

TARIFF SITUATION AS WELL IN HAND

President Determined to Uphold Democratic Pledges at Baltimore

SUGAR AND WOOL SCHEDULES

Grows Urges President to Save Industry in Louisiana—Conference at White House Until Late Hour Last Night.

Washington, April 5.—President Wilson's proffered compromise on sugar which would mean a one cent duty for three years and then free sugar was rejected tonight by Senator Ransdell, Representative Broussard and Col. Robert Ewing, Democratic National committeeman from Louisiana.

The Louisiana sugar growers tonight carried to the White House a strong protest against free sugar adopted today at a meeting in New Orleans of the American Cane Growers' Association. They predicted the ruin of the industry if the President persisted in his determination to reduce the duty on sugar in turn they offered as a compromise the suggestion to the President that he endorse a 1 per cent duty on sugar for three years with the provision that sugar be made duty free at the end of that period if the President's opinion, it at that time was advisable.

They pointed out to the President that such a proviso would enable him to investigate the claim that the industry would be ruined by the removal of duty and told him that he would be able to insist just as strongly upon free sugar then, if he saw fit as he is doing now.

Although the delegation was in conference with the President for more than an hour, he gave no intimation as to whether he would consider their offer a compromise.

Chairman Underwood, of the House Ways and Means Committee, reached the White House just after the Louisiana delegation had completed their final approval. Mr. Underwood discussed the proposed sugar compromise briefly with the President, but it was understood that no changes were made in the bill as it left the Ways and Means Committee today. It was carried to the government printing office tonight by Mr. Underwood himself and he expects to have it in ready consideration of the majority members of the Senate Finance committee, which meets late tomorrow.

President Wilson tonight, virtually on the eve of the opening of Congress in extra session, was in command of the tariff situation, determined to uphold the tariff pledges of the Democratic platform adopted at Baltimore. Important additions to his free list as reported today include: Raw wool, boots and shoes, hides, leather, skins, meats, lard, salt, iron ore, lumber, agricultural implements, sewing machines, tin printers, printing presses, road rollers, cotton print paper, wood pulp, cotton bagging, barbed wire and steel rails.

The President was reported to have withstood renewed attacks from the free raw wool schedulers as embodied in the bill to be introduced from the Ways and Means Committee Monday and delayed decision only on the sugar schedule, left open for Senators and Representatives to agree to accept free sugar in three years.

So firm is the President's attitude reported to be, an attitude backed by Congress, that any effort of legislators to escape a caucus pledge on the wool schedule, would not be tolerated.

The President and party leaders, having agreed upon free raw wool there would be no trouble getting it through the House and the Senate leaders propose there be no kicking over the traces when it reaches a Senate caucus.

It was asserted by some leaders that efforts of Senators to dodge a caucus pledge on the wool or sugar schedules would not be tolerated. The President in talking today to Senators Walsh and Meyers, of Montana, made plain his firm position on the wool tariff, declaring that he would not afford to place any tariff on raw wool.

Negotiations on the sugar schedule continued throughout the day, no decision having been reached at a late hour as to the position to be taken by the opponents of free sugar.

It became evident during the day that proposals had been made between the sugar and wool partisans, looking to a combination that might force the President and the Senate leaders to give some protection to both industries. This danger has worried the Senate committee for some time; but it was claimed tonight that the influence of President Wilson and the demand that all Democrats abide by the majority decision of the party, would force all but one or two Senators into a final acceptance of the proposed revision.

The sugar forces, led by Senator Ransdell and Representative Broussard, of Louisiana, were in conference with other Senators and members of the House during the day. The President's proposal of a one cent duty with free sugar in three years, had been submitted to the sugar growers' association of the South, and it was decided to give no answer to the President until the sugar growers had been heard from.

Tonight Representative Broussard received a message from the American Cane Growers' Association stating that the President's proposal had been discussed by the association at a meeting in New Orleans today and it was unanimously agreed that a duty of one cent (Continued on Page Eight.)

BANKING COMPANIES CLOSED

Small Institutions Just Organized at Angier and Maclefield Not Up to Corporation Commission Regulations

(Special Star Correspondence.) Raleigh, N. C., April 5.—The Corporation Commission sent State Bank Examiner S. A. Hubbard to Angier, Harnett county, today to close the Bank of Angier because of unsatisfactory financial condition. The bank was only opened for business March 13th, being organized by the State's Trust Co., of Wilmington.

This State's Trust Co. was chartered last November for the special purpose of organizing country banks, according to a statement made at the Corporation Commission, with authorized capital of \$150,000. E. H. Smith is president, and W. O. Triver, vice president, and C. H. Bowdys, secretary.

According to the statement made by the Corporation Commission, the State's Trust Co. is selling \$100,000 stock in that corporation and much of it is being sold by representatives of the bank into small towns and inducing citizens to take stock in the State's Trust Co. with the understanding that the company will establish a bank in the town. The Corporation Commission has no jurisdiction over the Trust Co. and its business, the commission's authority coming in when the local bank is organized and opened for business.

This fact the Trust Co. has organized three of these country banks and the Bank of Angier is the first that the Commission has closed. President Smith, Secretary-Treasurer Bowdys, and the State's Trust Co., were here today to confer with the Commission seeking to avert the closing of the Angier bank, but all the Commission would do was to issue an order discontinuing the bank and re-opening it on a sound basis.

The examination of the bank showed that the State's Trust Co. had paid in a check for the \$5,000 capital and also charged \$2,000 for furniture and fixtures purchased from concerns interested in the Trust Co.; \$900 had been paid in discounting notes of local citizens for stock in the Trust Co.; \$2,497 passed over to loans and discounts, and the examiner found about all the assets absorbed by charges that turned the capital stock back into the Trust Co. If re-organized and reopened the Corporation Commission is insisting that this must be by local assets absorbed by charges that turned the capital stock back into the State's Trust Co. The Corporation Commission has on file a prospectus or statement of plans and purposes by the State's Trust Co., that set out \$100,000 of 8 per cent stock to be sold in this State to be used in organizing country banks which are represented to pay an average of 21 per cent.

Another is Closed Raleigh, N. C., April 5.—Following closely upon the announcement of the closing of the Bank of Angier this morning there came this evening the announcement that Assistant Bank Examiner H. D. Bateman, acting under instructions of the Corporation Commission, had closed the Bank of Maclefield, at Maclefield, Edgecombe county, also promoted by the State's Trust Co., of Wilmington. It has a paid capital of \$5,000 and was organized along the same plan as the institution closed earlier in the day.

Assistant State Bank Examiner Bateman returned tonight from Maclefield and brought with him in his grip all that was left of the cash and paper assets of the institution, he says, that was left by the State's Trust Co. He brought to the Corporation Commission \$1,250. He found charges of \$2,366 for banking fixtures for a \$5,000 bank, \$1,500 for an old and very poor safe and \$1,500 for a practically worthless old adding machine. Deposits in the bank are about \$6,000. Deposits in the Angier bank were \$4,000.

Among the items of assets in both banks are amounts due from banks and bankers and the Maclefield bank has a few aggregates over \$7,000. If these assets anything like pan out there will be no trouble about depositors getting their money out of both banks.

Corporation Commission believes that the heaviest losers in the collapse of the scheme will be purchasers of stock in the State's Trust Co. of this stock sold in the State for part cash and negotiable notes for deferred payments, these notes being discounted by the promoters on a large scale.

The State's Trust Company has organized only three banks in this State yet, the third being in Claremont, N. C. Dr. McClure's very mien shows that he is a great man and devoted servant in his Master's cause. His sermons are logical, plain and soul convincing. May they be the means of bringing many souls to Christ. He is the ablest minister we have had with us in many years, and the hope of Kenansville people is that he may be spared many years to labor in the Master's vineyard.

Conducting Great Meetings at Kenansville—Words of Praise (Special Star Correspondence.) Kenansville, N. C., April 5.—The people of this town are enjoying one of the most glorious religious meetings in its history. The services are being conducted by that eminent divine and grand man of God, Dr. A. D. McClure, of Wilmington.

Dr. McClure's very mien shows that he is a great man and devoted servant in his Master's cause. His sermons are logical, plain and soul convincing. May they be the means of bringing many souls to Christ. He is the ablest minister we have had with us in many years, and the hope of Kenansville people is that he may be spared many years to labor in the Master's vineyard.

Tonight Representative Broussard received a message from the American Cane Growers' Association stating that the President's proposal had been discussed by the association at a meeting in New Orleans today and it was unanimously agreed that a duty of one cent (Continued on Page Eight.)

OUT FOR REVENGE, WOMEN VIOLENT

Militant Suffragettes Commit Many Outrages in Great Britain

ACTIVITIES IN SCOTLAND

Would Avenge Mrs. Pankhurst's Long Sentence—Case of Mrs. Emerson is Cautiously Commented Upon—Campaign.

London, April 5.—The campaign of revenge for the long sentence imposed upon Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, which the suffragettes threatened, is proceeding actively and seems likely to spread. Many outrages have been committed during the last 24 hours.

These included the complete destruction of the grandstand of the Ayre Race Course in Scotland, where the principal Scottish meetings are held, the damage being estimated at \$15,000, and an attempt to burn the new grandstand of the Kelso race course, also in Scotland. Two women were caught after they had ignited oil-soaked rags which they had placed beneath the Kelso stand.

Many shop windows were smashed in Glasgow, including those of the labor exchange; telephone wires were cut at Lantarnam, in Monmouthshire; letter boxes were damaged at Liverpool, the flower beds in the public park at Newcastle were torn up and letter boxes were burned or damaged in London.

The fact that Mrs. Emerson, of Jackson, Mich., has declared herself satisfied with the concession made by the British home secretary, Reginald McKenna, in taking ten days off the prison sentence of her daughter, Miss Zettie Emerson, has greatly displeased some of the militant suffragettes. Miss Lillian Scott-Troy, of the San Francisco suffragette who has been one of the most active workers in Miss Emerson's behalf, in an interview tonight said:

"I am thoroughly shocked at Miss Emerson's weak attitude after her strong letters and cablegrams to the United States and the firm support she has had from English doctors and men and women of high position who knew neither her daughter nor herself personally, but who realize the awful consequences of forcible nasal feeding, in English prisons."

"I blame the embassy for her change of attitude. Mrs. Emerson is one of those Americans who are evidently overcome by a nod from an English person in a position superior to that in which they move. "It is not a case of an individual, but a case of an American citizen and Mrs. Emerson, whose attitude has been hot and cold, should be disregarded and the campaign continued because it will establish a precedent for future treatment of American prisoners in English prisons."

SITUATION IN CINCINNATI

City in Excellent Shape and Little Affected by Floods. Cincinnati, O., April 3.—In view of the destructive floods that have visited sections of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky it is in order at this time to state that Cincinnati is in excellent shape, and has not only been but little affected by high water conditions, but is now practically in control of the water.

WALTER A. DRAPER, President Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce.

CHARLES A. HINSCH, President the Business Men's Club and President Cincinnati Clearing House Association.

EIGHTEEN INNING GAME

Philadelphia American and Nationals Play to a Standstill. Philadelphia, April 5.—The Philadelphia American and the Philadelphia Nationals today played the longest inter-league baseball game in the history of two major organizations, the contest being called at the end of the 18th inning on account of darkness with the score standing 2 to 2.

Brown, the Athletics' young right hander, pitched the entire game and hit safely only 13 times. The Phillies used Alexander for five innings, Chalmers two and Brennan eleven. They allowed the former world's champions a total of only ten hits.

The Americans got the jump on their rivals by scoring their only two runs in the first inning. The Phillies made their two tallies in the ninth. Counting today's contest the teams have played five games, the American leading the first four. Manager Brown left the game at the end of the seventh inning, having been notified that his brother had died today at Muncie, Ind. Score: Americans—200 000 000 000 000 000—2 10 1 Nationals—000 000 002 000 000 000—2 13 2 Brown and Egan—Alexander, Chalmers, Brennan and Doolan—Killifer, Umpires, Klem and Connolly.

SENSATIONAL BASH TO DEATH

Notorious French Prisoner Eludes Guards, Climbs to Top of Prison and Jumped Headlong to Courtyard Below.

Paris, April 5.—LaCombe, a notorious anarchist, bandit and murderer, committed suicide today by jumping from the roof of the prison DeLaDante. His leap to death was witnessed by all the prison officials and guards, by LaCombe's lawyer, the prosecuting attorney and the judge who had committed him to the prison.

All these spectators had been summoned by telephone during the two hours that LaCombe stood at the edge of the roof arguing with the wardens who sought to persuade him to return to his cell. LaCombe was awaiting trial on the charge of assassinating M. Ducret, editor of the newspaper L'Espresso. He was also charged with murdering other people in various parts of France. He had been arrested in Paris on March 11th, after the police throughout France had climbed past and had mounted a swift attack to lynch him while he was on the way to the police station.

He was known as one of the most desperate criminals in the country and during his incarceration confessed to the murder of Ducret, admitted killing a postmaster at Besons and a railroad cashier at Les Aubrais, near Orleans. A special guard was kept on him in jail and even during his daily hour of exercise, he was closely watched. This morning while LaCombe was talking with his lawyer in an enclosed courtyard inside the prison his guards stood a few yards off. Suddenly LaCombe, who was an all-around athlete and a professional performer of great strength at court, sprang forward and grasped the lower rung of an iron ladder leading to the upper part of the building. He had climbed past and had mounted a swift attack to lynch him while he was on the way to the police station.

A dozen wardens passed through the prison and on to the roof by trap doors, gradually surrounding him on three sides. He threatened to throw himself down and the guards hesitated to approach.

A singular conversation then took place between LaCombe, the examining judge and the prosecuting attorney, who had been telephoned for.

LaCombe's lawyer, Georges Bouche, and others meanwhile gathered on the roof overlooking the part of the roof where LaCombe was standing. Magistrate Drioux called on LaCombe to surrender.

"It is too late. I have finished," he replied. LaCombe then complained of the food provided for him and of the lack of heat in his cell. The prison warder shouted to him that he himself would see that his desires were supplied.

"Too late," he replied LaCombe. "It is finished." "At that said he would like to talk to Boucheron, who thereupon climbed down, approached LaCombe, shook hands with him and talked with him for half an hour. Now and then wiping tears from his eyes, LaCombe begged him to look after his mother and grandmother. Trembling with excitement he continued:

"I was thrown on the world when I was seven years old. I tried to do better, but I was not strong enough. M. Boucheron urged LaCombe to be reasonable, but the anarchist, glancing at a clock in a church steeple which pointed at 11:28 said:

"It is finished, and at that hour, raising his hand to his forehead in salute he shouted:

"It is the moment! Tell my mother that my last thought was of her! Farewell!" He jumped like a diver to the stone courtyard far below and was dashed to death.

C. & O. SHOPS CLOSED

One Result of Floods in Middle West—To Resume Work. Richmond, April 5.—An executive order was issued today by the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, temporarily closing all shops on the system until traffic conditions which have been visited by the devastating flood, and has not only been but little affected by high water conditions, but is now practically in control of the water.

WALTER A. DRAPER, President Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce.

OUTLINES

The Red Cross Society yesterday issued a statement saying that all told 754 persons lost their lives during the late flood in the West and 77,133 Ohioans need aid.

Many outrages were committed yesterday by suffragettes in Great Britain in the campaign for revenge begun by Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst. LaCombe, notorious anarchist, bandit and murderer, committed suicide yesterday by jumping from the roof of the prison DeLaDante in the presence of prison officials, guards and others.

THE EXTRA SESSION BEGINS ON MONDAY

Third Party Progressives, Democrats and Democrats Laying Their Plans

REPUBLICANS HOLD CAUCUS

Democratic Committees of House Named—Recognition of New Party in House Was Joyfully Received.

Washington, April 5.—Plans for strenuous legislative campaigning during the coming session of Congress were outlined today by the new organization of the Progressive party in the House. The 15 Progressive members spent the day in a series of conferences to perfect plans.

Recognition of the new party in the House was assured this afternoon when Majority Leader Underwood in consultation with Representatives Murdock, Hindebaugh and Stephens agreed to allot to the new party its proportion of committee places. Mr. Underwood said he would give the Progressives places on at least two important committees, Ways and Means and Rules. The Progressives were jubilant over this decision.

From the fall of Speaker Clark's gavel on Monday the Progressives intend to get into the legislative struggle aggressively. The Progressive rules committee labored today over a draft of proposed rules for the House which they expect to offer as a substitute for the rules brought in by the Democrats. The Progressive rules will include a number of revolutionary changes, notably a provision for roll call votes during the consideration of bills informally and in committee of the whole House. A number of provisions for facilitating the calling up of bills from committees also will be included.

The Progressive party fight in the House may start before the first call of members' select is completed on Monday. The Progressives contemplate a vigorous fight to unseat H. Olin Young, member from the 12th district of Michigan, in favor of William H. McAdams, the Progressive who opposed him.

Republicans Caucused. Washington, April 5.—The first Republican caucus of the 63rd Congress was held tonight in the hall of the House of Representatives. Its purpose was to nominate Representative James R. Mann, of Illinois, as Republican candidate for speaker, and to talk over the political situation. There were 200 members present.

Earlier in the evening a score of the Progressives, an element distinct from the third party Progressives, assembled in the office of Representative Anderson, of Minnesota, and discussed Republican conditions. Representatives who have aligned themselves with the Progressive wing of the Republican party in the past in the House surveyed the situation, and most of them indicated their purpose in participating in the caucus of the regular Republicans. This was done on an understanding between themselves that they would not feel themselves bound by caucus action as to legislative matters. The caucus was a general sentiment, however, that the policy of maintaining a party quorum should be recognized and there was no disposition to oppose the regular caucus of the Republicans for the speakership.

Democratic Committees. Washington, April 5.—The first committees of the 63rd Congress virtually were chosen today, so far as the Democratic members are concerned by the majority of the House Committee on Ways and Means. These were selected:

Rules—Henry, of Texas, chairman; Pote of North Carolina; Hardwick, of Georgia; Garrett, Tennessee; Foster, Illinois; Cantrill, Kentucky, and Ober, New York.

Tobacco—Lloyd, of Missouri, chairman; Smith, Texas; Hamill, New Jersey; Underhill, New York; Kindell, Colorado; Howard, Georgia, and Abercrombie, Alabama.

United States Bills—Whiteacre, of Ohio, chairman. Mileage—Bailey, of Pennsylvania, chairman.

Recommendations for the Democratic majority places for the only committees to be created at the outset of the extra session, according to the present programme which will be submitted to the Democratic caucus Tuesday and probably ratified later by the House.

New Tariff Revision. The new tariff revision is expected by Democratic leaders to produce an annual revenue of \$225,000,000 from the dutiable schedules and approximately \$100,000,000 more from the income tax, allowing for free sugar.

There is an alternate proposition ready to clamp into the income feature of the bill at the Ways and Means Committee meeting Monday if it is found necessary to raise more revenue from the income tax ready to make up any depletion in the tariff revenue that might result from any agreement reached on sugar. This alternative is the substitution of one and one-half per cent in that part of the income scheme taxing incomes between \$4,000 and \$20,000 instead of the present proposed rate of one per cent. The other parts of the income tax would stand unchanged. The committee majority has been proceeding on the assumption that it is necessary for the government to raise an annual revenue of at least \$310,000,000 or \$315,000,000. While the new tariff law will take effect at midnight the date of approval of the income tax feature of it will be effective for the calendar year 1913 and succeeding years.

PROGRESS OF BALKAN AFFAIRS

Giving European Diplomacy Some Uneasy Moments—Sympathy With Montenegro—Coronation Is Postponed

London, April 5.—The progress of Balkan affairs is giving European diplomacy some uneasy moments. The allies have taken stiff-necked, independent attitude and refuse to accept orders from the powers. The question is, if it becomes necessary to coerce them, how can that be done? The allies realize this and realize that the concert of Europe is not as harmonious as a month ago. The present policy of the Balkan States is to debate the peace terms and continue the war, at least until Montenegro has captured Scutari.

The smallest kingdom in Europe continues to defy six great powers. King Nicholas talks freely to interviewers, declaring that he will take and keep the two which he considers necessary to the prosperity of his kingdom. Eight warships are blockading his port, but with the exception of Austria-Hungary and Germany this measure is being executed reluctantly.

These two powers alone demand that Scutari be incorporated in the State of Albania, and the other four powers have joined with them apparently merely for the sake of preserving harmony.

Public opinion of Great Britain and Russia is strongly in favor of Montenegro. The British newspapers are almost unanimous in expressing admiration and sympathy for the brave Montenegrans. Montenegro has made the greatest sacrifice of any of the allies and gained the least and the English people do not want to see the profits of victory taken from her. They remember the Greeks' declaration early in the war that the allies should keep what they gained.

Coronation Postponed. Athens, Greece, April 5.—The coronation of King Constantine of Greece will not take place until next year.

NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN

Ebbett's Field Formally Opened Yesterday—Nationals Win.

Brooklyn, April 5.—Ebbett's field, the \$750,000 home of the Brooklyn National League team, was formally opened today with a game won by the home team from the New York American Leaguers by the score of 3 to 2 in the presence of probably the biggest crowd that ever saw an exhibition game. The spacious stands with seating accommodations for nearly 25,000 persons, were packed and there were many students.

The opening was marked by exercises after the usual custom on such occasions. Miss Genevieve Ebbetts, youngest daughter of the Brooklyn Leaguers, tossed out the first ball put in play.

Both the rejuvenated American Leaguers, under Frank Chance, and Manager Dahlen's men fought hard all day. The home team won by a score of 3 to 2. Hal Chase, who made his big league debut as a second baseman, had little to do in the field.

Home runs by Stengel and Daubert gave Brooklyn a two to nothing lead. In the ninth the visitors tide on a pass, two hits and a wild throw. Smith's hit scored the winning run for Brooklyn. New York . . . 300 000 002—2 8 1 Brooklyn . . . 000 011 003—3 2 Caldwell, Fisher and Sweeney; Rucker, Allen and Miller. Umpires Emslie and Hurst. Time 2:01.

INDICT COTTON OIL CO.

Charge of Violation of Anti-Trust Law Made in Georgia.

Macon, Ga., April 5.—Announcement was made here tonight by Alexander Akerman, United States Attorney for the Southern District of Georgia, that he will lay before a Federal grand jury tonight a charge against the Cotton Oil Co. of Georgia. The indictment of the American Cotton Oil Company of New York, under the Sherman anti-trust law, was made public last night. It will be charged that this company, with branches and affiliations in every cotton State in the Union, has fixed and attempted to fix arbitrarily the price of cotton seed from the producers. One hundred and forty witnesses from every branch of the cotton seed oil industry have been subpoenaed to appear.

Mr. Akerman has been working on the case for 18 months and was instructed to spare no expense in gathering information. Cotton seed and its products make up about one-fifth of the produce of the cotton plant the industry embraces a business annually of \$100,000,000.

Mr. Akerman brought the suit against the Merchants and Miners' Transportation Company for granting rebates, the latter company paying a fine of \$20,000 at Savannah recently. The naval stores case is pending.

THE PARCEL POST

Millions of Packages Handled and Business on Increase. Washington, April 5.—More than 150,000,000 parcel post packages were handled during the three months the system was in operation, according to computations announced today by postal experts and based upon reports from the fifty largest post offices. Approximately 55 per cent more business was handled in March than in January. Chicago leads all other cities, 6,895,744 parcels being handled in two months. New York handled 5,975,075, and Boston 1,657,036.

Paris, April 5.—Wireless telegraph experiments which have preceded for three weeks between the Eiffel tower station and Arlington, Va., ended today. More extended work along this line is to be taken up in November and December. Those two months are regarded as more favorable for long distance wireless.

DANGER PASSING FROM HIGH WATER

Mississippi Made Little Progress Toward Stage Meaning Disaster

THE OHIO ALSO RECEDING

Cairo Situation Complicated by Rise at St. Louis—Trains Annulled at Memphis—Relief by Red Cross

Memphis, Tenn., April 5.—On its annual flood through the central section of the country, the Mississippi river tonight had made comparatively little progress toward that stage which might spell disaster for residents along more than 1,000 miles of water front.

Some encouragement comes from points along the recently-flooded Ohio where gauge readings show that stream is falling. At Cincinnati the stage at 7 o'clock tonight was 61 feet, a fall of 2.3 since 7 o'clock this morning. At Louisville the reading was 42.8, a fall of .1, and at Cairo 54.7. It has been hovering for hours.

The Cairo situation, however, is complicated by a rise in the Mississippi at St. Louis where the river at 7 o'clock tonight stood at 23.1, a rise of .8 since the same hour this morning.

Below Cairo the gauge also shows the flood is slowly swelling. At New Madrid, 43.9 feet was shown, a rise of one-tenth; at Memphis, 43 feet, or six-tenths above the figures this morning and at Vicksburg 43.3, or four-tenths higher.

Meanwhile, the levees are holding well from Hickman to Memphis, according to news received at the office of the United States engineers with headquarters in Memphis. Levee boards with office in this city declare their embankments are standing the strain.

Experts in flood protection claim that the levees of the St. Francis district in Arkansas, and those below Memphis on both sides of the river, will not only resist the expected flood, but Memphis will be great at a height of 47 feet and still show one to two feet above the water line.

Train schedules into Memphis were somewhat disarranged by the rising water today. The Illinois Central annulled two of its trains and the St. Louis and San Francisco has been forced to detour its northbound trains from Memphis to Hoxly at Cairo, Ark., and thence to Cape Girardeau, Missouri.

The crest of the flood is not expected to reach here before the middle of next week. More extensive preparations than ever before have been made to combat an overflow and confidence is expressed that the damage will be minimized.

Relief in Ohio District. Columbus, Ohio, April 5.—Basing their figures upon reports received today from their field agents throughout the Ohio flood districts, officials of the Red Cross Society who have been placed in charge of the relief work in this State, today issued a statement estimating that the serious cases of lives during last week's flood, Ohioans numbering 77,133 need aid for rehabilitation, according to the statement.

The Ohio flood victims, at least two lives were lost and many made homeless, is not included in the estimate, which follows, the first column representing loss of life and the second the estimated number needing aid:

Table with 2 columns: Location and Number of people needing aid. Includes Chillicothe (17, 1,500), Columbus (8, 1,100), Dayton (150, 22,500), Defiance (21, 883), Delaware (7, 250), Franklin (3, 1,000), Gallipolis (3, 2,500), Hamilton (72, 12,500), Tronton (1, 1,000), Larus (1, 600), Malta (1, 350), Manchester (1, 175), Conneville (1, 450), Marietta (2, 2,200), Williamsburg (8, 1,900), Middleton (1, 1,000), Middleport (45, 1,400), Pomeroy (1, 175), Portsmouth (2, 1,700), Sydney (80, 2,000), Troy (3, 200), Zanesville (2, 2,000).

Total . . . 454 77,133 Columbus, Ohio, April 5.—No official reports as to the loss of life at Harrison, Mount Vernon, Valley Junction, Van Wert, Veine, New Trenton, Brookville, Wooster, Cleveland, North Bend, New Bethelham, Mansfield, Globe Center and Ludenville, have been received by the Red Cross Society. All of these villages previously reported to have been flooded, but officials believe the reports to have been exaggerated through excitement.

Situation at Memphis. —Between six and ten blocks of low-lying property along the bayou Gayoso tonight are covered with two to six feet of muddy back water from the Mississippi river, a result of the break in one of the city levees early this morning. The residents of the district affected had been warned in ample time to make their escape and there was no loss of life.

One fatality in connection with the flood occurred today when George Rear, an employe of the Memphis Power Boat Company, fell from a pontoon into Wolf river and drowned before aid could reach him.

Shur-on glasses fitted by us are dainty, dressy and durable. Let us show them to you. Dr. Vinberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple, Eyes tested free. Glasses from \$1 up. (Advertisement.)