bulldogs to our Lions. Congratulations to Delta Kappa Theta on winning both the Lion Growl and the float contest.

New Chapel

Staff Writer

"For 131 years Mars Hill has been without a chapel so its about time we got one."

So said President Bentley at the Oct. 31 ground breaking ceremony for Mars Hill College's new chapel.

The first to break ground for the new chapel was Raliegh English who with his wife, Edna donated the property for the chapel. He was followed by Student Body President Chip Thompson; Dr. Otis Duck from the Board of Trustees: Rev. Marie Bean, Chaplin, and several other representatives from various other organizations. Members of the audience were also invited to spade the earth.

Special thanks were given to the Broyhill family, who donated almost \$400,000 to cover the cost of materials, and to the Englishes.

Thanks were also given to the Brotherhood of North Carolina, a group of 75 to 100 carpenters, electricians, masons, etc. who have volunteered to construct the chapel for free and to the many students and faculty members who have volunteered to help.

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