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BULL MOOSE WILL GO ON THE STAND

May Answer Charges Made by Archbold Before Senate Committee

T. R. KNEW OF CONTRIBUTION

Standard Oil Man Furnishes Sensation—Committee Holds Further Sessions to Probe G. O. P. Campaign Expenditures

Washington, August 23.—It is believed here tonight that Colonel Roosevelt will take the stand within a few days, before the Senate subcommittee investigating campaign expenditures, to answer the charges made today by John D. Archbold that Mr. Roosevelt had knowledge of the use of Standard Oil money in his campaign of 1904.

The committee was divided tonight over its future course of action. Upon the arrival tomorrow of Senator La Follette, one of the absent Democratic members of the committee, a meeting will be held to determine whom to call and where the next meeting will be held.

Several members of the subcommittee favor transferring the hearings at once to New York, and members of the Standard Oil Company's board of directors may testify. The statements made today by John D. Archbold, financial head of the Standard Oil Company, made a clear issue between him and Colonel Roosevelt, according to members of the subcommittee, who would discuss the matter tonight.

Mr. Archbold testified that his understanding that Colonel Roosevelt knew about and advised the Standard Oil contributions came through former Treasurer Cornelius N. Bliss, of the Republican National Committee, who is dead. Although Colonel Roosevelt publicly stated that it was absurd for him to appear before the Senate Committee, it is understood he has consented to take the stand if directed in view of the direct charges made today by Mr. Archbold.

Mr. Cortelyou, as chairman of the National Committee, knew of and sanctioned the Standard Oil contributions. Senator Penrose, of Ohio, who sat with the subcommittee today to represent the absent Democratic members, probably will be made a permanent member of the committee in place of Senator Paynter, of Kentucky.

The subcommittee will then consist of Senator Clapp, chairman; Senators Jones, Oliver, Lea and Penrose. The committee is authorized to continue its sessions at the adjournment of Congress, and the conclusion of the session tomorrow will not interfere with the immediate sponsoring of other witnesses.

John D. Archbold today told the Senate Committee investigating campaign funds that the Standard Oil Company's \$125,000 contribution to the Republican war chest in 1904 was made upon assurances from Cornelius N. Bliss that "the contribution was payable to Colonel Roosevelt and that further contributions would be acceptable."

I told Mr. Bliss we did not want to make the contribution unless it was to be gratefully received," he said. Mr. Bliss told us of Mr. Roosevelt's attitude toward business, and said he believed Mr. Roosevelt would be a fair and conservative man when he came to the test.

Mr. Archbold explained that \$100,000 went to the Republican National Committee and that \$25,000 was given to Senator Penrose for the Republican State Committee. The \$25,000 given to Mr. Penrose, he said, was a personal contribution and not a payment for services in public or private.

LAURINBURG LAUNCHES STATE CAMPAIGN

Next Governor of North Carolina Sounds Keynote at Laurinburg

IMMENSE CROWD HEARD HIM

Accompanied by Congressman Page Eloquent Tar Heel Thrills His Hearers—Significance of Two Meetings in Scotland

(Special Star Telegram.) Laurinburg, N. C., August 23.—One of the largest crowds that ever assembled in the Court House here today heard Hon. Locke Craig make the opening speech of the campaign for this year in North Carolina.

People from all sections of the county and from adjoining counties thronged the town during the middle of the day. Mr. Craig reached Laurinburg this morning and until noon spent the time in shaking hands with his friends.

Mr. Craig and Congressman R. N. Page, together with a number of their friends were entertained at dinner by Judge Walter H. Neal at his home on Church street.

At 3 o'clock the hour for the speaking, all available space in the Court House was taken and a large crowd remained on the outside. The music was furnished by the Rockingham band. Mr. E. H. Gibson, chairman of the County Democratic Executive Committee, presided. Mr. G. H. Russell, of the local bar, introduced Mr. Craig and referred to the fact that the notable campaign of 1858 was opened in Laurinburg and that one of the speakers was Hon. Locke Craig, the other being Governor Aycock. These two sons have each been signally honored by the people of the State.

Mr. Craig spoke for nearly two hours and despite the crowded house and warm weather, he held the attention of his audience during the entire time.

He was frequently interrupted by applause during his discussion. He reviewed the progress of North Carolina and compared its achievements since the campaign of 1858, with its previous Republican record. He fully discussed the tariff and the attitude of the various parties toward it and said that the policy of the Democratic party is the only one that will restore to the people their inalienable right of equal justice. He declared that if Roosevelt should suddenly die there will be no third party, and that the Progressive party cannot have a very long life because Teddy is now 55 years old.

He expressed surprise that Mr. Taft and the country should go over the country abusing and vilifying each other and declared that each had told the truth on the other. He declared that the State of North Carolina ought to continue to follow the policy of the beloved Aycock by giving the less fortunate man a better chance.

Good roads and agriculture were dealt upon at length. The people were greatly pleased with the purposes expressed in Mr. Craig's speech. It was expected that State Chairman Welch and Congressman Hefflin of Alabama would be present and speak. Mr. Page had not intended to speak but in the absence of the others made a short speech relating a few things that have been done by the Democratic Congress toward lessening the burdens of taxation. Mr. Page will make several speeches in this county during the campaign.

SEC. HESTER'S STATEMENT.

World's Visible Supply of Cotton at Present 2,100,499 Bales

New Orleans, Aug. 23.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton issued today shows the total visible is 2,100,499 bales, against 2,139,676 last week and 1,899,463 last year. Of this, the total of American cotton is 1,207,399 against 1,335,676 last week, 782,463 last year, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 793,000 against 804,000 last week and 827,000 last year.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton as above there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe 1,273,000 against 846,000 last year; in Egypt 35,000 against 61,000 last year; in India 466,000 against 439,000 last year and in the United States 326,000 against 263,000 last year.

Salt Lake City, Utah, August 23.—What the selection of Richmond, Va., as the meeting place for 1913 and the election of officers for the ensuing year, the convention of the North American Institute of Banking closed today. The officers elected are: Byrd, Harvey, St. Louis, president; E. Ransdell, president of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, brought a delegation to Sea Girt to urge the Governor to attend the convention of that organization which is to be held September 24th, 25th and 26th, at Memphis. The Governor said he would go if he could possibly arrange it.

The woman who marries a widower may mourn his first wife's demise.

MURDOCK BRINGS UP A FIGHT FOR ADJOURNMENT

Murdock Brings up a Fight in the Dying Hours of Congress

MOST LEGISLATION COMPLETE

All Work is Disposed of With Exception of Action on Conference Report on the General Deficiency Bill

Washington, August 23.—Plans for adjournment of Congress tomorrow were threatened tonight in the House by a determined fight of Representative Murdock, of Kansas, against an appropriation of \$25,000 for mail service on the Eads Bridge across the Mississippi river. The bridge connects East St. Louis and St. Louis and is owned by 15 corporations. Mr. Murdock, amid exciting scenes among members anxious to get home, insisted on a point of "no quorum" and a hasty call was sent out for absentees.

After the roll call had proceeded some time it became apparent that an even approximate quorum could not be obtained tonight and the House adjourned until tomorrow morning when the question of adoption of the conference report on the Postoffice bill will be again brought up. It was generally understood after adjournment that Mr. Murdock would not renew his vital point of no quorum, in which event the Democratic leaders will be able to carry out their adjournment programme.

The House leaders, taking no chances, sent messages late tonight to absentee Democratic representatives to rush back to Washington to insure a quorum.

Veterans of Congress failed tonight to recall another such "game" ending of Congress as that which marks the dying of the present session, which probably will close tomorrow afternoon. None of the feverish haste and bustle that usually characterizes the completion of legislation and the passage of conference reports on appropriations was apparent tonight.

Representative Underwood, Democratic leader of the House, went over to the Senate chamber late today and reached an informal agreement with Senator Penrose and Snoot to dispose of all general legislation tonight, leaving only the conference report on the general deficiency bill to be acted upon tomorrow. The House recessed at 6 o'clock until 8:30, and the Senate went ahead with the passage of appropriation bills so that the House could consider them tonight.

The Army bill caused but little debate in either branch, and the conference report was adopted by both houses during the day. The Senate passed the General Deficiency bill after a short debate, and conference will adjust the differences of the two houses on this measure tomorrow. The Postoffice Appropriation bill was the last of the measures to pass the Senate.

The General Deficiency bill, as it passed the Senate, carried nearly \$12,000,000, almost double the amount of the House bill. Many amendments were adopted during its consideration in the Senate.

Chief among the Senate's additions was the item of \$65,000 to repay contributors to the ransom fund for Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary captured in 1901 by Bulgarian brigands. An amendment offered by Senator Newlands, of Nevada, changing the title of the office of supervising architect in the Treasury Department to the Bureau of Public Buildings, would be known as the director of public buildings.

The Senate agreed to the conference report on the Postoffice appropriation bill after a short discussion of the parcels post plan endorsed by the conference committee.

WILSON ATTENDS DINNER

Newspaper Correspondents Give Dinner to Nominates' Cousin Sea Girt, N. J., August 23.—Governor Woodrow Wilson saw before him at dinner tonight a heavy bag labeled "Two million dollar contribution from the Standard Oil Company." Instead of money, however, the bag contained sand.

The occasion was a dinner by the newspaper correspondents to the Governor's cousin, James Woodrow, who has been one of the secretaries here, but who will leave tomorrow for the University of South Carolina to become an instructor in mathematics. The dinner was after the manner of Gridiron dinners in Washington, a programme of "stunts" being carried out, some of which were directed at the candidate, Congressman Joseph E. Ransdell, president of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, brought a delegation to Sea Girt to urge the Governor to attend the convention of that organization which is to be held September 24th, 25th and 26th, at Memphis. The Governor said he would go if he could possibly arrange it.

FOUNDATION LAID FOR GRAFT PROBE

First Steps Taken to Get "John Doe" Proceedings Under Way

INSPECTORS ARE SUMMONED

Seven Police Officers are Ordered to Bring Data on Gambling and Disorderly Resorts to Assistant Attorney's Office.

New York, Aug. 23.—The first step toward laying a foundation for the John Doe proceedings by which it is planned to bare police graft in this city, was taken today when seven police inspectors were summoned to the office of Assistant District Attorney DeFord. They were under summons authorized by Justice Goff who is to preside at the inquiry, to bring with them all data pertaining to gambling and other illegal resorts in their respective districts. This data includes the addresses of raided resorts, the name of their reputed owners, and a record of all arrests and convictions in the several districts during the last three years, including the recent period during which police Lieutenant Charles Becker, the accused instigator of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, was cited by his self-confessed accomplices, which profited from blackmail.

This material will be used by Mr. DeFord, who has been given charge of the inquiry as a ground work for the investigation, for the summoning of witnesses, and the cross examination of the inspectors themselves, all of whom, it is expected will be summoned before Justice Goff. Former heads of the Police Department under Mayor Gaynor's administration are among those who will also be asked to testify as well as a number of deputy commissioners. It is not unlikely, it is said, that Mayor Gaynor himself will be called.

Mr. DeFord would not discuss the appearance of the inspectors at his office today, but it is understood that all professed that conditions in their districts were orderly and provided the data. One of the inspectors, together with a high civilian employee at police headquarters, will be asked to explain at the proceedings the reason for the unusually large bank accounts which the investigators acting for the District Attorney have found in their names, as well as their reason for recently engaging safe deposit boxes. Investigation of these accounts, as well as those of other police officials under suspicion of grafting, was continued today, but nothing could be learned from them.

The sending out of circulars by District Attorney Whitman offering a reward of \$5,000 for the capture of "Gyp The Blood" and "Lefty Louie" the two thugs wanted for the murder of Rosenthal, resulted today in the receipt of contributions from the "John Doe" fund. One of them had it that "Lefty Louie" had been found in the Colorado Rockies, but it was denied at the District Attorney's office that any authentic track of either man had been obtained.

During the past May 30 British vessels were reported lost, of which 23 were sailing ships.

OUTLINES

Plans for the adjournment of Congress today were threatened tonight in the House by a fight of Representative Murdock against a \$35,000 appropriation.

Col. Roosevelt last night reiterated his declaration that he knew nothing of the contributions to the Standard Oil Company or the Republican campaign fund of 1904.

The secretary of the Democratic National Committee announced last night that Rudolph Spreckels, of California, and John G. Blaine, of Wisconsin, former supporters of La Follette, had agreed to head an organization to work for Gov. Wilson.

Wm. J. Harahan, vice president of the Erie Railroad, has been selected by the executive committee of the Seaboard Air Line Railway as the man they will recommend to the directors of the Seaboard to be elected to the presidency of that road.

Colonel Roosevelt will likely take the stand before the Senate campaign expenditures investigation committee, to answer the charge made yesterday by John D. Archbold that Roosevelt knew of the use of \$125,000 of Standard Oil money in his campaign of 1904.

The first steps toward laying a foundation for the John Doe proceedings by which it is planned to bare police graft in New York, was taken yesterday when seven police inspectors were summoned to bring to an assistant district attorney's office all data pertaining to gambling and disorderly resorts.

New York markets: Money on call steady 2 3/8 to 2 7/8 cent; ruling rate 2 7/8. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat, spot irregular; No. 2, 106 c. i. f. track and 108 c. f. afloat. Corn, spot nominal. Oats, spot steady. Turpentine firm. Rosin steady.

THRILLS AN IMMENSE AUDIENCE.



HON. LOCKE CRAIG

T. R. ENTERS ANOTHER DENIAL

W. J. HARAHAN TO HEAD S. A. L. Col. Roosevelt Reiterates Declaration That He Knew Nothing of Standard Oil Contribution to His Campaign

Col. Roosevelt Reiterates Declaration That He Knew Nothing of Standard Oil Contribution to His Campaign

Oyster Bay, N. Y., August 23.—Colonel Roosevelt tonight reiterated his declaration that he knew nothing of a contribution by Mr. Archbold or the Standard Oil Company to the Republican campaign of 1904. He declared he did not for one moment believe that Mr. Archbold's testimony before the Senate investigating committee today is truthful; charged Mr. Archbold with a "wicked assault on a dead man," and Colonel Roosevelt further declared that during many calls which he was President to urge him not to prosecute the Standard Oil Company, Mr. Archbold never referred to any contribution to his campaign fund and he declared with the suggestion that the Senate Committee should make both Mr. Archbold and Senator Penrose testify at once concerning their relations when Mr. Penrose was a member of the Industrial Commission.

Colonel Roosevelt concluded by thanking both Messrs. Archbold and Penrose for "making it clear beyond possibility of doubt that I am the man the Penroses and Archbolds of the country most dread in public life."

Colonel Roosevelt says in part: "I wish to call attention to the fact that even if Mr. Archbold's statements are true, they amount only to saying, so far as I am concerned, that Mr. Bliss told him that I had knowledge of and approved a request for \$100,000 from the Standard Oil Company, which was granted, and a further request for \$150,000 which was not granted. This is a pure hearsay statement, and even if made in good faith would be utterly valueless."

"Not only did I never know anything of such a request being made, but my published letters and telegrams show that when the rumor that there had been a contribution reached me I acted at once reiterating my demand again and again that the money should be immediately returned if it had been given, and being assured by Mr. Cortelyou that the money had not been received and would not be received. Therefore, even on the assumption that Mr. Archbold is telling the truth, his testimony so far as I am concerned, consists of the repetition of hearsay assertions which were instantly disproved by the production of my letters and telegrams. I wish to reiterate that until Mr. Penrose made his speech, I never had heard it suggested that Mr. Archbold had contributed to the campaign or been the means through which any contributions had been made."

"But I do not for one moment believe that Mr. Archbold's testimony is truthful. He apparently possesses such a moral standard that he does not utter the infamous accusation he is making against Mr. Bliss. Mr. Bliss is now dead."

"He now says that Mr. Bliss warned him that he was making a serious mistake in not contributing the extra amount of money and that later on when the administration began to deal with the Standard Oil people, Mr. Bliss said it would have been different if he had done as he asked them. This is an assertion that Mr. Bliss was deliberately trying to blackmail, scarcely veiled threats as to what would happen if they did not contribute and that Mr. Bliss in effect told them afterwards that if they had contributed the administration would not prosecute."

Mr. Harahan was born in Nashville, Tenn., in 1867, and has spent a large part of his life in the South. He has held a number of important railroad positions.

Mr. Harahan was born in Nashville, Tenn., in 1867, and has spent a large part of his life in the South. He has held a number of important railroad positions.

Get the better of yourself before some other fellow beats you to it.

BANKERS ADJOURN PLEASANT SESSION

Sixth Annual Convention of East Carolina Financiers Comes to an End

HON. JOS. A. BROWN PRESIDENT

Officers for Ensuing Year—Interesting Addresses by Messrs. Ellington and Clark—Favor Dance at Lumina

Following a most interesting business session yesterday morning, at which time several interesting addresses were heard, a general discussion of various topics of banking indulged in, and the election of officers for the ensuing year, the sixth annual convention of the Country Bankers' Association of North Carolina, which convened at the Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, Thursday night, adjourned yesterday shortly after noon.

Yesterday afternoon the visitors were entertained on sailing and fishing trips in the boats of the hotel, returning in time to enjoy a dip in the surf before supper. Last evening they were entertained at Lumina at one of the most elaborate favor dances of the season given in their honor by the Tidewater Power Company. A number of the visitors will leave for their homes this morning, but others will remain to spend the week-end at the resort. All declare that the convention has been probably the most enjoyable in the history of the organization.

The officers elected yesterday were as follows:

President—Jos. A. Brown, of Chadbourn.

Vice President—A. J. McKinnon, of Maxton.

Second Vice President—H. F. Peirce, of Warsaw.

Secretary and Treasurer—Lacy Williams, of Maxton, (re-elected).

The executive committee was re-elected, with Mr. Brown in the place of Mr. Claud Gore, the retiring president. The selection of the next meeting place was left with the executive committee, but the sentiment of the convention appeared to be unanimous in favor of Wrightsville Beach.

President Gore called the meeting to order at 9:30 and stated that Mr. J. O. Ellington, of Raleigh, and Hon. Jos. A. Brown, of Chadbourn, who were on the programme for addresses, had not arrived. Mr. H. Bayard Clark, president of the Bank of Elizabethtown, was the next speaker, and he was introduced by the president.

Being a banker as well as a lawyer, Mr. Clark was in position to give the association many valuable suggestions. He dealt chiefly with negotiable paper and touched on the legal phases of these instruments as encountered in banking. He referred to the Torrens land title system and declared that it gave him great pleasure to say that at the last meeting of the North Carolina Bar Association a resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee to urge the passage of a bill establishing the Torrens system in this State. He declared that the lawyers of the State were not opposed to the Torrens system, but that they were opposed to the bill which was presented to the last Legislature, and the bill to be presented to the next Legislature would be drawn by some of the ablest lawyers in the State and would meet with the full approval of the members of the North Carolina bar.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Clark's address, the president declared the meeting open for general discussion. Mr. Chas. N. Evans made a motion that Maj. A. McKinnon's paper on "Country Real Estate," read at the opening session, be printed in pamphlet form and distributed to all bankers of the State. The motion met with the hearty approval of the convention and was unanimously adopted.

On motion of Mr. Leake S. Covington, president of the North Carolina Bankers' Association and ex-president of the Country Bankers' Association, Mr. H. Bayard Clark, president of the Bank of Elizabethtown, was elected honorary attorney for the Country Bankers' Association. Mr. Clark accepted the office with pleasure, declaring that he had many less desirable clients from whom he received the same fee which he would receive from the association.

At this juncture Mr. J. O. Ellington, president of the Anchor Trust Company, of Raleigh, who was scheduled for an address, arrived, and was called to the platform. He read a most interesting paper on the "Country Banker." Mr. Ellington declared that the country banker might well be classed as a hero, from the duties in connection with his office. He is called upon to give advice, not only upon financial matters, but also family affairs, love affairs, political affairs, church affairs, etc., all for a salary which hardly enables him to live in comfort.

He referred to the need for the Torrens system of registering land titles, declaring that under the existing system it was almost impossible for the banker to loan money on real estate.

Get the better of yourself before some other fellow beats you to it.

(Continued on Page Five).