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THREE VOTES AGAINST

Election Carries by 87 Ballots— Authorities Plan Erection of Modern School Building.

Only three votes were cast against the town ordinance providing for a bond issue of \$75,000 with which to construct an additional school building in Lexington, and the authorities are going right ahead with arrangements to market the bonds and build the building.

There were 273 ballots cast for the ordinance, 3 against it, and 96 citizens out of 372 who registered failed to vote at all, giving a majority of 87 votes for the ordinance. The South Ward is the only ward which failed to give a majority for the issue, the other three voting in the affirmative by handsome margins. In this ward, where 54 voters had registered, only 27 votes were cast, and two of them were against the measure.

The only other vote cast against the ordinance was in the West Ward. Here 81 had registered and 64 voted for the bonds. The following tabulation will throw further light on the election:

Ward	Registered	For	Against
North	142	191	
South	54	25	2
East	95	83	
West	81	64	1
Total	372	273	3

The North Ward led in number of votes cast, the East in the percentage of registered citizens voting.

Mr. E. B. Craven, chairman of the Board of School Commissioners, is pleased with the outcome of the election. He says that in view of the fact that there was not enough opposition to cause a contest the results are highly gratifying. If there had been a fight, the voters would no doubt have been aroused and the number voting would have been larger. As it was, however, the number was larger than it was about two years ago when about 200 citizens voted. The bonds were not issued at that time, it will be recalled, because of the fact that there was some technical flaw and the fact that the war was on and there was no market for municipal bonds.

The School Commissioners will employ an architect right away and begin as soon as possible the erection of the building. They expect work to begin soon after January 1, 1920. For the past two or three months committees representing the School Board have visited modern schools in this and adjoining States and have therefrom, decided just about the kind of building to erect.

The building to be constructed will be, primarily, a high school building, but provisions will be made to take care of the smaller children in the northern section of town also. Realizing the fact that \$75,000 will not pay for a building sufficient to take care of the future demands, the Board will contract for a building which can easily be added to later or contract for a larger building and finish as much of it as the funds provided will allow.

It has been decided, according to Mr. E. B. Craven, chairman of the Board, to have in the building an auditorium with a seating capacity of 1,500 or 1,600 people, a basement with a gymnasium, manual training rooms for the boys, and domestic science rooms for girls. Mr. Craven invites interested citizens to offer, before the contract is awarded, any suggestions they may have.

A beautiful square has been purchased on which the building will be erected. The Dodson property and the Grimes lots on the corner of State and First streets will be used for the building and a playground. Three or four dwellings now on the square will be removed and the grounds made attractive. Already the square is practically level and has on it huge oaks, and it is almost in the center of town, making it really an ideal location.

The Board of Canvassers for the special election held November 25th, 1919, at which election there was submitted to the voters of the Town of Lexington for their adoption or rejection an ordinance entitled "An ordinance to authorize the Town of Lexington to issue \$75,000.00 of bonds for school building," met in the Mayor's office at 12:00 o'clock noon, November 26th, 1919, at which time there were present and representing:

North Side Precinct—H. H. Koozts.
South Side Precinct—E. H. Holmes.
West Side Precinct—D. F. Conrad.
East Side Precinct—Fred O. Slink,
same being a quorum.

Mr. D. F. Conrad was elected Chairman of the meeting, and Mr. Fred O. Slink was elected Clerk.

The Chairman then administered to the Board the oath as required by law, and upon being appointed so to do, Mr. F. O. Slink administered to the Chairman the oath as required by law.

The Chairman then administered to the Clerk the oath as required by law.

The Board then proceeded to open, canvass, and judicially determine the results of the special election held on November 25th, 1919, and found as follows:

AT NORTH SIDE PRECINCT THERE WERE CAST:
For the ordinance 191 ballots.
Against the ordinance no ballots.
The total number of registered and qualified voters of said Precinct was 142.

AT SOUTH SIDE PRECINCT THERE WERE CAST:

(Continued on page eight)

SHO. WHILE HAPPY

Friendly Frolic Ends in Frenzied Affair—Victim Not Seriously Hurt.

"Shoot me while I'm happy"—Jim Smith, one of Davidson's sable sons, didn't say it, but Arch Ellis, also a gentleman of color, must have heard wrong, for, from the evidence in the case, it is thought Arch was the man behind the gun, from which a slug of lead entered Jim's back.

To be more lucid, in other words, to illuminate the subject somewhat, Jim was enjoying the hospitality of one Hence Hargrave, of near Linwood, at an old-fashioned "possum dinner." The "possum and 'taters" had just been brought in, and the guests, Jim especially, looked on the tempting dish with smiles such as they had not worn since watermelon season. Jim, being a firm believer in the scriptures, helped himself plentifully, to the juicy meat and was just about to transfer a portion of it to his oral cavity when something happened. The fork stopped in mid-air; the expression on his face changed to surprise, then to terror; some of those present said he turned the color of ashes. Suddenly he jumped to his feet and yelled in a voice latent with terror, "I see shot, I see shot, oh my Lawd, I see shot." He ran around the table several times executing gyrations such as are seldom seen outside a circus, all the time reiterating the statement that he was shot.

"Wher is yo' shot nigger?" was the excited question of one of the guests. "In de dinin' room, thro' de window," yelled Jim, beginning to shuck off his coat.

The guests looked at one another and wagged their heads. "Dat nigger's done gone plumb crazy," said one.

By this time Jim had relieved himself of his coat and was tugging at a heavy wool sweater worn underneath. As he jerked the sweater over his head, a bullet fell to the floor. The guests then examined the window behind Jim's place at the table and found where the bullet had penetrated the glass. The writer, of course, wasn't present, but by inquiring and from the evidence brought out in the Recorder's Court, it was learned that the bullet penetrated the man's coat but balked at the sweater, merely pushing a portion of the wool garment about an inch into the victim's back. The wounded man is said to have made the statement that the bullet circled his body three times before starting through his clothing.

It seems that Jim's most ardent enemy was Arch Ellis; at least Jim thought so. Naturally then, as soon as he realized fully what had happened, he began to voice his intentions of avenging himself on Arch. A peace warrant was sworn out against Jim by Arch's mother, but at the trial Tuesday Arch wasn't present, which fact was prima-facie evidence that Arch is a "bad nigger," and was the one that did the fancy shooting.

Needless to say, Jim was liberated.

Fine Meeting at Enterprise.

The community meeting at Enterprise last night was in many respects the best yet held in the county. The splendid spirit manifested and the number attending was a credit to the community. Preceding the exhibition of the pictures, a Thanksgiving service, in charge of Rev. C. O. Kennerly and Rev. Mr. Johnson was held. Another pleasing feature of the meeting was a stereopticon lecture by Mr. Yeager on consolidation of schools. 175 were present.

The Possibility of a Tobacco Market in Lexington.

There has been a great deal of discussion throughout the county as to whether or not a tobacco market in Lexington would be a good thing for the tobacco farmers of Davidson county. It seems that some of the farmers think that the larger the town in which the market is situated the higher the price of the weed. It is known, however, by the older hands at the game that it is the grade of tobacco and not the size of the market that determines the price. This truth is borne out very thoroughly in the table entitled "Sales at Warehouse" published in last Tuesday's issue of The Dispatch. As a rule, this table shows that the small-town markets paid the highest average prices.

Bailey, a town that compares in size with Linwood, of this county, averaged \$63.81 per hundred pounds. Snow Hill, a town not nearly so large as Lexington, averaged \$63. Apex, about the same size as Denton, averaged \$60.18. Youngville, with about the same population as Southmont, averaged over \$61. And most of these small towns with their big averages are situated near some of the largest markets in the State. Bailey, for instance, with its high average of \$63.81 is near both, Wilson and Rocky Mount, which cities averaged \$57.19 and \$57.39, respectively. And Apex, under the shadow of Durham, which averaged \$57.78, surpassed its big brother with an average of \$60.18.

These figures and comparisons go to show that Lexington is not only a logical place for a live tobacco market, but also that there is no reason why a market in our wide-awake and progressive county seat would not pay just as much as, or more than, any other market in the State.

Sometimes as we go along the street we are convinced that if there is a shortage of anything in this world it isn't talcum powder.

FINCH WILL STANDS

Jury Holds Paper Writing Valid— Court Adjourns Wednesday for the Term.

After remaining out for less than twenty minutes, the jury in the Finch will case, the last to be tried at the November court, returned a verdict in favor of the propounders of the will. This case lasted 'untill late Wednesday afternoon. After hearing motions and announcing decisions Judge Bryson adjourned court for the term.

On June 30, 1918, Mrs. E. J. Finch died, leaving three sons, Messrs. Walter, P. D. and John Q. Finch. On April 23, 1918 Mrs. Finch signed her name to a certain paper writing which Messrs. Walter and P. D. Finch contended was executed in due and proper form and that the act was free and voluntary on the part of Mrs. Finch. Mr. John Q. Finch, the caveat, maintained that such were not the facts, that at the time she was not of sufficient mental capacity and that, if she was, the act was not free and voluntary. The jury, however, was of the opinion that at the time of signing the paper Mrs. Finch did have sufficient mental capacity and that the execution was not procured by undue influence.

The property covered by the will was valued, it is estimated, at \$125,000 or \$130,000, of which Mr. John Q. Finch, the caveat, claimed he got only about \$10,000.

A long and strong legal line-up had been formed on either side. For the caveat, Mr. John Q. Finch, appeared Waiser & Waiser and Attorney J. R. McCrary, of the local bar, and Attorney A. E. Holton, of Winston-Salem. The propounders, Messrs. Walter and P. D. Finch, were represented by Raper & Raper, Phillips & Bower, of the local bar, and Attorney A. L. Brooks, of Greensboro. The trial consumed a day and a half.

Just before court adjourned attorneys for the town of Thomasville requested Judge Bryson to set aside the verdict of the jury in the case of Lambeth vs. Thomasville, but the judge denied the request. The jury had awarded the plaintiff \$1,000. A motion was also made for a new trial in the case of Hedrick vs. Silver Valley Mining Company, in which the jury awarded the plaintiff nothing. The judge reserved judgment and will announce his decision later. The case of Wilson vs. Road Commissioners, in which a point of law was to be decided, Judge Bryson ruled in favor of the plaintiff, and the case now goes back to the Clerk of the Court.

Carolina Blanks Virginia.

The following dispatch from this morning's Charlotte Observer will be of much interest to most of our readers:

"The blue and white of Carolina floated in triumph over Chapel Hill last night and the little college town was a seething mass of joy-crazed humanity, for on Emerson field yesterday afternoon, the University eleven, vanquished its ancient rival, Virginia, by a score of 6 to 0 in the greatest gridiron classic ever played in North Carolina."

Mr. Roswell Robbins, son of Capt. and Mrs. F. C. Robbins of this place, was in Carolina's line-up as left guard. Among the many Lexington people who attended the game were Messrs. William and Paul Raper, C. C. Shell, W. F. Brinkley, Don Waiser, and James Gordon.

City Fathers Transact Important Business.

At a meeting of the Board of Town Commissioners Wednesday evening a great deal of important business was transacted. The water and street questions were the most important issues dealt with.

The Water and Light Committee, composed of Mr. J. V. Moffitt, Chairman, Dr. J. A. Smith, and Mr. W. F. Lopp, was given the authority to secure bids for the boring of wells to relieve the water situation until a water main can be laid from Abbotts Creek and a filter plant installed.

It was also decided to get correct estimates on paving work for the principal streets of the city.

Mr. A. L. Crisman was elected a member of the Board from South Ward to succeed Judge C. E. Godwin, who recently resigned.

Emmons Tobacco Excellent in Quality.

Mr. Avery M. Woodie, of Emmons township, was here Thursday to meet his wife's sister, Miss Metta Creed, of Dobson, Surry county, who will spend some time in the county. Mr. Woodie is the son of Mr. E. M. Woodie. This young man this season cultivated 2 1/4 acres of tobacco and received for it \$1,395. A significant statement made by Mr. Woodie is that the tobacco raised by himself, his father, his brother, and a brother-in-law, Mr. G. F. Jones, which, as was announced through these columns heretofore, brought about \$7,194, at the time sold brought higher prices than tobacco of other counties. He says, moreover, that the Messrs. Everhart, on the Henry I. Workman place, this year on about three acres grew about \$1,000 worth of the weed. Mr. Woodie is convinced that the soil of Emmons and adjoining townships will produce excellent tobacco.

William Desmond "A Sage Brush Hamlet," Monday, Dec. 1, at the Lyric. A great western and one of his best. Also latest Pathe News.

DAVIDSON WHEAT SHORT

Big Acreage But Low Yield— Inspects and Weather Responsive— Comparisons.

Examination of the reports furnished Register of Deeds Sigman by the 43 grain threshers of the county reveals the fact that the grain crop, especially wheat, is far below the average. In spite of the fact that there were planted 7,000 acres more this year than in 1910, the yield is 21,000 bushels less than it was that year.

257,244 bushels of wheat is the yield for 37,163 acres reaped this fall. There was no report made last year from which figures may be gathered. The census report of 1910, however, shows that 278,515 bushels were harvested from an acreage of 39,874. The average yield this year is 5 9/10 bushels an acre, whereas the average for 1910 was about 9 1/4 bushels.

Davidson county has had the distinction of leading the State in the production of this staple crop. The reports from other counties are not available for comparison at this time. If the yield is proportionately low in the other counties, the State output will be amazingly low.

In discussing the reason for the poor yield, Farm Demonstrator W. G. Yeager pointed out the fact that frost in the early spring, Hessian flies in the summer, and the hot, dry weather at heading time all worked against wheat. A case in point where these conditions, the frost especially, cut down the yield, Mr. A. H. Michael, of Alleghany township, in town Wednesday stated that from a field of nine acres he harvested only 64 bushels and that he should have, under ordinary circumstances, gathered 180 or 200 bushels.

An unusual circumstance, according to Mr. Yeager, is that the wheat this year is of an exceptionally high quality. Ordinarily a low yield means low quality also, due to the fact that the wheat berry is light. Mr. Yeager says the heads that matured were good. So good is the quality, says Mr. Yeager, that there has been an unprecedented demand from out of the county for Davidson seed.

In spite of the low average, there are farms in the county which produced very high yields. Mr. John W. Lambeth, on his Cedar Lodge farm, about ten acres of which were planted in wheat, averaged 34 bushels an acre. And the remarkable part of the story is that, according to Mr. Yeager, these ten acres would not have yielded seven bushels each in 1906 when Maj. F. H. Fleet, from whom Mr. Lambeth purchased the property, first began cultivating the farm. It is interesting to know, incidentally, that Mr. N. E. Winters, State Extension Agronomist, who was present when the Cedar Lodge wheat was threshed, made the statement that in his opinion the Cedar Lodge farm was one of the greatest examples of soil building in Piedmont North Carolina.

As to prospects for next year Mr. Yeager estimates that less than 25,000 acres has been sown. This, as will be observed, is only about two-thirds as much acreage as was harvested this year. There is a reason for this decrease. According to Mr. Yeager it costs twelve bushels an acre to raise the crop. In other words unless a farmer can reap twelve bushels from an acre, wheat farming is unprofitable. As to making one's own bread, however, Mr. Yeager advises farmers to raise enough for home consumption even if only five bushels can be grown on an acre of land.

The records show a decrease, also, in the oats crop. This year only 4,990 acres were planted, from which 48,177 bushels of the grain were harvested. In 1910 7,043 acres and 86,808 bushels was the record.

D. F. Conrad Loses Livestock.

A few days ago Mr. James H. Alexander, former citizen of Lexington, now living in Lee county, sent Mr. D. F. Conrad, local business man, two very fine "possums," specifying that they were to be barbecued and eaten by the members of the local Masonic Chapter. Mr. Conrad naturally felt a grave responsibility as custodian of the two animals, and he even went so far as to "bell" one of the pair that seemed unduly frisky. The other one had its left hind ankle sprained, which fact removed the fear from Mr. Conrad's mind that the animal might get away. The poet said "Stone walls do not a prison make nor iron bars a cage." Mr. Conrad no doubt agrees with the scribe, which deduction is taken from the following ad:

Lost, strayed, or stolen—two large, black 'possums. One had a bell around its neck, the other limped badly and is believed to be using crutches. Finger prints and photographs furnished on request. Suitable reward if returned to D. F. Conrad, Lexington.

Preaching at Ebenezer Sunday.

Rev. Christopher C. Williams, pastor of Welcome Circuit, M. E. Church, South, announces that he will preach at Ebenezer next Sunday at eleven o'clock. A church conference will be held immediately after the preaching service. Every member is requested to be present.

Mary Pickford in an entirely new characterization in "Heart O' the Hills," her latest picture. This is the second town in the state to see this super-feature. "Heart O' the Hills" will be shown all next week at the Strand theatre in New York. Don't fail to see it Friday, Nov. 25, at the Lyric.

PRISONERS PLAN ESCAPE

Wholesale Jail Delivery Narrowly Averted—Prisoners Armed With Irons.

What might have been a wholesale jail delivery was narrowly averted Wednesday night when Mr. Conrad Michael, county jailer, got wind of a plot that had been brewing for three days among several of the prisoners in his keeping. Mr. Michael was tipped off by one of the prisoners, who told him that the men not only planned to make their getaway but were prepared to do bodily injury to any one who tried to hinder them.

On account of some painting that was being done in the cells the prisoners had been allowed the freedom of the corridors for several days, during which time the "gang" composed of George Henry and Robert Adderton, the two desperadoes captured recently on Three-Hat Mountain, and Lois Leonard and Tom Oils, had been busy planning their getaway.

On Wednesday night at about 8:30 Mr. Michael and the Davis brothers, local policemen, walked into the compartment where the prisoners were congregated. The prisoners were all set for one man, and were taken completely by surprise when three walked in. Needless to say they were quickly overpowered and locked securely into their cells. It was necessary, however, for the jailer to tap the young Leonard fellow on the head several times in order to subdue him. Among the weapons found in the possession of the prisoners were improvised black-jacks, a ten and a half-pound window weight, and an eight-inch heavy iron bar. All of these weapons had been procured within the prison by the prisoners themselves. A large hole almost half-way through the wall was also discovered. They had been working on it for several days. The hole was concealed behind a radiator, one end of which could be swung around from the wall. The men implicated admitted the whole plot to the jailer Wednesday morning, and talked freely concerning it to a Dispatch representative Thursday.

Crime Fluctuates in This Section.

An examination of the records of the Recorder's Court, in the Clerk's office, shows that there has been a great fluctuation in the number of crimes committed in this section of the county during the last two months and a half. The records show that from October 10 to November 10 there was a decided decrease in the number of cases of lawlessness as compared with the period from September 10 to October 10. Whereas, on the other hand, from November 10 to November 25, only fifteen days, there were almost as many cases before the recorder as for the entire month preceding.

From September 10 to October 10 fifty-nine cases were tried; of this number forty-eight were found guilty. The fines imposed amounted to \$590. Four of the cases were bound over to the Superior Court. The next month, ending November 10, shows thirty-five cases tried, of which number thirty were adjudged guilty. The fines in these cases swelled the county coffers to the extent of \$135. Five of the cases were bound over to the higher court.

The past fifteen days have brought forth thirty-three cases for trial, thirty of which have been found guilty. The fines in these cases have amounted to \$240. Nine, or nearly one-third, of the defendants have been bound over to the Superior Court. These last figures are rather startling in view of the fact that during the fifteen days from November 10 to November 25 there were as many serious cases, that is, cases out of the jurisdiction of the Recorder's Court, as there were in the sixty days preceding.

Record Amount of Cotton Picked in the County.

According to Farm Demonstrator W. G. Yeager, more cotton has been picked at this date in Davidson county than in the past ten years. The mild, dry weather this fall has been unusually favorable for cotton picking, and the farmers have taken advantage of their splendid opportunity.

Through Boone, Tyro, and Cotton Grove townships, the three principal cotton growing townships, the staple has been rapidly picked and ginned, and is also the case in the other townships where less cotton is grown.

Stanley Citizens Ask Governor to Change Sentences.

That the citizenship of Stanley was not well pleased with the sentences imposed upon the seven Albemarle cotton mill men by Judge Lane last week when he released Ritch and Graham on fines of \$600 each and gave seven of the strikers four months each on the roads, is evidenced by the fact that when petitions asking the Governor to commute the sentences to fines were circulated between prominent business and professional men in Albemarle and Norwood, many signed them. Those signing were also the officials of Ehrd Mfg. Company, Wicasset Mills company and Norwood Mfg. Company, including J. F. Shinn, J. F. Cannon, J. A. Groves and J. B. Eber. The people in Stanley county, it is stated, felt that Marvin Ritch and J. H. Graham were the chief offenders. When the judge released them, upon fines and imprisoned seven of the members of the local textile union, the citizenship became determined to make demand upon Governor Bickett.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

The Coming and Going of Lexington and Davidson County Folks and Their Guests.

Attorney J. F. Sprull spent yesterday evening in Salisbury.

Miss Mary Bellmer is spending the week-end at her home in Morganton.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hawkins, of Norfolk, Va., spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Burgin.

Mr. Lee Scarborough, of Philadelphia, is spending Thanksgiving holidays here with his family.

Mr. R. L. Cole, of High Rock, Route 1, was a pleasant caller at The Dispatch office Tuesday afternoon.

Messrs. J. E. Thorpe and A. R. Walker, of Baden, were in Lexington on business a few days ago.

Mrs. John Tatum, of Critz, Va., is spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. Ray McCrary.

Mrs. Carline Wright, of Alamance, is here visiting her uncle, Mr. J. A. Wright.

Mrs. E. C. Clinard, of Winston-Salem, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. H. Finch.

Miss Alice Earnhardt, of Goldsboro, is spending the Thanksgiving holidays with her niece, Mrs. C. M. Clodfelter.

Miss Edith Ader, student at G. C. W., will spend the week-end with her cousin, Miss Mary Hege.

Miss Annie Lasley, of Reidsville, will spend Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. Wood Dorsett.

Mrs. W. J. Vestal returned Tuesday night from a visit to relatives in Richmond, Va.

Mrs. R. C. Springs and daughter, Miss Carrie Springs, of Charlotte, are spending a few days with Mrs. Sam W. Finch.

Mr. C. V. Howerton, of Greensboro, on December 1 will become clerk in the March Hotel, succeeding Mr. Gray Sowers, resigned.

Mrs. John T. Lowe and children have returned from a visit to her mother, Mrs. Nancy Lindsay, in Rockingham county.

Miss Edna Brown, of the local school faculty, is spending Thanksgiving with her parents in China Grove.

Miss Mary Huckabee, of the domestic science department of the local high school, is spending the holidays with her parents in Albemarle.

Miss Amanda Willis and Misses Grace and Florence Swaim spent Thanksgiving with relatives in Salisbury.

Mr. Sim A. Delap, law student at Trinity College, is spending the Thanksgiving holidays with his parents, Es-Sheriff and Mrs. A. T. Delap.

Misses Gladys Jackson, of Salisbury, and Beulah Gage, of Bakersville, are spending the Thanksgiving holidays with Mrs. Paul Hinkle on North Salisbury Street.

Miss Blanche Thompson and Miss Elizabeth Hudson, of Monroe, students of Salem College, are here spending the Thanksgiving holidays with Miss Thompson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Thompson, on West First Avenue.

A party of young people composed of Misses Sallie and Mary Thompson, Vivian Smith, Helen Earnhardt, Mary McCrary, Annie Maide Probst, Messrs. Dolt Hunt, H. Hoyle Sink, J. W. Brown, and J. O. Boaze, took Thanksgiving dinner at the home of the Misses Thompson at Tyro.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Craven and children, Kathryn Craven and Jas. B. Craven, Jr., of Lenoir, spent Wednesday night and Thursday with Mr. E. B. Craven enroute to Trinity for the week-end. Mr. J. B. Craven is a brother of Mr. E. B. Craven and president of Davenport College, Lenoir.

Miss Nellie Shippey left Wednesday for Clinton, S. C. Miss Shippey has been elected sponsor of the Presbyterian College foot-ball team and accompanied the team to Newbury for the game with Newbury College Thanksgiving Day. Miss Shippey will also visit her home in Spartanburg, S. C., before returning here.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Fritts on East Center Street was recently celebrated the 76th birthday of Mrs. Paulina Fritts, mother of Mr. Fritts. About seventy-five of her children, grandchildren, and friends gathered at the home of her son, ate together of the bounty which had been prepared, and made happy this delightful occasion.

A pleasant caller at The Dispatch office Wednesday was Mr. B. V. Bowers, of Lexington, Route 5, Cotton Grove township. Mr. Bowers renewed his subscription to The Dispatch and incidentally discussed briefly the tobacco prospects for the coming season in his township. He says he is planning to raise two or three barns and that a number of his neighbors are making preparations to cultivate the weed. Mr. Bowers served as a juror in Superior Court.

As one Lexington man said yesterday, there'd be a lot more people getting married if so many of them who are married didn't make it look like a failure.