

THE WEATHER. Generally fair Thursday, much colder except extreme west portion; Friday fair.



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WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1914.

WHOLE NUMBER 13,606.

LATEST RETURNS FROM ELECTIONS

Underwood's Majority Twenty-Seven Thousand. COUNTING IS COMPLETE. Except From a Few Counties Where a Few Country Boxes Are Missing—Vote Not As Large As Expected.

Montgomery, Ala., April 8.—Returns from 60 out of the 67 counties in the State, fifty of these being complete and official and the other ten with small country boxes missing at 10 o'clock tonight gave the following results: Underwood's majority over Hobson for United States Senator is 27,000. For Governor: Comer, 41,918; Henderson, 33,256; Kolb, 25,394; Seed, 21,945. Complete official returns from every beat in the Sixth Congressional District show Oliver defeated Bankhead for Congress by a majority of 504. Oliver carried six of the counties and Bankhead three. Complete returns from the Third Congressional District tonight show Congressman Henry D. Clayton to have been returned to the House by a majority of 3,946 over H. B. Steagall, of Ozark, his opponent. Clayton carried every county except Dale, and Henry Steagall carrying the former with a majority of 131 and the latter by 11.

Returns from 57 out of the 67 counties in the State at 8 o'clock tonight show the surprise of the gubernatorial race is that R. F. Kolb is running fourth. The vote of these counties for Governor is given as follows: Comer, 40,548; Henderson, 32,044; Seed, 21,153; Kolb, 20,940.

BRADHAM CALLS MEETING. To Call Seventh Senatorial District Convention. (Special Star Telegram.) Newbern, N. C., April 8.—C. D. Bradham chairman of the Seventh senatorial district committee, has issued a call for the members of the committee to meet in Newbern on Thursday, April 30th, for the purpose of naming date and place for the senatorial convention.

MORE FIGHTING AT TAMPCOO; REFUGEES REACH BORDER

Large American Fleet Standing Off Coast Ready to Protect Interests of Foreigners—Admiral Mayo Reports Rebels Determined to Capture Important Port on Gulf of Mexico—Town Surrounded by Constitutionalists for Months Past.

Washington, April 8.—Official interest in the Mexican situation here tonight was divided between the grave problem presented by the arrival of the 800 Spanish exiles at El Paso, and the outcome of the struggle between Constitutionalists and Federalists for supremacy at Tampico. Sharp fighting already has occurred at Tampico, and army and navy strategists expect the battle there to be the next decisive struggle. Rear Admiral Fletcher today notified the Navy Department that refugees already were going aboard men-of-war in Tampico harbor, and he forwarded a report from Rear Admiral Mayo, at that port, saying the presence of an army transport was desirable as a refuge for non-combatants. Admiral Mayo's report said: "Ten P. M. Tuesday: Sharp fighting during afternoon until dark; no apparent advantage either side, rebels still hold Dona Cecilia and Arbol Grande; oil tank Pierce Refinery burned. Government customs warehouses at Dona Cecilia destroyed by fire; also about 50 loaded freight cars; latter still burning; all probably done by shells from gunboat Vera Cruz. Federal gunboat Zaragoza arrived 8 P. M. Tuesday with more troops; have delivered letters to Federal and rebel forces. Men-of-war taking some refugees tonight; remainder tomorrow, unless otherwise directed will hold both battleships until arrival of the Utah. Rebels state intention to capture Tampico this time. Time refugees must be held is uncertain; therefore presence of army transport is very desirable, although refugees do not wish to leave country. The letters referred to were sent without instructions from Washington, but it is presumed here that they demanded that non-combatant be safeguarded and possibly that a neutral zone be designated. International Fleet. The American fleet is represented at Tampico by the battleships Minnesota and Connecticut, the cruisers Chester, Des Moines and San Francisco, and the dispatch boat Dolphin. The battleship Utah was ordered there from Vera Cruz tonight. The German cruiser Dresden, and the British cruiser Hermes and Essex are among the vessels of the international fleet at Tampico, and the Spanish cruiser Carlos V. is en route from Vera Cruz. Rear Admiral Fletcher reported he had ordered the hospital ship Solace, now at New Orleans, to coal and be in readiness for service at Tampico. State Department officials were recent in discussing the expulsion of the Spaniards, and today afternoon representations were made to Gen. Carranza yesterday. Officials were non-committal when asked whether further representations would be made. War Department probably will be called on to direct measures for the care of the 800 new international visitors at El Paso, although at the State Department late today it was said that phase of the question had not been considered. While officials agree that in international law these Spaniards have a right to seek asylum on American soil, it is realized that the problem of their ultimate disposition is likely to bring up many questions to be adjusted between the United States, Spain and Mexico. It has been suggested that negotiations might be entered into with Spain looking to sending them to some other territory in the country. The gravity of the situation will be increased if the Constitutionalists carry out their threat to drive the Spaniards out of all the territory they occupy. Department Issues Statement. Concerning the refugees the State Department issued this statement: "From El Paso it is reported to the State Department that a train bearing about 700 Spaniards arrived at Juarez on the morning of the 8th. No difficulties were encountered en route and the government departments are facilitating entrance at El Paso. Many of them are said to be in need, and some are almost destitute. The status of American efforts to prevent expulsion of Spaniards from Mexico was set forth in this statement, given out by the State Department: "Unofficial representations made to Gen. Carranza by representatives of the Department of State have developed that Gen. Carranza is not disposed to interfere with orders given by Gen. Villa as the deporter of Spanish subjects in territory occupied by the Constitutionalists." Zapatistas again are active south of west of Mexico City. They have attacked the mountain town of Iguala, Lerma, and San Juan de los Rios, and are reported pressing on to the Pacific port of Acapulco. American interests there will be protected by the U. S. S. Albatross, the U. S. S. Fish Hawk, and the U. S. S. Montcalm has put in there. The American sugar mill at El Portero has been closed for want of oil. All oil is being seized. Levies are being levied on the Pacific coast, who have asked an opportunity to be heard, asking them to fix a time to appear. Carranza Defends Action. Juarez, Mex., April 8.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza tonight gave out a statement dealing with the expulsion of foreigners, defending Villa's action and stating that Spanish property would not be confiscated. A similar statement on the subject of confiscation was made by Isidro Fabela, Carranza's minister of foreign relations. Points made by Fabela are included in the Carranza statement, which reads: "The Spaniards have been deported from Mexico because of their active participation in the movement in favor of Huerta. This expulsion of the Spaniards is being undertaken by them to save them from troubles of a serious nature. Their presence in Mexico tended to inflame our soldiers. In the case of Mexicans who have assisted the Huertistas the result is death. "So far as Spanish property is concerned, it will not be molested as to do so would be contrary to the principles of the revolution. Gen. Villa is justified in his action in driving out the Huertistas because the latter act in accordance with our laws, as Article 33, of the Constitution says that all pernicious foreigners shall be deported from the country, because they require an absolute majority of foreigners in the affairs of the country. Later after proper investigation, if it is found that any of these Spaniards have never meddled in political affairs, they will be allowed to return to Mexico. "It is known all over the Republic that the Spaniards have taken an active part in the politics of Mexico. They were expelled from the state of Madero, and after that held a public manifestation and banquet at Vera Cruz in celebration of the event. Hundreds of them have come out openly and taken part with Huerta. One of the principal ones who militantly sided is Gen. Rincon Gallardo, commander of the rurales, who is a Spanish subject and retains his title of marquis. Although the Spaniards have the same language and customs of our country, they cling to their nationality for the protection it has afforded them in oppression of our people. They rarely become Mexican citizens, although they mix actively in our politics. Spaniards Reach Border. El Paso, Texas, April 8.—Eight hundred members of the Torreón Spanish colony, expelled from Mexico, found a haven in the United States today. They had been stripped of their property temporarily, at least, but supplied with some funds. They have refused to leave the train in which they and their baggage had come from Torreón to Juarez until American Consul Agent Carothers arrived to advise them. Carothers was unable to assure any that they would be restored to their homes, his interviews with Gen. Carranza yesterday having met with the flat statement that expulsion of Spaniards from Mexico was a settled policy of the rebels, and would be modified only in the cases of individuals who had not been involved in politics. "We have money enough for the present," said Joaquin Fernandez, an exile. "Some of us will return to Spain; many will go to Mexico City, and others to Tlaxcala and Europe. Rafael Arozana, wealthiest resident of the Laguna district, and reported to be the most extensive grower of

CONSIDERATION OF TOLLS EXEMPTION

Senate Committee Will Start Hearings Today. DEBATE IS CONTINUED. Senator Works Sharply Criticized the Position Taken by President Wilson and Held the Floor for Hours.

Washington, April 8.—Formal consideration of the administration bill to repeal the tolls exemption provision of the Panama Canal Act will begin tomorrow on the Senate side of the Capitol with hearings before the inter-oceanic canal committee, to continue 15 days. Senators who have introduced various substitute measures dealing with the question will be heard first, and they will be followed by representatives of commercial organizations of the Pacific coast and Gulf States. While the committee preparations were under way today, preliminary debate on the tolls occupied the greater part of the session in the Senate, where Senator Works, of California, held the floor for hours, conducting his analysis of the treaties involved and his argument opposing the repeal. Asserting that the United States has no right under the treaty to prescribe such tolls as it sees fit for its own vessels, Senator Works vigorously criticized the position taken by the President. "I think," he said, "that the president deserves to be commiserated for having taken on himself this terrible responsibility. If we are to make this sacrifice, and surrender our rights and our sovereignty over the canal, the President alone will be responsible. Without his consent and influence this repeal would never have been passed by either house of Congress." Senators Owen, Norris, Chilton, Lewis, Reed, East, Weeks, Thomas, Newlands and Root, have introduced toll bills or resolutions which appear before the canal committee during the next day or two. The committee also has under consideration a proposal to call former Secretary of State Knox and other officials familiar with the canal situation. Telegrams were sent today to a number of organizations and individuals, chiefly on the Pacific coast, who have asked an opportunity to be heard, asking them to fix a time to appear.

ADMITTS KILLING HIS UNCLE

Eighteen-Year-Old Youth Used Axe to Rid Himself of Overbearing Relative—Confesses. Hawkinsville, Ga., April 8.—Using an axe as an instrument of death, Harry Lee, 19 years, today confessed that he killed his uncle, P. O. Bonnell, here early Sunday, according to an announcement by the police tonight. "I killed my uncle because he continually abused me and would not give me money to go home with," the youth is reported to have told the detectives, who obtained the alleged confession after several hours questioning. Bonnell, who was 22 years old, and a baker, was killed while sleeping. Lee, who roomed with him, gave the alarm, saying his uncle had been killed by a negro and that he was awakened just as the negro was escaping from the room. Lee was held by the police immediately after the killing. He later was released and again taken in charge yesterday. Representatives of a national detective agency, aided in the investigation.

OUTLINES

The final organization of the reserve banks is now up to the banks which will become members of the organization. The organization committee has done its part. Banks have been mailed to all National and State institutions. Official consideration of the tolls exemption will begin this morning by the Senate. Fifteen days will be given over to hearings by the inter-oceanic canal committee. Senator Works took up most of yesterday in the Senate making a speech on the measure. The Supreme court late yesterday issued a habeas corpus for the release of a military prisoner in the Colorado coal strike zone. Seven men were killed, one is dying and several others were injured on the Government canal works near Big Bddy, Oregon, when a heavy charge of dynamite which had misfired fire, was struck by a steam shovel. The rebels in Mexico have renewed their attack on Tampico, a port on the Gulf of Mexico. Several American warships are standing off the coast ready at a moment's notice to protect American interests in the city. New York markets: Spot cotton quiet, holding upland 14-40, middling

PROGRESSIVE CONVENTION ADOPTS 20 RESOLUTIONS

To be Presented to Platform Committee of Democratic State Convention for Insertion in the Platform—Statewide Primary Leads. CRAIG'S TRIBUTE TO SIMMONS IS APPLAUDED. Mass Meeting Hears Addresses by Senator Pomerene, Governor Craig and Secretary Daniels, and Declares For Revision of Tax System and Other Amendments.

Raleigh, N. C., April 8.—The Democratic mass meeting held here today, presided over by Governor Locke Craig, with some two thousand attending, heard stirring addresses on progressive ideas during its three sessions from Governor Locke Craig, Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels and Senator Atlee Pomerene, of Ohio. Both Secretary Daniels and Senator Pomerene were given ovations at night when they spoke. The address of Senator Pomerene told of the work of progressive Democracy in Ohio and it was applauded time and again, as was every reference to President Wilson and Secretary Bryan. Resolutions endorsing the Wilson administration were unanimously adopted and the mass meeting at midnight adopted twenty resolutions setting forth its views, many of which are to be presented to the platform committee of the Democratic State Convention in June for insertion in the platform. The Progressive Platform. These resolutions are: For a State-wide legalized primary for county, State, district, legislative and national offices; ratification of amendments to the constitution looking to the prohibition of liquor and restriction of private, local and special legislation by the General Assembly; increased interest in public health and public morals; enforcement of the prohibition law with the addition of a new law holding criminally liable owners of property who rent it for unlawful purposes; increased attention to public roads and using convicts on such roads; revision of the penal system adding the indeterminate sentence and the parole system; continuation of the fight for relief from alleged discrimination in freight rates; continuation of the investigation of alleged discrimination in fire insurance rates; for rural credits; teaching agriculture in the schools; prohibition of the employment in factories of any child under 14 years of age and that of the child under 16 or of any woman or girl of any age; favoring the referendum of a constitutional amendment for the initiative and referendum to the people; passes or having remunerative relations of any sort with public service corporations be not chosen for legislative, judicial or Congressional positions; addition of a national conservation of natural resources. Message to Bryan. Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Senator Atlee Pomerene, who spoke here tonight at the Democratic mass meeting, at midnight for Washington. The mass meeting, by resolution, sent expressions of sympathy to Secretary Bryan on his illness and regret that he had to cancel his engagement to speak. Stormy Fight on Initiative-Referendum. Governor Craig stirred the convention late tonight with a vigorous assault on the paragraph in the resolutions proposing to submit to the people the question of constitutional amendment for initiative and referendum in some form. He was unalterable opposed to this, and he feared that if the floor, loaded with serious devilment for the State and the party. He warned that there was danger that the liquor question would be dragged out as a demoralizing home of contention against the Democratic party. He stated that he had had the most serious trouble and he hoped that the prohibition would not have sway for a hundred years. He wanted the people to have what they wanted, but he opposed anything that would subject the people to harassment through the wiles of a minority that could force a disturbance like recurrent elections or initiative and referendum. He insisted there should be recall also that the judges should be the first to be recalled. He was opposing initiative and referendum because he believed it wrong put in the hands of the people. The fact that this mass meeting was here was convincing evidence of the need for initiative and referendum. Legislatures had failed to pass legalized primary laws and chief labor laws, such as the people demand. He was not afraid of the prohibition scare raised by Governor Craig. The people would attend to that and prohibition would take care of itself. He insisted that no set of men should say what should and should not be submitted to the people. The people should always have their say. Clarence Poe advocated the initiative and referendum resolutions, which

ORGANIZATION IS NOW UP TO BANKS

Federal Reserve Committee Has Done Its Part. FORMS ARE MAILED OUT. Every National and State Institution Instructed How to Enter System and Warned of Law Saying Six Per Cent.

Washington, April 8.—Banks applying for membership must take the next step preliminary to the organization of the new Federal reserve banking system. Comptroller of the Currency Williams tonight forwarded to every one of the National and State banking houses and trust companies which have applied for membership a copy of a circular letter telling of the division of the country into twelve reserve districts, and informing each bank to which district it will belong. With this notice, M. C. Elliot, secretary to the reserve bank organization committee, sent a blank form on which banks shall signify the amount of their subscription, and also a circular letter calling attention to the law which provides for a subscription of six per cent. of a bank's combined capital and surplus. "The cooperation of applying banks," Mr. Elliot wrote, "will materially facilitate the organization of the Federal reserve banks and enable member banks to avail themselves of the advantages of the Federal reserve system by bringing into operation those provisions of the Federal Reserve act which become effective and operative when such Federal reserve banks shall have been organized." Treasury officials are hoping tonight that their appeal for prompt action would meet with a response from the banks. Under the law banks have thirty days after notice to subscribe, but officials do not believe that this time limit will be taken advantage of by many institutions, since banks which intended to enter the system have been preparing for this step for the last few months. Hot Debate on Floor. After a hot debate between Southern Senators, the first move to investigate the selection of the twelve regional reserve cities of the new banking system was made in the Senate today. Senator Hitchcock, Democrat, introduced a resolution calling on the organization committee for all its data and the reasons underlying its conclusions selecting the reserve districts. Under objection by Senator Swanson, Democrat, it went over until tomorrow. The resolution came as the sequel to a statement between Southern Senators over the selections of Atlanta and Dallas as against New Orleans. Senator Ransdell declared an effort would be made to secure the selection of New Orleans as the Federal Reserve Bank. He endeavored to have printed in the record arguments made for New Orleans before the organization committee. Senator Martin, of Virginia, objected to the inclusion of the record with the claims of all these cities. "The people of New Orleans have become hysterical and are taking themselves too seriously," asserted Senator Ransdell. Spirited controversy among Senators Ransdell, Martin and Hitchcock was interrupted by Senator Williams, of Mississippi. "The poor, old, foolish Democratic party," he said, "is going through the

FREEZING AND FROST IS PREDICTED FOR TONIGHT

Rising in the Southwest, Cold Wave Sweeping Toward Atlantic. Washington, April 8.—Warnings of April frosts over the Gulf and South Atlantic States in the next 48 hours were contained in a special weather bulletin today. "Abnormally high pressure and low temperatures prevail over the great interior basin of the country, the line of freezing temperature extending to the Oklahoma-Texas line," states the bulletin. "These conditions will move eastward and southward over the Gulf and Atlantic States during the next 24 to 48 hours, and frosts may be expected Wednesday night to the Gulf coast, with temperatures near or below freezing in the interior and frosts on Thursday night over Northern Florida. "In Georgia and Carolinas freezing temperatures are likely on Thursday night, while to the northward they will be from 10 to 20 degrees lower. Over the great central valleys and the West, low temperatures will continue for another day or two. "The cold wave, direct from the frozen fields of Alaska, is bearing down on Southern and Eastern States tonight, bringing what promises to be a record-breaking fall in temperatures. Weather Bureau experts predicted fairs and overcasts would be exceedingly popular in Easter parades Sunday. "From the lower Mississippi Valley States east to the Atlantic and as far north as the Ohio Valley, the temperature records reported tonight raised

BANDITS BEING CHASED

Citizens Hit After Gang Who Robbed Canadian Bank—Rifles Play a Big Part. New Hazelton, B. C., April 8.—Every citizen of New Hazelton capable of bearing a rifle was out today searching for the last man of the bandit gang which yesterday raided the branch of the Union Bank of Canada here. Six men have been captured or killed. The one still free, and who may have the \$1,100 taken from the bank, is believed to have been wounded and his capture is expected. An eighth man has been arrested as a suspect as he was seen with the gang early yesterday. Manager Tatchell, of the bank, said today he saw the desperado enter the building and when he heard their first shots he summoned a dozen men who speedily got their rifles into play. There was a pile of ore heaped breast high on Fuglesy street not 50 yards from the bank and behind this the posse gathered. They opened fire as the robbers emerged from the front door of the bank. Three of the robbers fell before they reached shelter. Two more were wounded, but reached the summit of the hill at the edge of the town before they fell. Two of the first men to fall were killed almost instantly. Three others are in the hospital, while one who was captured in the woods late yesterday is in jail. One of the men in the hospital was that through the stomach and cannot recover. Another's hip was badly

DOCTORS EXAMINE FRANK AT INSTANCE OF BURNS

DRAMATIC APPEAL DENIED

Impassioned Plea of Jewish Clergymen for Convicted Gun Men Refused by Glynn. Albany, N. Y., April 8.—An impassioned and dramatic appeal by five Jewish clergymen of New York for a stay of the execution of the four men convicted of killing Herman Rosenthal, was denied by Governor Glynn late today. The convicted men now must die in the electric chair, next Monday. The plea which was made in the executive chamber, was based on the possibility of new evidence developing in the second trial of former Police Lieutenant Becker. It so completely unnerved the executive that he had to retire to his private office for a time before he could continue his duties. The clergymen are all officers or members of the Union of Orthodox Jewish congregations of America. The clergymen urged that evidence in the second Becker trial might throw new light on the identification of Frank Cirofici. When other appeals failed the clergymen finally requested that the execution be stayed until after the feast of the Passover, which begins next Monday morning, and continues until the early part of the following week, and which they described as "a festival of rejoicing, which will be marred for every one of our faith if this cloud overshadows its beginning." This request, too, was denied.

Crime Committed by a Moral Pervert, According to Famous Detective.

Atlanta, Ga., April 8.—Six physicians of Atlanta have examined Leo M. Frank, under sentence of death for the murder of Mary Phagan, 14 years old, within the last 24 hours, it was made known here tonight. None of the physicians would discuss the purpose or the result of the examination of the convicted man, who is making a final effort to obtain a new trial. It was said the visits of the physicians were made at the instance of William J. Burns, the detective, who is investigating the case. The detective has announced that he believed the crime was committed by a moral pervert. Published statements accredited to him quote him as saying that he does not believe Frank to be an abnormal man. Burns is preparing a full report of his inquiries which is expected to be made public the latter part of this week. Hugh M. Dorsey, solicitor general, who conducted the prosecution of Frank, and the detective held a conference today, the result of which was kept secret. Burns also said that he expected soon to confer with James Conley, the negro factory sweeper, who was the chief witness against the young factory superintendent and who was convicted as an accessory to the murder. Conley was sentenced to one year's imprisonment. Frank is sentenced to be hanged one week from Friday. On next Thursday his attorneys will file an extraordinary motion for a new trial, which will automatically stay the ex-