

THE WEATHER.

Fair Friday, warmer in extreme west; Saturday increasing cloudiness.

THE MORNING STAR

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WHOLE NUMBER 18,439.

LEGISLATURE HEARS GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE

Chief Executive Urges Acceptance of the Offer of the Carriers.

LEGISLATION TO BE LIMITED

House Calls for Names of Members Who Vote Passes—Senate Takes Up Constitutional Amendments—Local Bills.

(Special Star Telegram.) Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 25.—Governor Craig's special message recommending the acceptance of the offer of the carriers as a settlement of the freight rate controversy; a resolution by Clark of Pitt, to request the Corporation Commission to furnish the names of legislators riding on railroad passes; two proposed amendments to the Constitution and a score of local bills, were the principal features in the House during an hour's session today.

The Clark resolution produced the first skirmish of the session, several members declaring that it was nothing but an effort to discredit attorneys employed as counsel by railroads and not calculated to do any good. The resolution was passed 81 to 20.

Craig Reiterates Position. The chief executive of the State reiterated his position that the pending amended proposal from the railroad companies for settlement of railroad rate differences be accepted as settlement for two years as to the rates involved, the State and shippers to have the right to proceed for relief as to any other rates at will. He declared that the acceptance of the proposal will be effective at once and save the people of the State a vast amount of money and enable the cities and towns of North Carolina to compete with the cities and towns of other States.

Limit Bills to Rates and Amendments. Both Houses adopted a rule that no bills be considered at this session that do not pertain to railroad rates or constitutional amendments, except those that may be occasioned by emergencies or contingencies since the last session, and all such must be introduced not later than October 1st.

In the Senate, Senator Bryant, of Lincoln, introduced a resolution giving all the proposed amendments to the Constitution as prepared by the Commission on constitutional amendments, together with the machinery for the people to vote on ratification.

Governor Craig's Message. Governor Craig's message to the General Assembly was as follows: "To the Honorable, the General Assembly of North Carolina: I transmit to you herewith the report of the Corporation Commission of negotiations for the adjustment of the interstate freight rates made August 14, 1913, with an amendment made on September 19th, 1913.

"If the proposals for the reduction of transportation charges contained in that report are accepted, the freight rates are to go into effect without delay, and the acceptance by the State of the proposals therein contained will be a settlement of all pending disputes between the carriers of North Carolina and the railroads in respect to rates on interstate traffic therein adjusted, for a period of at least two years from the time of such acceptance.

"I refer this report with the proposals to the representatives of the people that they may determine what shall be done.

"The carriers make definite proposals in substance, as follows: "Proposals in Detail. "1. From northern and eastern territory all rail rates on freight shall in no sense exceed combinations of local rates. This is not a concession, but an agreement to comply with the law which ought to have been given when it would obtain this benefit without resort to the courts.

"2. From the Buffalo-Pittsburg territory, substantial reductions in all important rates on commodities. "3. From western territory, reductions to the zones of the State specifically set out in the report. This includes territory west of the line east of the Buffalo-Pittsburg zone, north of the Ohio river, and west of the Mississippi river.

"4. From all furniture points in the State to the far West, rates on furniture equal to the rates now in force from the Virginia cities and to the territory east of the Rocky Mountains, a reduction of \$12 per car on mixed furniture.

"5. Commodity rates on inbound freight to the city of Asheville and the territory set out on pages 25 and 26 of the report of the Corporation Commission, and on pages 10 and 11 of the amendment. "In addition to the above unconditional proposals, the carriers agree to further reduce rates from northern and eastern territory, and from the Buffalo-Pittsburg zone on condition that they secure the consent of their northern and eastern connections.

"Has Studied Question Earnestly. "I have devoted to this question most earnest thought. I have had the assistance and co-operation of experts in freight rates, and have taken counsel with the Legislative Freight Rate Commission, and with officers and members of the Just Freight Rate Association, with the Corporation Commission and with the Council of State. It is my duty, under the Constitution, to express to you my views and conclusions. In the discharge of this duty, I recommend that the proposal above set out be accepted.

"In the original proposition there were some conditions that made acceptance impossible. Those conditions have been eliminated and the proposition has been amended to the decided advantage of the State.

WOULD HONOR REQUISITION

Attorney General Advises Governor to Extradite Thaw, But Felker is Lawyer Himself—Question of Indictment.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 25.—That Attorney General James P. Tuttle has advised Governor Felker to honor the request of the State of New York for the extradition of Harry K. Thaw was learned on apparently good authority today.

The attorney general is said to take the attitude that the New York papers are in proper form and that it is unnecessary for the Governor to go below their surface, but to inquire into the facts of the case on which they are based.

But Governor Felker, who is himself a lawyer, is understood to attach importance to obtaining further information on the reported indictment of Thaw by the Dutchess county (N. Y.) grand jury for conspiracy. No indictment has been made public, but William Travers Jerome said in arguing on New York's petition for extradition that an indictment had been found, but kept secret at his request. It is said that unless the Governor learns more definitely just what attitude has been taken by the Dutchess grand jury, he probably will defer his decision.

It is believed here that the Governor will grant the request made by Thaw's counsel today that they be allowed until October 6th, to file additional briefs in the extradition matter. For two hours today Thaw strolled about downtown streets and suburbs with a police officer.

Division of Opinion. Concord, N. H., Sept. 25.—A division of opinion is said to exist among Governor Felker's advisers as to whether he should honor the request of the State of New York for the extradition of Harry K. Thaw. Some of them take the attitude that the New York papers are in proper legal form and that it is unnecessary for the Governor to go below their surface in an inquiry into the facts of the case, upon which they are based. Others believe the State House take an opposite view.

GUILFORD'S SEVENTH MURDER.

J. H. Taylor, Greensboro Merchant, Killed in His Store. (Special Star Telegram.) Greensboro, N. C., Sept. 25.—J. H. Taylor, a groceryman who was shot in his store on West Lee street, was found dead in a pool of his blood on floor early this morning. The rear door had been broken open by burglars, which probably aroused the merchant.

There was evidence of a sharp encounter but nothing was missing from the store. There is no clue upon which the officers can work, but it is believed the crime was committed by a band of store robbers who have been operating in the city.

Taylor's groceryman was shot with his own pistol, as this is missing. This is the seventh murder that has been committed in Guilford county this year and is the climax of a series of lawlessness. Taylor was survived by a wife and five children.

The theory of the police is that Taylor, whose store was broken into several weeks ago, was shot in the store by burglars, surprised one or more in his store, and that they wrested his gun from him. He was shot twice, in the breast and in the back, and was lying dead in his night clothes, and all the lights in the store were burning.

Chester, S. C., Sept. 25.—John Frazer, Jr., and Bissell Bigham, both young men, were arrested here today on warrants charging complicity in the Fair Shoals robbery three weeks ago. The men were held up by the Construction Company were held up and robbed of \$16,000. They were vigorously denied the charge. They were taken to Winnsboro and jailed.

A Rare Tribute To The President

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 25.—Notwithstanding the fact that only a few scattering Democrats are sitting in the joint convention of the Virginia and North Carolina Postmasters' Association which convened here in annual session today, the postmasters applauded with great enthusiasm a notable tribute paid to President Woodrow Wilson by C. F. McKesson, Republican postmaster at Morganton, N. C. McKesson said while he was not swerving in the least in his loyalty to the Republican party he wished to say there is now occupying the Presidential chair at Washington the greatest chief of the Nation has ever had since the days of Thomas Jefferson.

The joint convention opened at 10 A. M. today with about 150 Virginia and North Carolina postmasters of the first, second and third class in attendance.

MORAL SUASION HAS SUCCEEDED

President's Mexican Policy Has Accomplished Cardinal Purposes.

WILL NOW WATCH ELECTIONS

President Wilson Believes He Has Achieved Guarantee of Fair Elections in Mexico and the Elimination of Huerta.

Washington, Sept. 25.—President Wilson today took the position that the policy of moral suasion adopted by the United States toward Mexico had accomplished its two cardinal purposes—to obtain assurances that there would be a constitutional election, and that Provisional President Huerta would not be a candidate to succeed himself.

It was said that Provisional President Huerta would support Federico Gamboa, nominee of the Catholic party, encouraged President Wilson and Secretary Bryan to believe the Huerta government was carrying out what the United States had emphasized as the essential features of a satisfactory settlement of the revolutionary troubles.

The President realizes it will not be immediately possible to judge whether the election is actually constitutional and will withhold decision as to whether the choice of that election will be recognized by the United States.

Doubt as to the value of the coming election as expressing the will of the Mexican people was cast by constitutionalists at headquarters here today in the issuance of a statement saying its supporters, extending over many Mexican States, would not go to the polls.

Many persons familiar with the purposes of the administration here predicted that the next step in the policy of the United States would be an effort to show indirectly to the constitutionalists the necessity of participating. It was pointed out by officials today that Mexican law would hold the approaching election constitutional if a majority of the precincts were shown to have been in legal operations. Consuls throughout the republic will report to the State Department their opinion of the fairness of the election and if the election is recognized, the policy of neutrality between the factions would be declared ended and the United States by exportation of arms would give moral support to the new government.

President Wilson, discussing the situation with callers, spoke of the practical difficulties of a constitutional election in Mexico at present, but regarded with satisfaction the seemingly determined effort of the authorities in Mexico City to comply with the suggestions of the United States. Administration officials let it be known that the United States was not concerned with the personnel of the candidates beyond its opposition to General Huerta's continuation in power.

Gambou's Candidacy. Gambou's candidacy, nevertheless, caused much discussion in official circles and was pointed out by administration officials that the Catholic party always has been the minority party in Mexico because most Mexicans have opposed the idea of a political party as leading to a reunion of Church and State. With keen interest officials of Washington are waiting to see whether the liberals will name Manuel Cestero, former ambassador to the United States under the Madero regime, is regarded here as a likely choice. A feeling of relief that the situation was adjusting itself was apparent here today. From high administration officials came the statement that no change in orders had been sent to Mexico. President Wilson still is urging those in troubled zones to depart, offering them pecuniary assistance.

A. & M. HAS 604 STUDENTS.

More Than 300 New Men This Year—Class to International Stock Show. (Special Star Correspondence.) West Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 25.—The total number of students enrolled at A. & M. on September 22nd, was 604. This is 50 more than last year, and the enrollment ought, if the same additions are made that were made last year, reach 600. The freshman class numbers 239, and the short-course men 98, making a total of 337 new men who have entered college this year. The enrollment by departments is as follows: Agricultural 243; Civil Engineering 96; Mechanical Engineering 86; Electrical Engineering 116; Chemistry 16; and Textile Manufacturing 37.

At a meeting of the joint committee in charge of experiment work of the State, Mr. W. R. Camp was selected to teach Agricultural Economics in the college, and also to take charge of the station of the Department of Marketing. Mr. Camp is an A. B. graduate of Leland Stanford University, and was later a graduate student and teaching fellow at the University of Missouri. Prof. J. C. McNutt is making arrangements to take another party of Animal Husbandry students to attend the International Live Stock Show in Chicago early in December. These trips have been conducted for several years by Prof. McNutt. Last year only members of the senior class were allowed to go, but it is hoped that some of the junior class will be allowed to go this year. Those who have made the trip before have been well pleased with its value.

STORMY SCENES AROUND NASHVILLE

Rioting Feared in Tennessee Legislature Over Law Enforcement Bills.

GOVERNOR HOOPER'S MESSAGE

Charges Desperate Conspiracy of Part of Liqueur Interests—Speakers Cleared from Capitol. Filibuster in Progress.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 25.—As a precaution against possible rioting over so-called law enforcement bills, the Tennessee House of Representatives this afternoon cleared the capitol of all spectators, including members of the Senate, which was not in session.

It did not require formal action as spectators left after being addressed briefly by Representative McFarland who suggested that their presence probably would seriously interfere with the business of the House. Before leaving some of the visitors asked for assurance that detectives and others, thought to be armed, likewise would leave. A squad of policemen in the corridors also departed.

The faction opposing the passage of the law enforcement bills which are designed to make more effective the present prohibition laws, today continued a filibuster against the measures. Late today a petition signed by a majority of the House, it is claimed, urging Speaker Stanton to allow the bills to come to a vote, was ordered spread upon the journal.

The House voted down a resolution providing that John Yeaman, a deputy game warden, be cited before the House for contempt. It is alleged Yeaman displayed a revolver in the uproar in the House yesterday, when several speakers charged that gunmen were present.

The House will meet again tomorrow for consideration of bills. Hooper has been charged that opponents of the measures are taking steps to prevent a roll-call during the present extra session of the Legislature which officially ends Saturday. Pay for members of the Legislature ceases after that day.

In a message to the House presented Monday, Governor Hooper urged the passage of the bills and made the following charge against its opponents: "Beyond all question there is a desperate conspiracy on the part of liquor interests, and their subservient tools, to throttle the majority and defeat the will of the people by force and fraud."

Safety Devices For All Trains

(Special Star Telegram.) Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.—J. E. Latham and Thomas S. Beall, of Greensboro, representing the Wright Automatic Safety Appliance, appeared before the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, and told in detail of the merits of their newly patented device.

The meeting today at which several inventors, including the Greensboro men, were present, is the beginning of a campaign to compel railroads to adopt safety appliances which will reduce train accidents to a minimum. The Wright automatic appliances, it is claimed, will stop a train the minute anything goes wrong with a car upon which the device is used.

In connection with the hearing it became known that Commissioner McChord, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, who has been investigating railroad accidents, is drafting a bill to place with the commission the necessary power to require safety appliances on trains. The Wright patent it is said, was favorably commented upon by members of the committee.

Orvid C. Foote, of North Carolina, has been nominated for assistant surgeon in the medical reserve corps of the navy. H. D. Latta, of Winston-Salem; J. D. Murphy and wife, of Asheville, and R. Y. McPherson and wife, of Raleigh, are here.

OUTLINES

Senator John D. Works in a speech in San Diego, Cal., yesterday severely criticized the attitude of the United States toward Mexico, declaring for intervention in the revolution. Conferees on the tariff bill still had not reached an agreement on all the schedules last night; the income tax limit was agreed on at \$3,000 for single men and \$4,000 for men with families.

Former President Taft spent yesterday at Washington as a member of the Lincoln Memorial Association, and incidentally to get Secretary McAdoo to construct New Haven's new post-office of marble. New Hampshire's attorney general is expected to have advised Gov. Felker to grant New York's requisition for Thaw, though the Governor, a lawyer himself, wants to hear further from the Dutchess county grand jury.

New York markets: Money on call easier 2 3/4 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate 2 3/4; closing bid 2 3/4 to 3 per cent.; time loans easier; four bars steady; wheat easy, No. 2 red 94 1/2; No. 1 Northern 94 1/4; corn weak, export 79 1/2 nominal; turpentine steady; rosin quiet; spot cotton steady, middling upland 13 7/8; gulf 14.

Says Sixteen Men Control Big Railroad Systems.



George F. Baker, Director of Fifteen Railroads. New York, Sept. 25.—The recent statement by Dr. Frank J. Warne, statistical expert retained by the trainmen, while testifying before the Board of Arbitration that is attempting to bring about a peaceful settlement of the conductors and trainmen of the 52 Eastern railroads and the managers, to the effect that 16 men hold nine large railway systems and all of their subsidiary companies in uniformity of action and serve as a means of communicating policies among them, is not being denied very forcibly in one financial district. According to Dr. Warne, there are 20 men serving as 171 directors among the different systems. The leader in this respect is George F. Baker, who holds a chair on 15 different directorate boards.

CURRENCY HEARINGS DRAG ON TARIFF CONFEREES TIED UP

Chicago Banker and Yale Professor Before Committee at Washington Yesterday—An Indefinite Session.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Edward D. Huebert, of Chicago, a banker, and Prof. Irving Fisher, of Yale University, expert on the theory of currency, today endorsed principles of the administration currency bill before the Senate Committee. Amendments designed to alter the proposed methods for carrying out the purposes of the measure were recommended by both.

The desire of the committee to examine Mr. Huebert further brought out the fact that hearings on the bill will be continued indefinitely. Mr. Huebert said he was willing to return to Washington later and asked how long the hearings would continue. "The chairman of the committee can't say," answered Senator Owen. "Oh, about two months," suggested Senator Hitchcock, who has indicated that he will oppose the bill.

A hearing schedule later was fixed for two sessions daily in the future. Mr. Huebert told the committee State banks and trust companies must be brought into the new system if it is to be a success. He suggested amendments designed to make the new plan attractive to State institutions.

Mr. Huebert and Prof. Fisher criticized the provision fixing the 23 1/3 per cent gold reserve to be held against the proposed new currency. They recommended that the reserve requirement be increased.

Further criticism of the bill from the viewpoint of the business interests of the Middle West was presented by Fendall G. Winston, of Minnesota, who said the bill would be ineffective for the Middle West because only paper maturing within 90 days would be available for re-discount. "This bill," said Mr. Winston, "would result in a contraction of the currency for 18 months after its passage and as soon as it reaches full working order, will result in a dangerous inflation."

Curtis Musher, secretary of the Citizens' League, of Minnesota, submitted a brief showing the difficulties of forming regional reserve bank in the Northwest.

Mr. Huebert, vice president of the Merchants' Loan & Trust Company, of Chicago, suggested changes in the reserve plan.

Illinois Bankers Meet. Chicago, Sept. 25.—A. F. Dawson, president of the First National Bank of Danverport, Ill., discussed the Owen-Glass Currency measure from the standpoint of the smaller banker today at the meeting of the Illinois Bankers' Association. Parts of the measure, he approved without qualification, other sections coming in for criticism.

The measure, he declared, embodies the fundamental principles of a sound banking system.

Rates on Cotton Yarns, Cloth and Ores Still at Issue—Tax on Income \$3,000 and Over and \$4,000.

Washington, Sept. 25.—After finishing all but about a half dozen of the points of difference between the Senate and House, the tariff bill conferees ran into another deadlock today and adjourned tonight with the conference report still incomplete.

Three important matters still are at issue. The tariff rates on cotton yarns and cotton cloths and on lead and zinc ores and the dates when free raw wool and changes in the woolen goods tariff shall become effective.

Members of the conference committee could not predict tonight how soon an agreement could be reached. With the aid of experts they spent the afternoon going over the cotton schedules and calculating the effect on the woolen industry of the proposed changes.

Both Houses of Congress gave up hope of a report from the conference committee tomorrow, the House adjourning until Saturday and the Senate until Monday.

There were rumors today of strong opposition to the report that might develop in the House on the ground that Republicans had not been taken into the conferees that worked out the details of the measure. Such opposition appears, it probably would take the form of a point of order against the report on the ground that it contains matter inserted without authority by the conference committee. In several instances the conferees have changed provisions in such a way that some members of Congress declare new legislation has been added to the bill.

The conferees insist they have acted wholly within their authority and Democratic leaders do not anticipate any marked delay in action on the report.

The Senate conferees won their fight against the "anti-dumping clause" which would have assessed an extra duty against goods "dumped" into this country at reduced prices. Great interest centered about the decision of the conferees to exempt from the income tax that portion of the premiums on mutual life.

The conferees agreed on \$3,000 as the amount of income of a single man that shall be free from the income tax. For a married man the exemption will be \$4,000 with no further exemption for children. Only one exemption of \$4,000 will be allowed for a family, even though the husband and wife have separate incomes.

The plan to report the tariff bill from conference with a disagreement on the cotton futures tax, it was learned tonight, has the sanction of President Wilson.

CAMPAIGN FUNDS FROM ALL SOURCES

Even Brewers Are Alleged to Have Contributed to Sulzer's Success.

IMPORTANT COURT RULINGS

Impeachment Trial Goes Merrily on at Albany—Sought Co-operation of Tammany Hall—Important Witness Secured.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 25.—These developments today marked the impeachment trial of Governor Sulzer: Jacob H. Schiff, a New York banker, testified that he recently was asked by Samuel L. Frankenstein, formerly a law partner of Governor Sulzer, if he would accept the return of the alleged \$2,500 campaign contribution which the banker yesterday said he gave to the Governor without restriction as to its use. Mr. Schiff said he had replied negatively.

The High Court, by an unanimous vote, decided to admit in evidence testimony pertaining to campaign contributions made to the Governor, even though they were not specified in the articles of impeachment.

This ruling paved the way for the introduction of testimony intended to show the Governor had solicited and received large contributions from brewing interests.

The Governor, asked, according to the testimony, that these contributions be given in cash, instead of checks.

Counsel for the impeachment managers said they were prepared to prove the Governor received campaign contributions in excess of \$25,000 of the total mentioned in the articles of impeachment. There were more than 100 not accounted for, counsel asserted.

Unreported Contributions. The names of a large number of these contributors, other than those of the brewing interests, were brought out by the witnesses. Included 52 persons mentioned as drawers of Sulzer checks on the account of Louis A. Sarecky, the Governor's campaign secretary, at the American National Trust Company. This account showed, with checks and cash, that deposits of \$14,400 had been made from September 10th, 1912, to the date of the Governor's inauguration.

Decision on the question as to whether Sulzer's alleged misuse of checks given the Governor without restriction as to their use, constituted larceny was reserved to give the court an opportunity to investigate the authorities.

Sarecky regarded by the prosecution as one of the most important witnesses, and whom they said they had been unable to locate, was discovered by process servers in Albany and served with a subpoena.

Judge Lewis J. Conlan, of New York, a life-long friend of the Governor, testified he had raised money for the Governor's campaign, but had given it to him without restriction as to its use.

Asked Aid of Tammany. Sulzer called personally on Chas. A. Stadler, president of the American Smelting Company, Stadler testified, and requested his aid in obtaining the support of Tammany Hall. He said he obtained the support and had solicited campaign funds for Sulzer.

The Assembly managers decided tonight to bring no more impeachment charges against the Governor.

Sulzer, a former State Senator, declared that after several invitations from Sulzer he had visited the candidate to talk things over. "The conversation was on the general topic of the political situation," (Continued on Page Eight.)

Senator Works Says Intervene

San Diego, Cal., Sept. 25.—Declaring it the duty of the United States to intervene and restore order in Mexico, United States Senator John D. Works, delivering the oration of the day, at the dedication of the site of the monument to Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo, took occasion today to criticize severely conditions in Mexico and the attitude of the United States. "Just to the south of us, almost within reach of gunshot, our men are being humiliated and our women outraged daily," he said. "What are we going to do about it?"