

THE WEATHER

Increasing cloudiness Saturday, probably followed by local showers and cooler Saturday night or Sunday.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1913.

SOME TIMES
A Classified Advertisement will fall to bring any replies; these are the exceptions that prove the rule: where one fails, 99 will bring quick results.

VOL. XCII-NO. 66

WHOLE NUMBER 13,344

UNEXPECTED TURN IN LOBBY INQUIRY

COMMITTEE IS CRITICISED

Senator Townsend Gives Sensational Opinion Before Investigators.

Michigan Republican Declares That President Wilson and Democratic Caucus Have Made Near Approach to Lobbying.

Washington, June 6.—An unexpected turn was given the Senate's inquiry into the Japanese-American land ownership controversy today when Senator Townsend, of Michigan, Republican, declared on the stand that the influence wielded by President Wilson and by the Democratic secret caucus upon the making of the tariff bill constituted the "nearest approaching to undue influence upon members of Congress that the investigation committee would be able to find."

Senator Townsend criticised the committee for not having asked members of the Senate whether the President had sought to influence them, and declared that even though the President had not intended it, his recent denunciation of "lobbies" working in support of changes in the tariff would force certain Senators to vote against amendments they knew to be just.

Who are these Senators? demanded Senator Reed.

Senator Townsend's sensational declaration that the influence of President Wilson and the Democratic caucus upon the making of the tariff bill constituted the "nearest approaching to undue influence upon members of Congress that the investigation committee would be able to find" caused a sensation in the Senate.

THE JAPANESE CONTROVERSY

SENATORS DISCUSS TOO MUCH ACTIVITY CHARGED TRIBUTES PAID TO NEW AMBASSADOR

HONORARY DINNER TO GEORGE W. GUTHRIE—THE NEW DIPLOMAT

BRYAN AND CHINDA SPEAK

NEW AMERICAN AMBASSADOR TO JAPAN THE RECIPIENT OF GLOWING TRIBUTES EMANATING FROM DISTINGUISHED DIPLOMATS—Testimonial.

Pittsburgh, June 6.—The Japanese ambassador to America, Viscount Chinda, and the new American Ambassador to Japan, George W. Guthrie, of this city, shared the honors of a testimonial dinner tonight, arranged by "friends and neighbors" of the latter.

Secretary Bryan introduced the ambassadors to each other, was so delayed that he arrived almost as the festivities ended.

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MAY PUT RETALIATORY DUTY AGAINST CANADA ON PRINT PAPER

VIEW OF MANUFACTURERS

CANADA SAID TO CONTROL THE WOOD PULP SUPPLY—MEMBER OF PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION CONSULTED—NO DECISION REACHED.

Washington, June 6.—For several hours today the Senate Finance subcommittee, of which Senator Johnson, of Maine, is chairman, discussed the paper schedule of the Underwood bill, and it is reported that a right that amendment to put a retaliatory duty against Canada on print paper valued at not more than two and one-half cents a pound is being seriously considered.

Because the majority of this subcommittee was inclined to this view, they summoned from New York, John Norberg, chairman of the paper committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, who today reiterated opposition to the imposition of any countervailing duty.

No decision was made, but it was learned that the matter hangs in the balance with the leaning toward putting on the countervailing duty.

In the Underwood bill retaliatory duties are imposed on paper valued at more than two and one-half cents a pound. The import tax is fixed at ten cents a pound, and the countervailing duty is directed against Canada because of restriction on pulp and wood.

The subcommittees of the Senate Finance committee will report the bill to the majority committee Monday morning and probably by the last of the week will be ready to bring the measure before the full committee.

It can be stated with some degree of accuracy that the bill when it goes to the floor of the Senate, will contain a proposal for a tariff averaging a little lower than that reported by the House. Therefore, the branch of Congress, Senator Simmons, and his followers will see to it that the bill is rushed to a speedy passage.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

Outline of Work Done in House and Senate

Washington, June 6.—Senate: In session 2 P. M. Lobby Investigating committee continued hearings.

West Virginia Strike Investigating committee announced it would begin hearings at Charleston Tuesday at 2 P. M.

Senator Jones conducted a filibuster action on his resolution for two clerks for each Senator on June 28th to make its investigation and report.

Adjourned at 5:30 until 2 P. M. Tuesday.

House: Met at noon and adjourned at 5 P. M. until noon Tuesday.

Banking and currency committee appointed a subcommittee to consider open hearings on currency legislation.

Representative Palmer, of Democratic caucus, announced an investigation of patronage in House.

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SENATE FAILS TO RATIFY RENEWALS

PRINCIPLE OF COMPULSORY ARBITRATION BINDING NATIONS IS ENDANGERED

INTERPRETATION OF TREATIES

PANAMA CANAL TOLLS QUESTION ARISES—THE JAPANESE PROBLEM ALSO AN ISSUE—General Attitude of the Nation

Washington, June 6.—The principle of compulsory arbitration written into the code that has bound the United States with 24 nations of the world for the last five years, in serious danger, and unless there is a decided change in sentiment in the Senate the renewal of 23 of the treaties which gave concrete effect to this nation's belief in such a policy, may be impossible.

In executive session tonight the Senate again failed to ratify renewals of the arbitration agreements with Great Britain, Italy and Spain, which recently expired. These conventions provide that questions relating to the interpretation of treaties, excepting those that cannot be settled through diplomatic channels or independent international honor or independence shall be submitted to the Hague.

A similar treaty with France already has been renewed.

The main argument tonight arose over the contention that if the treaty with Great Britain is ratified the Panama canal tolls question would have to be submitted to the Hague, but during the discussion the Japanese question, and the general attitude of the nation toward compulsory arbitration was brought to the fore.

SCATHING ARRANGMENT

SERIOUS CHARGES PREFERRED AGAINST NEW YORK DETECTIVE

Washington, June 6.—Scathing arraignment of the Detective Bureau of the New York Police Department and charge that partnership exists between the police and criminals.

Deputy Commissioner Dougherty, in charge of the third section of the bureau, submitted to the Board of the report today.

A brisk fight over "Benjamin Levy," was expected.

Who had never been convicted of a crime, testified that at the request of the Detective Bureau, he had often induced criminals to commit burglary in order that they could be arrested.

Levy testified that in one case Deputy Commissioner Dougherty, in charge of the third section of the bureau, gave him \$25 with which to purchase burglary tools, and after he succeeded in the burglary, paid him \$75 for his services.

In conclusion the report says the bureau is hopelessly inefficient and should be re-organized along drastic lines.

THE BALKAN SITUATION

RESIGNATION OF BULGARIAN CABINET IS OFFICIALLY ACKNOWLEDGED

London, June 6.—The resignation of the Bulgarian cabinet is now officially acknowledged.

TRAVELERS OF CAROLINAS

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INTERPRETATION OF TREATIES

Washington, June 6.—The seventh annual convention of the United Commercial Travelers of North and South Carolina convened in Salisbury today.

In a stirring address, Senator Lee S. Overman, who came from Washington for the purpose, welcomed the 300 traveling men to Salisbury.

He was followed by W. M. Ruth, on behalf of the Salisbury Council, Mayor Walter H. Woodson, also extended a most cordial welcome on the part of the city.

Members of Executive Committee—E. W. Webb, of Salisbury, and C. E. H. Webb, of Charlotte, N. C.

ORGANIZED AT LUMBERTON

JUST FREIGHT RATE ASSOCIATION FORMED

Lumberton, N. C., June 6.—M. H. Berr, of Lumberton, N. C., president of the Just Freight Rate Association, here this afternoon.

Attention was directed to the recent enough Bryan which has progressed far enough to receive to receive favorable first notice from several countries.

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