

THE WEATHER.

Generally fair Sunday and Monday, moderate west winds becoming North and East.

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BAILEY WILL NOT LEAVE THE SENATE

His Resignation Followed by Withdrawal Created Stir in Congress

WAS "MIFFED" AT DEMOCRATS

Senator Tillman Criticized His Action. Vice President and Texas Governor Refused to Accept It—Details.

Washington, March 4.—Senator Joseph W. Bailey, added to the excitement and to extraordinary episodes surrounding the adjournment of the 61st Congress today by resigning his office as Senator from the State of Texas, and a few hours later withdrawing his resignation.

Angered at the attitude of his Democratic colleagues in favoring the resolution approving the new constitution of Arizona to whose radical features Mr. Bailey has declared his undying opposition, he wrote his resignation and took it to the Vice President, with the request that he announce it to the Senate. Mr. Sherman declined to have anything to do with it, Senator Bacon impudently in like manner to announce it, took a similar position. Thereupon, the Texan telegraphed it to Governor O. B. Colquitt, of Texas, who promptly refused to accept it, replying as follows:

"I decline to accept your resignation as a Senator from Texas, and respectfully ask you to withdraw it. Please write fully."

Meanwhile the resignation was subject of excited discussion about the capitol. Many of Mr. Bailey's Democratic colleagues expressed regret at his action, and those who talked with him, urged him to reconsider his action. Not a few professed that he would think better of his decision "after he cools off" and would withdraw the resignation.

He did withdraw it, and this evening made public the following telegram sent by him to Governor Colquitt:

"You know how unalterably I am opposed to these populist heresies, known as the initiative, referendum and recall, and I would not be willing to remain in the Senate or in any branch of the public service if a majority of the party friends associated with me were willing to give their approval to the resolution."

"I construed the vote of the Democratic senators in the Senate this morning on the resolution approving the constitution of Arizona as giving their support to those vagaries and under that impression I promptly tendered my resignation. The ablest and most conspicuous Democrats who voted that they have given me their assurance that they did not intend to vote to be so construed and have made through Senator Bacon a statement in the open Senate expressly declaring that they utterly disapproved them."

"Under these circumstances and at their earnest request as well as at your own request, supplemented by many messages from my friends in Texas, and some from other States; I have concluded to withdraw my resignation. I am willing to work to the limit of my strength as long as I can serve the public and at the same time obey what I understand to be the commandment of Democratic principles, but no office could tempt me for one moment to compromise with a policy which I am certain would in the end destroy the government established by our fathers."

Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, before he heard that Mr. Bailey had withdrawn his resignation, issued a statement in which he expressed profound regret at the Texan's action, characterizing it as "precipitate and unwise; the result of passion which he will regret as soon as he cools off." He declared Mr. Bailey "the ablest man in the Senate without exception and one of the best equipped men in public life," and that he had known for years that there was a coterie in the Senate envious of Mr. Bailey and plotting against his assuming leadership. "The Senator has played into their hands by his action," Mr. Tillman said.

"I know Bailey was mad," said another senator, "but I never thought he would use his rage as a hatchet to open his own head." Eleven Democratic senators sent to Governor Colquitt the following telegram:

"We, Democratic senators, speaking for ourselves and for other Democratic senators, regard the proposed resignation of Senator Bailey as a National calamity and we urge upon the people of Texas to demand that he withdraw the same and that he continue to serve in the Senate in which he is the undisputed and most conspicuous leader."

This telegram was signed by Senators Bacon, Foster, Overman, Tallaferrero, Paynter, Bankhead, Percy, Taylor, Johnston, Watson and Fletcher.

While Senator Bailey predicated his resignation upon the vote of Democratic senators, his friends looked upon the vote as the "last straw" in a series of snubs intended to show Mr. Bailey the futility of aspiring to the Democratic leadership of the Senate. Close observers of recent developments in the Senate know that a movement against him has been growing on the

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SHEEHAN REMAINS IN ALBANY RAGE

Governor Dix's Letter Dropping Him Did Not Have the Desired Effect

LEGISLATORS STILL HOPEFUL

Sheehan and Murphy Held Conference in New York—Refuse to Make Statement—Withdrawal Awaited.

Albany, New York, March 4.—The handful of legislators in Albany tonight differed materially in opinions as to the effect Governor Dix's letter will have on the senatorial situation. The insurgents, including Senator Roosevelt, were hopeful that the deadlock would be dissolved by the withdrawal of William F. Sheehan, as advised by Governor Dix, but Daniel Cohan's statement in New York that 78 can be counted on to stick to Mr. Sheehan "until next January if necessary," was not regarded as indicating such an intention upon the part of the caucus candidate. Mr. Cohan is presumed to reflect the views of Charles F. Murphy.

Reports were current this afternoon that Mr. Murphy had sent an emissary to the insurgents camp to pave the way for a conference of the Democratic members, but they could not be substantiated. It is expected important conferences will be held in New York tomorrow which may have a material bearing on the question.

New York, March 4.—William F. Sheehan and Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, held a long conference today, but neither has made any announcement concerning a reply to Governor Dix's statement of last night urging Mr. Sheehan's withdrawal as a candidate for the United States Senate to succeed Chauncey M. Depew.

Daniel F. Cohan, Murphy's political adviser, this morning voiced his belief that the governor's statement would not materially affect the line-up of legislators at Albany. Mr. Murphy himself refused to say one word and Mr. Sheehan would not receive reporters.

Edward M. Shepard, Mr. Sheehan's most serious Democratic opponent will be withdrawn recently, issued a statement praising the governor's stand which he says is in accord with the "opinion and wish of the overwhelming majority of the Democratic party of the State."

EXILE THE PUNISHMENT.

Former Nicaraguan Officials Must Leave the Country.

Managua, Nicaragua, March 4.—The council of ministers, which has been investigating the recent explosion and fire in the ammunition barracks, w. a. c. h. it has been determined was a part of a plot against the administration, has sentenced a number of prominent Nicaraguans to expatriation. Following the explosion many arrests were made, and the prison here is full of former political leaders.

Gen. Luis Mena, minister of war, today gave out the statement that prominent liberals, Dr. Rodolfo Espinosa, former minister of foreign affairs and former representatives of the Nicaraguan government at Washington; Benjamin Zeledon, ex-sub-secretary of war; Col. Jose Santos Ramirez, formerly director general of telegraphs and telephones; Jose Dolores Gomez, former minister of public works, and Carlos Martinez, had been sentenced by the council of ministers to expatriation for six months on the charge of being implicated in the explosion. They are to leave Corinto by the first northbound steamer. It is expected that many others will also suffer exile.

CLUB MAN SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Thrown From Horse While Leading Chase—May Recover. Philadelphia, Pa., March 4.—George Brooke, Jr., prominent society and club man of this city, was seriously injured today when he was thrown from his mount while leading the chase at the Radnor Club hunt near this city.

A fox had been raised and Mr. Brooke, riding a speedy thoroughbred, was leading the huntmen when his horse broke in attempting to take a three rail fence. The rider pitched over the horse and landed on his shoulder and head. Mr. Brooke was removed to a hospital where it was found he had sustained a fracture of the skull. The physicians say he has only a fair chance of recovery.

SOUTHERN TRAIN WRECKED.

"Memphis Special" Derailed Near Knoxville Yesterday. Knoxville, Tenn., March 4.—Eight persons were hurt when all but one of eight coaches of the Southern Railway train known as the "Memphis Special" were derailed a short distance south of Beardon today. A high embankment against which the derailed coaches were thrown saved them from much damage.

Order an "E. M. F." now. Don't wait. W. D. MacMillan, Jr.

CONGRESS CLOSES EVENTFUL SESSION

Reciprocity Agreement Goes Over for Extra Session as Expected

STIRRING SCENES MARK END

President Was Reconciled to Fate in Store for Canada Treaty—New Congress Will Convene on April 4th.

Washington, March 4.—The sixty-first Congress headless of one of the most important legislative tasks set before it came to an end shortly after noon today. Within the hour following President Taft had issued a proclamation calling the new Congress to meet in extraordinary session at noon on Tuesday, April 4th.

At the time he will submit for ratification to a House overwhelmingly Democratic and to a Senate barely Republican, the reciprocity agreement with Canada. The McCall bill, carrying that agreement into effect and passed by the House, met today at the old Senate the death that had been freely predicted for it.

The President well warned if not entirely reconciled to the fate in store for the measure was at the capitol to witness the obsequies. The bill was not allowed at any time to come up in the Senate for a moment's consideration.

The permanent tariff board bill forced to its passage through a reluctant Senate at 3:30 o'clock this morning, was hurried over to the House, there to be strangled by a Democratic filibuster. The President in the room reserved for him in the Senate lobby, heard the news with resignation. Congress provided funds to continue the work of the tariff board for another year.

It was at the request of the House and Senate that President Taft fixed the date of the extra session on April 4th. The new Democratic Ways and Means committee also to serve as the "new committee on committees" will meet on Monday to take up its latter duties. A full caucus of all the Democratic members of the new House will not be held until April 2nd. In the meantime the plans for the extra session will have developed.

There is little doubt now that the Democrats of the House will undertake to revise at least two or three schedules of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act and there is every reason also to believe that these bills will be favorably received in the Senate, the increased Democratic and insurgent strength in that body giving a further revision of the tariff downward. It is supposed also that so long as the new schedules do not flagrantly violate the policy of protection President Taft will not withhold his approval of them. He has announced, however, that if a general revision, in violation of the protective policy, should be inaugurated he would not hesitate to use the power of the veto.

How long the extra session will last is problematical. While the new Congress may promptly ratify the reciprocity agreement some Democrats are in favor of withholding confirmation until two or three new tariff schedules are ready. If tariff differences should arise between the new House and the Senate the session unquestionable would be a long one.

In this connection however, the interesting fact developed today that the President has a constitutional right to bring the session to an end in case the two Houses of Congress cannot agree upon a time for adjournment. Such action, it is admitted, would be revolutionary and there is thought to be little likelihood that any President would care to invoke the power vested in him by Section 3, Article 2, of the constitution. The old Congress ended amid scenes of extraordinary excitement and uncertainty. In the House the disorder at times during the closing hours when the successful filibuster against the tariff board bill was in progress, became almost a riot.

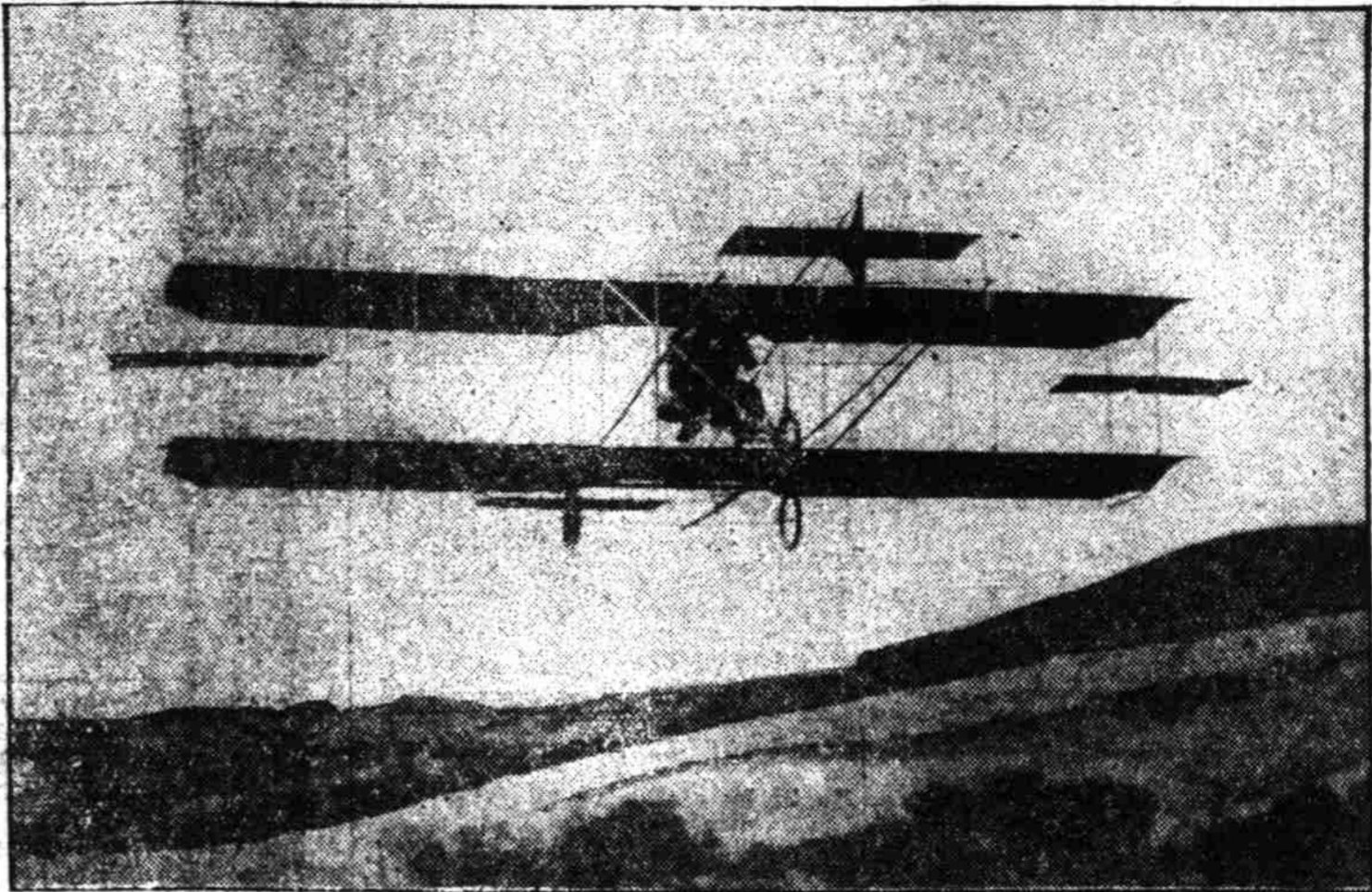
Cannon Roundly Cheered.

Representative Johnston, of Kentucky, glaring angrily at Speaker Cannon, shouted above the general roar of confusion, a challenge to the effect that, but for the Speaker's gray hairs he would carry the wordy disagreement to a more serious conclusion. The Speaker, his sparse gray hair bristling in his rage, declared with a vicious blow of his gavel on the desk that no member need let his age be a bar to anything they had to offer.

The House stood up and cheered. In the Senate a filibuster conducted by Senator Owen, of Oklahoma, threatened the final approval of four of the great appropriation measures to within half an hour of the time for adjournment. Senators of both parties appealed in vain to Senator Owen to stop talking and let the supply bills go through. The senator said he had set out to talk to death the resolution approving the constitution of New Mexico and conferring upon that territory the last rights of statehood. So it was that when the President

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Wilmington's Big Aviation Meet on Thursday, Friday and Saturday.



TYPE OF CURTISS BI-PLANE IN FLIGHT.

PEACE CONFERENCE SUCCESS

Francisco Betrand Agreed Upon a Provisional President of Honduras. Ended Two Weeks' Deadlock—The Situation.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras, March 4.—Francisco Betrand has been agreed upon as provisional president of Honduras to serve until a successor to President Davilla is elected in October.

The two weeks' deadlock in the peace conference was broken last night and the agreement was signed today.

Dr. Bertrand is a supporter of Gen. Manuel Bonilla and was one of the three men proposed by him for provisional president when the revolutionary leader announced his withdrawal as a candidate.

It was agreed that the members of the cabinet and all other government officials be composed of an equal number of Davilla and Bonilla political adherents. Complete amnesty was agreed upon and the Honduran government will pay the war expenses of both sides.

Absolute freedom of the presidential election in October is guaranteed. It is understood Gen. Manuel Bonilla will then offer his candidacy for the presidency, but the present ruler, Miguel R. Davilla, is not expected to be a candidate.

Gen. Rosales and Dr. Membrano, the peace envoys, consulted with Thomas C. Dawson, the representative of the United States, before Dr. Bertrand was agreed upon as provisional president. Mr. Dawson is understood to be pleased with the selection of Dr. Bertrand.

President Davilla telegraphed Gen. Rosales today accepting the arrangements agreed upon by the conferees. The agreement takes effect immediately and every one appears to be satisfied.

Mr. Dawson expects to leave here within the next few days. Dr. Bertrand probably will take over the reins of government next week.

EXPLOSION KILLED FOUR.

Plant in Kentucky Wrecked When Boiler Exploded.

Lexington, Ky., March 4.—Three children and a man were killed and six other persons injured when a boiler at the Blackburn Gambill distillery on Howard's creek, Breathitt county, exploded today. The dead are: Sewell Allen, aged 30, and three children of Clarence Ross. The children were playing about the distillery when the explosion occurred. The other victims were employees.

OUTLINES.

President Taft issued a proclamation yesterday calling an extra session of the new Congress to begin the 4th of April. The session is for the adoption of the reciprocity agreement.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, created a sensation in Congress yesterday by resigning. He was persuaded to withdraw his resignation last night, declaring at the time that he was "miffed" with the Democrats.—The close of Congress yesterday was marked by the usual scenes. Much interest was taken in the proceedings.—Speaker Cannon yesterday ended his long service as Speaker of the House. He will return at the next session as a congressman.—The situation at Albany remains unchanged and although Governor Dix has dropped Sheehan, it seems that he will not withdraw from the race.—The House committee which investigated the alleged lobby for ship subsidy legislation, found charges of improper influence to be false.—New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet, 15 points lower, middling uplands 14.40, middling gulf 14.65. Flour quiet and about steady. Wheat spot firm, No. 2 red 94 3-4 elevator and 95 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Corn spot steady, No. 2, 51 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Oats spot steady, standard white 35.

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CANNON'S LONG SERVICE ENDS

Turns Leaves of Memory in Surrendering Speakership of House. Had Eventful Career—Fond of Champ Clark.

Washington, March 4.—The valedictory of Speaker Cannon in laying down the gavel, after his eventful term in the Speakership, referred to his selection eight years ago, after nearly 30 years' service in the House. Four times, he said, he had received the vote of a majority of the House, and became Speaker. He recalled when he first marched down the steps to become Speaker, when the present Senator John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, introduced him.

"From that time to the present," said Mr. Cannon, "I have never forgotten that my duty to the House was to obey its will and enforce its rules and preside with courtesy and impartiality." Suggesting that all legislative bodies are controlled by a majority he spoke of that man or to that minority that refuses to abide by and conform to the will of the majority "because," he said, "until a new majority is made, the present majority bodies the seeming trouble of those clothed with power and responsibility come not from the majority, but from the minority."

"I have served in this body for almost a generation," said Mr. Cannon, "and to me it is the greatest body clothed with power on earth, and with its co-ordinate branch, the Senate, is supreme in matters of legislation save alone as limited by the constitution, the fixed law, and by the veto of the executive." I have abiding faith that whatever political body is in power the privileges of the House will be maintained against all comers. In their maintenance rests the freedom, the security and the liberty of 90,000,000 of people.

"I leave this place not with regret. I have performed the duties of this office according to my best judgment under the rules of the House. I do not leave the House with malice in my heart toward any colleague, toward any member with whom I have served."

"My friend, the Speaker-to-be, the gentleman from Missouri, Mr. Clark, believes that my departure is my final departure as Speaker of the House. I agree with him. At the age of almost 75, in the course of nature, I could not hope to occupy this great place again and would not if I could; but I am so fond of my friend from Missouri, the Speaker-to-be, that I mean to serve under his gentle rule as a member of the House and to look on."

CAPT. S. E. WHITE DEAD.

Prominent South Carolinian Passes Away at Lancaster, S. C. Lancaster, S. C., March 4.—Captain Samuel E. White, banker and pioneer textile manufacturer, died here tonight at the home of his son-in-law, Colonel Leroy A. Springs. At the close of the Civil war, through which he served with distinction, he founded at Fort Mill, S. C., the first gingham mill established in the South. He was the president of the mill at his death and also of the bank at Fort Mill. He was 75 years old.

Auburn, N. Y., March 4.—The board of arbitration of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues made public the following decisions today: W. Bein, of Philadelphia, claimed by Trenton, N. J., and Lynchburg, Va., awarded to Lynchburg, and Coombs, claimed by Anderson, S. C., and Atlanta, Ga., awarded to Anderson. John Webb was awarded to Macon, Ga.

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NEW CONGRESS ON APRIL 4TH.

Proclamation Issued by President Taft Yesterday—Refers Especially to Reciprocity—Allow Short Vacation.

Washington, Mch. 4.—President Taft in calling Congress into extraordinary session issued the following proclamation:

"Whereas, by this special message, dated January 26th, 1911, there was transmitted to the Senate and House of Representatives an agreement between the Department of State and the Canadian government in regard to the reciprocal tariff legislation, together with an earnest recommendation that the necessary legislation be promptly adopted;

"And whereas, a bill to carry into effect said agreement has passed the House of Representatives, but has failed to reach a vote in the Senate;

"And whereas, the agreement stipulates not only that the President of the United States will communicate to Congress the conclusions now reached and recommends the adoption of such legislation as may be necessary on the part of the United States to give effect to the proposed agreement, but also that the governments of the two countries will use their utmost efforts to bring about such changes by concurrent legislation at Washington and at Ottawa."

"Now, therefore, I, William Howard Taft, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power vested in me by the constitution, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the convening of both Houses of the Congress of the United States on the 4th of April, 1911, at 12 o'clock, noon to the end of that they may consider and determine whether the Congress shall by the necessary legislation, make operative the agreement.

"All persons entitled to act as members of the 62nd Congress are required to take notice of this proclamation.

"Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at Washington, the 4th day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, and of the independence of the United States, the one hundred and thirty-fifth."

"By the President, WILLIAM H. TAFT, Secretary of State."

WINN TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

Two Women Held at Charlotte Released After Hearing Last Night.

Charlotte, N. C., March 4.—Annie Louise Stevens and Dora Wilson, the pretty blondes who have been incarcerated in Mecklenburg jail since last Tuesday, charged with the murder of Al. G. Winn, a traveling man from New Orleans, in a room at a local hotel, were acquitted of any complicity in the crime by Judge Biggs, in chambers tonight, the evidence admitted at the hearing showing conclusively that Winn took his own life.

The fact that the women, though in an adjoining room, denied hearing the pistol shot, and other suspicious circumstances, led the coroner to hold them.

It developed tonight that Winn suicided because the Stevens woman, who has posed as his wife, had decided to leave him and go on the vaudeville stage. The Stevens woman admitted tonight that she was a Mrs. Dick, of Eufaula, Ala., and that she was seeking a divorce from her husband with the idea of marrying Winn.

Winn's wife, with their five-year-old son, is now in an Asheville, N. C., sanitarium, suffering with a serious nervous trouble. Her father, Colonel Delamore, is a prominent business man of New Orleans.

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LEGISLATURE BUSY ON HOME STRETCH

Koonce Insurance Resolution Sent to Morgue by the Senate

ATLANTIC AND YADKIN BILL

Voted Down in Spite of Protests—Testimonial for Speaker—Torrens Land Title System—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Telegram.) Raleigh, N. C., March 4.—The Senate had a sharp fight over the Koonce resolution from the House for an investigation of the conduct of fire insurance companies in North Carolina this morning. Senator Baggett insisted on immediate consideration. Others insisted that the resolution be referred to the Insurance Committee for report. Mr. Baggett declared this would mean the death of the bill. The Senate voted to refer to the Insurance Committee.

The Senate passed the committee bill to re-apportion the Senate membership and sent it to the House. The only change is a combination of Edgecombe and Halifax counties in one district with two senators, thereby making 38 instead of 39 districts in the State.

The House resolution that passed last night to investigate the sale of the Atlantic & Yadkin Railroad to the Atlantic Coast Line and its dismemberment in a division of the line with the Southern, was voted down by the Senate over the strenuous protest of Senator Hobgood.

The Senate concurred in the House amendment to increase the Governor's salary to \$5,000 instead of \$6,000. The Senate passed on the Machinery Bill, making only a few slight changes in it as it came from the House as a preliminary to final adjournment which will take place Monday.

Members of the House at noon presented to Speaker Dowd a splendid silver service as a testimonial of their regard and esteem of members of the House. Burlington, of Iredell, presided for this ceremony and Dillard, of Cherokee, was spokesman and in a chaste, eloquent and brief address presented the testimonial as coming from the appreciative hearts for the Speaker's impartial, able and kind administration of his high and arduous duties. Speaker Dowd was deeply affected, responding in most appreciative terms his appreciation for this manifestation of esteem. Members of the House stood while the Speaker was responding and applauded greatly.

The House passed the Torrens Land Title bill, similar to that the Senate recently defeated and sent it back by special messenger to the Senate. The House vote was 67 to 11. The House defeated 60 to 28 the Dillard bill to create a game commission.

Bills passed requiring additional educational qualification for medical licenses that was defeated in the two previous sessions of the Assembly. It passed this time almost without opposition.

Afternoon Session—House.

In the afternoon session the House passed the Senate bill making a re-apportionment of the State Senate, the only change the House made in the bill being that Lee county, on motion of Ross, of Harnett, was changed from the 21st to the 14th district, so as to make 38 districts with Sampson county in it Democratic.

The House took up the Congressional apportionment bill as it came from the Senate and voted to transfer Catawba from the eighth to the ninth district. The Senate concurred tonight.

The House voted to not concur in Senate amendments to the revenue bill and Representatives Doughton, Horne, and Margette were named as the conference committee.

The House passed the bill to safeguard the State's interest in railroads, turnpikes and other works required by convict labor and otherwise. It was ordered enrolled.

Senate—Afternoon.

Over 100 local bills passed final reading at this afternoon's session of the Senate, those of public interest being to extend the time for completion of the Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern Railway to the South Carolina line; safeguard the State's interests in railroad, turnpikes and other enterprises, change the name of law clerk in the Attorney General's office to Assistant Attorney General. Included among the raft of local bills passed and sent to the House were to provide engineering assistance to counties in the construction of good roads; allow a dollar extra to legislative clerks. Among the bills ratified was to establish the North Carolina school for the feeble-minded.

Hobgood Bill Killed.

The Senate considered nearly two hours the Hobgood bill to prohibit railroad companies from exacting liability release contracts from employees the bill having the effect of breaking up the relief association of the A. C. L. In the end the roll call vote was 26 to 7 against the bill. The Senators advocating the bill were Hobgood, Bassett and Graham, while those opposing were Hartwell, Johnson, Thorne, Armstrong and Barnes.

Senate Off its Guard. The sensation of the session, was

Order an "E. M. F." now. Don't wait. W. D. MacMillan, Jr.