

# CORN SHOW AND ARTS EXHIBIT, NOVEMBER 11th, 12th AND 13th COME!

### THE WEATHER.

Fair, warmer Saturday, local rains at night or Sunday, except fair near the coast; colder Sunday west portion; moderate south and southwest winds.

# THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED 1867

MR. MERCHANT:

15,000 Christmas shoppers will read your Holiday announcements. The Sunday Star-Better call up our advertising man, and let him help you plan your advertising—Early Shopping—the joy of the year.

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## JOHN LIND BELIEVES NEGOTIATIONS OVER

**President Wilson's Personal Representative Manifested No Enthusiasm Over Prospect—Ultimatum Will be Issued Within a Few Days—Felix Diaz in Prison at Havana Charged with Shooting with Intent to Kill.**

Mexico City, Nov. 7.—Unwilling to admit another failure on the part of Washington to bring about the elimination of President Huerta, John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative nevertheless failed today to manifest any enthusiasm over the prospect of Huerta giving up office. From his manner and his conversation he indicated that he believes the negotiations are nearing an end.

There was nothing at the American embassy today to indicate that a more favorable turn in events is expected and there is reason to believe that an ultimatum in its full diplomatic sense soon will be handed Huerta, the time limit being brief. It is expected this new document will be so written as to bring an end to the relations between the two countries before November 22nd, the date fixed for the convening of the new Congress, unless Huerta sees fit to agree to the terms of the Washington communication.

Mr. Lind today saw no Mexican government official and probably will not see any during his stay in the capital, which it is believed will be short. Mr. Lind had a long conference today with Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American charge d'affaires.

Silver was the most sensitive thing in the capital today. The price of foreign exchange stiffened and a few merchants resorted to the plan of issuing vouchers in place of silver in making change. At some of the city banks, the bank notes of certain States were refused. This caused a slight panic among holders of such paper.

**Financial Trouble.**  
The credit slips issued by the mercantile houses have no legal standing and in many cases were refused. In cases where they were not declined, business houses were urged to cash the bank notes to avoid a panic on the part of the public. The credit slips are written on various sorts of paper and are stamped with ink or pencil "good for..." with the amount due specified. Below this usually the merchants stamped the slip with an ordinary rubber stamp bearing the firm's name. In numerous instances these slips passed as currency, not only at the houses putting them out, but in neighboring stores friendly to the store of issue. The public has placed no premium on paper money.

Provisional President Huerta's formal negative reply to the United States' demands, which was discussed in detail at last night's cabinet meeting, will set forth that the United States has no right, legal or otherwise, to demand Gen. Huerta's elimination. This statement was given out today from one of the departments of the Mexican government.

The reply, it is said, will also assert that Huerta has no legal right to accede to the demands.

The informant says it was decided to incorporate in the reply a declaration that Gen. Huerta intended to increase the Mexican army to 500,000 men.

Final stages of the negotiations between this government and the Provisional President are being conducted personally at short range by John D. Lind. He arrived this morning from Vera Cruz.

A series of delays in Provisional President Huerta's formal answer to the United States has been annoying to President Wilson's personal representative and Mr. Lind's sudden appearance in the Federal capital is assumed to be due to his desire to bring things quickly to a clearly defined point.

Mr. Lind conferred for more than two hours with Sir Lionel Garden, the British minister, tonight. Neither made public the character of their conversation.

Querido Moheno, minister of foreign affairs, has evinced neither curiosity nor interest over Mr. Lind's coming to the capital. To newspaper men he said today that was a matter of no concern to him. He added that he knew of no diplomatic reasons for Mr. Lind's visits and declared he did not expect to have any communication with him.

Speaking of the wounding of Gen. Felix Diaz in Havana last night, Senor Moheno attributed the attack upon Diaz to "fanatical followers of Carranza."

**Cabinet Discusses Matter.**  
Washington, Nov. 7.—What shall the United States do in the event the Provisional President Huerta refuses to resign? This question was discussed at length today in the cabinet meeting, but no decision was announced.

Formal reply to the latest American representations had not been received up to late today, and until a definite answer comes there is no determination of the policy to be pursued.

The discussion at the cabinet meeting turned, however, to various alternatives. Nothing concrete there any tangible conclusions, but members went away with fixed ideas of the determination of President Wilson that the American government should unwaveringly insist on the elimination of Huerta from the situation as the first step toward peace in the Southern Republic.

Lifting the embargo on arms so that the constitutionalists may obtain munitions of war was one of the principal suggestions taken. Under consideration, but it was felt there is no change in the neutrality attitude of the Washington government.

Press dispatches today announcing

## FLEET GETS WARM WELCOME

After Return from Mediterranean the Ships Will be Prepared for a Cruise in West Indies—Marines Go to Cuba.

Washington, Nov. 7.—It was announced at the Navy Department today that upon their return from the present Mediterranean cruise, about December 15th, the vessels of the first and fourth divisions of the Atlantic fleet would disperse to their various home navy yards and remain there until after the Christmas holidays.

Secretary Daniels said it was planned to have the ships gather in Hampton Roads or perhaps in New York harbor soon after New Year and prepare for a cruise in the West Indies. All the available marines at the Atlantic coast stations and yards which could not be accommodated on the transport Hancock would be taken aboard the fleet to Culebra, off the coast of Porto Rico, and thence to Guantanamo, Cuba. Rear Admiral Badger, commander-in-chief of the fleet, is working out the details of the advance base operations to be conducted at Guantanamo by the marines and possibly by the blue jackets of the fleet during the late winter months.

On the return voyage of the ships northward, it is expected that a number of marines will be transferred in pursuance of the plan to convert the navy yard there into one of the advanced naval bases.

**Plan Entertainment.**  
Malta, Nov. 7.—British naval and civil authorities here have arranged a series of entertainments in honor of Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger and officers and men of the battleship Wyoming due here tomorrow.

The American flagship will have the harbor practically to herself, as most of the British fleet is engaged in maneuvers.

**Welcome Gray Monkeys.**  
Naples, Nov. 7.—Admiral Cattella, former minister of marine, arrived here from Rome today having been invited to visit the city with the duty of welcoming the American battleships Florida and Arkansas which are due here tomorrow. The Italian battleships Roma and Napoli proceeded to sea today to meet the American visitors.

**Arrive Today.**  
Marseilles, Nov. 7.—Wireless dispatches received tonight from the United States battleships Ohio and Vermont say the vessels will arrive here tomorrow morning. Commander Henry Hough, naval attache of the American Embassy at Paris, came to Marseilles today to meet the warships.

**Will Pay Respects.**  
Villa Franca, France, Nov. 7.—The United States battleships Utah and Delaware are expected here at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning. Immediately on landing Capt. Vanduser and Godman will call on M. Joly, prefect of the Department of the Alpes Maritime and Gen. Heloues, the military governor.

**SUSPEND NEW RATES.**  
Inter-State Commission Sets November 24th for First Hearing.  
Washington, Nov. 7.—The 5 per cent increase in freight rates proposed by Eastern railroads was suspended by the Inter-State Commerce Commission today until March 12th, 1914 and November 24th, 1913, was set as the date for the first hearing. About 21,000 tariffs are suspended by the order.

It is not expected that the commission will be able to dispose of the case before March 12th, and the tariffs probably will have to be re-suspended to a later date.

Louis D. Brandeis, of Boston, who is to represent the commission as counsel in the case, is engaged now in the preparation of material and in the collection of data bearing upon the proceeding.

## STRIKE SETTLED AT INDIANAPOLIS

Governor Ralston Chiefly Responsible for Agreement of Companies

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 7.—The strike of the employees of the Indianapolis Traction & Terminal Company was settled today through the efforts of Governor Samuel M. Ralston. The employees won their demand for arbitration, but nothing is said about recognition of the Union or terms of settlement.

Street car service is to be resumed within 24 hours, according to the terms of the settlement which also provides against any further interference with the operation of the cars.

All the men who were in the employ of the company Friday night, October 31st, when the strike was called, and all employees who had been discharged on account of joining the union, are to be reinstated by the company with full seniority rights and without prejudice. The company, however, is not compelled to reinstate men who engaged in violence during the strike.

**Ten Days Arbitration.**  
Disputes and grievances as to wages, hours, and conditions of service, will be referred to the utilities commission for arbitration if the company and employees fail to reach an agreement within ten days. The company must take up these grievances with its employees within five days after the resumption of service. The utilities commission has the terms of settlement must render a decision which shall be binding on all parties.

The strike began a week ago to relate back to the resumption of work within 30 days from the date of the first hearing.

In addition to union and traction company officers, the agreement was signed by Ethelbert Stewart, representing the Federal government, and Governor Ralston of the State.

The settlement of the strike means that the 2,000 members of the Indiana National Guard called to Indianapolis yesterday by the Governor, for strike duty, will be dispatched to the home stations as soon as possible.

The railroad company was set to night and has resulted in four deaths and injuries to a hundred or more persons, including several police officers. Until yesterday when the streets were quieted down, the downtown streets had been the scenes of almost continuous rioting and much damage has been done to street railway property.

Union officials declare that while disappointed in not obtaining recognition of the union, they obtained their main contention, arbitration of all disputes. The railroad company asserts it won in its fight not to recognize the union.

Credit for settlement of the strike is given to Governor Ralston, who has secured the agreement between the company and its employees together.

**CAUSE OF EXPLOSION.**  
Investigation and Report of Recent Mine Disaster.  
Santa Fe, Nov. 7.—In an official report made public today State Mine Inspectors of New Mexico investigated the mine disaster at Dawson, October 22nd, says the explosion which wrecked the mine was due to firing of a dynamite shot in one of the rooms by a miner.

This stirred up and ignited the coal dust in the surrounding workings, which was caused by the explosion in position, which wrecked the mine. The shot was fired from the trolley wire during working hours when the full shift was at work in the mine, says the report, which also contains the mining laws and to the rules of the company.

## RECONSIDER THE NUMBER OF BANKS

Administration Forces on the Committee Strengthened by a Shift in Line Up.

Washington, Nov. 7.—A shift in the line-up of the currency bill today strengthened the position of the administration forces, but left the Senate Committee in a temporary deadlock. Senators Reed and O'Gorman, who have been opposing administration proposals in the committee, rejoined the Democrats and the committee voted to re-consider the decision which cut down from twelve to four the number of regional banks in the proposed new system.

Senator Crawford, Republican, voted with the Democrats to re-consider, but a discussion which at times waxed warm and which lasted all afternoon, failed to force a vote on a proposition to fix the number of banks at seven. Senator Crawford said he had voted to re-consider solely as a matter of courtesy. He made it clear that he would not support a resolution to increase the number of banks.

Senator Crawford made it plain that he would not swing into line with the other Democrats and with a six to six tie in prospect the administration forces avoided a vote.

The administration Senators succeeded today in voting to retain the secretary of the treasury on the proposed Federal reserve board. The reading of the bill was begun and a number of minor proposals were passed upon. The committee voted down a proposal to force a double liability plan on the stock of the proposed regional banks.

**Changes Are Made.**  
The section of the bill which would force all National banks into the system under penalty of losing their charters within a year was changed. National banks, under the amendment would be required to signify their intention of entering the system within 60 days. Banks which at present are reserve agents and which all to enter the new system within ninety days would forfeit their reserve agencies.

The committee voted down a proposal by Senator Crawford to allow the regional banks to do a general commercial banking business.

With the committee hard at work but tied up on the fundamentals of the bill, the movement for a caucus of Democratic Senators gained momentum today. A petition was circulated by Senators Ashurst, of Arizona, and Harbo, of New Jersey, calling for a caucus to discuss the bill generally. No detailed directions were included in the call. It was understood that the real subject of the caucus was the relation to the work of the committee would be decided after it met.

Administration Senators, including Senator Owen declared they had taken no part in starting the call for a conference and it was stated that the administration was not behind the call.

Senator Kern, chairman of the Democratic caucus to whom the call is directed, left Washington today. He will not return until Monday and the call will be presented to him then.

Talk of rather bitter feeling among committee members and reported heated outbursts during the sessions, cropped up today. It was asserted one member of the committee on the Democratic side threatened to leave the committee room and refuse to participate in the deliberations after Chairman Owen had made a speech urging support for administration proposals.

## SOUTHERN NAVY YARDS INSPECTED

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt Will Visit Pensacola, Fla., and New Orleans, La.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Assistant Secretary Roosevelt, of the Navy, will go next week to Pensacola, Fla., to inspect the navy yard and surrounding reservation there with the view of the establishment of an advanced naval base there. Experts who have investigated conditions at Pensacola have reported favorably on the site. Moreover, the board of inspections for shore stations in its latest report now before Secretary Daniels, says Pensacola is the best and only site on the Gulf of Mexico for a naval station of the first class, and that such a station adequately protected "is most desirable in peace and absolutely necessary to success of the fleet in time of war."

For some years past the operations at the Pensacola yard have been unimportant, but naval experts recall the extensive use to which she was put during the Spanish war. Secretary Daniels in discussing the Pensacola problem today declared that the establishment of an advanced base on the Florida coast of the Gulf of Mexico now is no longer a matter of importance, as the Panama canal makes an advanced base on the Gulf of Mexico imperative.

Before returning Mr. Roosevelt will visit the New Orleans yard. Although naval experts have recommended the closing of this yard, Mr. Daniels thinks it can be used in the repair of lighter draft vessels.

**MORRISON AT SEATTLE.**  
Secretary of American Federation of Labor Expresses His Views.  
Seattle, Wash., Nov. 7.—Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, addressing the Western Labor Immigration Congress, today denounced ex-President Taft for opposing the immigration bill a year ago and declared that employers who opposed this bill were bent on tearing down the civilization of the country to fatten their own purses.

Mr. Morrison predicted an enormous flow of European immigrants to the Pacific coast through the Panama canal.

When these strangers come—500,000 to 800,000 of them—the first year," he said, "they will have to find work. They cannot get \$2 a day they will take less, possibly 50 cents, or just enough to buy bread and avoid starvation. By admitting these people you are not only hurting yourself but the rest of the world.

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, in urging that the trades union exhibit a strong the question of proper provision for the construction and maintenance of public highways, adopted today by the Georgia-Carolina Good Roads Congress, will personally presented to the President in the Senate Executive Committee by Commissioner of Agriculture E. J. Watson, of South Carolina, president of the National Good Roads Association.

The resolutions recite the opinion of the Congress that it is vital to the agricultural and manufacturing interests of the United States that the Federal Government should take action for the construction of public highways in order that the South may profit from the building of the Panama canal.

Congressman Thomas W. Hardwick spoke today on "The Relation of the National Government to Good Roads."

**SHOTS THREE WOMEN.**  
Husband Wounds Wife and Sister-in-Law—Kills Mother-in-Law.  
Rebecca, Ga., Nov. 7.—Miles Cribb, a farmer, this afternoon shot and killed Mrs. J. G. B. Hancock, his mother-in-law, fatally wounded his sister-in-law, Miss Sallie Hancock, and seriously wounded his wife. Cribb and his wife are said to have been estranged for some time and this afternoon Mrs. Hancock is said to have endeavored to have papers served on Cribb to get possession of her little grandchild, who is being held, she alleged, by Cribb against the wishes of his wife. Cribb surrendered to the authorities immediately after the shooting.

**LITTLE ROCK CHOSEN.**  
Associate Reform Presbyterian Synod Meets This Year.  
Statesville, N. C., Nov. 7.—Little Rock, Ark., was today chosen by the Associate Reformed Presbyterian Synod of the South as its next place of meeting. A committee of prominent laymen from all over the South was appointed to draw up plans for a building and loan association or some other system of loans for church purposes.

## M'COMBS ACCEPTS BASSAORSHIP

Will Represent United States in French Capital, Say Dispatches.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Persons close to the White House said today that William F. McCombs, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, would accept President Wilson's offer of the ambassadorship to France. The post has been open to Mr. McCombs ever since the inauguration.

In political circles it was generally believed that Mr. McCombs would become ambassador to France and resign the chairmanship of the Democratic National Committee. Talk of a successor already is being heard and the name of Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary of the President, has been suggested by National committee men in Washington. Some of those who are suggesting Mr. Tumulty pointed out that the post by Mr. Tumulty would not necessarily involve resigning his present position.

**The Wedding.**  
London, Nov. 7.—William F. McCombs, of New York, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, and Miss Dorothy Williams, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. John R. Williams, of Washington, were married today. The ceremony took place in Roman Catholic chapel of St. Peter's and St. Edward's, Palace street, Westminster.

**DEATH OF DR. M'BURNEY.**  
Was Called "Father of Appendicitis"  
Stockbridge, Mass., Nov. 7.—Dr. Charles M'Burney, eminent New York surgeon, died suddenly of heart disease early today. He was 83 years of age. Dr. M'Burney returned from a hunting trip in Maine last Saturday. He had appeared in his usual health until this morning.

Dr. M'Burney, after a practice of nearly 40 years in New York, retired to his country estate here in 1907. During his professional life he was connected as visiting or consulting surgeon with many New York hospitals. When M'Kinley was shot in 1901, Dr. M'Burney was called from Stockbridge and took charge of the case upon his arrival in Buffalo.

New York, Nov. 7.—Dr. M'Burney had acquired considerable reputation as a surgeon when in 1889 he published an essay on experience with operative interference in cases of disease of the vermiform appendix. In a year or two later, he visited Europe and the whole world and for many years his colleagues jocularly called him the "father of appendicitis." His essay created the first general recognition of the disease and established a means of diagnosis and a character of treatment.

His later contributions to medical science included the first effective operation for the relief of hernia and a new method of operation for biliary calculi.

**EMINENT MAN DEAD.**  
Alfred Russel Wallace—"Grand Old Man of Science."  
London, Nov. 7.—Alfred Russel Wallace, the eminent British scientist, died here today. He was 91 years old.

Professor Wallace, the "grand old man of science," shares with Darwin the honors of having set forth the scientific principles of evolution. Wallace's bent toward scientific research dated back to his collection of beetles, which he began as a school boy, and to complete which he made an expedition to the Amazon in 1848. In a year or two later, he visited Sumatra and Java, and discovered that the Malay Archipelago was divided into a Western group of islands, which in origin are oriental and an Eastern group which are Australian.

Wallace became convinced of the truth of evolution and originated the theory of natural selection during his travels. His work in the development of the laws of evolution supplements that of his friend, Darwin, and the result is often called the Darwin-Wallace theory.

**DECISION THIS MORNING.**  
Gov. Felker Will Announce Fate of Harry K. Thaw.  
Concord, N. H., Nov. 7.—Governor Felker announced this afternoon that he would give his decision in the Thaw extradition proceedings at the State House at 10 o'clock tomorrow. In a statement issued today Thaw picked flaws in the latest paper filed with Governor Felker by William T. Jerome, special deputy attorney general of New York, and claimed that political defeat had been visited upon various persons in New York who have been connected with the prosecution of his case.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Secretary Daniels will go to Newport News, Va., tomorrow, where he will deliver an address Saturday at Navy Chaplains at a Bible School rally.

## CHINESE PARLIAMENT IS HAVING TROUBLE

Peking, Nov. 7.—As neither house of the Chinese Parliament is able to form a quorum, the leaders of the other parties are endeavoring to persuade the government to return the credentials to the least hostile members of the Democratic party.

All of the 300 Democrats were expelled from Parliament by Presidential proclamation. The party formerly was led by Dr. Sun Yat Sen, first provisional president of the State.

The speaker of the Assembly, Tang Hua Lung, has requested the remaining members of Parliament to stay in Peking and strive for the maintenance of the parliamentary institutions, urging that the termination of these would mean the ending of the Chinese republic.

It was reliably reported today that the Chinese military leaders had been urging President Yuan Shi Kai for months to assume control, arguing that government with Parliament was impossible.

**NOT A CANDIDATE.**  
Martin Glynn Content With One Year Term as Governor.  
New York, Nov. 7.—Martin Glynn, Governor of New York, issued a statement here this afternoon saying that under no circumstances would he be a candidate for re-election.

"There is more honor in being an efficient Governor for one year," he said, "than an indifferent one for eight."

## WILLIAM SULZER IS TO TELL OF GRAFT

New York, Nov. 7.—William Sulzer will be subpoenaed as a witness in the John Doe investigation of graft charges made by John A. Hennessy, Sulzer's former graft investigator, according to announcement made at the district attorney's office today.

It was reported also that Charles F. Murphy will be called.

When the John Doe inquiry is resumed Tuesday, it is expected that Hennessy will be called again and also George H. McGuire, of Syracuse, brother of construction companies, much of whose testimony yesterday contradicted that of Hennessy and other contributors to Tammany Hall from up-State contracting firms.

The telegram alleged he received from Syracuse relating to contributions is regarded as pivotal importances by Mr. Whitman, who is expected to subpoena the receiving clerk in the Western Union Telegraph Company at Syracuse to determine whether the message was sent by McGuire or Hennessy testified he believed it was.

It was learned tonight that District Attorney Whitman had been warned over the telephone to halt the inquiry.

"You had better stop this thing; your best friends may be involved if you don't," said a man who did not disclose his identity.

"If I can stand against Jack Rose and that gang I guess I can stand against this new gang," was Mr. Whitman's comment.

## OUTLINES

The American fleet is receiving a warm welcome in the European ports. It is rumored in Washington that Wm. F. McCombs will accept the ambassadorship to France.

William Sulzer has been called to the stand in the graft investigation being conducted by the district attorney in New York City.

The strike at Indianapolis is settled. Until yesterday when the State influenced the transportation companies to listen to the demands of the men.

The currency committee reconsidered the number of regional reserve banks as decided several days ago. The number decided upon was four, but the excessive talk of a caucus over the matter blurred the two rivaling Democratic Senators to vote right.

John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative in Mexico, thinks that negotiations between America and that country are drawing to an end. It is thought that an ultimatum will be issued soon telling Huerta what Uncle Sam will do in case he doesn't get out.

New York markets: Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 97 to 98, Corn firm, 30. Roshin quiet, to 10, Corn steady. Money on call firm 3 1/2 to 4 per cent; ruling rate 4; closing bid 3 3/4 to 4. Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 14.00; middling gulf 14.25.