

THE WEATHER

Showers Saturday; Sunday probably fair, light variable winds.

THE WILMINGTON STAR

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WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1913.

BOOST WILMINGTON

Reserve your space at once in The Morning Star's Big Progress and Prosperity Edition, out about June 1st.

WHOLE NUMBER 13,326.

ALL PRESBYTERIANS UNITE IN SERVICE

Four Grand Divisions of the Church Commune in Union at Atlanta

FOR FIRST TIME IN HISTORY

Church Union Discussed—Resolutions Adopted

Atlanta, Ga., May 16.—Evangelism formed the general topic of discussion tonight at the second popular session of the Pan-Presbyterian Pentecost. Formal addresses were made by three men prominent in Presbyterianism. Rev. Hugh H. Rankin, Salt Lake City, Utah; Dr. John R. Davies, Philadelphia, both of the Northern Assembly and Dr. W. E. McCulloch, Pittsburgh, Pa., of the United Assembly. Presiding over the meeting was Rev. A. L. Phillips, of Richmond, Va.

A vast audience gathered early in anticipation of the musical prelude to the regular meeting, consisting of congregational singing of old-fashioned hymns selected from Presbyterian psalter. A striking feature of the musical service was the singing of negroes who occupied a section especially reserved for them.

Rev. Hugh W. Rankin, first speaker of the evening, described conditions as he has found them in the Northwest during his 25 years of work as a Sunday school missionary. Characterizing that section as "hungry for the gospel," he urged further activity in support and extension of missionary work there.

"Personal Evangelism" was the topic of the address by Dr. McCulloch, who expressed the lack of individual work for the upbuilding of the church by its members. He said that the trouble with a large percentage of the membership of the churches today is "the lack of a particularly strong motive in that we may be co-operating with God in the extension of His kingdom."

In discussing "Personal Evangelism" Dr. Davies, the third speaker, outlined his convictions as to the cause for the decline in the power of Protestantism. "Protestantism," he said, "seems to be falling here and there, and it is the establishment of the Order of Jesuits. The other is the endless divisions among Protestants themselves—one wing under Luther and the other under Calvin," he said, "are growing farther and farther apart in controversies that are criminal."

Dr. Davies closed his address with the declaration of his firm conviction that neither Luther nor Calvin had Atlanta, Ga., May 16.—For the first time in the history of Presbyterianism the four Grand Divisions of the church, the Northern, the Southern, the United and the Associate Reformed, joined late this afternoon in a Union communion service.

Participating were more than 3,000 communicants, including delegates from the four Grand Divisions of the Presbyterian Pentecost and laymen from every section of the United States.

Presiding over the communion service were Dr. J. T. Lyons, Dr. R. M. Russell and Dr. J. T. Stone, moderators of the Southern, United and Northern assemblies. A brief invocation of divine blessing followed the singing of Psalms was followed by an address by Dr. Russell in which he laid especial emphasis upon the significance attached to the union communion service as the forerunner of ultimate union of the whole church.

A prayer by Dr. Lyons and pronouncement of the benediction by Dr. Stone ended the afternoon meeting service. The second day of the joint assembly was productive of much that vitally affects the hosts of Presbyterians. Sessions were held by the Northern, Southern and United assemblies both in the morning and afternoon, much business of importance being transacted despite the fact that the deliberations this afternoon were curtailed out of deference to the Union Communion service.

Northern Assembly. An interesting feature of the day was the adoption by the Northern Assembly of a resolution presented by the Committee on Christian Life and Work, bearing directly upon the "divorce evil" and making recommendations for the enactment of uniform legislation on marriage and divorce. This resolution recommends that the ministers and church courts of the Northern Assembly inaugurate a campaign of education, with the object of impressing upon the people the sacredness of marriage and the evils of divorce, and to arouse in the public mind a realization of the need of reforms. Ministers are urged to study the laws touching these matters in the several States, looking toward the introduction of improved marriage and divorce laws.

Recommendations of the committee on Christian Life and Work to the effect that the deacons be made a conspicuous agency of the church, and that the Assembly endorse inter-church federations were also adopted. The rest of the report of the committee was deferred until Monday as was the report on church co-operation and union.

Southern Assembly. A spirited discussion was precipitated today when the report of a special committee containing a "brief, popular statement of the belief of the Presbyterian church in the United States" and containing an important reference to the elect infant clause was submitted. Action upon the report was ultimately deferred until Tuesday. That there was division of sentiment of the committee regarding this matter was indicated by

REPLY TO JAPAN'S PROTEST

President's Cabinet Discuss California and Japanese Question

Washington, May 16.—A tentative draft of the reply of the United States government to the Japanese protest against California land legislation, prepared by John Bassett Moore, Counselor of the State Department, was considered for two hours today by President Wilson and the cabinet.

No intimation of its nature was made public. Secretary Bryan positively refused to discuss either the proposed reply or Japan's protest. The Secretary made a statement deprecating the efforts to guess at the varying phases of official negotiation, declaring that serious mischief might result and satisfactory conclusion be retarded or prevented. He referred to the fact that his present position obliged him to reverse his usual attitude toward public discussion of current issues.

There are indications that the State Department is awaiting final action by Governor Johnson, either in the faint hope that he might change his mind and veto the measure, or more probably with the purpose of having the approved act as a basis for further discussion. The Japanese government is awaiting the Governor's action with the keenest interest. While protesting against the California legislation, the Japanese government so far has suggested no remedy. That is left entirely to the United States, and it is believed here that even the act of instituting proceedings to test the validity of the law may be abandoned.

Meanwhile, taking their cue from the President's statement regarding military and naval movements, officials of both the War and Navy departments today were endeavoring to avoid issuing any orders or statements that would contribute to sensational reports of a possible military movement between the few naval movements recorded during the last 24 hours and the Japanese situation. He is believed to point out that the departure yesterday from San Francisco of the big armored cruiser Maryland was simply in continuation of a test that is being made by the Navy Department, and which was arranged by the Navy Department about a month ago. The Maryland will end these coast tests at San Francisco.

The Navy Department, it was stated, does not intend to send any vessels from the Atlantic to the Pacific now.

FAILED TO REPORT. New York Shortstop Thought to Have Quit League. New York, May 16.—Arthur Shafer, shortstop of the New York National League team, failed to report for today's game with Pittsburgh and the club's officials believed tonight he had quit the team.

According to the players, Shafer has been more of a refusal to converse with them, and was used to Saturday removed him to the outfield, putting Fletcher in his place at short. Shafer's absence from the game, which was arranged by the Navy Department about a month ago. The Maryland will end these coast tests at San Francisco.

At the morning session of the United Assembly a telegram was forwarded to President Wilson, commending him for his stand on moral questions, the name of Secretary of State Bryan. The motion was carried by a vote of 100 to 10. It was decided to send the message to the President only after the moderator suggested that if the name of any other government official should be mentioned, all should be included.

Plans for ministerial relief and memorial services for the 32 deceased members of the Assembly occupied the sessions during the remainder of the day.

Arrangements have been made by the Presbyterians of Atlanta to tender a mammoth reception to the commissioners of the three general Presbyterians assemblies tomorrow afternoon at Agnes Scott college.

STRIKE SITUATION BECOMES VIOLENT

26 Arrested in Cincinnati for Interfering With Operation of Street Cars

TWO MEN AND YOUTH INJURED

Hundreds Congregate on Principal Streets and Resort to Mob Violence in Sympathy With Striking Employees.

Cincinnati, May 16.—Two men and a youth were slightly injured and 26 men were arrested this afternoon, charged with disorderly conduct, as a result of an attempt to interfere with the operation of one of the lines of the traction company, whose employees are on strike.

The demonstration occurred shortly after noon at Fifth and Walnut streets in the heart of the business section.

It was precipitated, it is said, by boys overturning a large garbage can in front of a car. A large crowd had assembled to witness the parade of labor unions in sympathy with the strikers and when it was rumored that the motorman of the car had struck a boy with a club a violent demonstration was started.

The Mob Violent. Mounted police rode into the crowd, rescued the crew of the car, and drove the mob back to the sidewalks. Missiles of various kinds were thrown. The demonstration lasted half an hour.

During the afternoon hundreds congregated about the scene and hooted the non-union car employees. Attempts were made to interfere with running of cars by blocking the tracks with wagons. As darkness approached the cars were withdrawn and tonight the tarp is complete.

The demonstration of sympathy for car men about 7,500 lined up in the parade to a ball park where speeches were made by union leaders. The parade was orderly and the meeting at the park was equally devoid of anything spectacular. Mayor Hunt and officials of business organizations have attempted to bring about a settlement, but their efforts were fruitless.

AT THE CAPITAL

The Work of a Day in the House and Senate. Washington, May 16.—Senate: Met at 11 A. M.

Returned debate on motion to refer tariff bill to Finance Committee with instructions for public hearings. Kern resolution for investigation of West Virginia coal mine strike debated.

Postoffice Committee postponed until Monday, public hearing on Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet's displacement as postmaster at Gainesville, Ga.

Chief Forester Graves testified before Territories Committee regarding Cough National Forest. Indian Affairs Committee agreed to amendment of Indian Appropriation bill so as to provide for Congressional investigation of well-being of Indians and betterment of Indian service.

Adopted resolution for participation of the United States in an International Conference on Education at The Hague this year. Senator Norris denounced International bankers who furnished money for Brazilian coffee valorization scheme.

Adopted at 6:06 P. M. until noon Monday. House: Met at noon. Took up conference report on sundry civil bill.

Representative Smith, of New York, introduced bill to print record of all committee proceedings in Congressional Record.

Adopted at 1:05 P. M. until Tuesday.

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN PLANS

National Committee Organizes and Prepares for Fight in Coming Elections—Mammoth Publicity Project.

Washington, May 16.—The campaign for Democratic supremacy at the polls in 1914 and 1916 was opened here today when the executive campaign committee of the Democratic National Committee organized and discussed preliminary plans.

The committee agreed upon permanent headquarters in Washington, the organization of an educational campaign and harmonious cooperation with the Democratic Congressional Committee, with a continuous militant party organization from now until after the next Presidential election.

At the Democratic National Convention, the committee will be in charge as manager of publicity. With him already is Col. John L. Martin, of Missouri, secretary of the Democratic National Convention of the Democratic National Committee.

Plans agreed upon today contemplate the sending of Democratic Washington letters to approximately 10,000 weekly newspapers and 2,000 daily papers that have no special correspondents at the National Capital. All this will require a large fund and labor unions in sympathy with the strikers and when it was rumored that the motorman of the car had struck a boy with a club a violent demonstration was started.

The Closing Debate. The closing day of debate on the issue of free sugar was enlivened with discussion of the Democratic platform and its bearing on free sugar by Senator James, of Kentucky, who vigorously defended the stand taken by President Wilson for free sugar. He declared that the party had stood for free sugar and campaigned on it, and defied the Louisiana Senators to find a man "President Wilson ever had told him he opposed free sugar."

Senators Smoot, LaFollette, and Clark wound up the debate on behalf of the public hearing amendment. Senator Smoot predicting that the Democratic party would be put out of power for another quarter of a century as a result of its tariff bill.

Predicts Democracy's Ruin. "The edict has gone forth," said Senator Clark, "that the tariff bill will be taken here as in the House, where it was taken in secret caucus. I know there are Democrats here who do not believe the bill is a bad one, and are willing to bow their head to the demand of office and ease the lash of party expediency."

Senator Newlands, of Nevada, spoke briefly on the sugar schedule, protesting against sacrificing the sugar production of this country to Cuba.

The Galleries Crowded. The Finance Committee will meet next week to hear reports from the sub-committees engaged in consideration of various schedules of the bill, and Chairman Simmons hopes to report the bill to the Senate by June 1st. The real vote on this tariff bill will be taken here as in the House, where it was taken in secret caucus.

Senator Kern received a letter today from the Southern Baptist convention in session at St. Louis, Va., who declared "Human life was the only thing held valueless by the mine operators," and that the head of the State Police Department was an operator in whose mines occurred frequent explosions.

Senator Montgomery wrote that 700 men had been arrested on mine explosion in the State, and the only thing received by the widows were the "pine boxes in which their husbands were buried."

Senator Kern declared that the Mining Department displayed no interest in human lives and that a lobby was maintained against employers' liability laws of which West Virginia had none.

Union, S. C., May 16.—After being out since 11:10 yesterday morning the Baltimore platform in his speech as Democratic House in the last session of Congress, and that it included approval of the Underwood free sugar bill. He read a paragraph from the Democratic campaign text book, approving "the excellent record of the House" in placing sugar on the free list.

Senator James declared the platform adopted at the Baltimore convention approved the course of the Democratic House in the last session of Congress, and that it included approval of the Underwood free sugar bill. He read a paragraph from the Democratic campaign text book, approving "the excellent record of the House" in placing sugar on the free list.

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SENATE AGAINST PUBLIC HEARINGS

Penrose-La Follette Amendment Defeated by Vote of 41 to 36

THE PRESIDENT'S ATTITUDE

Closing Day of Debate Enlivened With Discussion of Platforms and Pledges—Galleries Filled—Much Interest

Washington, May 16.—Democratic leaders in the Senate were endorsed late today in their determination to refer the Underwood tariff bill to the Finance Committee for consideration without public hearings. The Penrose-LaFollette amendment directing that public hearings be held, was defeated by a vote of 41 to 36, and the motion of Senator Simmons to refer the bill was then passed without a roll call.

Two Democrats, Senators Ransdell and Thornton, of Louisiana, voted for the Republican amendment. Senator Poindexter, of Washington, Progressive, voted with the majority. Senator Jones, of Washington, Republican, who previously had determined to vote against public hearings, announced that he had changed his mind because the Finance sub-committee was giving private hearings to some interests which he thought should be public.

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VOTES FOR WOMEN CAMPAIGN

Militants Continue to Place "Bombs" in Public Institutions Attempting Coerce Government into Granting Franchise

London, May 16.—The militant suffragettes' campaign of placing "bombs" in public institutions to coerce the government into granting the Parliamentary franchise to women, was carried on in several quarters of London and the provinces today. A workmanlike canister of explosives, with a clock-work attachment was found in the Rotherhithe Public Library in Southeast London this morning. It was labelled "Votes for Women." According to belief in some quarters it was placed there by a man. Indeed the police suspect many men have been engaged by officers of the Militant Suffragettes Society for this work.

Machinist Found in Letter Box. Another machine was found today in the letter box of the Wandsworth district postoffice in Southwest London. It consisted of a glass tube containing a small quantity of dynamite was attached to one end. The police declare the bomb was apparently set there by militant suffragettes.

A movement, which has been going on quietly for several years to organize all the Baptists west of the Mississippi river into a separate convention was met by the introduction of resolutions by President E. Y. Mullins, of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary of Louisville, which were adopted, expressing feelings of fraternity and sympathy for the work being done in the theological seminary at Fort Worth, Texas, and Liberty, Mo.

The question of giving free educational advantages to young men who wish to enter the Baptist ministry was brought before the convention by Mr. Mullins. He offered a resolution a call on the various States in the convention for a share of \$18,000, the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary of Louisville, which was adopted, expressing feelings of fraternity and sympathy for the work being done in the theological seminary at Fort Worth, Texas, and Liberty, Mo.

A defeat has been inflicted on the government by the "Wild Women" in their campaign to suppress the militant suffragettes newspaper, "The Suffragette."

After Archibald Bodkin, counsel for the Treasury, had announced that the government would prosecute any one printing the newspaper in the future, the labor press and some of the Liberal newspapers which are the strongest supporters of the present cabinet, offered personally to undertake the publication of the paper, but the suffragettes declined their offer with scorn.

Publication Continues. Thereupon the home office issued a statement declaring that the government had been misled by the former Socialist member of Parliament, George Lansbury, and the Socialist member, James Kerr Hardie, who offered personally to undertake the publication of the paper, but the suffragettes declined their offer with scorn.

Woman's Missionary Union. The Woman's Missionary Union re-elected its officers. Recommendations for the year 1913-1914, plans to be followed and a general report for were outlined today to the Woman's Missionary Union by the Home and Foreign Mission Boards. These recommendations concern chiefly the financial plans of the boards, and are in part as follows:

By the Home Mission Board: "That you assist in the circulation of Home Mission literature; that the first week in March be observed as a week of prayer and self-denial (thank offering) for the home missions; that, as heretofore, the treasurers' books remain open till April 1st; that three hundred foreigners and frontier; the young women's auxiliaries to mountain school work; the Royal Ambassadors to the Indians, the Sunbeam urgent mission schools among the foreigners in El Paso, Tampa and in Cuba."

The board urges that the women and young people also assist, by jubilate offerings, the million dollar church building fund; and that "constant prayer be made for more laborers for our great white harvest fields and that the Lord may send a great company of consecrated, gifted young women to work in the great home mission field."

Under seven heads are grouped the recommendations of the foreign mission board, namely: Information, Sunbeam Bands, Royal Ambassadors, Young Women's Auxiliaries, women's missionary societies and organizations offering and Judson centennial fund.

"We earnestly recommend that you will continue to press the matter of giving information not only to the W. M. U. members, but to all our people," read the recommendations. "We recommend regular and proportionate giving with a basis of one-tenth as a minimum."

Sunbeam Bands, the recommendations continue, should again undertake the support of kindergartens and schools for boys and girls in the various fields; the Royal Ambassadors should be enlisted in aiding the Boys' school at Toluca; the Young Women's Auxiliaries should undertake to raise funds sufficient to support all women missionaries in foreign fields. The Christiana offers, it is recommended should be made for the work in China, and the young people of the various organizations should be urged to "let that portion of the money raised in their special Jubilate offering for foreign missions be applied to the Judson centennial fund as a part of their gift to the fund."

LITTLE CHANGE. In Condition of Southern Hotel and Railroad Made. West Palm Beach, Fla., May 16.—Little change was reported tonight in the condition of Henry M. Flagler, the railroad and hotel magnate, who has been ill here several months. Mr. Flagler took some nourishment today, and tonight was resting comfortably, according to his physicians. He continues, however, very weak.

BAPTIST TO MEET NEXT IN NASHVILLE

Tennessee City Chosen for 1914 Convention After Strong Contest

THE MINISTERIAL EDUCATION

Mountain Mission Fields Given Prominent Place in Discussions—Churches Asked to Contribute to Fund.

St. Louis, May 16.—The Southern Baptist Convention today chose Nashville, Tenn., as the next place of meeting and fixed May 13th, 1914, as the date. The Rev. George W. McDaniel, of Richmond, Va., will preach the convention sermon. Rev. Forest Smith, of Sherman, Texas, was named as alternate.

Nashville was chosen after a contest over the proposition to make Chattanooga the permanent meeting place.

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OUTLINES

ARIZONA'S ALIEN BILL.

Must Declare Intention of Becoming Citizen Before Owning Land. Phoenix, Ariz., May 15.—Governor Hunt signed today Arizona's new alien land bill. It prohibits any alien, whether of Caucasian or Mongolian descent, from owning land in Arizona if he has not declared his intention of becoming a citizen.

The law bars not only Asians, who cannot become citizens, but also many wealthy Mexicans, who live on the American side of the line, but who have maintained their allegiance to Mexico. A vigorous fight was made to have the bill apply only to aliens ineligible to citizenship that Mexican holders of property in Arizona would not be affected. There are few Japanese holding property in the State, but many Chinese hold titles and these, like the non-citizens among the Mexicans, will be required to dispose of their real estate within five years.

The law exempts only mining claims held by aliens or real property necessary to the proper working of mines. Representative Johnson conferred with the Governor in an effort to induce him to veto the bill, but he declined on the ground that such a law was necessary in the interests of the white race. The Governor added that the law was made to apply to all aliens in compliance with the wishes of the National administration as expressed in the California Legislature.

All silk parasites for \$1.50 at C. H. Fore & Co. (advertisement.)