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ENTENTE NATIONS AND GREECE AGAIN ON CORDIAL TERMS

Assurances and Guarantees of Greek Government Satisfactory to Allies.

WILL PAY INDEMNITY

Interest Turned to Attitude of Rumania and Russian Intervention in Serbia.

London, Nov. 25.—Cordial relations between Greece and the Entente Powers have been established with the Greek government's assurances that no attempt will be made to interfere with the Allied troops should they under any contingency be forced to cross the Greek frontier and that, as heretofore, railway and other facilities will be afforded them.

That the assurances and the guarantees are satisfactory to the Allies is shown in the fact that the Greek grain ships which have been held up at Malta have been allowed to proceed to their destinations, relieving what would have been a very serious shortage of bread supplies if their detention had been prolonged.

It is understood that the Allies have promised Greece a monetary indemnity after the war for any damage which might be done through the occupation of Greek territory.

Basiss May Intervene. With this in question out of the way the British public has centered its interest upon the attitude of Rumania and the intervention of Russia. It is well established that Russia has concentrated a great army near the Rumanian frontier, and dispatches state that a large number of heavy guns have arrived at Odessa from Japan for this use.

As a result of the success of the Rumanian army in the Balkans in gaining command of the Kosovo Plateau, the Serbian government has moved to Scutari, while the army is defending the little fringe of Serbia which lies between the Sittich river and the Albanian and Montenegrin frontiers. It can be provisioned from Scutari from which place the Montenegrins built good roads during the occupation.

Serbs Hold Monastir. Monastir is still in the possession of the Serbians, but the Bulgarians are pushing toward it, while the army of General von Gallwitz is reported to be on the way down the Vardar valley to help the Bulgarians attack the Anglo-French forces.

Heavy cannonading continues on the western front; winter has put a stop to any big fighting on the eastern front, while the Italians are daily getting nearer Gorizia across the Isonzo, and Rovereto and Riva, in the Trentino.

GREEK REPLY FRIENDLY

Guarantees Given the Allies Are Accepted as Satisfactory.

Athens, (Via London), Nov. 25.—Greece has met the demands of the Entente Powers and given guarantees that their requirements will be fulfilled. The official announcement is made that the reply to the collective note presented by the Entente ministers has been delivered to them. The announcement says:

The reply is couched in very friendly terms and the friendly attitude and guarantees considered essential.

The collective note was presented to the Greek government on Monday. As outlined in official dispatches, it contained no request for Greek intervention in the war with the Allies, but asked Greece to give assurance that she would preserve friendly relations with the Allied troops now in Macedonia and should be compelled to retreat across the frontier to Greek territory.

SUFFERS BROKEN NECK.

John E. Lux, Injured in Football Game, Said to be Dying.

Passaic, N. J., Nov. 25.—John E. Lux, son of John G. Lux, former mayor of Nalley, N. J., sustaining a broken neck while playing football in a football game today, and was said tonight to be dying.

MEETING AT ATKINSON.

Rev. William Black and His Singsong Had Fine Success There.

Atkinson, N. C., Nov. 25.—Rev. William Black, Synodical evangelist, and his singer, Mr. Andrew Burr, have closed here with the services last Sunday a wonderfully successful meeting. The hearts of all were made glad. Christian people were revived and many people accepted Christ as their personal Saviour. Twenty-five were added to the membership of the Atkinson Presbyterian church, Rev. E. B. Carr, pastor; 32 gave their names for the church, one for the Episcopal church and one or more for the Black River Presbyterian church. Fifty dollars were contributed to medical home missions besides amounts for other purposes. The pastor desires to thank the entire faculty of Atkinson High School for their diligence and co-operation in the revival.

PRESIDENT WORKED ALL DAY ON SPEECH

Cancelled Thanksgiving Day Engagement With Fiancee.

DINED AT WHITE HOUSE

Because of National Defense Question He is Exercising More Than Usual Care Over His Address Before Congress.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Thanksgiving Day was spent by President Wilson at his typewriter working on his annual address to Congress, and he typed away until late tonight, so as to have the document in the hands of the public printer tomorrow. Abandoning plans he had made for spending the day with Mrs. Norman Galt, his fiancee, the President locked the door of his private study and emerged only for a short automobile ride in the afternoon and to eat Thanksgiving dinner with his family.

The President had expected to complete the address early in the day and a force of clerks was on hand at the White House to prepare it for the public printer.

In view of the probability that the next session of Congress will be one of the most important of his administration, Mr. Wilson is devoting more than usual care and time to preparation of the address. While he consulted with members of his cabinet about general features the actual writing of it has been done in seclusion and without the advice of anyone.

Attend Pan-American Celebration.

The annual Pan-American Thanksgiving celebration at St. Patrick's Catholic church was attended by members of the cabinet, the diplomatic corps, the Supreme Court and other prominent officials. Diplomats from various countries assembled with other dignitaries and marched into the church where mass was said in the celebration of peace and Thanksgiving among the Americans.

All the cabinet, with two exceptions, spent the day here. Secretary Garrison was in Jersey City and Secretary Daniels was with his mother in Goldboro, N. C.

THOMAS E. WATSON TO FACE TRIAL IN THE FEDERAL COURT

Charged With Sending Obscene Literature Through the Mails.

Augusta, Ga., Nov. 25.—Thomas E. Watson, once Populist party candidate for the presidency, and well known editor and author, is expected to go to trial here tomorrow in Federal court on the charge of sending obscene literature through the United States mails. The indictment in four counts is based on a serial published in Watson's Jeffersonian magazine, entitled "The Roman Catholic Hierarchy, the Deadliest Menace to Our Liberties and Our Civilization."

This is the second time Watson has faced trial on the same charge and because of like name article. At the first trial Judge Rufus Foster quashed the indictment on the ground that the entire article should have appeared in the indictment rather than excerpts. The Populist magazine returned the charge of what was objected to were extracts from books on Catholic theology. The matter was brought to the attention of the next Federal grand jury and a new indictment returned. Judge W. W. Lambden, of the Southern district of Georgia, will preside at the trial.

THOUSANDS PRESENT AT FUNERAL OF HILLSTROM

No Religious Creed Given a Place in the Services.

Speeches Were Made by I. W. W. Members and Songs Written by Hillstrom Were Sung—Body Was Later Cremated.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—The funeral of Joseph Hillstrom, I. W. W. member, executed by a firing squad in Utah last week, was held here today and the body was later cremated. The funeral was unlike anything ever held in Chicago before. Gathered in the Westside Auditorium were 3,000 persons, while other thousands were unable to gain entrance. Incoming freight trains, factories, lodging houses, the stores and the working men's cottages contributed to the crowd. The red flag floated unmoored at every turn. Draped around the plain pine coffin of the man who was legally shot to death by the Utah authorities was a red banner. No creed or religion found a place at the services. There were no prayers and no hymns, but there was a mighty chorus of voices joining in songs written by Hillstrom. Through the crowd the decedent was referred to as "Joe Hill." On a banner above the coffin and on the programmes containing the songs which were sung, was this inscription: "In memoriam Joe Hill. We never forget. Murdered by the authorities of the state of Utah, November 13, 1915."

HENRY FORD WOULD TAKE 100 ABROAD

Governor Craig to Talk With Him in New York Today

ABOUT PEACE MEETING

Governor Will Confer With Mr. Ford in New York Today, and Trip to Christiania, Stockholm and Copenhagen, Sweden.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 25.—Governor Craig will decide tomorrow at a conference with Henry Ford, in New York, whether or not he will join a special party of one hundred American citizens for a journey to Christiania, Stockholm and Copenhagen, the purpose being to bring about an international conference looking to peace in Europe.

Just before leaving Raleigh today, the Governor received a long dispatch from Mr. Ford, extending the invitation, and he wired in reply that while it would be very hard for him to arrange matters of state, so that he could undertake the trip, he would discuss the whole situation with him tomorrow at the Biltmore Hotel, New York. The telegram from Mr. Ford reads: "Will you come as my guest aboard the Oscar II, of the Scandinavian-American Line, sailing from New York December 4, for Christiania, Stockholm and Copenhagen? I am cabling leading men and women of the European nations to join us on route, and at some central point to be determined later, establish an international conference, dedicated to negotiations leading to a just settlement of the war. One hundred representative Americans are being invited, among whom are Jane Addams, Thomas A. Edison and John Wannamaker, these three having accepted today. A full letter follows: "With twenty thousand men killed every twenty-four hours, tens of thousands maimed and homes ruined, and another war being started, it is with courage and energy, and irrespectively of personal inconvenience, money, sacrifice and criticism, to free the good will of Europe, that it may assert itself for peace and justice, with the strong probability that international disarmament can be accomplished. Please, write reply to Biltmore Hotel."

Governor Craig went today to Washington on personal and state matters, and will go to New York especially for the Army and Navy football game. He was accompanied by Mrs. Craig.

GOVERNOR MANNING INVITED

Not Known Yet Whether He Will Make Favorable Reply.

Columbia, S. C., Nov. 25.—Henry Ford today wired Richard I. Manning, governor of South Carolina, inviting him to become a member of a peace mission that will sail from New York on December 4 aboard the Oscar II for Christiania, Stockholm and Copenhagen. Among the hundred Americans invited to join the expedition are Jane Addams, Thomas A. Edison and John Wannamaker. Governor Manning is out of the city today and it is not known if he will accept the invitation.

Will Decide Matter Today.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 25.—Governor Samuel M. Ralston today received a telegram inviting him to become a member of the Ford Peace Commission. The governor said he would decide on the matter tomorrow.

Minister and Governor Invited.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 25.—Governor Frank B. Willis, of Ohio, and the Rev. Dr. Washington Gladden, retired Congressional minister, today received invitations to become members of the Ford Peace Commission. Governor Willis said he had not yet decided whether he could accept the invitation. "I hope to be able to go," said Dr. Gladden.

Governor Brewer Declines.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 25.—Governor Earl Brewer today declined an invitation to become a member of the Ford Peace Commission.

Duties Prevent Acceptance.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 25.—In a telegram declining Henry Ford's invitation to him to become a member of his European peace party which was received today, Governor Henry C. Stuart said: "I feel that my relations to this and all other questions of like nature are fixed and limited by my official duties and obligations as the governor of one of the American commonwealths."

DEFENSE PLANS CONDEMNED BY CHRISTIAN CONFERENCE

Resolution of Protest Adopted at Closing Session at Durham.

Durham, N. C., Nov. 25.—Declaring that the idea of "preparedness" was ill-founded in fact, since it was unscriptural throughout, the North Carolina Christian Conference today pronounced itself squarely on record against President Wilson's defense programme today. The incorporation of a resolution condemning the programme was among the closing acts of the conference.

President W. A. Harper, of Elon College, secretary of the conference, was authorized to memorialize Senators Simmons and Overman and the congressmen from this State relative to the measure, and register the protest of the Christian denomination of the two states.

The resolution as endorsed was introduced by Rev. J. O. Atkinson, editor of The Christian Sun. Prolonged discussion voted almost unanimously against military preparations.

NO. 38 ATTEMPTED TO RUN TOO CLOSE

Southern Officials Explain Cause of Salisbury Wreck

ONLY TWO FATALITIES

Number of Persons, Most of Them from Charlotte, on Richmond Football Special, More or Less Seriously Hurt at Salisbury.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The rear-end collision on the Southern Railroad at Salisbury, N. C., last night, in which two were killed and 22 injured, was due to No. 38 passing the block signal and running too close to the special train standing at the Salisbury station, according to an official statement issued today at the general office of the road here. The special train was loaded with North Carolinians on their way to attend today's Virginia-North Carolina football game at Richmond. The statement says:

"No. 38, running on time, passed electric automatic block signal, apparently running cautiously and slowly, and ran too close to second section of No. 32, while standing at the station at Salisbury, N. C., awaiting signals to proceed into the station."

The line where the accident occurred is double track main line, fully equipped with automatic electric block signals.

Henry C. Slevers and C. E. Hall, both of Charlotte, were killed in the accident.

O. Max Gardner, of Shelby, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant Governor of North Carolina, had his left leg broken and suffered a strained back.

Other passengers injured are: Mrs. B. S. Casle, Charlotte, sprain; C. H. Isey, Charlotte, sprain; Henry Talley, Charlotte, laceration of face and eye; W. R. Howell, Charlotte, cut on eye and sprained back; Mrs. F. T. Purse, Charlotte, arm fractured; Mrs. J. M. Smith, Charlotte, broken ribs; J. M. Smith, Charlotte, broken ribs; Mrs. B. E. Smith, Charlotte, laceration of face and rib broken; F. B. McCall, Charlotte, laceration and cuts on face; Forest Eckridge, Shelby, rib broken.

Unusual Point of Law is Involved

"CONSCIOUS SUFFERING OF THE DECEASED" TAKEN INTO CONSIDERATION BY SUNDAY COURT.

(Special Star Telegram.) Asheville, N. C., Nov. 25.—Taking into consideration "conscious suffering of the deceased," for the first time in the history of the local Superior court, a jury this morning returned a verdict against the Southern Railway for \$12,000 in favor of Mrs. Belle Rogers, widow of the late Furman Rogers, who was killed when a string of cars he was handling ran away and was wrecked.

Mrs. Rogers and W. F. Rogers, father of the dead man, filed suit for \$40,000, the suit being instituted under the Federal Employers' Liability act, rather than under the laws of the State courts. The jury was out nearly 24 hours on the case. The case was the first in which "conscious suffering of the deceased" has been taken into consideration in a damage suit in this county, if not in the entire State.

STACY FOR JUDGESHIP 'CONCEDED' IN RALEIGH

Though Governor Goes North Without Naming Appointee.

No New Developments in Wilmington Regarding Successor to Judge Rountree—Several Men Have Strong Endorsements.

(Special Star Telegram.) Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 25.—Governor Craig left for Washington and New York today without announcing any appointment as Superior Court judge to succeed Judge George Rountree, of Wilmington, resigned. However, it is conceded here that the appointment will be W. P. Stacy, Esq., who represented New Hanover county in the House of the 1915 Legislature. There are a number of aspirants being urged, but it is understood that Mr. Stacy has such overwhelming endorsements that his appointment is assured.

There were no new developments locally yesterday regarding the appointment of a successor to Judge Rountree and the news that comes from Raleigh that it is understood that Mr. Stacy has such overwhelming endorsements (Continued on Page Eight).

BISHOP T. C. DARST HEARD BY TEACHERS

Miss Mary O. Graham Pleads for "The Efficient School."

ASSEMBLY AT RALEIGH

Dr. David Snedden, Massachusetts Commissioner of Education, Delivers Address—Striking Demonstration of Schools.

(Special Star Telegram.) Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 25.—A busy and most interesting day for the 1,200 and more teachers here for the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly closed tonight with a brilliant, though informal, reception at the Governor's Mansion. Miss Mary O. Graham, president, and other officers of the assembly, the State, county and city school officers constituted the receiving line. The Mansion was beautifully decorated and delicious refreshments were served.

The reception followed the evening session in the auditorium when Miss Graham delivered her annual address on "The Efficient School," and there was an address by Dr. David Snedden, commissioner of education of Massachusetts, who discussed the present educational system and reforms that the times demand. That too many subjects are being attempted to be taught in the schools, that the curriculum is too broad, that the curriculum is too general, that the curriculum is too superficial, was declared to be an essential evil of present educational policy. The practical and successful system must center around two fundamental things: the child must learn to read in detail and those that must be imparted for the finer and subtle effect in rounding out the mental development.

The division of the assembly held separate sessions today that proved most profitable, kindergarten department with Miss Scott, of Asheville, presiding; primary teachers, with Mrs. E. B. Johnson, of Salisbury, presiding; grammar grade teachers, with Mrs. M. S. Stroll, presiding; music teachers, with Mrs. J. M. Smith, of Salisbury, presiding.

There were numerous professional topics treated by experts. Features of the Teachers' Assembly today were the annual Thanksgiving sermon at noon by Rev. W. Thomas G. Darr, bishop of the Diocese of East Carolina, and the annual address by Miss Mary O. Graham, of Charlotte, president of the Assembly, tonight, this being followed by an address by Dr. David Snedden, commissioner of education of Massachusetts. Both sessions of the Assembly were characterized by splendid music by soloists and choruses.

The text for Bishop Darst's sermon was "In Everything Give Thanks." The bishop made a plea for constant manifestation of a thanksgiving spirit and stressed present day opportunities for the manifestation of this spirit. He urged upon the teachers that they use to the utmost their great opportunities for service in the development of the mental, spiritual and physical faculties of the young people under their influence.

He presented in a striking manner the spiritual force of education and opened the work of the teachers of the really efficient crusader, the crusade of the teachers being against ignorance and for full development of useful manhood and womanhood in the children of the present day. He said that the teacher of today must pass by a rough stone along the highway and another would come along and find in the stone the jewel of great price. The task and opportunity of the teacher, he said, is to find the jewels in the individual lives of the pupils. He said that power and opportunity come with effort and fullest blessings follow sacrifice.

"The Efficient School" was the theme of the annual address of Miss Graham, as president of the Assembly, tonight. She declared that the work of education in this State came last February when the Legislature voted down the bill to put the teachers of the State on a professional basis designed to gradually raise the standard of efficiency. She said it was really the temporary defeat of efficiency as a controlling factor in the schools of the State. She stated that the work of the teachers is to be intelligent and complete cooperation and that really no body of workers now has as little of this cooperation as do the teachers of North Carolina.

Miss Graham declared the slogan for the Assembly the coming year to be "Efficiency for the individual teachers." She pleaded for better salaries for the really efficient teachers, and stated that the discrimination against the efficient woman teacher as compared with the salaries allowed for the men. She would not argue for sentiment but for the right and opportunities and pay for the women in the teaching profession. She called on the Assembly to launch an efficiency campaign that will embrace the efficient school, more efficient teachers, who will assure more efficient children in the schools, the greatest asset of the State, assuring efficient citizenship.

Demonstration of Children. The hundreds of teachers here for the Assembly were attracted today to a special demonstration for farm life and rural elementary school work under the direction of L. C. Brogden, of the State Department of Education, and a special committee named by the Assembly last year. There were nearly 190 children from the rural schools and the demonstration work, which included sewing, milk testing, seed selection, canning operations, live stock and poultry judging and the like, along with general domestic science work.

The demonstration featured the insistence that three-teacher rural schools are the smallest school plants in which all these features of instruction (Continued on Page Eight).

VIRGINIA IS ONCE MORE THE VICTOR

Carolina Put Up Best Battle in the Past Eight Years.

THE SCORE WAS 14 TO 0

Game Went Forty Minutes Without a Score—Virginia Scored on Carolina's Two Fumbles in Third and Fourth Periods.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 25.—Virginia defeated North Carolina here today in the annual Thanksgiving Day clash, making the eighth consecutive victory for the Orange and Blue in this Southern gridiron classic. The largest crowd in the history of local football saw the battle, which was one of the prettiest ever staged here. Carolina went 14 to 0.

For nearly 40 minutes the teams battled without a score. It was in the latter part of the third period that Virginia, taking the ball from Carolina on the 20-yard line on a fumble by Captain Dave Taylor, carried it over by straight football. Again, in the fourth period, a fumble gave the ball to Virginia, and it was rushed across the line. Carolina Put Up Good Game.

Carolina put up the best battle against Virginia that she had done in the past eight years. In the first half the Tar Heels played Virginia even and it was only when injuries took man for man that the battling Tar Heels saw their line buckle for substantial gains. Even then, they fought with determination, and twice took the ball from Virginia with less than a yard to go. The Orange and Blue offense was good, but not as effective as it has been in other games.

"Buck" Mayer, star Virginia back, was unable to get off any of his brilliant end runs, and had it not been for the smashing runs of Eddie Anderson, and the so-called brilliant dashes of Bunny Backley, the Virginians would have been unable to batter their way to the goal.

McAdoo, left tackle of the Carolina team, and Homewood, right end, did great work in stopping the Virginia offensive. The former was particularly effective, and it was his great work in getting down under punts that kept the speedy Berkeley from bringing the ball back for long gains. He tackled cleanly and swiftly, and was on the runner time and time again, before the ball could reach him. Through the work of the Carolina wings, the Tar Heels secured the advantage in kicks over Thurman, whose spirals were longer, but out-distanced the oncoming ends.

Virginia Realized Task. Virginia realized its difficult task in the early stages of the game, and tried no less than four drop kicks, which failed. Forward passing was resorted to on several occasions and three times substantial gains were made. Three of the flips, however, were intercepted by the Carolina secondary defense for good gains.

Carolina's left end, played a stellar game on the defense, and was effective on an end around run, which was about the only play the Tar Heels could not diagnose correctly. Homewood and Boshamer in the final stages found a way to stop him.

Carolina started to crumble not through being outplayed, but by injuries to its men. Tandy, the great center, was the first to go. He was followed in a few minutes by Cowell, who had been putting up a wonderful game at left guard. McDonald and Reid, the speedy backfield men, were forced out on account of injuries, and Parker, whose collar bone was shattered in (Continued on Page Eight).

FAVORS INCREASE IN TAXES TO MEET DEFENSE EXPENSES

McAdoo Says Expenditures for First Year Can Easily be Met in This Way.

BONDS NOT NECESSARY

Issues Statement of Estimated Revenues and Disbursements to July, 1917.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Increase in internal taxation rather than issuance of bonds, to meet the first year's expenses of the administration's defense programme are advocated by Secretary McAdoo, of the Treasury, in a statement issued tonight, giving an estimate of the Federal government's revenues and expenditures up to the end of the fiscal year beginning next July. Assuming that Congress will continue in effect the present emergency tax law and customs duty on sugar, the Secretary estimates that \$112,806,894 in additional revenue will be needed for the expenditures of 1917, including \$93,800,000 for new measures for National defense.

"This amount," says the statement, "can easily be raised by internal taxation without imposing possible burdens upon the American people."

Mr. McAdoo suggests a reduction in the income tax law exemption on single persons from \$3,000 to \$2,000 and on married persons from \$4,000 to \$3,000; changes in the sur-tax imposed on incomes above a certain figure, and new taxes on gasoline, crude and refined oils, horsepower of automobiles, other internal combustion engines, and various other things.

The statement says: "In view of the many inaccurate and misleading statements which are being made, either directly or indirectly, about the condition of the Treasury and the finances of the government with respect to the current fiscal year and the fiscal year 1917, I feel that an accurate analysis may be of service to the public."

"We began the fiscal year 1916 (July 1, 1915) with a general fund balance, not including amounts to the credit of disbursing offices, of \$104,170,105.78. Under existing law the present duty of one cent per pound on raw sugar ceases May 1, 1916, and the present emergency revenue law expires on December 31, 1915. Assuming that these two sources of revenue are eliminated, the following results may be expected for the fiscal year 1916:

"General fund balance in the treasury July 1, 1915, as already shown, \$104,170,105.78. The estimated total receipts for 1916 are \$270,365,500. Total \$374,535,605.78.

Total estimated disbursements for 1916, excluding Panama Canal payments, \$248,891,000. "Surplus of balance June 30, 1916, \$57,644,605.70.

"The duty on sugar and the emergency revenue taxes ought to be continued. If this is done, the additional receipts from these sources for the fiscal year, 1916, should be \$1,000,000 from emergency taxes and \$15,000,000 from sugar—\$56,000,000. Balance \$113,644,605.70.

"It may be assumed that there will be appropriated by the Congress for supplemental estimates and deficiencies for the fiscal year 1916, a total of \$12,000,000.

"Surplus for fiscal year 1916 (assuming that emergency taxes and sugar duties are continued) \$101,644,605.78. "Panama Canal payments for 1916 are estimated at \$25,000,000. These may be paid by sale of bonds. If paid, however, out of current revenues, we must deduct \$25,000,000. On this basis, available balance at the end of fiscal year 1916 would be \$76,644,605.78.

"Now let us consider the fiscal year 1917, which we began with a balance in the treasury of \$76,644,605.78. "Total estimated receipts, on the assumption that present emergency revenue taxes and duties on raw sugar products are continued, \$780,500,000. "Total for 1917, \$807,144,605.78.

"Total disbursements, including \$93,800,000 new or additional expenditures for greater National defense or preparedness, and excluding Panama Canal payments, \$832,951,000. Deficiency, 1917, \$25,806,394.22.

"Estimated deficiencies and supplemental appropriations for 1917, \$12,000,000. Add for working balance in Treasury to begin fiscal year, 1918, \$50,000,000.

"Panama Canal payments for 1917 are estimated at \$25,000,000. If paid out of revenues and not from sale of bonds, add \$25,000,000.

"On this basis, the total revenue to be raised for fiscal year 1917, is \$112,806,894.22.

"If, however, the Panama Canal payments for the years 1916 and 1917, amounting to a total of \$50,000,000, should be paid from the proceeds of bond sales, then the amount of additional revenue which must be raised for the fiscal year 1917 is estimated to be \$62,806,894.22.

"It would not be an unusual thing to finance the Panama Canal payments by the sale of government bonds; in fact, \$138,600,569.02 of Panama Canal payments have been met by the sale of such bonds.

"Under the present administration all payments for the Panama Canal have been made out of current revenues amounting since March 4, 1913, to date, to \$87,936,318.20.

"There is no necessity in my opinion for the issuance of bonds, notwithstanding the continuance of the Bureau (Continued on Page Eight).

NUMBER OF MEXICANS KILLED BY AMERICANS

Cross Over the Border and Open Fire on the Troopers.

Sentiment Among Villa Adherents Apparently Growing Against Americans—Unusual Vigil Being Kept Along Border.

Nogales, Ariz., Nov. 25.—Fifty-eight Mexican soldiers, crossing into the United States at Harrison's ranch, east of here, fired on six American troopers of the Tenth cavalry today. Twenty-five other troopers of the Tenth cavalry who were on reserve post opened fire on the Mexicans, killing a number, according to reports, and bringing one wounded prisoner into camp.

Sentiment among Villa adherents was apparently growing against Americans on this side of the boundary were unusually vigilant.

Vicente Terrazas, a civil official of Nogales, Sonora, was executed today by order of General Acosta, for having exceeded his authority in ordering the death of a Mexican who participated in the riots in the Mexican town last night.

Acting Governor Carlos Randall said today he had telegraphed to Washington that the rioting was caused by rumors that General Obregon had been allowed to advance on Mexican Nogales over American territory. (Continued on Page Eight).