

THE WEATHER.

Unsettled Sunday, probably local showers; Monday fair, light to moderate variable winds.

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WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1913.

14 Pages To-Day Two Sections

WHOLE NUMBER 13,339.

JURY AWARDS THE COLONEL SIX CENTS

Roosevelt Receives Merely Nominal Damages in His Libel Suit

EDITOR RETRACTS CHARGES

Newspaper Man Admits the Injustice of His Editorial—Plaintiff Requests That Jury Bring in Nominal Damages.

Marquette, Mich., May 31.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt today won his libel suit against George A. Newett, who charged the Colonel with drunkenness, and waived damages after the defendant had uttered a retraction. The jury awarded the nominal damages of six cents provided in such cases by the laws of Michigan. Each case by the suit will have to pay his own expenses.

Judge Flannigan instructed the jury to bring in a verdict for the plaintiff, which they did without leaving their seats. The Colonel left for Chicago and the East at 5:30 o'clock this evening, less than two hours after the conclusion of the case.

When the afternoon session began the air was electrical with expectancy. Rumors were flying that the suit would be terminated. Attorney Van Benschoten for the plaintiff, however, resumed the reading of depositions. It was noted, however, that he ignored the testimony of some witnesses. The next move was sudden.

"The plaintiff rests," remarked Attorney James E. Pound, in a court which was held at 10 o'clock. He had called Mr. Newett's deposition, which was read by Horace Andrews, of Cleveland, was Mr. Newett's attorney, said.

"The defense will call Mr. Newett," said the judge. A reading of his deposition followed. A reading of his deposition followed. A reading of his deposition followed. A reading of his deposition followed. A reading of his deposition followed.

"It is fair to the plaintiff to state that I have been unable to find in any section of the country any individual witness who is willing to state that he has personally seen Mr. Roosevelt drink to excess."

"At this point the plaintiff smiled and relaxed. The Colonel broke into a grin again when Mr. Newett said with reference to the mass of testimony adduced by the plaintiff: "I am forced to the conclusion that I was mistaken."

The statement admitted that a search of the country had been made to investigate stories of persons alleged to have knowledge that Mr. Roosevelt was drunk. The search was every case the stories flattened out to mere opinions of hearsay. The libel was published in good faith Newett said, in the belief that it was true and that the defendant said he believed until the trial opened.

No demand for a retraction ever had been made by the editor and when the bill was filed against him, there was nothing left for him to do but make preparations to contest the suit. Forty depositions were taken in various parts of the country, to use, or attempt to use them, would be to continue an injustice which had already become apparent to him and to his attorneys.

Leaving the stand, Mr. Newett looked in the direction of Col. Roosevelt, but the latter was whispering to his counsel. Attorney Pound then said: "With the court's permission, the plaintiff would like to make a brief announcement."

The judge nodded and Mr. Roosevelt arose. He bowed to the court and the Colonel said he would waive the matter of damages, save for the nominal amount provided by law. Speaking over his purpose in instituting suit he said:

"I wished once for all during my life time to deal with those slanders so that never again will it be possible for any man in good faith to repeat them."

Here recess was taken. Judge Flannigan read his charge to the jury immediately after recess. Speaking of Col. Roosevelt as the plaintiff, Judge Flannigan said:

"Certainly he has convinced the court, not only that he never was drunk, but that he now and always has been a temperate and abstemious man."

At the same time the court held that Mr. Newett in publishing the editorial "was not actuated by actual ill will toward the plaintiff, and that he acted in good faith."

But, as the court held, the injury to the plaintiff had not been waived. Right to damages would have sustained a verdict in any sum up to the amount claimed in the plaintiff's declaration, \$10,000.

As soon as the foreman, William Matthews, a minor 31 years old, reported the verdict as directed by the court, the court adjourned and Col. Roosevelt stepped forward and took the hand of each juror.

"I thank you gentlemen, each one of you," said the Colonel. "It was splendid, just perfectly splendid." Mr. Matthews, a smooth shaven and youthful, said the jurors had been much impressed with the testimony of each witness. "After Mr. Roosevelt's testimony, I think we were impressed chiefly with that of Mr. Garfield and Mr. Riss," said Matthews.

The statement of Mr. Newett himself, but that he could not doubt that Col. Roosevelt was a temperate man after (Continued on Page Eight)

CURRENCY LEGISLATION URGED

President Wilson Declares Monetary Problem Should be Presented Before Congress During Present Session.

Washington, May 31.—Senator Tillman today made public a letter from President Wilson in which the President declared for currency legislation at the present session of Congress, in that portion of the letter referring to currency, the President wrote:

"This is the time to pass currency legislation and I think we are in a sense bound in loyalty to the country to pass it, so that any attempt to create artificial disturbances after the tariff shall have become law, may be offset by a free system of credit which will make it possible for men, big and little, to take care of themselves in business."

Influences at Work. Senator Tillman in a letter to the President had enclosed one from Representative Johnson of South Carolina, urging immediate currency reform. Representative Johnson took the position that "certain influences and men" were desirous of seeing the tariff revision followed by stagnation and hard times.

"We ought to have a banking system that will enable the government to prevent, or at any rate check in its incipency a monetary panic," Representative Johnson wrote.

Tillman's Statement. When Senator Tillman gave out the correspondence today he accompanied it with a prepared statement in which he began by declaring that the Republicans were fighting to retard tariff legislation, and to retard or prevent entirely currency reform.

In his judgment it is of vital importance to the future success of the Democratic party that we should have currency legislation as soon as possible," said he.

"We ought to force the fighting on the tariff and drive it through the Senate under whip and spur, just like it was driven through the House."

"We ought to begin promptly to inaugurate the currency and banking laws which will make it possible for men, big and little, to take care of themselves in business. We have too many multi-millionaires who are not just equal, and the people know it. They have commissioned the Democratic party to right these wrongs."

The Republicans' Game. Senator Tillman's statement added that the game of the Republicans was to retard or prevent tariff or currency reform, and that the Democrats had the hope of turning the Democrats out of power at the next elections and controlling the legislative situation during the remainder of President Wilson's term.

Representative Johnson also issued a statement urging immediate currency reform, declaring that if it were not passed at this Congress, it would be accomplished until the regular session of Congress in 1914.

DEATHS IN ROBESON.

Mrs. Charity Townsend, of Raynham, and Mrs. Cox, of Rowland. (By Long Distance Telephone.)

Charity Townsend died at 10 o'clock this afternoon at her home at Raynham, 12 miles from here. Mrs. Townsend's death was no surprise as she had been in feeble health for some time. She would have reached her 37th year on the 6th of June. She was the mother of Mrs. Sue Rowland and Mrs. M. C. M. Townsend, of Raynham. She has a large number of friends all over the county who will be pained to learn of her death.

Mrs. M. C. M. Townsend died suddenly at her home in that town at 7:30 o'clock this morning, aged 24 years. She was a niece of Mrs. Milton Lytch, of Rowland, and a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Lytch, of Rowland. Mr. Lytch is in very poor health and is said to be in a hospital in Wilmington for treatment.

GRADUATES IN PHARMACY.

Fred Yates Williamson, of Cerro Gordo, (Special Star Correspondence.)

Cerro Gordo, N. C., May 31.—Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Williamson returned yesterday from Richmond, Va., where they attended the commencement exercises at the University of Medicine, their son, Fred Yates Williamson, of Cerro Gordo, having been one of the graduates.

The exercises were held in the evening and it will be a pleasure to note that Mr. Williamson has completed the course there with honor to himself. He will remain at home until July 1, when he returns to Richmond, going before the assistant Virginia State Board, applying for assistant papers. He will perhaps practice his profession for two years before he will be qualified as a full boarder of North Carolina, afterwards locating in his home town.

SUPREME COURT TO DECIDE

Question of Shipping Immature Citrus Fruits Out of State. Washington, May 31.—The constitutionality of the Florida law of 1911 prohibiting the sale or shipment from the State of immature citrus fruits is to be passed upon by the Supreme Court of the United States. S. J. Slight, of Waycross, Ga., convicted of shipping immature oranges from Florida to Georgia, today docketed an appeal in the Supreme Court.

On account of June first coming on Sunday, the AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK'S SAVINGS DEPARTMENT has decided to keep the annual Christmas drawing open until June 4th, in order that those receiving salaries on Monday may deposit on that day, or the following day (which is Tuesday) if they do not have an opportunity to deposit before. You would be surprised to know the Business Men who have joined this club, something that Wilmington has never before offered in its history before. Deposits made in regular SAVINGS DEPARTMENT of the AMERICAN NATIONAL on or before June 2nd, will begin drawing interest from June 1st.

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JAPAN'S REJOINER IS EXPECTED SOON

No Suggestions Made as to Its Probable Contents

VARIOUS VIEWS OF PROBLEM

California Land Ownership Question—Indications Point to Judicial Test of Law at an Early Date

Washington, May 31.—Japan's rejoinder to Secretary Bryan's reply to the Japanese protest against the California alien land legislation will be submitted to the State Department early next week, according to present plans.

This was made known today without suggestion as to probable contents. Notwithstanding pressure from certain quarters at home, however, it is regarded as doubtful that the Japanese embassy has concluded to turn to the American naturalization laws as a solution of the present issue.

The successful treatment by the Canadian parliament of complaints from British Columbia of the competition of Japanese has attracted the attention of the negotiators on both sides in this country. As the underlying principle of the Canadian legislation in separation of the two races, it has been interest of permanent peace to be attained through absolute exclusion of all but the traveling and student classes it was suggested today that a similar remedy might be found to fit the present issue in America.

Indications point to a judicial test of the California land law as soon as possible after August 10th when it will go into operation.

LITCHFORD TO RICHMOND. Raleigh Losses Another Banker—Othello News of Interest. (Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., May 31.—Raleigh losses another leading banker to Richmond, when it is Henry B. Litchford, cashier of the Citizens' National Bank. He goes to the Old Dominion Trust Co. as vice president. Mr. Litchford has been with the Citizens' Bank 30 years and closely identified with the progress of Raleigh, has served as president of the Chamber of Commerce and in other avenues of public service. Herbert W. Jackson went from the cashiership of the Commercial Bank, Raleigh, to become president of the Virginia Trust Co., and Watkins Roberts went to the Citizens' Bank some months ago to take a position with the Virginia Trust Co.

Petitions were filed with the Corporation Commission today asking that the Southern Seaboard Air Line, the Norfolk Southern, and the Piedmont Traction Co. be required to join in the aviation act, and extend their station at Charlotte. It is signed by more than 2,500 citizens.

Charters are issued for the Eastern Development Co., of Raleigh, capital \$30,000 authorized and \$5,000 subscribed by J. P. Bunn and others for real estate development; the Rocky Mount Fair Co., capital \$25,000 authorized and \$3,000 subscribed by W. E. Fenner, J. C. Braswell and others, for holding annual fairs, and the John K. Patterson Co., Concord, capital \$50,000 authorized and \$10,000 subscribed by J. K. Patterson and others.

MR. J. B. BRADSHAW'S DEATH.

One of Rose Hill's Most Highly Esteemed Citizens Passes. (Special Star Correspondence.)

Rose Hill, N. C., May 31.—On May 29th, just before the morning, died the beautiful horizon Jacob B. Bradshaw, having driven up to his gate, was discovered by his daughter, Estelle, to be speechless and almost helpless at the same time. His brother and sister, their mother being away with her son at Hamlet, they realized their great responsibility, called the doctor of the town, but soon he had no rooming to be done. Just as the midnight hour was coming in, the Death Angel quietly came and bore him to his heavenly home. Mr. Bradshaw was a Confederate soldier and the writer has so much enjoyed having him tell of those brave, heroic deeds which he so bravely assisted in accomplishing. Mr. Bradshaw is survived by his wife and the following children: Mr. S. L. Bradshaw, Mrs. W. F. Sellers, Estelle, Rex, Hicks and Ray, of Rose Hill; Mr. L. B. Bradshaw, of Hamlet, and B. K. Bradshaw, of Newbern, N. C. He was quietly laid to rest in the family burying ground, known as the Peterson grave, at the funeral conducted by his pastor, Rev. J. M. Page.

UNIVERSITY COMMENCEMENT

Exercises of Notable Week Begin Today—Vice President Marshall To Deliver Address. (Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., May 31.—Tomorrow marks the beginning of the 37th annual commencement of the University of North Carolina. At 11 A. M. Rev. E. Y. Mullins, president of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary will deliver the annual dedicatory sermon, and in the evening at 8 P. M. Rev. Josiah Sibley will deliver the annual sermon before the Y. M. C. A. The two outstanding features of the general commencement programme will be the unveiling at 4 P. M. Monday of the recently erected soldier's monument, and the formal commencement address at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning by the Hon. Thomas R. Marshall, Vice President of the United States.

Baltimore, May 31.—Representative George K. Davis, Democrat, of the Third Maryland district, died of pneumonia at his home here this evening. He was 57 years old.

POSTAL SERVICE AFFAIRS

Postmaster General Burleson States That Service Was Not Self-Sustaining As Asserted by Hitchcock—Investigation

Washington, May 31.—Postmaster General Burleson today made public the report of a special investigation into fiscal affairs of the postal service, charging that during former Postmaster General Hitchcock's administration the service did not become self-sustaining as was often asserted, but that in 1911 there actually was a deficit of more than \$750,000.

False Economy Charged. The report charges that an apparent surplus was attained by unjustifiable methods, such as book-keeping and the efficiency and economy of the postal service were sacrificed to a "ruthlessly enforced policy of false economy," that a showing of self-maintenance might be made of the service.

Mr. Hitchcock during his administration and in his reports claimed that in the year 1909 a deficit of approximately \$17,500,000 had entirely been eliminated, and that in the fiscal year 1911, a surplus of more than \$200,000 was attained. The report of the "survey" made at the direction of Mr. Burleson says that at no time has there been a legitimate surplus in postal revenues since 1883, and that the postoffice department under Mr. Hitchcock's administration in 1911 actually operated at a deficit of more than \$750,000. In that connection the report says:

"It is pointed out by the committee that the published financial reports of the department states the revenues and the cost of the service are on a dis-similar, and therefore, incomparable, basis. Revenues of the postal service are almost entirely collected in cash, and consequently relate properly to the fiscal year for which the report is made. But the committee finds, it has been the practice to compare these with the actual revenues of the department during the fiscal year, regardless of obligations incurred in that year, but not to be paid until succeeding years."

Just before President Wilson took office, the report says, Mr. Hitchcock filled long standing vacancies, made postponed promotions, and assumed obligations to fixed contracts, all in terms of such a year as to saddle the new administration with the greatly increased expense, during months if not years, to come, before these one-time obligations were actually authorized in three days.

The fiscal statement of the Postal Service for 1912 purported to show a deficit of \$1,785,523, but the actual sum, the investigator says, was understated by nearly \$100,000.

Delay of promotions and filling vacancies that lapsed salaries might be a serious matter. Herbert W. Jackson, chief clerk of the department, made the "survey," and signed the report.

Employees transferred from other departments to the postal service, it is charged at salaries "in excess of the entrance grade," and many have been promoted to positions not filled by promotions "were unjustified."

Daniel C. Roper, Joseph Stewart, A. M. Dockett and M. B. Blanker, president of the four assistant postmaster generals, and Merritt O. Chance, chief clerk of the department, made the "survey," and signed the report.

DAVIE FOR ROADS. County Votes Bond Issue of \$175,000 for Improved Highways. (Special Star Telegram.)

Lexington, N. C., May 31.—Davie county carried a \$175,000 good roads bond issue today by over 600 majority. The bond issue was authorized by the county board in the morning. This county township in the county gave the bond issue a good majority. The campaign for good roads was led by Stewart J. M. Clement, Col. W. K. Clement and T. J. Byerly, president of the Davie county Good Roads Association. Hon. W. C. Hammer, of the particular in the county, is president of the North Carolina Good Roads Association, have been in the county speaking for the last week and of course, are very happy.

St. Louis, May 31.—The University of Missouri will the Missouri Valley Conference track meet this afternoon, scoring 1-2, while Ames, the nearest competitor, scored but 25.

OUTLINES

President Wilson has declared himself in favor of currency legislation at the present session of Congress. The Democratic leaders of the Senate in charge of the tariff legislation predict that the Senate will vote on the bill by August 1st.

Colonel Robert was awarded nominal damages in the sum of six cents against George A. Newett, a Michigan editor.

Japan's rejoinder to Secretary Bryan's reply to the Japanese protest against the California alien land legislation will be submitted to the State Department this week.

The Senate will make a searching investigation as the result of President Wilson's declaration that an "insidious lobby" is operating in an effort to influence tariff legislation at Washington. A report published yesterday by Postmaster General Burleson charges that the postal service was not self-sustaining during the administration of former Postmaster General Hitchcock as was often asserted by the latter.

Reports carried recently by certain of the Northern newspapers intended to mislead or otherwise influence public men or public opinion.

A statement whether he knows of any "lobby" or lobbyist maintained in Washington or elsewhere to influence any legislation now pending before Congress.

Any other information on the subject.

WILL MAKE RIGID PROBE OF LOBBY

President Wilson's Declaration the Basis of Investigation

STATEMENTS OF SENATORS

List of Questions Will be Submitted to Senators to Answer Under Oath—Tariff Legislation Is Emphasized

Washington, May 31.—The most searching investigation ever undertaken into the private affairs and business connections of the members of the United States Senate will be the outgrowth of the "lobby investigation" which is to open Monday morning before a sub-committee of the Senate Judiciary committee.

While President Wilson's recent declaration that a powerful lobby is at work to influence action on the tariff bill forms the basis for the investigation, questions prepared tonight by the committee to ask each member of the Senate as to any business interests he may have, or that has been affected by the tariff, currency or any other legislation.

Each Senator will be required to tell under oath whether he has any interest in any matter affected by any bill now before Congress, or that has been before the Senate during his term; and whether or not he has tried to influence any other Senator to vote for a measure, or in any other way.

Senator Overman, Reed, Walsh, Cummings and Nelson were selected early today by the Judiciary committee to conduct the investigation. This sub-committee has decided to summon all members of the Senate and require them to put under oath, and required to answer eleven formal questions and further questions that the members may ask.

The first two questions submitted are as follows: "Please state whether or not you are financially interested in the production, manufacture or sale of any article mentioned in the tariff bill or any other bill now pending in Congress or which has been considered during your term as Senator; if so, state the nature and extent of such interest and whether you ever sought to influence any other Senator as to the duties upon such articles?"

"Please state whether or not you are financially interested in the production, manufacture or sale of any article mentioned in the tariff bill or any other bill now pending in Congress; if so, state whether you ever sought to influence any other Senator as to the duties upon such articles."

The committee will then attempt by further questions to develop fully the particular interests of each Senator, and powerful lobby is working to secure special tariff concessions. The course to be followed in securing the information is to give as full information they may have in regard to a lobby," he said. "The committee wants to go into this matter as thoroughly as possible, and if there has been any lobbying done in Washington in behalf of any legislation, the committee wants to get the facts fully. We will not consider anonymous communications."

The committee will call Senators "in blocks of four," Senators Ashurst, Bacon, Bankhead and Borah appearing at 11 o'clock Monday; Senators Brady, Brandegee and Brewster at 12 o'clock and the balance of the Senate in relays of four each. Sitting until 10 o'clock each night with noon recesses the Senators hope at this rate to expedite the investigation. Each member of the Senate in addition to questions affecting personal interest in legislation intended to be introduced, will be asked to give the names of any persons who have approached him for the purpose of influence any legislation "especially the tariff bill."

A description of the interview he has had. A statement of whether any person directly or indirectly attempted in any manner improperly to influence him or his action upon any legislation pending in Congress, especially tariff legislation.

Any information as to the use of money "or of any other improper means or methods" to influence action on legislation.

Any knowledge of the use of money to support a lobby, with a definition of "lobby" and "lobbying."

Any knowledge of the use of money for advertising or literature intended to mislead or otherwise influence public men or public opinion.

A statement whether he knows of any "lobby" or lobbyist maintained in Washington or elsewhere to influence any legislation now pending before Congress.

Any other information on the subject.

CONFESSES TO TWO MURDERS

Negro Arrested in Maxton for Minor Offense Tells of Being Wanted in South Carolina and Florida

Maxton, N. C., May 31.—Arrested here today on the charge of larceny of merchandise from a Wadesboro store, a negro giving his name as Leo Davis, and his home as Cartersville, Ga., broke down and confessed to having killed George Blaine, a sea captain at Jacksonville, Fla. Davis says there is a reward of \$400 offered for his arrest in that State. Jacksonville authorities have been notified of the arrest.

Lumberton, N. C., May 31.—A passenger arriving here on the train from Maxton tonight reported the arrest in that town today by Chief Dunlop of a negro charged with murder in South Carolina, for whose arrest a reward of \$400 is offered. It seems that a pressing club in Maxton was robbed last night and the chief arrested the negro on suspicion and who, thinking that he was the man who had been committed in South Carolina, opened up and told the chief all about the killing. He also admitted having killed a man at Tampa, Fla. When arrested he had well have made a great confession. This is the report given your correspondent tonight in the presence of Chief Hedfern, of Lumberton.

Tampa, Fla., May 31.—The murder of a man at Jacksonville, Fla., was committed last Fall. Captain Blaine, a retired sea captain, watchman at the Tampa Steam Ways, was shot and killed by a man named T. Gary, who succeeded Captain Blaine, was killed very much in the same manner.

Italian Scientists Believe They Have Discovered Source of Disease (Special Star Telegram.)

New York, May 31.—While the world is thinking of sport, pleasure and war, two scientists of Italy have been quietly and tirelessly working to discover the source of the disease which will benefit not only their own country but many others, particularly the United States, according to cable dispatches received here.

More money, perhaps, has been spent in Italy for the protection and care of its victims than for any other disease, and the disease has been spreading in Italy, there are about 50,000 cases and usually the disease is fatal.

The disease is derived from a Latin and a Greek word (Pellis, skin, and agria, catching), attacks the parts exposed to the sun, and is easily spread by leads to insanity. So terrible has been the scourge that private funds have been subscribed outside the government appropriations for the care of the afflicted.

Professors Scala and Alessandrini, of the Institute of Hygiene in Rome, began to seek a remedy, and their work has been rewarded by the discovery that the disease came from water, drunk in the affected districts, which contains flint stones in colloidal solution. Thus the theory of the malarial nature of the disease and the peasants can eat their favorite food without fear.

The cure for the disease is to avoid the infected water, or clear it of the infection. This latter is easily done by putting into it a quantity of carbonated chalk. The authorities are about to proceed with a thorough examination of the waters of the infected districts, and thus one of the most beautiful districts of Italy will be rid of a plague.

Man Who Shot Dr. Meisenheimer—Freight Rate Settlement. (Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., May 31.—Governor Craig granted today a reprieve of 30 days from June 2nd, for Claude Blackwell, under sentence at Charlotte to serve two years in the State's prison for killing Dr. Fred Meisenheimer, the Supreme Court having just affirmed conviction and sentence. F. I. Osborne today to the effect that some of the reprieve in order that they may have time to file petition for pardon. They write the Governor that Blackwell should not have to serve a single day in the penitentiary, as he killed Meisenheimer under the greatest provocation when Meisenheimer had locked him in a room in Hotel Buford and was actually beating Blackwell at the time he was killed.

Chairman E. L. Travis, Commissioner W. T. Lee and Secretary A. J. Maxwell of the North Carolina Corporation Commission, have returned from Old Point Comfort, where they spent Thursday and Friday in further effort to reach a settlement with the freight rate managers of the North Carolina railroads as to freight rate reductions in inter-State rates to North Carolina points. They issued a statement today to the effect that some progress was made and that the Corporation Commissioners were impressed that there is a possibility of final agreement sufficient to justify continuance of the negotiations. Another conference will be held June 24.

THE MARYLAND BEACHED.

Ferryboat is Damaged in Severe Storm Near Beaufort. Beaufort, N. C., May 31.—With her forward bulkhead damaged by pounding in heavy seas during last night's storm the ferryboat Maryland was beached here today by the tug Columbia. She will need extensive repairs before going to sea again. The tug was towing the ferryboat from New York to Savannah.

German pianos are the favorites in Brazil. (Advertisement.)

SENATORS HARD AT WORK ON TARIFF

Expect to Vote on the Bill By the First of August

DEMOCRATS ADOPT SLOGAN

Various Schedules of the Underwood Tariff Bill Being Discussed—"Make the Republicans Work" Say Democrats.

Washington, May 31.—"Make the Republicans work" is the slogan adopted by the Democratic leaders of the Senate in charge of the tariff legislation, who today predicted that the Senate would vote on the bill by August 1st. Members of the Finance committee declared that the bill would be out of sub-committee on June 9th, that the full committee's report should be ready for the caucus by the following week, and that the revised measure would be reported to the Senate June 23rd.

Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, said that the Senate should vote on the bill in the latter part of July. "We will meet in the Senate every day at 10 o'clock in the morning and keep at work until 6 o'clock at night. That will prevent the opposition from delaying the bill by playing with it. We will tire the Republicans out of playing." Wool and Sugar.

It was made evident today that the fight among the Democrats on the wool and sugar schedule would be concluded in the caucus, and that this would leave Senators Ransdell and Thornton, of Louisiana, and Senator Walsh to oppose the bill.

More positive than they have been before were the administration leaders today that the bill would come from sub-committee and through party caucus with raw wool and sugar schedules in three years unscathed. Amendments to these schedules will, of course, be offered on the floor of the Senate, and the Democrats who remain avowedly against the bill and its reported will be expected to vote for them. Even then the leaders will assert the bill can be passed as President Wilson approves it, though it probably will require the vote of Vice President Marshall unless Senator Underwood, the only avowed progressive in the Senate, votes for the measure.

The Cotton Schedule. Increased duties that articles in the cotton schedule that articles in the cotton