

ANTI-TRUST BILL WITH HANDCUFFS

(Continued from Page One.) and closed with a "Good-bye, God bless you."

The Senate was then led in prayer by Rev. W. McC. White, pastor of the Presbyterian church, Raleigh.

One bill was ratified by the chair, the Senate bill to amend the Revisal relative to pay of jurors in Warren county.

Bills introduced. Gilliam, by request—For the establishment of a board of commissioners for the protection of game birds and fish.

Hobgood—Authorize the Commissioners of Guilford and Greensboro to make appropriation for a monument to the Confederate dead.

Hobgood—Change name of Greensboro Female College to Greensboro College for Women.

Hannah—To require all officers paying over money into school funds to take a receipt from the board of education.

Thorne—To establish and incorporate a Confederate Woman's Home, and make appropriation for its support.

Weaver—To amend Chapter 95, Public Laws of 1911, it being an act to provide additional assistance to the Governor. Senator Weaver's bill provides for a salary of \$2,000 for the executive clerk instead of \$1,200, and strikes out the \$900 now allowed for clerical assistance.

Lovingood—In relation to electric light and railroad companies and water power.

Jones—To create a highway commission for Forsyth.

Thorne—To appoint justices of the peace for Nash and to ratify acts done by them in their official capacity.

Jones, by request—To consolidate the towns of Wilson and Salem. Accompanied by a large petition. Referred to committee on Judiciary No. 1.

Little, of Wake—For relief of inmates of Soldier's Home, Raleigh. Provides for the payment to the old soldiers at the Home of \$1.50 monthly.

Ward—Amend charter of Thomasville Baptist Orphanage.

Ward—Amend charter of Wake Forest College.

Ward—Amend charter of Meredith College. These three bills make changes as to membership of boards of trustees to conform with the action of the last Baptist State Convention.

By his request, Watts, of Fredell, was relieved from service on the committee on counties, cities and towns.

A message was received from Gov. Kitchin transmitting a copy of the report of the vacation committee under resolution 29, Acts of 1911, to look into the matter of establishing a home for needy wives and widows of Confederate veterans, and draw up a bill if deemed feasible. Included was a copy of the committee's bill, which was the one introduced by Nash this morning, having been the chairman of the committee. It calls for an appropriation of \$10,000 for establishment and \$5,000 a year for maintenance; seven trustees to be named by the Governor, and ten lady managers, one from each Congressional district, to be appointed by the trustees, except those for the first two years, who are named in the bill.

Senator Gilliam, of Edgecombe, was added to the committee on constitutional amendments.

At 12:35 the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock Friday.

The House—Seventh Day. Speaker Connor convened the House at 11 o'clock. Prayer by Rev. Milton A. Barber, Christ Episcopal church.

Joint resolution was received from the Senate ratifying the Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Petitions and Memorials. The courtesies of the floor were extended to numerous former members including former Gov. T. J. Jarvis, and Gen. B. S. Royster, and others.

New Bills Introduced. Gibbs—Regulating pay of jurors in Pamlico.

prisonment all acts declared to be illegal by the Reid bill of 1907.

Carroll—Repeal a certain law relating to Stokes county.

Weatherpoon—Amend section 3685 Revisal of 1905.

Weatherpoon—Amend section 3347 Revisal 1905.

Weatherpoon—Amend Section 315, Revisal 1905.

McBride—Amend Section 336, Revisal 1905.

Burman—Relief of Charles W. C. Carlton—Protect game in Wilkes—Present release of criminals in cases of insanity—Amend Chapter 372 Private Laws of 1911.

Bowie called up a resolution to have captions and committee references of bills each day printed and distributed to the members. The House voted down the resolution.

A bill relating to bonds by the town of Albemarle passed second reading.

Leaves of absence were granted to a number of members desiring to go home to spend Friday, Saturday and Sunday. These included Mr. Cromartie, of Bladen, and Mr. Sheek, of Davie.

One bill was reported enrolled for ratification by Chairman Mintz, of the committee on enrolled bills. This was relating to the pay of jurors in Warren county. It was duly signed by Speaker Connor and sent to the Senate for the signature of the president of that body.

The House at noon adjourned to 11 o'clock Friday morning. Numbers of the members desired to have the adjournment to 10 o'clock, but the preference of 11 o'clock prevailed.

AFTER THE POWDER TRUST

Fortifications Bill Contains Drastic Provisions—Lobby Maintained

Washington, January 16.—A drastic provision aimed at the powder trust, following testimony alleging that the Dupont Powder Company maintains a lobby here and spends hundreds of thousands of dollars in Washington, is a feature of the Fortifications appropriation bill reported to the House today.

The bill which carries an aggregate of \$5,218,250 directs that no part of the appropriation shall be expended for powder, other than small arms and powder, at a price in excess of 53 cents a pound.

Both the army and the navy powder plants at Picatinny Arsenal, and Indian Head, respectively, are making powder at much less than 60 cents, which the government now pays per pound at the Dupont Powder Company, at Wilmington, Del.

Robert S. Waddell, representing the Hoynes Safety Powder Company, of Cleveland, charged in testimony before the Appropriation Committee that "the Dupont Powder Company has never been accused of throwing away money" and that they kept for some time on the Potomac river a private yacht of T. C. Dupont.

"That yacht," added Mr. Waddell "is called the 'Tech,' which the skipper told me was for general entertainment purposes and that the larger of it was magnificently supplied with everything that could contribute to that end. This yacht made excursions between Washington and Indian Head."

Waddell testified that he did not know of any money being spent in the corruption of any government official "by the Dupont people," but that it would be foolish to consider that the government will ever get any competition against a trust like that of the Duponts.

He testified that the army and navy officers, "particularly the army, come in direct contact with Senator Henry A. DuPont, of Delaware, chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs," whose position "gives him a strong influence compared with that of an outside manufacturer. He cited an instance in which the intimacy and confidence grown up between the Dupont people resulted in a lax inspection" in the Dupont plant.

"It would be foolish," he continued "to ignore the fact that the influence of a man high in authority in the Senate and at the head of West Point does have a very potent power over the members of the army."

Mr. Waddell further said that the government has its own powder plant and the relations between the Dupont company and the government are such it would be unwise for any man to attempt to manufacture smokeless powder. The cost of introduction to the army and navy of an independent brand of powder, he said, would be as much as the capital stock of the company would be worth.

Containing that lobbies in Washington "were an offense rather than a benefit" to the government, Mr. Waddell said the Dupont company maintained in Washington Edmund G. Buckner, vice president of the company and the president of the International Smokeless Powder Company, who devotes his entire time and attention to Washington business.

"When I was with the company," Mr. Waddell explained, "they paid their vice presidents \$30,000 a year and I presume he (Mr. Buckner) is getting a good rich salary and a liberal account for expenditures. They are as courteous as can be and spend a good deal of money in that way."

AGREE ON IMMIGRATION BILL.

Conferees Come to Terms—Will be Brought Up in House Today.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The immigration bill was agreed upon in conference between the two houses today. It will be brought up for adoption probably tomorrow in the House, where it was reported late today by Representative Burnett, of Alabama, who framed the House proposition. As agreed immigrants will have to read their own language, but this requirement will be waived in the case of wives, widows, single daughters, and certain others. The Senate yielded on its idea of requiring both a reading and writing test.

The head tax on immigrants was increased by the conferees from four to five dollars each, but there were exceptions as to this in favor of Canadians and Mexicans because of their adjacent territory.

Under the terms of the conference report, physicians, matrons and inspectors, all appointive by this government, would be on immigrant carrying ships; fine imposed upon steamship companies for bringing in inadmissible aliens would be raised from \$100 to \$200; and the offense of steamship companies bringing in insane persons would be penalized instead of a mere requirement of deportation.

The conferees dropped the Root plan respecting those who come to this country and cause trouble with friendly nations, particularly aimed to meet the situation along the Mexican border.

It was agreed to require deportation of those who are convicted and sentenced here for offenses involving moral turpitude. The proposal to require certificates of identity, objectionable to Jewish immigrants, was dropped in conference.

The conferees agreed to require arrest of deserting alien seamen and their examination before board of inquiry, as in the case of other immigrants, particularly aimed to meet the situation along the Mexican border.

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MOVING PICTURE COMBINE.

Head of the Trust Tells Why Independent Were Absorbed.

New York, Jan. 16.—How and why independent moving picture companies were combined and absorbed to form the alleged moving picture trust in December, 1908, was told on the stand by Henry N. Marvin, president of the American Biograph Company, and of the Motion Picture Patents Company, who was a witness in the government suit to dissolve the "trust."

Mr. Marvin testified that the General Film Company was not organized for profit, but to protect the exhibitor and to give the public better pictures.

Before the combination was made here were 150 independent companies in the United States," said Mr. Marvin. The patents company was organized by nine leading film manufacturers under an agreement to lease films only to companies licensed by the Patents company. Of the 150 only 16 were licensed and the others went out of business. The manufacturers then organized the General Film Company, buying 57 of the 116 licensed exchanges and cancelling the licenses of many others. Many exchanges went out of business after that, testified Marvin and the General Film Company acquired the business of practically all the original 150 companies.

"How many of the 116 firms in business before the organization of the General Film Company are now in business and holding films made by manufacturers who are in the Patents company?" government counsel asked.

"Only one," replied Marvin, naming the Greater New York Film Company.

SOUNDS NOTE OF WARNING.

Brokers Warned by Exchange President to Stick to the Law.

Chicago, January 16.—A note of warning to board of trade exchanges and brokers to confine their transactions to the strictest interpretation of the law was sounded today by J. C. F. Merrill, president of the Council of Grain Exchanges, at its annual meeting here. The council is composed of 19 of the largest grain exchanges in America. Referring to the address of President-Elect Wilson, in Chicago, last week, in which Mr. Wilson pointed out what he purposes doing with monopolies and speculative industries, Mr. Merrill said:

"His ideas are modern and they will be enforced. The members of boards of trade who see this and will not heed the warning, will be forced to speculate in a big task, but it must be undertaken."

EUSTIS WON'T COMMENT

Inaugural Chairman Has Not Yet Received Wilson's Letter

Washington, January 16.—President-elect Wilson's letter to William Corcoran Eustis, chairman of the inaugural committee, suggesting the feasibility of abolishing the inaugural ball, had not been received by Mr. Eustis at late hour tonight.

Mr. Eustis and other officials having in charge the inaugural plans, were surprised when informed of the suggestion. Mr. Eustis declined to make any comment because the letter had not reached him. He got in touch with George E. Hamilton, chairman of the Finance Committee of the inaugural committee and arranged to have a meeting of all the inaugural officials early tomorrow to consider Governor Wilson's proposal. Mr. Hamilton declared Mr. Wilson's suggestion to be "remarkable, coming at this late date."

MANY SECTIONS SUBMERGED.

Port of Evansville Under Water—Ohio Still Rising.

Evansville, Ind., January 16.—With the Ohio river at a stage of 46.3 feet, a further rise of not more than two-tenths of a foot is predicted during the night, when the crest of the high water will reach here. This will not change conditions.

CONGRESS IN BRIEF.

Proceedings in Senate and House Told in Paragraphs.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The day in Congress:

Senate. Passed legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill containing provision for Commerce Court to June 30th.

Resumed consideration of omnibus claims bill, defeating amendment of spoliation claims.

Senator Root vigorously denied speech credited to him and circulated extensively throughout Central and South America for purpose of stirring up strife against us.

Committee ordered favorable report on bill authorizing construction of dam across Connecticut river at King's Island and levying annual rental.

Confirmed nomination of Col. Edward J. McClelland to succeed Gen. Waterspoon as brigadier general.

Further testimony regarding Archibald letters heard by Campaign Funds Investigating Committee.

Adjourned 4:50 P. M. until noon Friday.

House. Began debate on army appropriation bill, carrying \$93,830,000.

Chairman Graham, of Interior Department Expenditures Committee, made report charging that many frauds had been committed against White River Indians.

Prominent bankers testified before "Money Trust" investigating committee, Chairman Pujo announcing adjournment would be taken until January 22nd or 23rd.

Views on what new banking and currency laws should contain were given by members of the Currency Reform Committee, Chairman Glass announcing committee would hear merchants, farmers and labor men later.

Fortifications appropriation bill carrying \$5,218,250 was reported.

Ways and Means Committee ordered favorably reported resolution directing president to advise House whether re-exports of hemp from Philippines.

Adjourned at 6:12 P. M. until noon Friday.

WANT WESTERN MAN

Senators Urge Wilson to Select One For Secretary of Interior

Washington, January 16.—Democratic Senators from the Rocky Mountain region today sent to President-elect Wilson a letter urging the selection of a representative of that section as secretary of the interior. Mr. Wilson is asked to appoint former Governor E. L. Norris, of Montana; former Governor James H. Hawley, of Idaho; J. N. Field, of Oregon, or Clay Tallman, of Nevada, and is assured that the selection of them would be satisfactory to the Democrats of the far West.

Senators Newlands, of Nevada; Chamberlain, of Oregon; Myers, of Montana; Perky, of Idaho, and Smith and Ashurst, of Arizona, were the signers of the letter.

The Senators declined to make public the text of their letter to Governor Wilson, but Senator Newlands was authorized to make a statement regarding it. He said that the six Senators represented States containing the bulk of the public lands and felt that they should be heard in connection with the selection of a secretary of the interior because of his connection with the public lands.

In his communication we urged that the chief elements of the Interior Department relate to the public lands, the administration and management of water resources, the administration of Indian affairs, the development of irrigation projects and the development of the natural resources of the country," said Mr. Newlands.

Therefore, he said, it is essential that the secretary of the interior be chosen from the school of Western experience if he is to be qualified properly to administer affairs of such vital importance to the Western people."

WILL HOLD EVIDENCE

Government Will Not Forward Dynamite Testimony to States

Washington, January 16.—At a conference here today between Attorney General Clegg and Charles W. Miller, United States attorney at Indianapolis, who conducted the dynamite conspiracy trial, it was decided that the government will hold the evidence given at the trial intact and not forward it to the State authorities for such prosecution as they might desire to undertake under State laws, unless a request is received from State officials.

PEACE STILL HANGS FIRE

No Progress in Negotiations—Powers' Note Not Yet Presented

London, January 16.—Another day has passed without progress in the peace negotiations. The ambassador of the powers have not yet presented their collective note to the Porte. A Constantinople dispatch says that the delay is due to the failure of the German ambassador to receive instructions from his government.

Part of the European press blames Germany, charging that she is standing outside the concert of Europe and playing a game of her own.

The ambassadors at London deny this. One said today:

"This suggestion is wholly unjust. Thank God the most promising feature of the situation is that all of the powers are marching together."

Considerable difficulty has been experienced in carrying on an exchange of views through code telegrams and this is explained to be the real cause of the delay. The fact that King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, with his ministers, journeyed to Mustapha Pasha for a council of war yesterday with General Saffoc and the commanders of the four Bulgarian armies, is considered proof that the Bulgarians threaten to begin the war soon in earnest.

Dr. Daneff, the chief Bulgarian envoy, has received a long cipher telegram from the premier telling of King Ferdinand's visit and describing the condition of the armies besieging Adrianople and facing the Gatalia lines. The Bulgarian soldiers, says the premier, are in high spirits and eager again to measure themselves against their traditional foes.

Fugitives, all claiming to be soldiers, are escaping from Adrianople in such numbers that the Bulgarians suspect a strategem on the part of Shukri Pasha, the Turkish commander, to rid himself of the burden of feeding civilians by sending them out as deserting soldiers.

Dr. Daneff today handed to M. Jonescu, the Rumanian minister of the interior, the Bulgarian reply to the Rumanian claims respecting the rectification of the Debrudja frontier and the future status of Vlach communities in the territory Turkey cedes to Bulgaria.

M. Jonescu will take the reply to Bucharest for submission to the cabinet.

TWO BANKERS DIFFER

Their Ideas of Currency Reform Are Widely Divergent

Washington, January 16.—Two widely different plans for banking and currency legislation were recommended to the House Currency Reform Committee by prominent bankers.

George M. Reynolds, president of the Chicago Continental and Commercial National Bank and a member of the National Monetary Commission, insisted that some central power similar to the Central Reserve Association proposed in the Monetary Commission's plan, was essential to any sound banking system.

W. A. Nash, chairman of the board of directors of the Corn Exchange Bank and former president of the New York Clearing House Association, declared that a central power was unnecessary and proposed an association of 20 geographically located clearing houses with power to issue loan certificates convertible upon demand to government currency.

Both bankers told the committee that it was not necessary for America to copy foreign banking methods. When Chairman Glass asked for an opinion on regional reserve banks or on association with a supervising treasury board, Mr. Reynolds said he thought such a plan would work if the supervising board had sufficient power and absolute control over the issue of notes.

KEENE'S WILL FILED

Stock Operator Left Fortune of 15 Million to His Wife

New York, January 16.—The will of James R. Keene, veteran stock market operator and turfman, as filed for probate today, leaves his estate in its entirety to his widow, Sara J. Keene. The value of the estate is estimated at between 10 million and 15 million.

"I have intentionally omitted making any special provision for the benefit of my son Foxhall, and my daughter Jessie," the will reads, "relying upon my wife to hereafter make such provision for them as may be proper, enjoining upon her however, to be guided in this and any other matter relating to my estate by the judgment of my executors."

With the will Mr. Keene's lawyer filed an affidavit in which he said that Mr. Keene had left no real estate and that the value of his personal property exceeded \$10,000,000.

Baby's Voice

Every woman's heart responds to the charm and sweetness of a baby's voice, because nature intended her for motherhood. But even the loving nature of a mother shrinks from the ordeal because such a time is usually a period of suffering and danger. Women who use Mother's Friend are saved much discomfort and suffering, and their systems, being thoroughly prepared by this great remedy, are in a healthy condition to meet the time with the least possible suffering and danger. Mother's Friend is recommended only for the relief and comfort of expectant mothers; it is in no sense a remedy for various ills, but its many years of success, and the thousands of endorsements received from women who have used it are a guarantee of the benefit to be derived from its use. This remedy does not accomplish wonders but simply assists nature to perfect its work. Mother's Friend allays nausea, prevents caking of the breasts, and in every way contributes to a strong, healthy motherhood. Mother's Friend is sold at drug stores. Write for our free book for expectant mothers.

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