

THE WEATHER.
Cloudy and warmer Monday; rain at night and Tuesday.

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ALLIES ABANDON ALL REMAINING POSTS ON FRONT IN GALLIOLI

Complete Evacuation of the Peninsula Carried Out Without Single Loss.

PANG TO BRITISH PUBLIC

British Battleship King Edward VII Blown Up by a Mine—Crew is Rescued.

Germans Claim Recapture of Positions in the Vosges.

London, Jan. 9.—The remaining positions held by the Allies of Gallipoli peninsula have now been abandoned with the wounding of only one man among the British and French, according to a British official statement issued tonight. This news has been expected for several days by the keener observers of the Near Eastern campaign, for the retirement of troops from Anzac and Suvla Bay three weeks ago left no strategic advantage to the retention of the tip of the peninsula. Nevertheless, the news will be received with a pang of regret by the people of the British Isles, as well as the colonies.

Turks Renew Activity.
Renewed activity of various kinds, noted by the Turkish official communication in the past few days, has presumably been in the nature of preparations for the final act of the Dardanelles campaign. The official statement, covering the period from Thursday to Saturday, records increasing effectiveness of the reinforced Turkish batteries, which have been drawing in and concentrating on the Allies' remaining positions.

Another pang to the British public will be caused by the announcement of the sinking of the battleship King Edward VII, which has been blown up by a mine. The brief official statement on this subject does not reveal the scene of the action and merely says that the disaster occurred in a heavy sea, despite which the entire crew was saved before the ship went down.

The King Edward VII represented an investment of nearly \$1,600,000 and was one of the finest of the last class of pre-dreadnaughts, comparing in general to the American ships of the New Jersey and Nebraska type, and which was sunk by an internal explosion about a week ago.

No Large Development.
On the west and east fronts there have been no developments of large importance over the week end. The German communication announces that the Germans have completed the recapture of positions on Hartman Wellersdorf, taken by the French a few days before Christmas.

Greek Christians continue to assert that the Bulgars and Germans are hastening plans for an attack on Saloniki, but the Austrians are fighting hard against the Russians and Montenegrins and the Bulgars are largely occupied in a resolute attempt to reach the Adriatic, from which they are only 40 miles distant at Elbasan, Albania.

England's internal affairs are quiet, pending the reassembling of parliament. There will be a full dress debate on the subject of the bill Tuesday, with David Lloyd-George, minister of munitions, and Arthur Henderson, labor member, who has just resigned from the cabinet, as the probable star speakers. Sir Henry Dalrymple, who has been one of the most consistent critics of the government, also will give his reasons why he supports the government on this matter.

The labor party will meet early in the week to consider its position. Unless, however, opposition to the bill develops a strength of which there is no indication now, there seems some small likelihood that the government will feel need to appeal to the country.

TURKISH STATEMENT

Effective Work of Artillery in Bombardment of Allied Positions.
Constantinople, via London, Jan. 9.—Effective work by Turkish artillery in bombarding Entente allied positions on the Gallipoli Peninsula, is reported in a Turkish official statement issued today by the war office. The statement says:
"On the Dardanelles front Thursday night there was rather brisk bomb fighting on our right and left wings. On Friday our artillery for some hours at intervals violently shelled hostile trenches to our right wing, causing heavy bombardment in the center of our artillery and our bombs destroyed some hostile trenches and mortars. On our left wing was a feeble artillery duel. Two cruisers, a monitor and four torpedo craft assisted the enemy's land batteries."
At two o'clock in the afternoon our shells caused an outbreak of fire in the enemy's camp near Teko Burnu. On the night of Thursday our batteries in the narrows effectively shelled the enemy's camp near Seddul Bahar, and on Friday the enemy's batteries

IMPORTS OF KNIT GOODS DWINDLING

While Exports Have Doubled in Past Six Years

NO GROUNDS FOR FEAR

Manufacturers Will Not Suffer From Foreign Competition Under Lower Tariff the Commerce Report Says.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Investigation by the Department of Commerce has shown, according to a report made to President Wilson today, that there were no grounds for fears expressed to Congress by American manufacturers that a tariff reduction on knit underwear would force them to cut wages to meet foreign competition.

The industries in the United States now is in prosperous condition and wages, in fact, have been increased, the report declares. Dwindling import figures are offered to reflect the situation regarding foreign competition, while exports are shown to have doubled within the last six years.

Profits on capital in the 63 establishments from which data was obtained averaged, the report says, nearly 9 per cent. Twenty-eight factories earned more than ten per cent, while eight reported losses.

Highest profits were found in the southeast. Blame for low earnings of some mills is given to poor shop management, poor selling methods, lack of capital, antiquated machinery and poor credits.

The report says manufacturers tried to have the old tariff on knit goods of about sixty per cent, increased to eighty in 1908 claiming that unless higher tariffs were put on they would have their own against European competition. The increase was denied and in 1913 the Smoot-Hawley law reduced the tariff to 30 per cent.

The decline in imports of knit goods is noted. In 1909, when they were less than one per cent of the American production today, according to the report, they are less than one-half of one per cent. What effect, if any, the war had on imports is not stated, though figures are given to show that imports declined during the first of 1914, before the war started and while the new tariff was in effect.

SIX ARE ASPHYXIATED

Wife of Chicago Teamster Kills Herself and Five Children.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Mrs. Christiana Maves, wife of a teamster, killed herself and five of her children, ranging in age from 2 to 7 by turning on the gas last night. Her husband suggested that her mind might have become affected through grief over the death of her mother last summer.

Under the withdrawal of the British and French forces from the southern end of the Gallipoli Peninsula after the evacuation of the Anzac Cove and Suvla Bay positions on the western coast in the middle of December, there has come to an end a movement that was begun with expectations of

NO FURTHER RIOTS BY STRIKING MOBS

Youngstown Steel Plants to be Reopened Today.

MEDIATION HAS BEGUN

State Guards Still in Control of Situation—250 Foreigners Have Been Arrested For Looting Friday Night.

Youngstown, Jan. 9.—Believing that the situation is well under control following two days of tranquillity after the rioting Friday night, preparations are being made to reopen the plants of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, in East Youngstown and Struthers. President James A. Campbell of the company said tonight that former employees who reported tomorrow would be put to work making repairs incident to a resumption of operations within a few days. He denied that strike breakers would be imported.

It would be useless for us to attempt to operate our plant while the mob of the workers are in the frame of mind they are in now," President Campbell said, "and we will not attempt to resume operations for several days at least. There are workmen who are now in the plant and more will be put to work if they apply tomorrow."

President Campbell said that many workmen had informed the company that they desired to return to work but were afraid, as their families had been threatened.

The state guards employed by the company were responsible for the riot Friday night which cost the lives of 2 persons and resulted in property loss amounting to \$1,900,000 or that they fired the first shot.

Mediation of the strike began here today. Fred C. Croxton, of Columbus, Ohio, representing the state and sent here in an effort to settle the labor difficulties of both sides. James H. Nutt, director of the public safety of this city, has been appointed to represent the Republic Iron & Steel Company in the negotiations, who are also on a strike.

Twenty-five thousand sightseers from the various parts of eastern Ohio and western Pennsylvania. Every street car from Youngstown was filled with many private owners of the city, who were transformed into jitney buses to haul the throngs to the scene.

The situation was quiet throughout the day at Struthers, where 400 strikers, under command of Colonel Edward Vollrath, of Burrus, Ohio, are stationed, four shots were fired at soldiers by snipers located in the hills but none was injured.

General John H. Speaks announced late today that the Fourth regiment, which is now being held at Berlin Centre, 15 miles north of here, might be ordered home shortly.

NEARLY 250 ARRESTED

The roundup of prisoners who are alleged to have participated in the looting of the Youngstown plants, ranging in age from 2 to 7 by turning on the gas last night. Her husband suggested that her mind might have become affected through grief over the death of her mother last summer.

Things, the police allege, were stolen from stores attacked by the mob. Because of the large number of arrests the prisons in Youngstown have become crowded.

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SWISS DELEGATES ON WAY TO HAGUE

Will Join Proposed Permanent Peace Board.

PLAN OF FORD PARTY

Already Delegates From Norway, Sweden and Denmark and Holland Have Joined—Bryan and Ford to Be American Delegates.

The Hague, (via London), Jan. 9.—Assurance was received that Switzerland is sending five delegates to join those of the other neutral nations in the permanent peace board which it is planned to form as a result of the Ford Peace Expedition. The Swiss delegates will arrive at The Hague as soon as the interruption to traffic, due to the war, will permit. Invitations sent to the leading Spanish pacifists to join the peace board have not yet been answered on account of the interruption to communications.

With the Americans leading the movement already has been joined by delegates from Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland and the expedition this week purposes to establish a permanent board with five members from each neutral nation. It has virtually been decided that the Americans will name William Jennings Bryan and Arthur Hays Sulzberger.

The purposes of the board are: First, to obtain expert advice on how to proceed. Second, to take the initiative in approaching the warring nations on peace terms, and third to be prepared to sit indefinitely and receive and pass upon peace proposals from whatever source they may be offered.

This week the expedition will hold meetings in The Hague, Amsterdam and Rotterdam. Madame Rozika Schwimmer, the Hungarian delegate, who was largely responsible for organizing the expedition, said today: "Information has reached me from influential sources that the establishment of an unofficial arbitration body will not be unwise. This has given renewed encouragement that peace is less remote than generally believed."

SEEK POLISH RELIEF

Cablegram Requests Letting of Part of the British Blockade.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Officers of the Polish relief committee and of nine Polish organizations, having a total membership of 500,000, tonight addressed to President Wilson and the diplomatic representatives of Great Britain, Germany, France, Italy, Russia and Austria at Washington.

POSTMASTER IS ARRESTED

C. R. Carter, of Myrtlewood, Ala., Charged With Misuse of Funds.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 9.—Claude R. Carter, postmaster at Myrtlewood, Ala., was arrested today charged with appropriating government money to his own use. The amount involved is said to be \$1,620. He was released under a bond of \$2,000. He is a brother of "Nick Carter," who 20 years ago killed "Rube" Burroughs, the notorious bandit.

War News at a Glance

The complete evacuation of the Gallipoli Peninsula by the British and French forces, the withdrawal of the French troops from the summit of Hirsstein, south of Hartman-Wellersdorf, in the Vosges mountains, and the sinking of the British battleship King Edward VII, after it had come in contact with a mine, are the outstanding features in the war news.

A British and French communication was the only casualty suffered in leaving the Gallipoli Peninsula and the British and French were able to remove all their guns, except 17 old ones which were destroyed.

There also was no loss of life in the sinking of the King Edward VII, and only two men aboard the pre-dreadnaught were wounded.

A Former Congressman and Others Indicted.



H. R. Fowler, former Congressman in Washington shows H. Robert Fowler, former representative from Illinois; H. B. Martin, a friend of Dave Lamar, of Wall Street fame, who helped Germany at the cost of American industry. The photograph just taken.

SIX OF THE 11 FORMER NEW HAVEN OFFICIALS INDICTED FOR CONSPIRACY ACQUITTED

Jury, Which Was Out Fifty-Two Hours, Failed to Agree in the Cases of Five Others—Jurors Are Discharged—Case Began Oct. 13, and Has Cost the United States Government \$250,000, it is Estimated.

New York, Jan. 9.—Six of the eleven former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, charged by the government with criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, were found not guilty late today by the jury that for nearly three months has been trying the case. The jury disagreed on the five others.

Those acquitted were D. Newton Barney, Farmington, Conn.; Robert W. Taft, Providence, R. I.; James S. Hemenway, A. Heaton Robertson and Frederick F. Brewster, New Haven, and Henry K. McFar, Stamford, Conn.

Those on whom the jury disagreed were William Rockefeller, New York; Charles F. Brooker, Ansonia, Conn.; Charles M. Pratt, Brooklyn; Lewis Cass Ledyard, New York, and Edward D. Robbins, New Haven.

The verdict was returned at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon after fifty-two hours of deliberation and the jury was discharged. The final vote on the five defendants upon whom the jurors did not agree stood 8 to 4 for acquittal.

R. L. Batts, chief counsel for the government, announced that in due time he would move for a new trial of these five. This will be done, he said, before any effort will be made to try the six other former directors of the road that was indicted, but who are to be tried separately.

On returning to the jury room, the jurors renewed their discussion with the court's instructions in mind and ultimately eliminated the six that were acquitted. Two of the four jurors who had voted against the defendants against inally, stood firm however, against Rockefeller reduced Briffgg Messrs. Rockefeller, Ledyard, Brooker, Pratt and Robbins. Then the other two switched to their original position, leaving 3 to 4 as the final verdict.

EXCITEMENT OVER RELATIONS ABROAD HAS BEEN ALLAYED

Congress Much Calmer After a Week of Open Discussion in Both Houses.

BUSY DAYS ARE AHEAD.

Deliberations on National Preparedness Subject Now Well Under Way.

Washington, Jan. 9.—After a week of open discussion in the Senate and House, congressional excitement over the foreign relations of the United States has been considerably allayed. Administration leaders appear to have succeeded in prevailing upon most of their colleagues to adopt a policy of patient waiting for complete investigation of recent war zone incidents by which American lives were sacrificed.

It is certain, however, that there will be almost daily discussion at the capital of the conditions affecting the United States as a result of the European war, now that the bonds of restraint which kept members so long silent have been broken. In both houses last week conservative and radical members emphatically accepted their views regarding the paramount war issues, and in almost every debate some phase of the foreign affairs of the nation probably will be injected for weeks to come.

Eventual foreign relations committee of the Senate will begin consideration of all matters pertaining to the European conflict which have come before it, including proposed investigations into British interference with neutral shipping and belligerent attacks upon neutral ships in which American lives have been sacrificed or imperiled. The committee planned to begin the task last week but deferred action pending further efforts of the State Department through diplomatic negotiations with foreign powers.

Hoke Smith to Speak.
Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, author of the resolution which would direct inquiry into the British treatment of trade, has given notice that he will address the Senate this week on phases of the cotton situation as affected by the attitude of Great Britain. Senator Smith and other members of Congress today received cablegrams from the American Association of Commerce and Trade in Berlin praying for action to assist American firms which have been ruined because of the British blockade.

"I did not pay much attention to the cablegram," said Senator Smith. "I am not interested in Americans in Berlin. We want something done for the Americans who stay at home. I want American citizens in the United States to be given the right to do their own business."

Deliberation on the subject of National Preparedness is now fairly under way in both houses of Congress. The leaders agree that it will be many weeks before the final bill can be formulated as to the naval and army bills. This week, the Senate committee on military affairs will be given a hearing.

Legislation in the meantime will not be considered. Representative Kitchen, chairman of the Ways and Means committee, and Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance committee, agree that it would be useless to discuss means of raising revenue until the programme is far enough advanced to indicate how much money will be needed.

Representative Heflin, of Alabama, will speak Tuesday amplifying his charge of a conspiracy between speculators and spinners in New York cotton exchange to bat down the price of cotton.

Military Resignation Bill.
Before the House Military committee this week Major General Simmons, chief of the army, and Major General Bliss, assistant chief, will make statements regarding the military army reorganization bill.

Rear Admiral Stanford will continue his testimony before the naval committee regarding conditions at yards and docks, in connection with the annual naval appropriation bill. Other national defense proceedings will be a hearing before the House Rules committee Wednesday when Representatives Hensley, of Missouri; Gardner, of Massachusetts; and Tamm, of Illinois, will press for action on resolutions they have introduced bearing on the investigations of national defense preparedness propaganda.

Representative Foss, of Ohio, has given notice of a speech on the rights of neutrals Tuesday. Secretary Garrison will be called back to the capital next Wednesday to explain before the House appropriations subcommittee on fortifications his estimates for seacoast defense. Later he will appear before the Senate Military affairs committee. Other committees will begin work tomorrow framing the rivers and harbors bill which will aggregate approximately \$40,000,000, the urgent deficiency bill, for which estimates aggregating \$3,000,000 already are in for the present fiscal year. The Indian appropriation bill, aggregating \$10,000,000, and the postoffice appropriation bill.

Hearing on Dye Situation.
One of the important hearings of the session will be on the dyestuffs situation. Large delegations from Connecticut, Massachusetts, and elsewhere are preparing to appear before the House Ways and Means committee (Continued on Page Ten.)