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WILSON GOES TO SUMMER CAPITAL

Hopes for Favorable Culmination of Negotiations With Mexico.

RECEIVES ENCOURAGING NEWS

No Cause for Anxiety in Dispatches From Mexico City—President Will Keep in Touch With Situation.

Washington, Aug. 29.—President Wilson left Washington late today for the summer capital at Cornish, N. H., still hopeful of favorable culmination of the negotiations undertaken by this country to bring about peace in Mexico.

Although no affirmative action in either side had been reported up to the time of the President's departure, encouraging dispatches were received from Nelson O'Shaughnessy, in charge of the American embassy at Mexico City, bearing on all concerns. These were reached by the President a few hours before train time, and led him to determine upon a short rest over Labor Day.

Nothing in the advices from Mexico City gave the administration officials cause for particular anxiety, and it was the general conviction that the bill in the diplomatic exchanges would be beneficial to all concerned. The President, it is known, feels that good may come from an opportunity for the position of this government, as announced in his message of Wednesday, to "bring the negotiatory situation subsiding over the exchange of proposals and replies would be believed, lead to further negotiations with the officials of Mexico City and Mr. Lind, the personal representative of this government."

Mr. Lind, it was asserted tonight had been instructed from Washington to continue to act at his own discretion as to whether he should make a move in the negotiations, which the President emphatically stated in his message had not been closed, and could be resumed on the initiative of the United States or the Huerta.

They also considered a message sent by Mr. Lind to Washington yesterday afternoon. That these latest communications gave rise for hopeful expectations was freely admitted. Mr. Lind, it was reported, probably had the next move in the negotiations, which the President emphatically asserted in his message had not been closed, and could be resumed on the initiative of either side. The reply was expressed that the Garbosa reply to the second American note might actuate Mr. Lind to address a third note to the officials of the Huerta government. Acting at his own discretion, it was suggested that the American representative might forward a message to Mexico City from Vera Cruz before determining upon going to the Mexican capital in person for a renewal of direct negotiations.

Before deciding to go to Cornish, President Wilson discussed the situation at length with cabinet officers and arrangements were made whereby he could be notified at once of any developments. Should anything happen to require his presence in Washington before Tuesday, he planned to return at a moment's notice. Mr. Tumulty secretary to the President, remained in Washington tonight to be in direct touch with developments, planning to go to his New Jersey home tomorrow, upon the return of Secretary Bryan.

Hundreds of telegrams and letters received at the White House today from all parts of the country expressing approval of President Wilson's message on Mexico. These were not made public, but the President is known to have been highly gratified at the sympathetic reception his course had received.

Americans Leave Mexico.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Reports to the State Department today continued to tell of the exodus of Americans from Mexico. From many of the larger numbers gathering from adjacent states, and it was said hundreds were expected at Vera Cruz from the Southern Interior states to await embarkation. While many probably will go to New Orleans and Galveston it is expected that not a few will seek safety in Cuba, while some will go to Europe.

Situation Encouraging.

Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—"I am glad to say that the Mexican matter looks very encouraging at the present time. I believe it is going to grow brighter every day," declared Secretary of State William J. Bryan today at a lecture. "I anticipate no trouble, believing that good sense and judgment on the part of Mexico will eventually prevail."

When asked if it was true that President Huerta had requested John Lind, President Wilson's personal (Continued on Page Eight.)

NEW YORK STATE'S HANDS ARE TIED

In Fight to Secure Thaw's Return to Matteawan Asylum.

NO PROGRESS IN PROCEEDINGS

Fugitive Remains in Jail on Commitment Which Will Not Bring Him Into Court Until October.

Sherbrooke, Que., Aug. 29.—New York State made no step forward today in its fight to return Harry K. Thaw to Matteawan asylum. He remains in the Sherbrooke jail on a commitment which will not bring him into court until the King's bench convenes in October. William Travers Jerome, conferring with Canadian Council, has been unable to secure the throwing of the bolt that detains him.

"Gentleman Roger" Thompson, erstwhile Times Square chauffeur, lounged about the hotel corridors this afternoon, lunched and dined near Jerome, wrote letters to friends, walked the streets unmolested, and kept silence as regards the Thaw case. He was released on \$500 bail today on the double charge of having entered Canada "by stealth," and of having aided an undesirable, Thaw, to cross the border. He will be tried on these charges, barring further postponements, on Wednesday next.

Furnished with counsel by the Thaw family, provided with spending money presumably from the same source, Thompson flatly and repeatedly refused to tell what transpired on and after the Sunday morning on which he drove Thaw away from the asylum.

District Attorney Conger and Sheriff Hornbeck, of Dutchess county, returned home today. They had waited here since Wednesday last, hoping Thaw would be turned over to the immigration authorities and be deported to Vermont. Jerome and Franklin Leonard, representing the attorney general of New York, said tonight the plans are indefinite.

They conferred all afternoon trying to hit on means of getting Thaw out of jail, but without success. The belief grew here today that disposition of the case rested solely with high Dominion officials, and that through them only could any move be made. There was a great deal of talk about New York's representatives trying to induce Alexis Dupuis, the Coaticook justice who committed Thaw, to quash the commitment, but here it could be learned nothing came of it.

Thaw's lawyers, having succeeded in keeping him in jail and thus thwarting the attempt to move him for the other side to move. All indications presaged a long wait for Jerome, unless some higher up took a hand in the case.

In the parlor of his home at Coaticook, Justice of the Peace Dupuis frequently interrupted by Mrs. Dupuis, talked tonight of the attempts made to have him quash the Thaw commitment.

"I didn't think the commitment was regular when I signed it," said Dupuis. "But the sheriff who had Thaw was very anxious he should be held. They were so insistent that I allowed myself to be persuaded."

"On Wednesday some men who called themselves immigration authorities wanted me to go right to Sherbrooke, give Thaw a hearing and turn him loose. But I could not do that. I had a horse I wanted to sell that afternoon."

Mrs. Dupuis entered. She is taller than her husband.

"Let me tell you," said Mrs. Dupuis, "I'm for Thaw. I wouldn't hurt him for the world. My husband is not going to do anything hasty."

MCNEILL DENOUNCED JURY

Prominent Fayetteville Citizen Told What He Thought of Men Who Convicted Him—Fined \$100 and Cost.

(Special Star Telegram.) Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 29.—Capt. James D. McNeill, one time president of the National Firemen's Association, for 22 years president of the North Carolina State Firemen's Association, former State Senator from Cumberland county, and ex-mayor of Fayetteville, was fined \$100 and the costs of the criminal libel action brought against him as a result of reflections on State Senator Q. K. Nimocks, his political opponent, in Superior Court today.

Following the naming of the sentence by Judge Lyon, Captain McNeill arose and launched into a bitter denunciation of the jury which convicted him yesterday, ceasing only when Judge Lyon told him that he would not be allowed to criticize the jury.

Special Envoy John Lind and Wife. With Escort, in Mexico.



Mr. Lind now has instructions from Washington to continue to act at his own discretion as to whether he should make a move in the negotiations, which the President emphatically stated in his message had not been closed, and could be resumed on the initiative of the United States or the Huerta.

RENEW ATTACK ON TARIFF BILL

Republicans Fight Provision Permitting Disregard of Civil Service Laws in Administering Income Tax Laws.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Republican attack on the tariff bill in the Senate today centered on the provision that would permit civil service laws to be disregarded in employing inspectors. Deputy Collectors and agents to administer the new income tax laws. The Democratic majority was charged freely with trying to break down the civil service laws and open up new agencies of political favoritism.

Republican Senators of all factions united in their efforts to have civil service extended over the new employees, but on the closest vote of the day, they were defeated, 37 to 32 on an amendment offered by Senator Lodge. Senator Hoke Smith, who defended the bill for the Democrats, declared it was impossible under the present civil service examinations to select men qualified to administer the income tax law.

"A bright boy out of high school could pass the examination," he said, "but men of 40 or 45 equipped from business experience to do such work probably would fail."

A letter from the chairman of the civil service commission was read by Senator Sterling, saying the commission could readily fill the new positions.

Another outburst of Democratic "insurgency" came today when Senator Hitchcock, Democrat, denounced the methods of the party caucus that framed the tariff bill. He declared the "binding rule of the caucus had made a farce of the debates" in the Senate.

Senator Hitchcock introduced an amendment which the caucus had rejected for a penalty tax on trusts. It was defeated 41 to 30.

Both members of the Finance committee began sessions today to readjust the income tax, to meet the demands of insurgent Democrats who have asked for an increase in the "additional tax" on large incomes. Other contested subjects also will be disposed of.

It is expected that a Democratic Senate caucus will be held early next week to settle all questions in the tariff bill.

Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance committee, reiterated today his belief that the measure will be passed before the end of next week.

Senator Norris, of Nebraska, gave notice at the end of today's session that he would offer an amendment later proposing an insurance tax as part of the bill.

WOMAN'S HORRIBLE DEATH

Mrs. Betsy Ann Keith of Creedmoor Killed in Elevator at Durham—Skull Crushed Between Car and Floor.

(Special Star Telegram.) Durham, N. C., Aug. 29.—Mrs. Betsy Ann Keith was crushed to death in the Durham Loan and Trust Building today by a descending elevator in the presence of her daughter, Miss Meta Keith, and others.

Mrs. Keith had accompanied her daughter to the fourth floor of the Trust Building to Dr. Joe Graham's office where the young lady was undergoing treatment and on the way down the elevator stopped at the third floor to take up a passenger, Mr. W. B. Kuker. Just as the car started downward Mrs. Keith attempted to step off, probably thinking she had reached the ground floor.

The elevator boy, Cheatham Stone, caught hold of the lady and tried to pull her back with one hand while he attempted to stop the car with the other. The lady's weight, however, was too much for the boy, and her head was caught between the floor of the building and the descending elevator.

A Sickening Tragedy. The head was mashed into a pulp, the neck broken and brains and blood scattered over the floor and elevator. The daughter, Miss Meta, who witnessed her mother's hideous death, was prostrated by the sickening spectacle and had to be carried to a doctor's office for attention. Dr. Graham was summoned as soon as the accident occurred, but Mrs. Keith was already dead, death having been instantaneous.

Dr. A. G. Jordan, coroner, was summoned and the coroner's jury attributed the death to accident and no one was blamed. The elevator boy was not found at fault. Mrs. Keith was the wife of Mr. Jerry Keith, a prominent farmer of Wake county, and was about 60 years old. The remains were turned over to an undertaker and were later sent to her home near Creedmoor.

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE

Gov. Hooper Issues Call for Extraordinary Session.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 29.—Governor B. W. Hooper today issued a call for an extraordinary session of the Tennessee Legislature, to convene September 8th. He recommended the enactment of nearly 150 measures, including several appropriation bills not disposed of at the last regular session, six bills to enforce prohibition, an anti-pass bill, and many local bills.

OUTLINES

Viscount Haldane, the first Lord High Chancellor to leave Great Britain in 400 years, arrived at New York yesterday en route to Montreal, where he will address the American Bar Association on Monday. His visit to America has been severely criticized by many London baristers.

COMMISSIONER MAKES GOOD

Col. W. H. Osborne Has Put Revenue Bureau on Business Basis—Saves Million and Half Dollars—Appointments.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Washington, D. C., Aug. 29.—After having served as Commissioner of Internal Revenue for 120 days, given the "glad hand" to an average of 75 people a day, or an equivalent to 12,000 men, among them being people from all parts of the United States, and the Hawaiian and Philippine Islands, Commissioner Osborne left tonight for Greensboro where he will spend a week in resting up and tramping over his farm land.

Commissioner Makes Good. It will be interesting to people of Greensboro, Oxford and Durham, in particular, and the State as a whole, to know that "Bill" Osborne has already made good as Commissioner of Internal Revenue. In conversation with some of his New York friends a few days ago, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and his assistant, John Skelton Williams, said that "Bill" Osborne has put the Internal Revenue Bureau on a business basis for the first time in memory of man.

Saves Million and Half. In addition to weeding out the "drones" and putting active men in their places, Commissioner Osborne has not been unmindful of the government's interest in the way of collecting revenues. The colonel handed down a decision some time ago in the Union Soakage case whereby he saved the government at a single stroke of the pen a little over a million and a half dollars.

Former commissioners have allowed the soakage concerns to buy up barrels that have been used for whiskey, put them through a steaming process, extract from one to two gallons of whiskey from them and refuse to pay the government the tax. Commissioner Osborne ruled that this whiskey should be taxed, and he taxed it. As a result, Uncle Sam has a million and a half more dollars in the treasury this year than last.

Fourth-Class Postmasters. The following fourth-class postmasters have been appointed: Eberhan Stansel at Allenton, Robeson county; J. T. Delbridge at Elams; Warren county; Daniel R. Edwards at Exum, Brunswick county; Wm. A. Perry at Olla, Currituck county; and Julia M. Robinson, at Powellton, Richmond county.

George A. Bellamy and wife of Wilmington; John L. Patterson, of Rockville, and Mrs. P. B. Wright, of Salisbury, are here.

Mrs. Hannibal L. Godwin and two charming daughters, Misses Ruby and Mattie Bell Godwin, are visiting Representative Godwin.

The Southern Furniture Manufacturing Company, of High Point, today withdrew its complaint with the Interstate Commerce Commission asking for a reduction of furniture rates to Eastern territory. The complaint was withdrawn because the Southern Railway and connecting lines have asked to put into effect rates on furniture lower than those originally asked for by the High-Point Furniture Company.

That Glenn Job. "I cannot say positively" what job Mr. Glenn has been offered," said a high official of the Federal Government tonight. "I do know, however, that the former job I have been told that the place offered Mr. Glenn is on the Philippine Commission. There is no doubt, however, that he will land a good berth."

It is not at all improbable that the Philippine Commission is what has been offered the former North Carolina Governor. A Philippine Commission pays a salary of \$11,000 a year, and with commissions and allowances for rent, etc. It is said the job runs up to nearly \$16,000 a year. Such a place, Mr. Glenn's friends say, would suit him very well. P. R. A.

M'DERMOTT DENIES MULHALL CHARGES

Characterizes Allegations of Ex-Lobbyist as "Dreams, Just Dreams."

ADMITS BORROWING MONEY

Illinois Representative Denies Ever Having Attempted to Influence Congressional Action on "Loan Shark" Bill.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Representative J. T. McDermott, of Illinois, testifying before the House lobby committee today, put in a categorical denial of the charges against him by M. M. Mulhall, former lobbyist for the National Association of Manufacturers, and I. H. McMichael, former chief page of the House.

The charge that he had received \$2,000 from a brewers' association in his 1910 campaign he characterized as "Dreams, just dreams."

He admitted having borrowed large sums of money from George D. Horning, a local pawn broker, "as a friend."

Mulhall and McMichael testified that McDermott boasted of having received \$7,500 from local pawn brokers to work against the Federal "loan shark" law. McDermott declared that at times he had owed Horning as much as \$10,000.

McDermott denied ever having attempted to influence Congressional action on the "loan shark" bill. He also denied having planned with Mulhall and McMichael to have the Mulhall charges published. He denied Mulhall's charge that he had forged a \$250 check of Harold P. McCormick's, and gave his version of the circumstances.

Representative McDermott's examination before the House committee was interrupted to allow James Emery, counsel for the National Association of Manufacturers, to testify that he had heard McDermott mention McDermott's name in a casual way with other members of the House. Emery said he never knew McDermott until after the publication of the Mulhall charges.

In concluding his direct testimony, McDermott swore that a loan of \$500 from Hugh F. Harvey, of the Retail Liquor Dealers' Association, was purely a personal loan, and had no connection with the Jones-Weeks Liquor bill, then in Congress.

He denied that he had ever allowed Mulhall to use his official frank; that he had tried to intimidate I. H. McMichael and change his testimony on the hearing; that he had given Mulhall information as to what was going on in the House; that he had been secured or borrowed a dollar from Mulhall, and that he ever knew that Mulhall had a key to his room at the capitol.

The committee began the cross-examination of McDermott, which will continue tomorrow.

STATE GETS \$76,000

Apportionment of Appropriations for Various Militia Organizations.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Announcement was made today by the War Department of amounts allotted to the various State militia organizations under two appropriations of \$2,000,000 each, one for promotion of rifle practice and arms, equipments and camp purposes, the other for supplies and ammunition. The money was apportioned according to enlisted men, New York leading the list with 14,900 men. Among the allotments are:

New York \$375,000; Virginia \$79,000; North Carolina \$76,000; South Carolina \$67,000; Tennessee \$67,000.

PRASE FOR PEACE MOVEMENT

Carnegie Unveils Bust of Late Sir William Randal Cremer in Hall of New Peace Palace—Demonstration.

The Hague, Aug. 29.—The ceremony of the unveiling today by Andrew Carnegie of a bust of the late Sir William Randal Cremer in the Hall of Justice of the new Peace Palace, was the occasion for a great demonstration in favor of the peace movement. Sir William Randal Cremer was the originator of the inter-parliamentary conferences, a winner of the Nobel Peace prize and for 37 years secretary of the International Arbitration League.

VISCOUNT HALDANE REACHES AMERICA

British Chancellor Breaks a Long-Established Precedent.

TO ADDRESS BAR ASSOCIATION

English Statesman Freely Discusses Questions of the Day With Newspaper Men—Praises American Development.

New York, Aug. 29.—Viscount Haldane, the first Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain to leave his country since Cardinal Wolsey went to France 400 years ago, arrived here today on the steamship Lusitania for a flying visit of five days in this country and Canada.

The Lord High Chancellor, whose position in England, corresponds to that of Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, is here as a guest of the American Bar Association before which he will deliver an address at its annual meeting in Montreal next Monday. Tonight he was entertained at a dinner given in the hall of the association by some 200 members of St. Paul. His itinerary includes visits to West Point and Albany.

Previously warned that he might expect to be interviewed by American newspaper men on his arrival in New York, the chancellor greeted a delegation of them who boarded the Lusitania and submitted to another interview when he reached his hotel.

Lord Haldane freely discussed many questions of the day, declared that he was in favor of woman suffrage, prophesied that a millennium of peace was far off, said the relations between Germany and England were never more cordial, praised the intellectual growth of the United States and predicted that home rule for Ireland would soon be an accomplished fact.

Lord Haldane chuckled when the question of woman suffrage was brought up.

"Yes, I am a suffragette," he said, "but I do not approve of the militant suffragettes. You are fortunate to have no militant suffragettes in this country, and I sincerely hope the militant idea will not gain a foothold here."

The fact that the Lord Chancellor visited the German Emperor at the height of the ill-feeling between the United States and England over the armament question, was made the basis for a question as to his opinion of the present relations between Germany and England.

"Our relations are constantly growing better," he said, "especially since the adjustment of the Balkan situation. In fact, there is much better feeling displayed between the two great groups of European powers as the result of the Balkan situation in which they have worked together. The result augurs a much better feeling in the future."

"Speaking of home rule for Ireland, he said:

"Home rule was never nearer adoption than it is today, and I believe it will soon be an accomplished fact." The Chancellor refused to discuss the Mexican situation except to say that he was "confident that the United States would deal with the question in the broad way in which it had treated other great problems."

He said that he had made a close study of the constitution of the United States, the decisions of Chief Justice Marshall and of American court procedure, but had been greatly enlightened on the subjects by Supreme Court Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, a fellow passenger during his voyage.

"I think English law," he said, "has fewer technicalities than the American law. We have more opportunities for appeal than we do in England. We are very sparing in this particular. This is especially true of criminal procedure."

Lord Haldane was accompanied by his sister, Miss Elizabeth Haldane, and Sir Kenneth Muir, MacKenzie, clerk of the crown.

The party was met at the pier by a reception committee of the American Bar Association, which included Francis Rawle, of Philadelphia, chairman; Jacob M. Dickinson, former Secretary of War; Judge Alton B. Parker, Francis Lynde Stetson and C. A. Severance. They escorted the chancellor on a sight-seeing tour of the city.

CAMINETTI TRIAL

Much Progress in Case Yesterday. No Session of Court Today.

San Francisco, Aug. 29.—The trial of F. Drew Caminetti rolled swiftly forward today. The witnesses and the evidence of the government were with few exceptions identically the same as in the case of Maury I. Dugas, convicted of violating the Mann White Slave law.

Marsha Warrington had the stand for the greater part of the day. Her testimony went to show that Caminetti was guilty of assisting in transporting her and Lola Norris from Sacramento.

The effort of the defense was to prove that Caminetti had played a passive part.

When a brief re-direct examination shall have been finished, Tuesday Miss Warrington's ordeal will be over. Lola Norris will follow her on the stand. There will be no session of court tomorrow.

Mr. Carnegie, who, he said, had provided Cremer with means which enabled him to accomplish so much in behalf of the peace movement.

Earlier in the day Sir Alan Johnston, British minister to the Netherlands, unveiled a bust of King Edward VII. He paid an eloquent tribute to the late British monarch for his work in behalf of the maintenance of peace abroad and for the submission to arbitration of disputes between capital and labor.