

Local rains and cooler Sunday; Monday fair. Moderate north to north-east winds.

WANTS HANDS OFF IN WAR SITUATION

Italy Does Not Consider Tripoli Occupation Warrants Intervention.

TROOPS HAVE NOT LANDED

Feeling of Italian Public—News is Fragmentary and of Little Interest—Occupation of Tripoli. Other Reports.

Rome, via Frontier, Oct. 7.—Official circles, while realizing the anxiety of foreign countries to see the Turco-Italian conflict ended, wish to warn public opinion abroad that while the Italian fleet has taken possession of Tripoli and Cyrenica, the occupation cannot be considered as an accomplished fact in the sense that it renders possible intervention by the powers, which Italy in due time will welcome, but at the present moment would consider inopportune.

Before anything of the kind occurs the Italian troops must land and in reality occupy not only the coast, but also the interior of the province in order to make sure that any remaining resistance of Turkey shall be overcome.

This much has already been agreed upon between Italy and the powers and the sentiment set forth in the foregoing statements is not intended for other governments with which Italy is in perfect accord, but simply to quiet public opinion and dampen the ardor of certain sections of the press.

The feeling of the Italian public generally was illustrated in the triumphant progress of the King and Queen and their children from the castle Ragogni to the hunting lodge at San Rossore, near Pisa.

It is charged that Turkey is not obeying the international rules of warfare. Italy has released the Turkish steamers which were seized in Italian harbors when war was declared, and arriving some days later, commanders not having learned of the beginning of hostilities, Turkey, on the contrary, has hoisted the Ottoman flag over the Italian steamers Ernesto and Iardi and Meloria, which were seized along the coast, and remaining there with Turkish soldiers, is using them for its own purposes.

It was learned today that the Italians have occupied Derna and the coast of Bombah gulf. Thus is revealed the plan of the Italian campaign in North Africa. The object was to insure above all else, the occupation of Cyrenica, which is the richest part of the invaded country. Accordingly a great naval display was made before Tripoli to deceive the Turks, while Rear Admiral Aubrey, commander-in-chief of the fleet, feigning a pursuit of the Turkish fleet, landed a force from the battleship Vittoria Emanuele III, at Trobou, occupying Bombah gulf and the town of Derna, 500 miles east of Tripoli.

Italian Premier Tella Policy. Rome, Oct. 7.—Premier Tella, in a speech at Turin today, outlined the policy of the government with reference to Tripoli, which seems to have the support of most members of the Chamber of Deputies and a great majority of the people.

Signor Bissolati expresses the opinion that it will be necessary for Italy "to adopt a less brutal and dangerous solution" so as to remove the impression that violence has been used against Turkey, and that Italy should show a spontaneous conciliatory disposition, thus avoiding "such measures as may be proposed, if not imposed by the powers."

Lucknow, British India, October 7.—The council of Moslems of All India has appealed for the intervention of the British government in behalf of Turkey. It has advised also a boycott of Italian goods.

Constantinople, Oct. 7.—The government has decided to establish a censorship on all press telegrams, particularly those dealing with military matters. Code messages will be prohibited. The Turkish commander at Tripoli reports that the Italian bombardment destroyed numerous houses and killed many inhabitants, including several women and children.

Eyes tested, glasses fitted expertly, carefully and satisfactorily without any trouble, without any delay, without any cost to you. All eye sufferers can learn the true state of affairs by consulting the expert optician, Dr. Vineberg, Masonic Temple. Spectacles and eye glasses correctly fitted to four eyes for \$1.00 and upwards.

You can buy beautiful dress gings, hams, 10c per yard. C. H. Fore & Co.

JAMES' TRIBUTE TO BAGLEY

Sailors From Training Ship Franklin Honor M. of Carolina Ensign at 800 Were Present.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 7.—Six hundred jacks of the training ship Franklin were here today from Portsmouth and on their behalf a wreath of immortelles was placed on the statue of Ensign Worth Bagley, the first American officer killed in the Spanish-American war. The exercises were on Capitol Square and the wreath was placed by Capt. J. Q. Quimby, of the Franklin, while the band of the ship played "Nearer My God, to Thee." Present at the exercises was Mrs. Adelaide Worth Bagley, mother of Ensign Bagley.

The occasion was the visit of the blue jackets to Raleigh to witness the football game between the training ship Franklin team and the A. & M. College team, the A. & M. being victors by 23 to 0. Raleigh gave a splendid reception to the sailors, an immense barbecue being served on Nash Square.

BRYAN QUERIES TAFT

Relation of Appointment of Supreme Justice and the Trusts

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 7.—In an editorial appearing in the Commoner this week, Mr. Bryan challenges President Taft to make public the written and verbal recommendations on which he appointed Justice White to the position of chief justice over Justice Harlan and the recommendation written and verbal which he appointed the justices whom he has placed on the supreme bench. The editorial says in part:

"At Cherryvale, Kansas, the President repeated the challenge he issued at Detroit to Mr. Bryan to produce a sample of restraint of trade that would not come within the scope of the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust cases. He spoke of the criticisms as 'glib.' It would be a reflection on the President's intelligence to assume that he expects his remarks on the trust question to be taken seriously.

"He knows that Mr. Bryan has only reiterated the criticisms contained in the dissenting opinion of Justice Harlan and in the report of the Senate Judiciary Committee filed by Senator Nelson three years ago. He knows that the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust cases practically nullified the criminal clause of the anti-trust law. Relying on the authorities cited by Justice Harlan and Senator Nelson, Mr. Bryan has asserted and asserts again, that it will be found practically impossible to convict a trust magnate in criminal court. Does the President believe a criminal conviction possible? If so, why does he hesitate to prosecute the officials of the Standard Oil and tobacco companies?"

Mr. Bryan challenges him to make public the written and verbal recommendations upon which he appointed Justice White to the position of Chief Justice over Justice Harlan and the recommendations written and verbal on which he appointed the justices whom he has placed on the supreme bench. Did he know how they stood on the trust question or was it purely accidental and all of his appointees took the trust side of the question?"

BIG SUIT IN FLORIDA

Action of Construction Company Against Knickerbocker Trust Co.

Jacksonville, Fla., October 7.—Suit for \$600,000 was instituted in the Circuit Court today by the Florida Construction and Realty Company against the Knickerbocker Trust Company, of New York. The construction company has a contract to build an extension of the Florida Railway Company to the Atlantic coast, and it is charged that the trust company has caused the Florida Railway Company to fail to carry out their contract.

This action follows the suit filed yesterday against the trust company by the Florida Railway Company in which was charged that the Knickerbocker Company and the Seaboard Air Line Railroad entered into a conspiracy to prevent the railway company from extending its lines to the coast.

ARE STRANDED IN PARIS.

Indians Carried Away by Showman Will Be Brought Back.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Forty-six Indians from the Pine Ridge Reservation in South Dakota, who were taken abroad by Gaston Akoua, a show man last April, have been stranded in Paris, according to advices received at the State Department today from Consul General Frank H. Mason. The Department of the Interior has been asked what disposition is to be made in the case. As the showman was required to furnish to the Indian bureau a bond of \$5,000 to guarantee the return of the Indians to the reservation, it is probable the Interior Department will order the Indians sent home, and the cost of transportation taken from the deposit.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Seven army officers representing various branches of the service, left here tonight for Buffalo, N. Y., where they will attend the annual convention of the National Guard of the United States. The party includes Brigadier General Robert K. Evans; Major William J. Snow; Major Johnson Hagood; Captain Monroe C. Kerth; Captain Edward Carpenter and Captain Henry B. Thomas.

For the latest novelties in dress trimmings go to C. H. Fore & Co.

WISCONSIN PROBE CAUSING INTEREST

Efforts to Spend Funds Without Violating Law are Brought Out.

THE STEPHENSON ELECTION

"Touches" and "Pics" Took Large Amount of the Money Expended in Campaign—New Features.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 7.—Such as "touches," a "hammer" and "pics" were brought out as part of the campaign expenses of United States Senator Isaac Stephenson in the investigation before the Senatorial Committee today of charges that he had secured his election through bribery and corruption.

The details were given by Rodney Sackett, one of the Stephenson campaign managers, in response to an announcement by Senator Heyburn, the chairman, that the total expenditures of \$107,793 would have to be explained to overcome the presumption that it had not been wrongfully used. Some of the general items given to Sackett to explain were:

General expenses for organizing State, \$46,052; Milwaukee county, \$11,600; office expenses, \$4,074; telephone \$25; postage, \$11,000; sundry bills, \$8,862; nomination papers, \$460; campaign bulletins, \$702; trip through Chetto, three men, \$35; one man to another picnic, \$10; touches by two old soldiers, \$2; numerous and various touches, \$17; a hammer, \$3.

Of the total expenditures Sackett handled \$98,083. Asked to explain what was meant by the "touches" and trip through the Ghetto, the witness said he did not know as that probably was ordered paid through his office on authority of other campaign managers. "As the responsible custodian of the Senator Stephenson fund and knowing that you were required by the law of Wisconsin to render an itemized account of every cent over \$5, it would seem that you had not paid much attention to the subject," said Senator Heyburn.

The newspaper advertising in the campaign, Sackett said, amounted to \$12,696. In one instance Senator Stephenson paid \$1,500 for a list of farmers' names, paying for them at the rate of one cent a name and an extra one-half cent for each subsequent use of the same names.

At the afternoon session the committee adjourned until Monday on account of the death of United States Circuit Judge J. V. Quarles, former United States Senator.

So far the witnesses at the investigation have been regarded as those favorable to Senator Stephenson. Next week witnesses who are opposed to him, including State Senator John J. Blaine, who brought the original charges in the Wisconsin Legislature, will be heard.

Chaloner introduced as an exhibit today a decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals that he could under protection of the court, go to New York for trial and return to Virginia without interference with his personal liberty. He also entered a letter written by him from Bloomingdale Asylum to the late Micajah Woods and a number of affidavits.

BIG FIRE IN RICHMOND

Plant of International Harvester Company Was Destroyed

Richmond, Va., Oct. 7.—A fire supposed to be due to spontaneous combustion, at an early hour this morning, gutted the four-story and basement brick building at 1000 and 1002 East Carey street, occupied by the Richmond branch of the International Harvester Company of America, entailing a loss of from \$75,000 to \$80,000. The stock of the Richmond Dry Goods Co., at 1004 East Carey street, was damaged to the extent of several thousand dollars by smoke and water. The burned building was insured for \$20,000.

The Harvester Company carries its own insurance, through its main office, which is in Chicago.

Anderson, S. C., Oct. 7.—A deed of gift formally presenting the Anderson trophy bowl to the American Automobile Association to be used as a prize in the Golden tour, was executed here today and the bowl was forwarded to Robert H. Hooper, president of the association.

C. H. Fore & Co., are showing a beautiful selection of dress trimmings.

FIGHT ON IMMIGRATION LAWS

National German-American Alliance Sounds Vigorous Protest—Demand Removal of Williams in New York.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Dissatisfaction with existing conditions in the immigration service and a desire for a more reasonable enforcement of immigration laws and regulations, precipitated a long and vigorous debate in today's session of the National German-American Alliance.

A motion to have Secretary Nagel, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, address the convention on the administration of the alien laws, received so much opposition in the assemblage that it was finally withdrawn. Prolonged cheering greeted the remarks of Judge Henry Welman, of Brooklyn, that unless immigration Commissioner Williams, of New York, is removed, Germans in this country will feel called upon to withdraw their votes from President Taft.

The fight over immigration laws and regulations was the subject of this morning by Dr. Alfred Reidel, of New York, after being under consideration throughout the session, was returned to the committee for further preparation. It is expected that strong resolutions will be adopted tomorrow or Monday by the convention asking for modification of the immigration regulations and changes in the inspection force.

The German-American Alliance is strongly opposed to a physical or educational test such as has been proposed in bills before Congress; and is active in support of the Sulzer bill for an investigation of the immigration service. It is also urged that the immigrants be given the right to appeal from the inspecting physician's decisions; and be given a probationary period of three years to prove that he will not become a public charge.

The Alliance held its formal banquet tonight. Sessions will be held Sunday and Monday.

EUCUMENICAL CONFERENCE

Rev. Geo. G. Findlay, One of Speakers Yesterday—Entertainment.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 7.—The relation of Methodist theology to the spiritual needs of the present was the topic considered at today's session of the Ecumenical Methodist Conference in this city.

One of the leading addresses was delivered by Rev. George G. Findlay, of Leeds, England, who is well known among Methodists as the author of important religious books.

"The spirit of Jesus is the social asset of humanity," he said. "Lay fellowship, not priestly order—brotherhood, not government—form the basis of the church. Deism is exchanged for pantheism, Calvinism for the new theology. God's omnipotence is on every one's lips, while his awful transcendence is forgotten. His majesty is sunk in his mercy."

The chief scheduled event of this afternoon was a garden party given at Government House in honor of the delegates by Lieut. Gov. and Mrs. Gibson.

At a public meeting tonight the work accomplished and planned by the International Committee of Methodist Women was explained. The committee was organized at the last Ecumenical Conference held in London ten years ago. Its object is to centralize information relative to the work of women's organizations in the Methodist church throughout the world.

CHALONER HAS HIS DAY

Taking of Depositions to Have Him Self Declared Sane

Charlotteville, Va., Oct. 7.—During today's session of the taking of deposition of John Armstrong Chaloner before an acting United States Commissioner, Chaloner declared that it was "his day in court," and that he was "not near through." The taking of Chaloner's deposition, which is to be used in his suit in the United States Circuit Court of Southern New York to have himself declared sane, began Tuesday last.

Chaloner introduced as an exhibit today a decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals that he could under protection of the court, go to New York for trial and return to Virginia without interference with his personal liberty. He also entered a letter written by him from Bloomingdale Asylum to the late Micajah Woods and a number of affidavits.

OUTLINES

North Carolina A. & M. College defeated U. S. S. Franklin at football yesterday 23 to 0, while Carolina drubbed Wake Forest 12 to 3; at Raleigh the sailors of the Franklin participated in a patriotic observance in honor of Ensign Worth Bagley. The relation of theology to spiritual needs of the present was the subject of a notable address by Rev. Geo. G. Findlay, of Leeds, England, at the Ecumenical Conference in Toronto yesterday. The strike of firemen on the Georgia & Florida Railway was settled yesterday; the situation in Mississippi, however, is still serious and Governor Noel is considering the matter very seriously. Wm. J. Bryan, in the Commoner this week, challenges Taft to make public the recommendations on which he appointed Justice White to the Supreme Bench; he suggests the decisions in the trust cases are in line with the appointments made by the President. The Richmond branch of the International Harvester Co., was destroyed by fire yesterday. There is the usual great demand for seats for the world's championship baseball series. New York markets: Money on call nominal, time loans easier. Spot cotton quiet, middling uplands 9.95, middling July 10.20. Flour very steady with demand quiet. Wheat spot easy, No. 2 red 95 elevator export basis and 89 f.o.b. spot. Corn spot easy, No. 2, 76 1/2 elevator domestic basis to arrive and 76 f.o.b. spot for No. 2 export. Oats spot steady, standard white 53. Rosin firm. Turpentine quiet.

KNIGHTS OF PIGSKIN ON THE GRIDIRON

Carolina Defeats Wake Forest; A. & M., Skidoos Sailor Lads.

OTHER RESULTS YESTERDAY

Score Twelve to Three at Chapel Hill Yesterday—Game Was Fierce Despite Oppressive Heat. Other Games.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., Oct. 7.—Carolina defeated Wake Forest here today in the initial game of the season, 12 to 3. The game was fierce from start to finish, despite the oppressive heat.

Carolina kicked off and recovered a fumble on Wake Forest's 50-yard line. Winston and Manning carried the ball 20 yards toward the Baptists' goal. Wakely went over for the touch-down after three minutes of play. Wake Forest scored in the second quarter. A forward pass from Utley to Jones placed the ball on Carolina's 20-yard line. Savage kicked a field goal. Carolina scored again at the beginning of the second half, after scarcely a minute of play. Carolina kicked off, Wake Forest punted from scrimmage. Tillet caught the ball on the 50-yard line and ran for a touch-down. Joyner and Utley starred for Wake Forest. Winston, Tillet, Abernethy, Ritch and Manning did excellent work for Carolina. Winston made spectacular gains around the end. Between 800 and 900 students who saw their college score on Carolina for the first time within 20 years.

Carolina Wake Forest Venable, Clark, le Betts, c Small It Parker Orr, Cowels, lg Williams Ritch, c Carter, Fleming Dunn, Green Crutchfield Johnson Abernathy rg B. Holden Manning re R. Holden Joyner Utley Winston, c Erwin Gattis Leak, Coffin, rh Singletary Chambers, Wright, fb Savage Officials: Referee Broughton, Wake Forest; umpire Lawson, N. C.; field judge, Belden, N. C.; head linesman, Thomas, N. C.; time of quarters, 12 minutes.

The A. & M. Game. Raleigh N. C., Oct. 7.—In the opening game of the season A. & M. defeated the U. S. S. Franklin 23 to 0 today. The A. & M. was able to do nothing in the first quarter, being slow and doing much fumbling. In the second quarter Robertson made a 60-yard run for a touch-down, Hurr kicking the goal. Two more touch-downs were made in the third quarter, one goal being missed by Hurr. The second touch-down in this quarter was made by Hurr falling on the ball behind the goal line, Cool's punt of 60 yards going for Davis' head. In the fourth quarter another touch-down was made. Cool making 50 yards, and Seifert taking the ball across on a forward pass.

The intense heat told on the red and white, which averages 189 pounds. The only gains Franklin could make were by forward passes, A. & M.'s defensive of this play being poor. The Tars were nearly 20 pounds per man light.

The successful forward passes of Franklin were features of the game, as was also the playing of Robertson, Cool and Seifert for the A. & M. and Bosham, Conrad, Quinn and Smith for the sailors.

A. & M. Selfert, Davis, re Burnett Dunn, rt Schurr McVeigh, Fetzer, c Conrad Sykes, lg Henderson Hurr, lt Bruce Patton, Phillips, le Edmondson Stafford, c qb Quinn Cool, Spencer, fb Smith Harris, Anthony, fb Davis Robertson, Jeffreys, lb Bosham During intermission the A. & M. students presented the U. S. S. Franklin boys with a Billy Goat as a mascot. Time of quarters, 10 minutes. Umpire, Jackson, Baltimore City College; referee, Simmons, Washington & Jefferson; field judge, McNutt, Ohio State University; head linesman, Bray, A. & M.; attendance 2,900.

At Princeton 31; Villa Nova 0. At Cambridge: Harvard 8; Holy Cross 0. At Hanover: Dartmouth 12; Colby 0. At Amherst 0; Wesleyan 0. At Ithaca: Cornell 15; Oberlin 3. At Philadelphia: Pennsylvania 9; Ursinus 0. At Easton: LaFayette 11; Swarthmore 3. At West Point: Army 12; Vermont 0. At Annapolis: Navy 27; Johns Hopkins 5. At Carlisle 46; St. Mary's 5. At State College: Pennsylvania 31; Gettysburg 0. At Provincetown: Brown 26; Massachusetts A. & M. 0. At Williamstown: Williams 3; Springfield 6. At Carlisle: Dickinson 29; Western Maryland 5. At Ann Arbor: Michigan 24; Case 0. (Continued on Page Two.)

GOVERNOR NOEL IS ANXIOUS

President Markham, of Illinois Central, Agrees to Meet Mississippi Governor—The Situation. Both Sides Firm.

Jackson, Miss., Oct. 7.—Governor E. F. Noel announced tonight that President Markham, of the Illinois Central Railroad, had indicated his willingness to meet the governor and "any persons whom that official may invite to be present," to explain the position of the railroad and discuss questions pertaining to the strike of Illinois Central shopmen and clerks which do not involve recognition of the employes' federation.

The meeting will be held in the office of the governor in Jackson Monday. In a statement issued from the office of the governor, however, the opinion is expressed that matters to be discussed will be local to Jackson and Mississippi and that no discussion will be had of the federation or its demands or any questions affecting other States in which the railroad operates.

Concluding, the governor in his statement expresses hope that conditions within the State may be relieved, but explains that "there is no indication that the railroad company is disposed to abandon any of its positions as to general matters of the federation about which the existing strikes were called, nor do the strikers show any disposition to yield anything."

Situation at Memphis. Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 7.—That the shop forces of the Illinois Central Railroad have been recruited to such a strength as to permit weeding out of those less skilled is the assertion of railroad officials tonight, as illustrative of the progress made in supplying the shop men on a strike. Twenty-six of the strike-breakers, assigned to the Memphis shops, were dismissed this afternoon because, it is declared, of inefficiency. As to the movement of freight, it is contended that conditions now approach normal and all shipments tendered will be handled. From strike headquarters comes a general denial of the railroad's claims.

No Violence Yesterday

New Orleans, Oct. 7.—No violence occurred in this city today as the result of the strike of the Harriman line's employes, but in the Southern Pacific yards at Algiers, where 250 men are out, H. Richardson, a mail carrier for the Illinois Central, received severe beating and the police were called upon to quell a riot.

Richardson, it is believed, was mistaken for a strike-breaker when he emerged from the shops, where he had gone to deliver mail. A mass meeting of union labor and sympathizers will be held in this city Sunday afternoon as a demonstration in support of the strike of the railroad employes.

Several strike leaders will make addresses and an invitation has been tendered to Governor Sanders, of Louisiana, to speak. Two more loads of strike-breakers, about 150 in number, were brought to the Harriman shops of the Illinois Central today.

A Clerk Found Dead

Jackson, Tenn., Oct. 7.—Clifton Alred, aged 17, an Illinois Central clerk on strike, was found dead near the Illinois Central shops late this afternoon. Near the body was a revolver from which two shots had been fired. A pistol wound under the right arm was of such nature that he himself could scarcely have fired the bullet which made the wound. Physicians say he had been dead for 18 or 20 hours.

Strike at Frisco

San Francisco, Oct. 7.—One special policeman captured by strikers, is missing and another is in a hospital with a lacerated scalp and minor bruises as a result of rioting here today between strikers and guards at the Mission Bay shops. Several fights between strikers and strike-breakers occurred at Oakland.

DOCTOR COOK AGAIN

Rasmussen Finds His Eskimo Assistant, But No Proofs. Copenhagen, Oct. 7.—A message received here from Greenland says that Knud Rasmussen, the Danish explorer, failed to discover any traces of Capt. Elmar Mikkelson, and his companions, who after having been rescued on the coast of East Greenland last year, left their party to search for traces of the lost explorer Erichson. Rasmussen expresses the fear that Mikkelson and his party have perished.

Fruehen, another Danish explorer who accompanied Rasmussen, obtained from Cook's Eskimo assistant, Etukishuk, the box which Cook alleged contained the instruments and papers which would prove his Polar discovery claims. The box contains only a broken sextant and other instruments, but no papers. According to Fruehen, Etukishuk said that Cook's story of his trip to the Pole was absolutely untrue.

FIREMEN WIN IN GEORGIA

Terms Announced By John Skelton Williams Yesterday. Augusta, Ga., October 7.—Announcement was made today by President John Skelton Williams, of the Georgia & Florida Railroad, that the strike of the firemen of that system is settled. The terms of the settlement, said to be a complete victory for the firemen, were as follows: The firemen are to receive 50 per cent of the wages paid engineers and all strikers will return to work, who can show they have not been guilty of lawlessness. Previous to the strike, the firemen were receiving 40 per cent of the engineer's wages.

TAFT DISCUSSES TRUSTS AND MONEY

Reaches Spokane, Wash., After an Eventful Day's Journey.

NEED OF CURRENCY REFORM

Should Meet Demands of The Markets—Prosperity of The Farmers—Incidents of The Trip—Addresses

Spokane, Wash., Oct. 7.—Spokane was the terminus tonight of one of the most picturesque interesting days of President Taft's travels through the West. The day was spent in Northern Idaho and Eastern Washington, the principal stopping places being Walla Walla, Washington; Lewiston and Moscow, Idaho.

For many hours the Presidential train wound its way through the famous Snake River canon and from his car window the President saw some of the most singular farms in the entire United States.

From the water's edge those farms rose to the benches and hill tops on either side of the canon, at some places seeming almost perpendicular, but everywhere was wheat stubble, indicating that the last crop of the year had been safely harvested.

Governor Hay, of Washington, met the President at Walla Walla and accompanied him to this city tonight. The Governor in his first introductory speech of the day declared himself in favor of Mr. Taft's re-nomination. A second development was the repetition by President Taft at Lewiston of various portions of his Waterloo utterances of the relation of the government to business.

"We have the railroads under control," he said, "and they acquiesce in it. For a time they were defiant. Now under the steady action of Congress in increasing the power of the Interstate Commerce Commission, they have realized that the whole people is greater than any part of the people."

"So, too, with respects to our trusts. The industrial combinations that have controlled prices and now under the anti-trust act are beginning to feel the heavy weight of the hand of the law."

The President then spoke of the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust decisions of the Supreme Court, referring to the Standard Oil as the "oldest trusts," the one which had been established by more acts of criminality and unlawfulness than any other one which did more business abroad and was in that respect the most useful. He referred to the American Tobacco Company as a "trust devised by able, ingenious lawyers for the purpose of evading the anti-trust law."

"There are other trusts in process of prosecution," the President continued, "but my own hope is that they will all recognize that the Standard Oil and Tobacco decisions were epoch decisions for that they are bound to change the course and tendency of business. If they had not, gentlemen, I do not know where we would have gone. Everything would have been in a trust. The only rescue from that would have been socialism."

"There are those who say that we could get along without competition; that it will destroy everybody and therefore, you have got to have some arrangements by which trusts can be kept lawful. We lived by competition for centuries and it was not until the last thirty years that there developed this idea that we could get along without it."

Referring to the need of reform in the currency system of the country, Mr. Taft said: "There has been a plan devised by the monetary commission. It is hoped that it will be so arranged that neither Wall Street, nor the political powers in the government will have influence in respect to the issue of currency to meet the demands of the market."

The President spoke of the prosperity of the farmers and the hope of extending the usefulness of the Postoffice Department through a parcels post system.

"With the parcel post and the rural free delivery," he concluded, "and with farm prices doubling every ten years, the money of the United States soon may be found in the country instead of in Wall Street."

Mr. Taft tonight proceeded to Tacoma and tomorrow will make a trip up the Mount Rainier.

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