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Bulgaria and Turkey Becoming Uneasy, Again Make Protests to Greece.

ITALY WILL INTERVENE

Teutonic Allies Advancing Slowly Upon Serbs With Increased Difficulty.

to the Greek government, which took formal notice of their pro-Allies in their Balkan campaign is shown by the large force they are ensued when she was halted. sending to the Balkans, and news was received from Rome today that Italy also had decided to intervene in this waiting for the developments of the Russian plans.

Invading More Difficult Bulgarians are advancing slowly in their efforts to cut off or annihilate the Serbian army. These efforts, however, are growing more difficult as the Serbians now have occupied, their resouth and east of Kralievo and east of Ivagnitza and on the western front on the left bank of the southern Morava where heavy fighting is in prog-

Outside the Balkans the most important theatre of operations is now along the eastern front. In the north the Germans apparently have abanioned hope of reaching Riga and bvinsk, at least until the ground freezes, and are falling back or being riven from the Dvina from which was

Russians Get 130,000 Prisoners. In the south General Ivanoff has ontinued to harrass the invaders by repeated thrusts which, during the weeks, Petrograd reports, have brought him nearly 130,000 pris-In the most recent of these thrusts, the bag totalled six thousand, many of whom were Germans.

on, both the Trentino and Isonzo to the right. ironts and are making another effort to take Gorizia, which has withstood them for so long.

On the western front heavy artillery bombardments against are beginning in Artois, but with the present rainsoaked condition of the ground this

can hardly presage another offensive. RE-AFFIRMS PEACE TERMS

Grey Says Conditions Must Fulfill Those Laid Down by Asquith.

London, Nov. 12 .- Re-affirmation of Premier Asquith's historic pledge regarding the Entente Allies' terms, of eace delivered at the Lord Mayor's anguet November 9, 1914, was written Sir Edward Grey, British foreign ecretary today in a written answer o a question put by Sir Arthur Markam, liberal member of the parliament or the Mansfield division of Notting-

After stating that Great Britain's position in the war is fixed by her with Japan, France and Russia, the foreign secretary pro-

"In our view, the conditions fo peace must fulfill those laid down by the inderstood once and for all that this is the determination of the government,

At the Lord Mayor's banquet Noember 9, 1914," Premier Asquith in outlining the war situation said: This is going to be a long war out there is nothing in a long strugsle to depress us, or in what has happened. Our enemy has tried three ob-

ectives-Paris, Warsaw and Calaisand has been baffled in all. That is not enough. We shall not against menace; until the rights of the the work of a spy. mailer nationalities have been placed an unassailable foundation, and until the military domination of Prus-Ela is finally destroyed."

ALBANIAN QUESTION ACUTE

Agreement Between Bulgaria and Greece is Belief in Rome

dome, via Paris, Nov. 12 .- The Alquestion is becoming more cute hourly, the belief being expressin diplomatic quarters that a seare agreement exists between Bul- and evidently fearing detection he sudand Greece concerning Serbia, Macedonia and Albania. According to and disappeared." this reported agreement the southern

and the Adriatic.

NOTHING DEFINITE CONDITIONS MUCH

Officials Under Impression Following Recognition of De Claim They Occupy Defensive J. L. Replogle Pays \$15,000,- House Passes Bill Previously At Meeting of Academy on Po-Vessel Tried to Escape

DEATHS DUE TO PA

Reports Received Do Not State Names of Any Americans Known for Certain to Have Been Saved -Expected Today.

Washington, Nov. 12 .- Still without definite information concerning the to the State Department today from circumstance under which the Italian Piedras Negras said people arriving Duchy of Lancaster in the British cab- abouts, in the Cambria Steel Comliner Ancona was sunk, State Depart- there from interior Mexico brought inet and will join his regiment at the pany, were bought today for approximent officials took no further steps word of greatly improved conditions fromt. In his resignation, he express- mately \$15,000,000 by J. Leonard Reptoday in the situation. It is believed following the recognition of the Car- ed the belief that time would vindi- logle, of this city, who started his details probably will reach here to- ranza de facto government. O. L. cate his administration of the admir- business career when 11 years old as a London, Nov. 13 .- The continued morrow. Ambassador Thomas Nelson Wise, who has lived in Mexico City alty and assign him his share in the water boy at less than \$5 a week in landing of Britsh and French troops at office is expected to develop at least conditions with State Department offiand Turkey and the minis- without warning or whether shots cials today, spoke enthusiastically of

stopped. The impression is strong in official quarters based upon press dispatches, that those of her passengers who were

Ambassador Page cabled today that fiscating property, but is paying for Mrs. Cecile Criel, believed to be an everything it gets and the personal lib-American, was reported to have been erties and rights of Mexican citizens saved, although her name still remainregion "in a manner worthy of her ed on the list of those unaccounted for. spected. greatness," and to give sufficient sup- Other Americans said to be the list port to the British and French to as- of lost were the Patattivo family, sure a complete triumph. This is said Pasquale Laurine and Mrs. Carmela to have had some influence on Greece Torrisi. Mrs. Torrisi's husband, Gui- nationality of their owners which and Rumania, Rumania, however, is seppe, was said to have been among the rescued.

A Mrs. Cecil Greil was reported as Meanwhile the Austro-Germans and saved in a dispatch Wednesday night to make of the new government." from Ambassador Page.

WOULD BLAME WILSON?

Says Ancona Tragedy Result of "Un-

Paris, Nov. 12.—Commenting in the loseph Reinach, widely known as a poess. Big battles also are proceeding litical writer, declares that the victims in the south between the Bulgarians of this latest sea tragedy died as a and the Anglo-French, but reports on result of "the unpuntshed Lustania murder.'

President Wilson could not say, he adds, that he was not warned that the tragedy would be repeated "if it were

DERNBERG ON U. S. NOTE.

Says It Opens Way for Securing Free-

Berlin, via London, Bernhard Dernburg, discussing in the Tageblatt the American note to Great Britain, says the note prepares the way for securing the freedom of the seas and thereby opens a new era of discussion with Great Britain, the result The Italians keep up their offensive of which undoubtedly will be favorable

JUSTICE DEPARTMENT **WILL PROBE CHARGES**

Of Alleged Activities of Austrian Consuls

Dr. Joseph Goricar Alleges They Have Been Active in Propaganda to Destroy Munitions Plants and Foment Strikes.

Washington, Nov. 12 .- Published charges, attributed to Dr. Joseph Goricar, former Austro-Hungarian consul at San Francisco, that Austrian consuls in rime minister on November 9, 1914. the United States, working under the very desirable that it should be direction of Consul General Von Naber and Count von Bernstorff, German amcollectively and individually, and of bassador here, are active in propaganda for destruction of munitions factories and fomenting strikes among the Department to the Department of Justice for investigation.

The Austrian embassy here denounced Goricar's published statement as untrue in every particular and announced it would try to find some way to prosecute him for it. In substance sheathe the sword, which we have Goricar is accredited with making the ly have brought Great Britain to terms not lightly drawn, until Belgium has statement that he resigned his post recovered more than she has sacrificed; after 15 years in the Austrian consular antil France is adequately secured service because he declined to perform

The Austro-Hungarian embassy issued the following statement: "Ex-Consul Dr. Goricar, formerly at San Francisco, has been on leave of abthe war and has been temporarily at- so ably pleaded? The essence of neutached for a time to the Austro-Hun- trality consists in applying the same garian consul general in Berlin, Ger-There, very soon after, he obmany. tained knowledge that the Austro-Hungarian authorities had received information about his secret connections with the enemies of Austria-Hungary

Part of Albania would go to Greece Savannah, Ga., Nov. 12.—J. Hampton manufacture of munitions or supplies and the northern part to Bulgaria, the Moore, of Philadelphia, was re-elected for nations at war. One inspector was Interior northern part to Bulgaria, the latter country thus realizing its tralatter country thus realizing its traditional dream of being bathed by terways Association at the closing sesthree seas—the Black sea, the Aegean sion here today of the eighth annual branch of the Baldwin Locomotive the collapse of the Morse enterprise convention. The 1916 meeting place Works where there was a slight fire after the panic of 1907, and the trans-The conviction is held by many that was left to the executive committee. hav must participate in the Balkan Other officers elected were: Vice pres-Contest in order to safeguard her most idents, J. H. Small, North Carolina; W. bremacy of the Adriatic and the pos(Continued on Page Ten.)

S. Bennett, New Jersey; J. H. Preston, where fires have occurred in powder and the Yale, and had them transferred to the Pacific coast.

(Continued on Page Ten.)

Subsidy had been a failure, the senator declared, and the mere use of the tracks.

(Continued on Page Ten.)

HEARD ON ANCONA BETTER IN MEXICO

Facto Government.

Situation in Mexico, City Being Restored to Normal-Request to Transfer Former Villa Troops Over American Soil.

Washington, Nov. 12.-Mail reports

those two powers today again were fired at the vessel after she had the work of restoration now going on. "People in Mexico City," he said, "used to have a hatred for General Carranza but now he is very popular. test. The determination of the Entente that the vessel tried to escape and General Gonzales, military governor, has brought about wonders in the city lost were drowned in the panic that and the people have confidence in him. The de facto government is not conand of the foreign colony are being re-

"Automobiles that had been hidden away are running about the streets again and without the flags of the heretofore was necessary for their protection. There are 5,000 Americans in Mexico City, practically all in commerthe only American then known to be cial business. They have no complaint

General Calles, Carranza commander at Agua Prieta, telegraphed the Mexican agency here tonight asking that the permission of the State Department be obtained for the transfer of 500 territory to Piedras Negras. were granted amnesty and will Figaro on the sinking of the Ancona, given sufficient money to pay their transportation home.

VILLA ARRIVES WITH MEN

Reaches Nogales Few Hours After Arrival of Carranza Commander. Nogales, Ariz., Nov. 12 .- Francisco Villa, chief opponent of the Carranza Germany would be disappointed. government in Mexico, arrived at Noafter the arrival here of General Alvar Obergon, Carranza's military com-

Villa was merely a coincidence. The Carranza leader announced that he came here to influence the Indians now in General Urbaljo's Yaqui army, formerly were under command of Obregon, to switch to the Carranza faction. He predicted that forces of the defacto government will be incomplete possession of the state of Sonora within 40 days.

Reports that General Villa had been offered amnesty were emphatically denied by General Obregon who declared that Villa would be treated as an outlaw if captured.

FLAGS MARK BOUNDARY

Action Taken After Villa Men Crossed American Boundary

Naco, Ariz., Nov. 21 .- The boundary ine between Mexico and the United States was marked at 50 yard intervals by American flags today. This action was taken after a Villa soldier escaping from Naco, Sonora, had been pursued by Villa cavalry across the boundary. Col. W. C. Brown, of the Tenth U. S. cavairy, on border patrol, arrived at the Mexican border to protest just as General JoseRodreguez, of the Villa Forces, signalled to the firing squad that faced the prison. It was explained that the man executed was wanted in connection with a shooting affray and that his pursuers were ignorant of the boundary line.

DOESN'T UNDERSTAND DELAY.

Cologne Paper Says America Could Have Prevented U-Boat War. Cologne, via London, Nov. 12.-The Koelnische Volks Zeitung says it is difm government, filled with such concan note to Great Britain, allowed 15 workers will be referred by the State mouths to elapse without serious measures against British encroach-

"The United States," the paper adds port of a few articles such as grain, copper, meat and cotton would instantand established American rights. "If America had from the first energetically taken the position against Great Britain now adopted there would have been no submarine war, no sinking of the Lusitania or the Arabic. WillW ashington wait to see whether the war ends before Great Britain sence since the time of the outbreak of takes account of the American demands law to both sides."

WILL INVESTIGATE FIRES

In Plants Making Munitions or Supplies For Belligerents Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 12 .- State denly left his post without permission Fire Marshal Baldwin today detailed the same day the Bethlehem Steel actions by which it is alleged Edward

TO SAFE POSITIONS

Ground in the North.

Germans Reported to Have Lost Henvily in Attacks in Northwest Russia-Asquith Grieved at Churchill's Resignation

Winston Spencer Churchill has given up his portfolio of chancellor of the thousand shares of stock, or there-

mand of the seas.' Premier Asquith, in acknowledging the resolution, said he was sincerely grieved that Mr. Churchill felt it his duty to leave the cabinet.

in retreat before the Austro-Hungarians and Germans, having fallen back, according to their latest communication, to defensive positions south and east of Kralievo and to the east of Ivagnitza, which would indicate that the fears expressed in an Italian newspaper dispatch that they might be cut off are unfounded.

Nothing has come through to show the existing situation in the south, where the Anglo-French forces are cooperating with the Serbs against the Bulgarians or from the Montenegrin theatre, where the Austro-Hungarians and Montenegrins have been at grips for some time with varying successes.

Further successes for the Russians against the Germans in northwest Russia are recorded by Petrograd. The Germans lost heavily in the fighting around Kemmern, as also around

Little fighting has been going on along the western front or in the Austro-Italian zone except by the artilery of the contending sides. Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, Jerman imperial chancelor, has t

the socialists that the people of Germany could be assured that the hopes of the Entente Powers of starving gales, Sonora, opposite here tonight seas News Agency of Berlin the Greek at the head of 2,000 troops a few hours premier has influenced the Bulgarian minister at Athens that it is the premier's sincere desire that the friendly mander. General Obregon said that relations between Greece and Bulgarhis presence at the same time with ia be maintained. Greece, he added, was not preparing to attack Bulgaria.

> Houston, Texas, Nov. 12. - In statement from Port Arthur today rise. Italian Consul Lombardo denied that Captain Rico of the Italian steamer Lifire on the ship, now beached, caused by incendiary bombs.

INTENDED TO ACQUIRE TRANSPORTATION LINE

Another Charge Against New Haven Officials.

Alleged by Government They Intended Boston to Galveston and Through Panama Canale.

intent to monopolize, committed within the three year period of the statute joying the privileges of a "trusty." of limitations, by former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, eleven of whom are now on trial charged with criminal violation of the Sherman law, was described to cult to comprehend how the Washing- the jury today. The testimony adduced to prove it marked the second time victions as are expressed in the Ameri- thus far during the trial that the government's case has entered this vi-

The alleged offense consisted of the approval by the board of directors in 1912 of a proposition to acquire control" of the Merchants and Miners Transportation Company and to establish a freight line from Boston to Galveston and through the Panama Canal when it should be completed. While it was shown that the proposition was never carried into effect, because of the passage of legislation by Congress forbidding railroads to own steamship lines using the Panama Canal, the government's purpose in introducing he testimony was to show that the intent to monopolize the transportaion traffic of New England nevertheless existed. All of the defendants, except Lewis Cass Ledyard and Edward Robbins, were recorded as present at the meeting at which the vote was taken, and correspondence read into the record appeared to indicate that edyard and Robbins were cognizant

of the scheme. The defense, on other hand, plans to show that the contemplated line was a benefit to the people of New England men to investigate fires that have oc- and was proposed to be established curred this week in plants engaged in in response to a demand for such ser-

OF CAMBRIA STEEL

000 for 300,000 Shares.

Bid Against His Old Superior Officer in the Cambria Steel Mills-Stock Was Held By Pennsylvania . Railroad Company.

New York, Nov. 12,-Three hundred against his old superior officer, William H. Donner, and won the stock after negotiations in Philadelphia lasting all day and virtually all night for The Serbians in the north are still several days and nights. The stock was sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which formerlly owned 450,820 shares of the 900,000 issued-a controling interest in the Cambria company.

Of the railroad's original 51 per cent. holdings of Cambria Steel, Mr. Donner already had acquired about 112,000 shares. This was secured in two lots, one of 56,000 on which he had an option, and the other, of the same amount, on which he exercised a conditional option. The condition was that he should find a purchaser for the railroad's holdings of Pennsylvania Steel stock. Mr. Donner is president of both the Cambria Pennsylvania Steel companies.

Charles M. Schwab, the genius of Bethlehem Steel, wanted the Pennsylvania Steel properties, it was reported, to combine them with his Beth-

Three weeks ago Mr. Replogle, who resigned as vice president of the gotiations for the purchase of the rewaterboy to becupy almost every position successively in line to

In the meantime, however, the Pennsylvania railroad sold some of the Cambria in the open market, at a time when it was at the crest of its recent

Negotiations begun for the purchase of the remainder ended today in the vietta had reported to him that the transfer of the stock to Mr. Replogle. was So far as is known Mr. Replogle is the largest single stock owner. Whether a fight for control will develop is to be seen. What is to be done with the Cambria property under Mr. Replogle's management, if he obtains sufficient additional stock to give him control, is yet to be divulged

"TRUSTY" GIVEN 20 YEARS.

For Burglarizing Home of Associate Justice Hoke.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 12 .- The Wake Superior court, Judge Peebles presiding, finished its work for the term today, quite a number of penitentiary and county road sentences having been imposed. The longest term in the penitentiary was for Horace Jones, who was given 20 years for entering the home of Associate Justice Hoke, of the Supreme Court, while the family was at supper and stealing a quantity of jewelry and other valuables. Jones was at the time a "trusty" at the coun-New York, Nov. 12. - An alleged ty convict camp near the Hoke home, and he is believed to have committed a number of other burglaries while en-

GIVEN RANK OF MONSIGNOR.

Very Rev. James T. O'Farrell Honored by Pope Benedict.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 13 .- Very Rev. James T. O'Farrell, vicar general of the diocese of Richmond, has been raised to the dignity of domestic prelate of the papal household, with the rank of monsignor, this being announced in a brief message received by Bishop O'-Connell from Pope Benedict under date

of October 16. The office implies the right of wearng the purple, also of taking precedence over all priests at church ceremonies, whether within the diocese or

even in the city of Rome. Although now entitled to monsignor as his title, the ceremony of investment in the cathedral here will not

WOULD PROHIBIT NARCOTICS

to Endorse Law Permitting

take place until a later date.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.-The delegates to the sixth annual convention of the American Association for the Study and Prevention of Infant Mortality at their session here today adopted a resolution refusing to endorse any law sale of narcotics in any medicine. Re-

Columbiaville, Mich., Nov. 12. -

Passed by Senate

Drinks Containing Over One-Half Per Cent Alcohol-Governor Likely to Sign.

Atlanta, Nov. 12.-The lower house of the Georgia Legislature by 142 to 22 in the event of future foreign wars extonight passed a bill which already had portation from the United States would passed the senate, to prohibit the manufacture or sale of liquor in Georgia. The only change the house made was of the present European conflict, were tive May 1, 1916, instead of January 1 made at the meeting of the Academy next. It defines "liquor" as any drink on Political Science tonight as aroperations "which secured us com- Mr. Replogle, who is 38 years old, bid containing more than one-half of one guments for the upholding of the per cent of alcohol. It is generally un- American merchant marine. United derstood that Governor Harris will

> Advocates declare the bill will elimnate all breweries, so-called "near beer" saloons and "locker clubs," now operating under laws which allow the manufacture and sale of drinks containing not more than 4 per cent alco-

The senate also has passed bills to prohibit liquor advertisements and to limit the amount of liquor each individual may have shipped to him from without the state. These are to come before the house next.

The legislature met in special session November 3, at the call of Gov- aid to overcome the difference in costs ernor Harris, to pass the annual appropriation bill which failed of passage shipping. Such aid should only apply at the last regular session because of in cases where the operation can not a fight over prohibition. Prohibition be conducted profitably and only conand several other subjects were included in the governor's call.

VIOLATED PROHIBITION LAWS

ed on Schooner at Mobile. Mobile, Ala., Nov. 12. - Whiskey plan and Mr. Donner won in the quest valued at more than \$5,000 was seizfor the Pennsylvania Steel stock. He ed here early today by the police and then tried, it is said, to obtain the re-maining Cambria stock owned by the The liquor, which came from New Or-railroad. leans, on the schooner Oyster Plant, was consigned to four Mobile men whose names were not disclosed by Cambria company March 1, began ne- the police. Emile Lyons, mate of the schooner, who with two negroes, Cambria stock held by the had wagons at the ship side in which railroad. During the 27 years he was to haul the liquor away, are at the powith the Cambria company he rose from lice station charged with violation of the recently enacted prohibition laws. the The new law as construed by Recorder D. H. Edington prohibits the bringing into Mobile of liquors by any boat. Yesterday 11,712 bottles of beer from Pensacola, Fla., were seized under this ruling. All such liquor wil be destroyed after disposal by the courts of cases connected therewith. William Thompson, captain of the Oyster Plant, later was arrested charger with violating the liquor laws. He and Lyons gave bond at \$500 each.

CHURCHILL TO ENLIST WITH ARMY IN FRANCE

Ouits Post in Cabinet Because of Inactivity.

Says He Couldn't Accept Position of General Responsibility for War Policy Without Effective Share in Guiding It

London, Nov. 12 .- It is officially an-Winston Churchill, chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, has resigned from the cabinet and will join the army in France. Mr. Churchill, in his letter of resignation, explains that he agrees in the formation of a small war council, and appreciates the intention which Prem- foreign shipping interests. The Senaier Asquith expressed to include him

He foresaw the difficulties that the premier would have to face in its composition, he states, and makes no complaint because the scheme was changed but with that change his work in the government naturally closed. says he could not accept a position of general responsibility for a war policy without any effective share in guidance and control and did not feel able in times like these to remain in well paid inactivity.

Rumors had been current for some time that Mr. Churchill would resign his seat in the cabinet and go out on active service at the front. He is a rates on flour has gone from 12 to 65 major in the Oxford Yeomanry. Mr. Churchill was serving as first

cellor of the Duchy of Lancaster in lack of ships. Freight continues to the new cabinet, Arthur J. Balfour pile up at the ports. No law controls being made first lord of the admiralty. ocean rates. We may expect to pay the effect of which will continue the ed that Mr. Churchill would retire from and that price will be higher yet. the cabinet, his resignation came as a Freight embargo is on at Galveston in response to a demand for such service.

The government attorneys later the way said exempts preparations.

The government attorneys later the way said exempts preparations.

The government attorneys later the way said exempts preparations.

The government attorneys later the way said exempts preparations. ments made for the formation of a small committee to control the war. Company's machine shop was burned. D. Robbins, general counsel of the Robbers wrecked the safe in the Co- It appears, however, from Mr. Church-Other inspectors have been active in New Haven, obtained possession of two lumbiaville State Bank early today, se- ill's letter of resignation to Prem-Western and Central parts of the state of the Morse steamers, the Harvard cured \$4,000 in cash and made their ier Asquith that the former previously

litical Science.

C CARRANZA IS POPULAR SUMMARY OF WAR NEWS FORMERLY WATER BOY EFFECTIVE MAY 1, 1916 THREE SENATORS SPEAK

Senator Weeks Advocates Its Creation by Subsidies-Senator Fletcher Urges Need of 400 Auxiliary Ships for Navy.

New York, Nov. 12 .- Assertions that virtually cease and that only the superior British and French navies enable exportation to continue in spite States Senators Fletcher, of Florida; Weeks, of Massachusetts, and Owen,

of Oklahoma, were the speakers. Senator Weeks pointed out that this country now pays to foreign ship-owners \$300,000,000 annually to transport American products abroad. The creation of a merchant marine by subsidies, he asserted, would increase industry in this country and give employment to probacly 500,000 workman.

"We should follow the practice of all other nations," said the speaker, which has resulted in the development of shipping by giving sufficient which stand as a handicap against our tinue as long as that condition prevails. / such aid being based on the service performed either in carrying mails or furnishing ships for auxiliary

places government owned or controlled ships in competition with privately owned and operated ships should not be countenanced. As the navy needs auxiliaries even more than any other facility, any measures taken to increase its efficiency should give first consideration and and be influenced by the development of a merchant ma-

For Government Ownership, The necessity of providing at least 00 auxiliary ships for the navy as an arm of the national defense was argued by Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, of Florida, as justification in itself for the enactment of a bill for the government ownership of merchant ships. Senator Fletcher had charge of the government ship purchase bill in the Senate last session and his words were listened to as indicative plans

for enacting the measure into law at

the coming session. "Last january when the ship purchase bill was before the Senate, I pointed out that Great Britain, with all of its naval establishment, had it necessary to commandeer about 1,500 merchant vessels during the present war," said the senator. "I pointed out our need of naval auxil-The need grows on us. The government is compelled to build and acquire ships to meet the necessities of the navy. Navy anxiliaries are a certain and controlling need. These auxiliaries can be constructed so as to serve commerce in time of peace and be made ready to serve the navy in time of threatened or actual war. It is an arm of hte national defense which must be developed and made service-

of transportation may serve the purpose today and tomorrow may join foreign combinations in utter disregard of both investors and the public, he continued to say. "We must be free from foreign domination," he added, 'I do not know how this can be secured except by governmental control, in view of the great lead that the merchant marines of oth-

er countries have secured." The shipping laws enacted since 1912 were pronounced as the first aid given American shipping in years. He defended the terms of the Seaman's law. which went into effect eight days ago, adding that he thought it would be found that the strongest objections to the act on he Alantic coast came from tor denounced the action of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company officials in abadoning their trans-Pacific service on the ground of the Seaman's Law and then transferring their ships to another ocean where the same law applies with equal force.

Demand for Tonnage Increasing. The commercial demand for more tonnage is increasing as the months roll by, the senator pointed out.

"There is no doubt we have suffered many millions of dollars during the past year in loss of trade and commerce, and in burdensome freight rates," he said. "The rate on grain to Liverpool is 40 cents a bushel, while before the war it was 4 cents. cents a hundred pounds. On provisions the rate is increased from \$5 a ton to lord of the admiralty when the war \$1 a hundred pounds. On cotton the began and filled that office until the rate is \$1.25, when formerly it was 20 formation of the coalition cabinet last cents a hundred pounds. Eastern rail-May. He took the position of Chan- road terminals are congested, ddue to Although it had often been report- foreign ship owners their own price, without resort to import laws-control of the means of transportation is sufficient. The welfare of our producers is in peril, the necessary equipment of the nation itself is incomplete when we are dependent on foreign vessels to reach markets."

Subsidy had been a failure, the sena-