

CLERK OF COURT DIES

ED. TRAVIS DIES IN HOSPITAL

**Funeral Held At Halifax
Tuesday Afternoon; Was
Active Democrat.**

Weldon, Nov. 13.—E. L. Travis, Jr., clerk of superior court of Halifax county, died last night at Duke Hospital, Durham, following a brief illness. Mr. Travis went to Duke last Friday for treatment, late yesterday afternoon he apparently was resting well, but at 7:30 he took a turn for the worse and died at 9:30 p. m.

His wife, who was in Scotland Neck, was notified by hospital at-

taches about 8 o'clock but did not reach his bedside until after death had overtaken him.

Funeral services will be held Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the Methodist church in Halifax.

Mr. Travis, who was 39 years old, is the oldest son of E. L. Travis Sr., of Halifax, former Corporation Commissioner of North Carolina. He was graduated from Horner Military Academy and the University of North Carolina, having left the University two weeks his senior year and enlisted in the World War. Following his retirement from the Army he was associated with his father in the practice of law in Halifax until December, 1930, when he was appointed by the late Judge Garland E. Midgette to fill the unexpired term of the late S. M. Gary, clerk

of the superior court of Halifax county. In the Democratic primary last year he was nominated to succeed himself and elected in the general election. The deceased was very active in the Democratic party. For the past several years he had been chairman of the Democratic executive committee in Halifax county.

Surviving are his wife, Anne Kitchen Travis, daughter of the late Governor Kitchen, and one son, Edward O. Travis, one brother, Louis E. Travis, of Winston-Salem, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Travis.

Miss Edith Bobbitt spent the week-end in Littleton.

John Ogletree, of State College spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Ogletree.

Checks Silicosis



Dr. F. G. Banting, Canadian physician who discovered insulin, is reported to have developed a means of preventing silicosis, caused by minute parts of silica in the atmosphere. It is said the device will free the air at mine explosions in ten minutes.

JOINT HOSTESSES

Misses Omara Daniel and Ruth Chapman were joint hostesses on Saturday Evening to the members of their Bridge Club and several invited guests. The living room of Coletrane Hall was lovely for the occasion with bowls of flowers used for decorating purposes. After several progressions the scores were collected and Miss Otelia Vaughan was given a piece of pottery as winner of highest score. A sweet course was served to the following players: Misses Ailene Charles, Ada Edwards, Carrie Smith, Josephine Carty, Vernie Ed-dins, Cassy Carty, Otelia Vaughan, Elizabeth Tait, Sara Cannon, Mrs. Carl Hale, Mrs. Cranford Hoyle and Mrs. Cooper Grizzard.

② — about Cigarettes

There are 6 types
of home-grown tobaccos that
are best for cigarettes

BRIGHT TOBACCOS

U. S. Types 11, 12, 13, 14.

BURLEY TOBACCO

U. S. Type 31.

SOUTHERN MARYLAND TOBACCO

U. S. Type 32.

U. S. Type 11 is produced in the Piedmont Belt of Virginia and part of North Carolina.

U. S. Type 12 is produced in eastern North Carolina.

U. S. Type 13 grows in South Carolina.

U. S. Type 14 is produced mostly in southern Georgia—a few million pounds in northern Florida and Alabama.

U. S. Type 31 includes what is called White Burley tobacco. It was first produced by George Webb in 1864. It

is light in color and body, and is milder than the Burley used for pipes.

U. S. Type 32, Maryland tobacco, is noted for its "burn". In this respect Maryland excels most other tobaccos.

These are the kinds of home-grown tobaccos used for making Chesterfield Cigarettes.

Then Chesterfield adds aromatic Turkish tobacco to give just the right seasoning or spice.

Chesterfield ages these tobaccos for 30 months — 2½ years — to make sure that they are milder and taste better.



Tobacco being sold at auction on a Southern market.



Chesterfield

the cigarette that's Milder
the cigarette that TASTES BETTER