

RUSSIAN, ITALIAN AND FRENCH ARMIES KEEP UP THEIR OFFENSIVES

More Territory is Taken From the Forces of the Central Powers in Three Theatres

RUSSIANS TAKE STANISLAU

Opens Another Gateway Through Which They May Advance Toward City of Lemberg

ITALIANS MAKE BIG GAINS

Anglo-French Attack Bulgarians on the Balkan Front

Russian, Italian and French armies continue successfully their respective offensives, and, according to the latest official communications, have taken more territory from the forces of the Central Powers in France, Galicia and Austria.

Stanislaw, 87 miles southeast of Lemberg, the capital of Galicia, and an important railway junction, has been occupied by Russian troops. In addition the Russians have progressed on the line of the Zereh river as along the Zlota Lipa, taking important positions south of Brody and capturing the railway town of Monasterzyska and several villages.

Another Gateway to Lemberg. The taking of Stanislaw, which Vienna says was without a fight, opens another gateway through which the Russians may advance toward Lemberg. Already, Petrograd says, the Austro-Germans are being driven toward the Dniester river.

The Italian army under the Duke of Aosta, which took Gorizia, is losing no time in its advance as a result of the capture of the gateway to Trieste. South of Gorizia along the lower Isonzo, the Italians have occupied the whole of the Doherdo plateau, the scene of much desperate fighting, in addition to capturing several towns in the direction of Trieste, their immediate objective.

Nothing sensational is happening on the western front, where the Entente Allies maintain a steady pressure. Although the British forces have shown little activity since the Somme, the French captured the capture of additional German trenches near Maurepas and a fortified quarry north of the Hem wood.

RUSSIANS OPEN ANOTHER GATEWAY TOWARD LEMBERG. Stanislaw, an important railroad center, southeast of Lemberg, capital of Galicia, has been occupied by Russian troops, the war office announced today. The troops of General Letchitzky captured Stanislaw Thursday evening and the Austrians, who retreated, in the direction of Halich.

The Russians also have made important successes in the Sereth region. They compelled the Austro-Germans to retire from the fortified positions of Gliadka and Vorobievsk and have occupied the town of Monasterzyska.

THE CAPTURE OF STANISLAU gives the Russians another gateway through which they can march toward Lemberg. Like Brody, Stanislaw is an important railroad center. Railroads radiate from it in five directions. It is 87 miles southeast of Lemberg and is situated between two forks of the Bystritza river, ten miles south of the Dniester. Stanislaw is a manufacturing city and agricultural center before the war and had a population of 33,000.

GO TO POINT ISABEL. Virginia Guardsmen to Take Part in Maneuvers and Rifle Shoot.

Brownsville, Tex., Aug. 11.—The First and Second Virginia regiments of infantry left camp here today in army automobile trucks for Point Isabel, on the Gulf of Mexico, 25 miles northeast of here, for the first elaborate field maneuvers and rifle shoot of the National Guardsmen at Brownsville, and to solve the problem of an imaginary invasion of this section by sea. The troops will spend two days on the coast. Brigadier General James Parker is in command.

ENTIRE DOBERDO PLATEAU OCCUPIED BY THE ITALIANS. Rome, Aug. 11.—The Italians have occupied the entire Doherdo plateau, the war office announced today. The Italians also have captured Rubbia and San Martino Del Carso. They have reached the line of the Vallone river. The Austrian have retired to the east of the town of Valone.

By the new victories the Italians appear to have taken an important step toward clearing the salient formed by the bend of the Isonzo below Gorizia. (Continued on Page Eight.)

STANISLAU TAKEN BY THE RUSSIANS

They Have Definitely Occupied Town of Monasterzyska and Captured Other Positions

MAY TRAP BOTHMER'S ARMY

Italians Have Occupied the Whole of Doherdo Plateau and Taken Several Towns in the Direction of Trieste.

London, Aug. 11.—A further series of surprising successes by the armies of Generals Sakharoff and Letchitzky were announced today by the Russians. The most important of these successes were the capture of the important railway junction and town of Stanislaw, the definite occupation of Monasterzyska and the seizure of important positions on the Zlota Lipa line. Coupled with these victories was the capture of many thousands of prisoners, especially on the right bank of the Zereh, where 5,000 Teutons were taken.

The Germans appear to regard the Kovel-Lemberg sector as the most critical on the eastern front and the appointment of Field Marshal von Hindenburg to the chief command undoubtedly had the effect of temporarily stemming the Russian advance on the northern section of the line. But Field Marshal von Hindenburg does not hold the controlling command over the troops guarding the southern approaches to Lemberg, where General Letchitzky, having taken Stanislaw and being within striking distance of Hainah, is rapidly completing the encirclement of the army of General Count von Bothmer.

The position of Stanislaw and Kolomea makes sure the Russian possession of Bukowina and gives them a base for an invasion of Hungary. The German official statement today admitted that a re-grouping of the Teutonic forces was taking place in order to meet the new positions of the Russian army.

The Italians continue to press their advantage gained with the capture of Gorizia, having occupied the whole of the Doherdo plateau, the scene of much desperate fighting, in addition to capturing several towns in the direction of Trieste, their immediate objective.

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BRYAN REPLIES TO HUGHES' CRITICISM

Says in a Statement That He "Enforced the Civil Service Law to the Letter"

HE ISSUES A CHALLENGE

Points Out How Mr. Hughes, While Governor of New York, Re-Paid Debts to Those Who Helped Put Him in Office.

Kansas City, Aug. 11.—William J. Bryan replied here today to criticism of his attitude toward civil service made by Charles E. Hughes, the Republican presidential nominee, in a statement in which he said he had "enforced the Civil Service law to the letter." Mr. Bryan challenged the Republican nominee to state whether he had given appointments to "deserving Republicans" while governor of New York.

The statement was made in answer to recent speeches of Mr. Hughes which quoted a letter Mr. Bryan had written to Receiver of Customs Vick, at Santo Domingo, inquiring as to what positions could be obtained to "reward deserving Democrats." Mr. Bryan admitted the letter as it had been quoted. "I am not ashamed of it," the statement read. "The letter was written to an appointive officer whose office was not under the Civil Service and the inquiry was made in regard to offices which were not under the Civil Service."

"When he was a candidate for governor, Mr. Hughes received the support of the railroads of New York and he generously repaid the debt by vetoing the two-cent passenger rate bill. He did not describe that as shameful. When a candidate for governor, he received the support of the New York tax dodgers, the owners of 'swollen fortunes' and he paid his debt by sending a message to the legislature protesting against the income tax amendment to the Federal constitution. He does not describe that as shameful. "He is now being supported by the railroads of the United States and he expects to pay them back by aiding them to escape state legislation and find a haven of security in 'exclusive Federal control' over the railroads; he is being supported by the shipping trust and expects to pay them back by helping them to prevent government competition. He is supported by the trust magnates and expects to pay them back by shielding them from punishment for the extortion which they desire to practice; he is supported by Wall Street and expects to pay them back by shedding American blood and squandering money raised by taxpayers in order to guarantee profits on speculative investments."

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 11.—State liquor contraband seized 14,400 bottles of beer which they found in a sidetrack near this city. The shipment came from Jacksonville.

FLOOD SUFFERERS TO RECEIVE AID AT ONCE

Co-Operative Plans for Handling Relief Funds Agreed Upon

Meeting is Held in Raleigh for Deciding a Plan Most Practical for Handling the Relief Matters.

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 11.—Co-operative plans looking to the immediate and practical handling of relief matters for the sufferers from the floods in Western North Carolina were agreed upon this afternoon at a conference held at the office of the Governor. Participating in this were Governor Locke Craig, Chairman Edward E. Britton and the members of the State Relief Committee; Major C. A. Youngberger, of the engineers' division of the United States War Department; J. A. Evans, chief assistant in the bureau of extension work of the United States Department of Agriculture; members of county boards of commissioners and county superintendents of schools of the flooded counties.

Flowing the direction of Secretary of War Newton D. Baker for a liberal member of the county, the county board, who is in charge of the Charleston district of the engineers' department, told Governor Craig and those here in conference this afternoon that he wants it understood that the Federal relief is right now available in the way of ample wages for flood sufferers in road work and that he will recognize the various committees that Governor Craig is creating through the appointment of one member, the county chairman and a member of the local county relief committee to constitute the other two members of the working committee.

He assured the Governor that he is ready now to issue checks to these committees at once for as much as \$1,000 to the county so that they can immediately employ needy flood sufferers in their counties for this re-building of roads, and push the work right (Continued on Page Eight.)

MR. WILSON LIKELY TO TOUR COUNTRY

Is Believed That He Virtually Has Decided Upon Trans-Continental Campaign Trip

HE HAS MANY INVITATIONS

Has Completed His Speech of Acceptance—Will Reply to Hughes' Criticisms and Review Legislative Achievements.

Washington, Aug. 11.—President Wilson is seriously considering a trans-continental campaign trip. Congressional callers at the White House today gained the impression that he virtually had decided on such a step, but officials said later that his plans for the campaign still were uncertain and depended largely upon Congress.

Invitations for the President to speak in all parts of the country are being placed on file in case Mr. Wilson decides to make one or more long campaign trips. Some of his advisers are urging him strongly to cross the continent, but others believe he should spend most of the time during the campaign at his summer home at Shadow Lawn, N. J., receiving delegations and at the same time keeping in close touch with the government departments in Washington.

Democratic leaders insisted today that Mr. Wilson would make no extended trip to Washington until after Congress adjourned. The President today completed his speech accepting the Democratic nomination. It will be shorter than that delivered by Mr. Hughes, and in addition to replying to the criticisms of the Republican nominee will review in detail the legislative achievements of the administration.

MAY BE AN INVESTIGATION OF THE HIGH COST OF FLOUR

Such Action Largely Depends on Report of Commissioner Hurley.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Whether there shall be a Federal investigation of the high cost of flour and prospective increases in bread prices depends largely upon the report of Commissioner Hurley, now in Chicago making informal inquiries for the Federal Trade Commission.

Mr. Hurley went to Chicago particularly to seek definite information at the headquarters of the National Bakers' Association concerning statements during the convention at Salt Lake City, that the price of bread soon would be increased. Officials of the commission said today, however, that he would inquire into the general question of flour and bread prices.

Copies of a resolution passed by the master bakers at Salt Lake City calling on Congress to place an embargo on flour exports, were received by mail today by Vice President Marshall and Speaker Clark. They will be presented to both Houses later, but there is no prospect of action on them. The constitutionality of export embargoes long has been a mooted question.

FORTY KILLED IN FIRE ON A GREEK STEAMSHIP

Was Bound From Saloniki to Volo With 1,200 Passengers

It Also Carried a Cargo of Oil Owned by an American Company—Many Persons Injured—Vessel Finally Beached.

Athens, via Paris, Aug. 11.—The Greek steamer Eletheria, bound from Saloniki to Volo, with a cargo of oil owned by an American company and 1,200 passengers, principally disbanded troops, caught fire today off the island of Skiatho. Forty persons were killed and many were injured. The captain of the Eletheria succeeded finally in beaching his vessel.

Is Sunk by Explosion. Christiansand, Norway, via London, Aug. 11.—The Norwegian steamship Ragnarok, 328 feet long, from Gothenburg for Rouen, has been sunk in the North Sea as the result of an explosion. Her crew was saved. The captain expressed the belief that his ship had been destroyed by an infernal machine which had been placed in the hold.

HUGHES SPEAKS IN CHAUTAUQUA TENT

Assails the Democratic Administration for Changing Its Tariff Views Since 1912

ALSO FOR "WASTEFULNESS"

Says If He is Elected Nothing Will Be "Pulled Off" for Private Benefit at Public Expense If He Can Help It.

Billings, Mont., Aug. 11.—Charles E. Hughes, addressing a Chautauqua audience in a big tent on the Village Square here tonight, prefaced his advocacy of a protective tariff with the declaration that if he should be elected President nothing would be "pulled off" for private benefit at the public expense if he could prevent it. Mr. Hughes also adopted a Democratic slogan of the 1912 campaign—"pitiless publicity."

"I desire in all that we do in this campaign, Mr. Hughes said, 'to have what was called four years ago, 'pitiless publicity.' I want pitiless publicity with respect to the pork barrel and with respect to the sectionalism and extravagance and wastefulness of this administration. "I want pitiless publicity with respect to the incompetence of appointees of this administration. Let us hear of every American of whatever race or creed and also America equal to her task—America efficient."

Mr. Hughes assailed the administration for having changed its tariff views since 1912. He repeated his declaration in favor of a protective tariff whose enactment and enforcement should be left to the Republican party.

"I am not in this campaign and I have not left the career of my choice to play politics for anybody. "I am here simply because I believe I have been summoned to serve the American people. "If I am chosen I propose to devote whatever ability I possess to having this done right in this country for the interest of the people and I shall not prostitute the offices of the United States for partisan rewards of incompetent persons. "I have had something to do with cutting out abuses, but I believe that in this country we must be strong enough and able enough to prevent abuses, to prevent unjust discrimination, to prevent monopolistic practices, fearlessly to prevent any action inimical to the public interest while at the same time we encourage honest American enterprise to seek an expansion of our trade, endeavor to have our foreign commerce extended and in every way make the American name commercially a name of the first rank throughout the world. "And I desire, with respect to American rights, that no one need hang his head in shame. We are not a warlike people. We do not want anything from anybody that we are not entitled to. But when we say a thing to the world we should know that we mean it, and that we are able to enforce it."

The nominee spent the entire day (Continued on Page Eight.)

EXEMPTION IN INCOME TAX LAW NOT LOWERED

Democrats of Senate Committee Agree to Not Make Change

However, They Vote to Make the Rate on Lowest Taxable Class of Incomes Two Per Cent. Instead of One.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Yielding to a flood of protests from the country and from Senate and House members of their own party, Democrats of the Senate Finance committee re-considered their decision to lower the exemption in the income tax law from \$4,000 and \$3,000, for married and single persons, to \$3,000 and \$2,000, respectively, but voted to make the rate on the lowest taxable class of incomes 2 per cent instead of one per cent.

The amendment increasing the surtax on incomes exceeding \$2,000,000 from 10 to 13 per cent is retained and there is no prospect of further increases in the surtaxes will be made in caucus. Tonight the Democratic caucus continued consideration of committee amendments and had before it the proposal agreed on by the committee late in the day, striking out the specific excise taxes on munition manufacturers and substituting a ten per cent net profit tax on the profits of all manufacturers of munitions and wares that entered into munitions.

This bill provides that: "This section shall cease to be of effect at the end of one year after the termination of the present European war which shall be evidenced by the proclamation of the President of the United States declaring said war to have ended." The committee also adopted today an amendment increasing the salaries of members of the proposed tariff board from \$7,500 to \$10,000 each.

As revised by the committee, the bill would yield an estimated annual revenue of \$198,000,000, as against \$210,000,000 as it passed the House. The net decrease is due to the change in the munitions tax, the House method of providing for \$78,000,000 and the Senate plans for \$45,000,000.

WOMAN DEFEATED FOR CONGRESS BY MINISTER

Elects to Seat in Atchison County

TO PROPOSE ARBITRATION

Should This Be Refused the Federal Mediation Board Will Have Failed in Its Efforts

New York, Aug. 11.—Whether the leaders of 400,000 employees of the railroads of the country will make good their threat of a general strike unless their demands for an eight-hour day and time add one-half for overtime are granted by the managers of 235 railroad systems probably will be known tomorrow, it was learned here tonight from an authoritative source.

The only hope of a peaceful settlement apparently rested tonight upon the possibility that the men might be induced to accept a new form of arbitration, although their representatives flatly refused all such proposals. Their chief objection to arbitration has been lack of representation upon any of the boards provided under existing statutes. The members of the Federal Board of Mediation and Conciliation, while declining to discuss the situation, are said to be hopeful that an expansion of the size of the board provided for under the Newlands Act may meet this objection. Effort to obtain from Washington approval of this plan was reported to have been responsible for an apparent suspension of the mediators' activities today. If this suggestion is not accepted, it was reported that the mediation board will have failed in its efforts and the only recourse will be an appeal to President Wilson to use his influence to avert a strike. It was pointed out, however, that the President's powers will be limited to suggestion and recommendation.

The three mediators, Chairman Martin A. Knapp, William A. Chambers and G. W. Whanger, were to meet with the Brotherhood men early today but requested an adjournment until tomorrow. The mediators also failed to meet the railroad managers.

Leaders of the Brotherhoods have declared that they would not consider arbitration under the Newlands Act, as it now stands. The railroads have rejected the men's demands and have stood out firmly for arbitration. The men have served notice that rather than arbitrate they will strike. With both sides taking an unbending attitude there is no solution to the problem except the new arbitration plan, according to a responsible authority.

FIGHT RE-ELECTION OF THE PRESIDENT

Woman's Party Pledges Itself to Use Its Best Efforts in the Twelve Suffrage States

PARTY'S POLICY OUTLINED

Support is Not Pledged to Any Political Party—Chas. E. Hughes' Position on Woman Suffrage is Commended.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 11.—The National Woman's Party, in executive conference here today, pledged itself to use its best efforts in the 12 equal suffrage states to defeat the Democratic candidate for President; congratulated the Progressive, Prohibition and Socialist parties upon their endorsement of suffrage for women through national action and commended the position of Charles Evans Hughes, the Republican nominee. The statement of policy was contained in three resolutions unanimously adopted, setting forth the attitude of the party.

The scope and policy of the National Woman's party was discussed tonight by Miss Ann Macdonald, in any of the man, addressing an open air meeting arranged to announce the election policy of the party during the forthcoming election. "I am glad to see that the political freedom of women before the interests of any national political work. We ask the women voters to know no party until after the election. Many women will have the political power to demand enfranchising the women of the nation."

"The time has come for the fulfillment of this dream which many years ago came into the vision of Susan B. Anthony and a few other women but which gradually spread until today it is the desire of a vast majority of the women all over the United States," said Mrs. Kent. "The women today have the political power to demand their rights; and they propose to see to it that justice be extended to every woman in the United States. "Only a small percentage of the more than 4,000,000 women voters in West will be sufficient to determine election results at the polls in November. Not all of these women will vote with the Woman's Party, some of them dividing along old party lines. Many women will come away from the polls; so will many men. That will not alter the result and does not change the important political fact that those voting with the Woman's Party for the best interest of the country will have a balance of power vital to the interest, not only of the political party desiring our (Continued on Page Eight.)

MAY KNOW TODAY WHETHER STRIKE WILL BE CALLED

Appears Now to be Only One Hope of Peaceful Settlement of Railroad Controversy

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PROTEST AGAINST A STRIKE

Washington, Aug. 11.—R. T. Frazier, of Nashville, Tenn., representing railroad employees in five states in the South who have signed a petition asking congressional action to prevent a nation-wide strike, called at the White House today to make an appeal to lay the position of the non-brotherhood employees before the President. No engagement was made, however, as the President is leaving the entire matter in the hands of the Federal Conciliators at this stage.

Frazier represented non-brotherhood men who oppose a strike on the ground that the brotherhoods represent only 20 per cent of the government officials. President Wilson decided tonight to give up a week-end cruise he had planned to take on the Mayflower because, White House officials said, he was anxious to keep close touch with the negotiators in New York for averting a general railroad strike.

PROPOSE TO SELL ONLY TEN-CENT LOAVES OF BREAD

President McDonald Says Public Misunderstood Opinion of Bakers.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 11.—S. F. McDonald, president of the National Association of Master Bakers, said today that the opinion of the association calling for the general increase in the price of bread from five to 10 cents a loaf probably has been misunderstood by some of the general public and apparently by the government officials. "The convention voted not for a price of 10 cents for the present five-cent loaf, but for the general sale of only 10 cent loaves," he said. "Incidentally because of the high price of materials and the present high margin of profit, it is proposed to diminish the size of the present 10 cent loaf slightly. We welcome an investigation into the cost of bread making."

ANOTHER SLIGHT DECLINE IN INFANTILE PARALYSIS PLAGUE

Experts Hope Cool Weather Will Materially Check Disease.

New York, Aug. 11.—There was another slight decline in the epidemic of infantile paralysis here and health experts were hopeful that the cool weather obtaining now will materially check the disease. The health department's daily bulletin shows that during the 24 hours ending at 10 a. m. 31 children died of the disease and 165 new cases were reported. During the same period yesterday there were 35 deaths and 178 new cases.