

GREAT AUCTION SALE!

RAYNHAM, N. C.

Townsend Estate in Small Tracts Goes to the Highest Bidder

The Greatest Farm Proposition ever offered to the Public in the South; 549 acres, the pride of both Carolinas. We've sold upwards of a thousand sales in fourteen different States, but the Crescent Farm, at Raynham, N. C., is jealously conceded to be the "Creme de la Creme" of anything in all the Southland. Fine old homestead, 16 tenant houses, new gin house, plenty good water, R. R. station, express office, telephone, school and church, on the farm.

If you're looking for your ideal, here it is. We can't tell it all in this space. You'll have to come and see it. If you do, you'll buy a tract or two. You can't resist. The greatest one we ever presented. Unequaled in fertility, location or picturesqueness.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17 10 A.M.

LOCATION UNEQUALLED IN ROBESON COUNTY

11 Miles from Lumberton, 7 Rowland, 5 Fairmont, 4 Elrod. This Plantation presents every thing your heart can wish for. Can we do more?

WE'LL NEVER HAVE ANOTHER LIKE IT. WHEN YOU GET THIS ONE, THAT'S ALL. FIFTY TOWN LOTS AT THE STATION SAME DAY. ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

FREE BARBECUE DINNER SERVED AT THE OLD HOME.

BAND CONCERTS.

We would like to tell you all about it, but space won't permit. Really the best, finest and most productive Plantation in Robeson County. You don't get a chance to get in on one like this but once in a life time. Do it now!

Listen: 2 bales Cotton per acre, 120 bushels Corn, 60 Oats—sounds like fairy tale, don't it? You'll believe us when you see it. Every tract will positively be sold for what it will bring, let the owner make or lose. We have instructions to "sell it" regardless. If you are looking for the best one you ever owned, meet us at Raynham, N. C., and buy it for what you think it is worth. It's out of the owner's hands, now. Don't forget—Friday, Nov. 17, 10 A. M.

Southern Realty and Auction Co.

Greensboro, N. C.

The Chrysanthemum Show

Tenth Annual Government Exhibit in Washington, as Described by Red Buck—Important Conference to be Held Soon in Washington.

Washington, Nov. 7.—The tenth annual Government Chrysanthemum Show, which opened in the propagating gardens of the Department of Agriculture, closed here Sunday night, after a most busy week. More than 10,000 persons saw the flowers exhibited.

"We showed 1,600 plants in eight-inch pots," said Horticulturist McClelland to the Star correspondent today. "Some of the plants were seven feet high and some of the flowers nine inches in diameter. We had 104 of the large Japanese variety.

"The purpose of this show is to educate the people to grow the finest plants. Hundreds of Washington men and women are producing fine plants and flowers."

Fifty odd varieties on exhibit this year are new and beautiful specimens. The new varieties represent not only the work of the government horticulturists but that of the growers of the entire country and a portion of Europe. The show is one of the most complete and magnificent ever given in America.

Red, white, yellow and pink are the prevailing colors, but there is a generous display of the red and yellow mixture, known by the horticulturists as the bronze type.

New varieties and their names are interesting. For the first time no official names were used in christening new flowers this year. Heretofore one of the features of the annual shows has been the reading and commenting upon names which were on the public lip. Of course there were "President Taft," "Colonel Roosevelt," "Mrs. Taft" and "Mrs. Roosevelt" flowers, but they are seven years old.

The latest plant, one that reaches almost to the roof of the hot house in which it is shown, is a "President Taft." The once beautiful blossom that capped "President Taft" was blackened and withered by hot water from the pipes that warm the building. It looked like a creature from giant.

"Mrs. Roosevelt" did not do well this year. It failed to develop into its splendor of former years.

"Colonel Roosevelt" was hidden from the public gaze by the towering "President Taft," "Miss Alice Lemon," "F. E. Nesby," "William Turner" and others.

Some of the new varieties shown by Mr. McClelland won admiration from one and all. A few of them deserve special mention.

The "G. C. Kelly" is a very large chrysanthemum, old rose in color, with delicate appearance.

The "William Turner" is a pure white, with a true Japanese reflex, and petals that hang and meet the foliage. It buds the last of August.

The "Harry E. Converse," a chestnut crimson with a bronze reverse, is a

perfect ball of bronze when in its full glory. It is grand and magnificent, with a long stem.

The "Lady Carmichael" has a pure white flower, luxuriant foliage and a stem like iron.

The "F. T. Quittenton" is a crimson in color.

Mr. McClelland thinks that the "F. E. Nash," a light pink Japanese, is one of the most attractive plants exhibited this year. It has a flower that measures nine inches through from side to side.

The "Alice M. Flagler" is a delicate white, Japanese incurved, with perfect stem and foliage.

The "Poughkeepsie" a creamy white Japanese, has eight-inch blossoms.

The "Lenox," one of the favorites of the show, is a large, bright yellow flower with lighter reverse.

The "Morristown" has a pretty rose-colored bloom; the "Tarrytown" a light pink with a slight tinge of salmon; the "Alice Lemon" a light soft pink; "Miss Alice Finch" a purple crimson; the "Drittwood" a remarkably fine specimen of sulphur yellow; the "Mary Farnsworth" light golden pink, showing buff on reverse, and the "Glacier," a pure white.

Other fine flowers are the "Frances Jouliffe," "Mary Poulton," "A. King Clark," "William H. Thornton," "White Queen," "Mrs. Trevor Williams," "Pioneer," "M. Wood Mason," "Rose Ellis," "Onunda" and the "Roman Gold."

The chrysanthemum, Mr. McClelland says, originated in China. It was brought to this country more than 20 years ago. There are thousands of varieties. Hundreds of cities have annual shows. Millions of homes have chrysanthemum beds, and take pride in producing fine flowers. The government is trying to encourage the development of varieties.

An important conference between representatives of the Office of Information, Department of Commerce and Labor, and representatives of State boards of Agriculture, Immigration and Labor, has been arranged for November 16th and 17th, in this city. Torrence V. Powderly, chief of the Office of Information, has been corresponding for weeks with the heads of these boards in the several States, and already has received acceptances from one or more representatives of a majority of them.

Practically every State in the Union will be represented at the conference, which was proposed primarily for the purpose of bringing about co-operation between the Office of Information and various State bodies. The business of the Office of Information is to impart to incoming immigrants knowledge respecting regions where profitable work can be had. Mr. Powderly is most largely interested in locating immigrants on farms or sending them into

sections of the country where farm labor is in demand. One purpose in this is to divert the incoming tide of immigration from the congested centers of population, where, ordinarily, the labor market is glutted.

In the past there has been a lack of co-operation, due, to a large extent, to lack of knowledge of the work and aims of the Federal Office of Information. Secretary Nagel and other officials of the Department of Commerce and Labor, are keenly interested in bringing about effective co-operation between the Federal and State offices, which have common interest in labor problems. Representatives of some free employment agencies also have been invited to be present at the conference. Secretary Nagel will deliver an address to the delegates.

No fixed programme will be arranged for the conference, beyond the general subject of co-operation. Every delegate has been requested to come to Washington prepared to express his views and to make suggestions regarding the work of the Office of Information. It was thought best not to have a set programme with speakers assigned in advance to discuss specified subjects. Thus, it is believed, will make the conference more attractive.

It is for the purpose of determining the best means of bringing about effective co-operation that the conference was called. A final letter is now being addressed to the various State officials who have been corresponding with Mr. Powderly, with a view to ascertaining exactly how many delegates may be expected and, so far as known, who they will be.

Officials of several of the Southern States already have sent in their acceptances. Acceptances also have been received from California and Oregon and other States far removed from the national capital. The time and place for holding the conference were left to officials of the several States, and a majority voted for Washington and approximately the date fixed.

It is expected that New York State will be represented by a woman—Miss Frances A. Keller, chief investigator of the Bureau of Labor and Industrial Conditions. Miss Keller is well known to sociological workers and students and has made many important investigations. John Williams, State Commissioner of Labor, wrote Mr. Powderly that he had turned over to Miss Keller the invitation to attend the conference.

One difficulty that stands in the way of State labor and immigration officials attending such a conference is the fact that no funds are available for work outside of their States.

Mr. Powderly is confident that important results will follow the conference.

North Carolina should be represented at this conference.

H. E. C. BRYANT.

ACTIVE WEEK IN INDUSTRIES

(Continued from Page Nine.)

franchise from the city of Macon. The company will also construct a transmission line for the power company from its present terminal in Griffin to Atlanta.

Charles Page and B. F. Rice, of Tulsa, Okla., are interested in the establishment of a rolling mill to manufacture structural iron and steel from iron ore and scrap iron; mill will have a capacity of 40 tons daily.

Oriskany Ore & Iron Co., Buena Vista, Va., has made preliminary contract and will probably close all contracts within 30 days for the erection of a blast furnace at Beusens, Va.

Flat Creek Lumber Co., Richmond, Va., was incorporated with \$50,000 capital stock and will establish saw mills in Virginia to have an aggregate capacity of 50,000 feet of lumber daily.

Texas Pine Tar Co., DeQuincey, La., will install plant to manufacture resinous products, turpentine and pine tar, from cut-over pine stumps.

Hickory Manufacturing Co., Hickory, N. C., was incorporated with \$150,000 capital.

Cambria Coal & Lumber Co., Lexington, Ky., was incorporated with \$500,000 capital to lease, purchase and develop mineral lands, etc.

El Salto Power Co., New Orleans, was incorporated with capital of \$300,000.

Imperial City Birmingham Brewing Co., Birmingham, Ala., will incorporate with a capital of \$500,000 and erect brewery and ice plant to cost \$500,000; capacity of brewery 100,000 barrels annually; capacity of ice plant 250 tons daily.

United States Cast Iron, Pipe & Foundry Co., New York, has begun remodeling Dimmick plant in North Birmingham, Ala., which it purchased some time ago; company will also make improvements to its Anniston and Bessemer Works.

Knoxville Light & Power Co., Knoxville, Tenn., was incorporated with a capital of \$500,000 to distribute power to Knoxville and vicinity generated from water power-electrical plant at Ocoee river; will be subsidiary of Eastern Tennessee Power Company.

Appalachian Power Company, Atlanta, Ga., will change name to Appalachian Electric Power Company; has engineers investigating five properties in North Georgia to determine plans for development; company will furnish electricity to Toocoo, Ga., Wadhalla, Seneca and Westminster, S. C.

Black Mountain Coal Co., Barbourville, Ky., reported as to develop 5,000 acres of coal land in Harlan county.

Home Guano Co., Dothan, Ala., was incorporated with \$100,000 capital.

Catoosa Oil Co., Ringgold, Ga., was incorporated with a capital of \$500,000 to develop oil lands near Ringgold.

Byrd Matthews Investment Co., St. Louis, will begin at once the erection of three large saw mills for development of 150,000 acres of timber land in North Georgia.

Standard Alcohol Co., Chicago, will build grapefruit plant at Fullerton, La., costing from \$500,000 to \$750,000 for the manufacture from waste pine pro-

ducts of 5,000 gallons of ethyl alcohol per day.

Mitchell Mountain Iron Ore Co., was Tenn., increased its capital to \$1,000, by E. J. Sprattling of Atlanta and associates to develop iron ore holdings in St. Clair county, Ala.

Marathon Motor Works, Nashville, Tenn., increased its capital to \$1,000,000 and purchased plant of Carbon & Oil Co., adjoining its present plant; will install new equipment to cost about \$225,000 and increase its production to 3,500 cars per year.

Pennsylvania and other Eastern capitalists have bought about 175,000 acres of coal land in eastern Kentucky.

DuPont Railway & Land Co., of Scranton, Pa., purchased at from \$350,000 to \$500,000, 30,000 acres of land in St. Johns and Volusia counties, Fla., including the town of DuPont, turpentine plants, saw mills, brick kilns, 400 acre plantation, etc.; purchasers propose to expend about \$150,000 to continue development.

One of Life's Mysteries.

Why is it that the same remark which draws a laugh if made by one is a sure sign for a fight if made by another?

TAKE POWER FROM THE STREET

(Continued from Page Ten.)

to keep up the quota of their dining room forces at an expense that is unappreciable, very little yet has been said, especially by the proprietors themselves.

That the business of the five and ten-cent stores throughout the country amounts to enough to warrant merging a large number of them into one of the country's largest corporations, contrary to the generally tendency to consider them an almost negligible quantity in the business world shown here this week, when the consolidation of more than 600 of these stores was announced. The capital stock of the new organization is \$65,000,000 of which \$15,000,000 will be 7 per cent. preferred and \$50,000,000 common stock. The merger will take in more than 600 stores doing business in the United States, Canada and England, according to the plans now under way. Probably never in the history of business have so many small concerns been merged in to such a large corporation, which in spite of its size its originators say will not be a monopoly. In many ways it is one of the most curious and interesting mergers on record.

LONGACRE.

AN IMPORTANT INDUSTRY.

Making Ethyl Alcohol Out of Waste Pine and Sawdust.

Baltimore, Nov. 9.—Ethyl alcohol made of the waste pine products and sawdust of a big lumber mill is to be produced at Fullerton, La., in a plant for the construction of which contracts have been let. This ethyl alcohol plant utilizing the hitherto waste products of mills cutting pine, will cost between \$500,000 and \$750,000 and produce 5,000 gallons of ethyl alcohol a day. Fire-proof buildings are to be constructed. The method of utilizing the waste pine products has been demonstrated at other plants of this character in the United States; one in South Carolina and one on the Pacific Coast.

His Preference for Sunday.

"I always like to begin a journey on Sunday, because I shall have the prayers of the church to preserve all that travel by land or water."—Jonathan Swift.

WHEN YOUR CHILD HAS CROUP

YOU Want a remedy that will give quick relief.

Want a remedy that you know will not be injurious to health.

Want a remedy the Manufacturer is not afraid to guarantee.

Want a remedy that contains no opiate or harmful drug.

You Are Looking For

Astyptodyne Croup and Pneumonia Salve